ROYAL EDITION

The Times

No. 45,558 LONDON, MONDAY, JULY 7, 1930 PRICE (Including Postage) 4d.

Cheques, Postal and Money Orders should be made payable to "The Times" and crossed "Barclays Bank Limited." Bank Notes should be sent abroad by registered post. All advertisements should be addressed to the Advertisement Department, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4.

Telephone: Central 2001

THE TIMES, Monday, July 7, 1930

The CHARGE for ANNOUNCEMENTS of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, and DEATHS (authenticated by name and permanent address of the sender) is ONE GUINEA for three lines or less and FIVE SHILLINGS for each additional line of about six words. The charge for IN MEMORIAM NOTICES is TWELVE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for three lines or less and THREE SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE for every additional line. A special rate for fire and ten years' automatic insertion may be obtained on application. In order to avoid incorrect quotations in "Death" and "In Memoriam" announcements senders are asked to indicate their origin. In the case of modern verse the author's permission should first be obtained. Announcements only be sent to "The Times" Office, Printing House-square, London, E.C.4, to "The Times" Bureau, 72, Regent-street, London, W.1, to "The Times" Book Club, 42, Wigmore-street, London, W.1, or to the Bureau du Times, 2, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris. For Classified Advertisement Index see last column of this page.

Forthcoming Marriages in Court Page, Three Guineas for five lines or less and Twelve Shillings and Sixpence for each additional line.

Subscription rates for "The Times" for one year—£4 11s. Inland, £5 4s. Foreign.

BIRTHS

AINSCOW.—On June 23, 1930, to NANCY (née Siddeley), wife of DR. J. ARTHUR AINSCOW, 202, Hagley-road, Birmingham—a son.

BEWES.—On July 1, 1930, in Dublin, to BARBARA (née Henry), of Lodge Park, Straffan, County Kildare, wife of GEORGE P. H. BEWES, District Commissioner, Gold Coast—a daughter.

BURNE.—On July 4, 1930, at 9, Cannon-place, Hampstead, to EVA, wife of CHRISTOPHER HAWORTH BURNE—a son.

CHRISTOPHERSON.—On July 3, 1930, at 8, Blackheath-park, S.E.3, to ELSA (née Barnard), wife of CYRIL BOXLEY CHRISTOPHERSON—a daughter.

CIPPICO.—On July 5, 1930, at 7, Portland-place, to MAY, wife of COUNT ALDO CIPPICO, of 24, Ilchester-place—a daughter.

de HOGHTON.—On Saturday, July 5, 1930, at 19, Bentinck-street, W.1, the wife of CUTHBERT DE HOGHTON, of a son.

EDYE.—On July 4, 1930, at 145, Gloucester-road, S.W., to Mr. and Mrs. G. MAITLAND EDYE—a daughter.

ERSKINE.—On July 4, 1930, at Greenham Lodge, Newbury, to CHRISTINA, wife of CAPTAIN the HON. DONALD C. F. ERSKINE—a son.

EYTON.—On July 5, 1930, at Hereford Cottage, 133, Gloucester-road, S.W.7, to EDNA (née Vandyke), wife of RALPH LAYTON—a daughter.

LONG.—On July 4, 1930, at 9, Cheyne-place, S.W.3, to MAJOR the Hon. and Mrs. ERIC LONG—a son.

LURCOTT.—On July 5, 1930, at 3, Palmeira-square, Hove, to ARLETTE, wife of PAUL R. ARCHIBALD LURCOTT—a daughter.

MARTIN.—On June 26, 1930, at Holt, Wimborne, Dorset, to BETTY (née Cooke), wife of LOUIS D. MARTIN—a son and daughter.

MARTIN.—On July 5, 1930, to MOLLIE, wife of REGINALD W. MARTIN, of Shane, Newcome Park, Mill Hill, N.W.7—a son.

MEEK.—On July 1, 1930, at Kensington, to MOYRA BEATRICE (née Paxton), wife of HUGH J. S. MEEK—a daughter.

PENSON.—On July 5, 1930, at 3, Lawn-road, Hampstead, to DOREEN, wife of JOHN HUBERT PENSON—a son.

MARRIAGES

APPS : MARCHANT.—On July 5, 1930, at St. Martin-in-the-Fields, Trafalgar-square, by the Rev. Swann-Mason, BERTRAM ROBERT APPS to MOLLY JOAN GOODSON, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. ARTHUR MARCHANT, of Gillico, Ash, Canterbury.

BACK : MORRIS.—On July 5, 1930, at St. Paul's Church, Beckenham, GEORGE WILLIAM, son of Mr. and Mrs. HENRY CHARLES BACK, to MADELINE LYDIA, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. JOHN EDWARD MORRIS, of Strathcona, Copers Cope-road, Beckenham.

BARATTA : CORNISH.—On July 5, 1930, at St. Leonard's, Streatham, S.W., HAROLD WILLIAM BATTY to YVETTE ALBERTINE BARATTA.

BERESFORD RYLEY : LE ROSSIGNOL.—On July 5, 1930, at St. Mary Abbot's, Kensington, ARTHUR BERESFORD RYLEY, of Tonbridge, to CONSTANCE ETHEL LE ROSSIGNOL, of 37, Victoria-road, Kensington.

BILLINGHAM : COLLIER.—On July 5, 1930, at All Saints' Church, Frindsbury, Rochester, by the Rev. A. P. Peacoe, Rector of Wrotham, JOE NEVILLE LESTER BRICE, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. William Brice, of Mockbeggar, near Rochester, to ELSIE NORAH, youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. GILL, of the Manor House, Frindsbury.

BUTLER : SELLERS.—On July 5, 1930, at St. George's Church, Campden Hill, RICHARD WEEDEN BUTLER, of Candahar, Reigate, Surrey, to ANNA ABBIE SELLERS, of 66, Holland-park, London.

CASTLE : ELLIS.—On July 3, 1930, at Cuckfield Parish Church, by the Rev. Canon W. G. Wilson, Vicar of the Parish, assisted by the Rev. Canon H. F. Wilson, Rector of Shipton Moyne, (Gloucestershire, and the Rev. G. Henniker-Gotley, Vicar of Wivelsfield, Sussex, RICHARD BASIL TREVOR, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. TREVOR CASTLE, of Holly Wood, Roehampton, to GERALDINE MARGUERITE, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. CHARLES ELLIS, of Sandrocks, Haywards Heath, Sussex.

CURRY : BLOMFIELD.—On July 5, 1930, at the Congregational Church, Upper Norwood, by the Rev. William J. Sheppard, assisted by the Rev. Herbert Davies-Jones, only son of Mr. and Mrs. ALFRED CURRY, of Upland, Upper Norwood, to DORIS PIERREPONT, elder daughter of Mr. J. STONE BLOMFIELD, of Oakwood, Upper Norwood, and the late Mrs. Blomfield.

ELLIS : BUSSELL.—On July 5, 1930, at St. Mary's Church, Hayes, Kent, by the Rev. Canon P. Thomlinson, assisted by the Rev. Henry Denny, B.C., and the Rev. R. W. ELLIS, only son of Mr. and Mrs. LEONARD ELLIS, of Shortlands, Kent, to CONSTANCE DALE BUSSELL, only daughter of Mr. P. DALE BUSSELL, O.B.E., and Mrs. DALE BUSSELL, of Bromley, Kent.

ELWELL : BEEBY.—On July 3, 1930, at St. James's Church, Burton Lazaars, Melton Mowbray, LIONEL STEWART ELWELL, of Taunton, to MARGARET MARY, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. HARRY BEEBY, of Melton Mowbray.

McNAIR : BUIST.—On July 4, 1930, at All Souls', Langham-place, ARTHUR JAMES McNAIR, F.R.C.S., son of Mrs. McNair and of the late John McNair, of Lloyd's, to GRACE MARY BUIST, daughter of Mrs. BUIST, and of the late MAJOR BUIST, and granddaughter of the late MAJOR-GENERAL BUIST.

MARCHANT SMITH : ROPER.—On June 28, 1930, at Seascale, Cumberland, CAPTAIN H. MARCHANT SMITH to HELEN ELIZABETH ROPER.

MARCON : HOLLAND.—On July 2, 1930, at St. Mildred's Church, Tenterden, by the Rev. Canon Holland, grandfather of the bride, assisted by the Rev. C. Marcon, bridegroom's father, GUGLIELMO MARCON to NEVILLE, only son of T. MARCON, Esq., and Mrs. MARCON, of Binfield, Berks, to GRACE IRENE, elder daughter of the Rev. W. E. S. HOLLAND, of Agra, and the late Mrs. HOLLAND.

MEEK : EYTON-JONES.—On June 28, 1930, at St. Paul's, Hounslow Heath, by the Rev. H. M. Eyton-Jones, father, assisted by the Rev. H. A. Eyton-Jones, brother of the bride, OWEN MAYNARD, son of the late HORACE and MRS. MEEK, of East Sheen, to SUSIE, youngest daughter of REV. H. M. and MRS. EYTON-JONES, Hounslow Heath.

RICHARDS : LAIRD.—On June 28, 1930, at the Old Church, Forfar, by Rev. W. G. Donaldson, GEORGE WARREN RICHARDS, Captain, Royal Tank Corps, son of the late JOHN RICHARDS and of MRS. RICHARDS, Welshpool, to MARGARET GWENDOLEN, daughter of W. G. LAIRD, Balgolm, Forfar.

SIMPSON : HUNT.—On July 5, 1930, at Feltham, very quietly, CAPTAIN MALCOLM MACRAE SIMPSON to ISOBEL MARY HUNT.

SILVER WEDDINGS

BROADBENT : PETER.—On July 7, 1905, at Mertings, South Sylhet, JOHN THEODORE CROFTON BROADBENT, Lieutenant, Indian Army, to KATHERINE JEAN, eldest daughter of JAMES PETER.

BILLINGHAM : BRICE.—On July 6, 1905, at Kilsaint Parish Church, JOHN, fourth MARQUIS OF BUTE, to AUGUSTA MARY MONICA BELLINGHAM, younger daughter of SIR Henry and Lady Constance Bellingham, of Castle Bellingham, Ireland.

FULTON : LANDALE.—On July 6, 1905, at 88, Stephen's, Cheltenham, by the Rev. Canon Jennings, JOHN HENRY WESTROPP, elder son of the late SIR EDMUND FULTON, C.S.I., to VIOLET ELISE, eldest daughter of the late DEPUTY-SURGEON-GENERAL JAMES LANDALE.

DEATHS

ACTON.—On July 6, 1930, at Miramar, Seacroft, Lincs., FANNIE, for 61 years the much beloved and devoted wife of FREDERICK ACTON, C.B.E., formerly of The Elms, Nottingham, aged 84 years.

AUSTER.—On July 5, 1930, at Leamington Spa, after an operation, LESLEY WROXWOOD, eldest son of the late A. W. AUSTER, in his 47th year. Funeral Perry Bar Crematorium to-morrow (Tuesday), at 3 o'clock. Flowers to Messrs. Bach and Barker, Old-square, Birmingham.

BARTON.—On July 4, 1930, passed peacefully away, at 86, Kenilworth-avenue, Wimbledon Park, EDWARD HARFIELD BARTON, aged 94 years. A life well spent.

BEEMAN.—On July 5, 1930, at 18, Earl's Court-square, S.W.5, ELIZABETH RACHEL, widow of the late J. S. BEEMAN.

BOUCHER.—On July 5, 1930, after a long illness most patiently borne, WALTER E. BOUCHER, son of the late J. G. Boucher, of Hetherden House, Sussex, aged 70 years.

CAVE-BROWNE-CAVE.—On July 4, 1930, at his residence, Eversley, Ventnor, CAPTAIN SIR REGINALD ARMAINE CAVE-BROWNE-CAVE, Bt., late R.N., dearly loved husband of Evelyn Cave-Browne-Cave. Funeral to-morrow, Tuesday, at 2.30 p.m., St. Catherine's Church, Ventnor.

CHANDLER.—On July 5, 1930, of meningitis, (PETER) GUY P. W., only son of T. DURANT CHANDLER, Orchard-drive, Blackheath, and 90, Cannon-street, aged 31. Funeral at Dummer, near Basingstoke, to-morrow (Tuesday), 3 p.m.

CLARK.—On July 5, 1930, at 4, East Heath-road, Hampstead, DR. GAVIN BROWN CLARK, aged 83. Funeral private. No flowers, by request.

COLLARD.—On July 4, 1930, passed peacefully away, at The Wellington Hotel, Tunbridge Wells, MARGARET BLAIR COLLEDAN. Interment Sanquhar Cemetery, Dumfriesshire, Wednesday morning, at 11 o'clock.

COOPER.—On July 5, 1930, at Khyber Pass, Dalkey, Co. Dublin, MAJOR BRYAN RICCO COOPER, T.D., of Markree Castle, Colloony, Co. Sligo, beloved husband of Lilian Cooper, aged 45.

CORNOCK.—On July 3, 1930, at 18, Grange-road, Barnes, JOHN RICHARD CORNOCK (Jack Cranford), in his 83rd year. Funeral Golders Green Crematorium, 11 a.m. Wednesday, July 9. Family only. No mourning.

CRANFIELD.—On July 5, 1930, at Blackheath, ELIZA S. A. CRANFIELD, widow of William Cranfield, of Tower House, Ridgeway, Enfield, aged 94.

DAGGE.—On June 13, 1930, at Cintra, Portugal, ELSIE BARROW, last surviving child of the late ADOL. DAGGE and Mary Ann Dagge, of Lisbon, aged 86. R.I.P.

DINGLE.—On July 4, 1930, at 4, River-walk, St. Austell, Cornwall, ANNIE, widow of ALBERTUS DINGLE, of Tower, in her 89th year.

DUMMER.—On July 4, 1930, at 43, Palmerston-road, Southsea, HENRY DUMMER, aged 74 years.

FFISKE.—On July 3, 1930, suddenly, H. GUY FFISKE, of Dream Hollow, Denham, Bucks, second son of Henry Fiske, of Brundall, Norfolk. Funeral at Brundall, 2.30 p.m., to-day (Monday).

DEATHS (continued)

FOLEY-PHILIPPS.—On July 4, 1930, in London, of double pneumonia, GEORGE P. FOLEY-PHILIPPS, J.P., D.L., late Captain, 1st Batt., The Durham Light Infantry and Welsh Guards, second son of Lady Philipps and the late Sir Charles Philipps, Bt., of Picton Castle, aged 51. Funeral at Sticlech Church, Haverford West, Pembrokeshire, to-morrow (Tuesday).

FUMMI.—On July 3, 1930, at 11 via Molise, Rome, after a long illness, and fortified by the rites of Holy Church, MARIA STRAKOSCH FUMMI, wife of Giovanni Fummi. R.I.P.

GRANT.—On July 5, 1930, at Wychwood, Ryde, I.O.W., MRS. MIRIAM ELLEN GRANT. Funeral Ryde Parish Church at 1.30 to-morrow (Tuesday).

HAMBROUGH.—On July 5, 1930, SYBIL MARION, daughter of the late DUDLEY ALBERT HAMBROUGH, formerly of Steephill Castle, Isle of Wight. Funeral at St. Michael's, Thurlby, near Godalming, on Wednesday, July 9, 2.15 p.m. Cars at Godalming Station to meet train 12.50 p.m. from Waterloo. Flowers to Thursley Vicarage. No mourning, by her wish.

HERBERT.—On July 5, 1930, JULIA HERBERT passed peacefully away, at her residence, Sherwood, Sidmouth.

HERON-ALLEN.—On July 3, 1930, as a result of a motor-car accident, ARMOREL DAPHNE, daughter of EDWARD and EDITH HERON-ALLEN, aged 22 years. Funeral to-day (Monday), 2 o'clock, at Selsey Parish Church. Canadian papers, please copy.

HOLLINGWORTH.—On July 5, 1930, HENRY HOLLINGWORTH, Priest, Senior Fellow (last under Founder's Statutes) of King's College, Cambridge, formerly Rector of St. Benedict's, Manchester, last surviving child of the late Archdeacon Hollingworth (1779-1858), aged 88. Funeral at Sutton Valence, Kent, to-morrow (Tuesday), at noon.

HOWARD HUMPHREYS.—On July 5, 1930, at his home, HENRY HOWARD HUMPHREYS, after a long illness. The funeral will be at the Parish Church, Miserden, Gloucestershire, on Wednesday, July 9, at 2.30 p.m.

IRVINE.—On Thursday, July 3, 1930, at 12, College-road, Clifton, Bristol, MARY, widow of SURGEON-MAJOR GEORGE NICOL IRVINE, A.M.D., and daughter of the late William Harle, Solicitor, of Newcastle-upon-Tyne. No flowers, by request.

JACKSON.—On July 2, 1930, at 55, Lansdowne-street, Hove, SARAH CATHERINE JACKSON, aged 83 years.

KENNEDY.—On July, 6, 1930, at 16, Gamlen-road, Putney, ELIZABETH ISABELLA (BESSIE) (née Lorimer), dearly beloved wife of T. A. KENNEDY, of Adelaide, South Australia. The funeral will take place to-morrow (Tuesday) afternoon at Putney Vale at 3 o'clock. South (Australian papers, please copy.

KINGWELL.—On June 30, 1930, at 4, Dart-villas, Totnes, Devonshire, EMMA CHARLOTTE KINGWELL.

LAWSON.—On July 5, 1930, at 169, Queen's Gate, Kensington, suddenly, FREDERICK WILLIAM, the dearly loved husband of ESTHER ELIZABETH LAWSON, aged 68. Funeral service at Allen Street Congregational Chapel, Kensington, Wednesday, July 9, at 11 a.m., and afterwards at Highgate Cemetery.

McKECHNIE.—On July 2, 1930, at 93, Oakfield-avenue, Glasgow, WILLIAM SHARP McKECHNIE, LL.B., LL.D., D.Phil., Emeritus Professor of Conveyancing, Glasgow University, youngest son of the late Dr. William McKechnie, Paisley.

MACNUTT.—On July 4, 1930, at Downs Lodge, Wimbledon, ISABEL, widow of GEORGE AUGUSTUS MACNUTT, M.D., in her 92nd year. Funeral service at Emmanuel Church, Wimbledon, at 2.30 to-day (Monday), and afterwards at Putney Vale Cemetery.

MITCHELL.—On July 5, 1930, at Hornsey Central Hospital, WILLIAM MITCHELL, of Muswell Hill, Stockbroker. Cremation at Golders Green Crematorium (at 3 p.m. to-morrow (Tuesday). No flowers, (Cwm).

MONTGOMERIE.—On July 4, 1920, at 98, Cornwall-gardens, S.W., ISABELLA MONTGOMERIE, widow of Frederick Butler Molineux Montgomerie, of 1, Cromwell-place, S.W., and eldest daughter of the late Hon. Colin and Frances Lindsay, sister of the late Lord and Lady St. Stephen's Church, Gloucester-road, S.W., on Wednesday, July 9, at 10.30 a.m. No mourning or flowers, by request.

PENMAN.—On July 5, 1930, at Broadwood Park, Lanchester, HANNAH MARY, widow of LANCELOT TULIP PENMAN, aged 83 years. Funeral at Gateshead East Cemetery, on to-morrow (Tuesday), at 12 noon. No flowers.

RAMSAY-WRIGHT.—On July 5, 1930, at 19, Moreton-road, Oxford, KATHARINE OCTAVIA, the dear wife of R. RAMSAY-WRIGHT, formerly Professor of Biology, and Vice-President, University of Toronto, in her 78th year. Announcement as to funeral to-morrow (Tuesday).

RAY.—On July 5, 1930, at 79, West-hill, Sydenham, FRANCES ELIZA MINCHIN REA, widow of James Francis Rea, formerly of Doddington, Caterham Valley, and Tunbridge Wells. Funeral Tunbridge Wells Cemetery to-morrow (Tuesday), at 12 o'clock.

ROBERTSON.—On July 5, 1930, at Cecil-road, Clifton, Bristol, HENRY LOWTHER RISELEY, aged 87. The funeral will be private and attended by members of the family only. A memorial service will be held at St. James's Church, St. James', Barton, Bristol, at 12 noon to-morrow (Tuesday). No flowers.

ROBINSON.—On June 29, 1930, at Manchester, JOHN IRELAND SADLER, eldest son of the late William Sadler.

SHARPE.—On Saturday, July 5, 1930, at a nursing home in London, JOSEPH SHARPE, Metropolitan Magistrate.

SINGLETON.—On July 5, 1930, at The Grange, Chelmondiston, Suffolk, ADA FRANCES, daughter of the late Major-General JOHN SINGLETON, 11th Devon Regiment.

STOKES.—On July 3, 1930, at Bexhill, REV. C. A. STOKES, M.A., late Rector G. Waldingfield, Suffolk. Funeral at Waldingfield to-morrow (Tuesday), 2 p.m.

TAYLOR.—On July 4, 1930, at Turner's Hill, Sussex, JOHN HERBERT TAYLOR, eldest son of the late Michael W. Taylor, M.D., of Penrith, Cumberland.

THROWER.—On July 4, 1930, at 6, West Heath-avenue, Golders Green, HERBERT SAMUEL THROWER, aged 84 years. Funeral at Hampstead Cemetery to-morrow (Tuesday), at 12 o'clock.

WILSON.—On July 4, 1930, at Fairfield House, Hambledon, Hants, ETHEL CATHERINE, second daughter of the late COURTENAY F. WILSON. Funeral service Wednesday, 2 p.m., at Hambledon Church. Interment in Hilsea Churchyard.

WOOLLEY.—On July 3, 1930, ALICE WOOLLEY, of 35a, Crouch Hall-road, Crouch End, daughter of the late George Boyle Woolley, aged 83.

YOUNG.—On July 4, 1930, at Formosa, Cookham, Sir GEORGE YOUNG, Bt., aged 82. Funeral Cookham Parish Church to-day (Monday), at 3.15 p.m. Reserved couch on the 2.5 p.m. from Paddington.

IN MEMORIAM
ON ACTIVE SERVICE

BARTON.—In proud and loving memory of EDWARD CHANDLER BARTON (PTE.), 16th Middlesex Regt., who died July 7, 1916, of wounds received in action July 1, near Beaumont Hamel.—MAUD EDMINSON.

DAVY.—In loving and unfailing memory of WILLIAM EDWARD DAVY, Capt. and Adjt., 13th Cheshires, who fell within the German lines at Ovillers la Boiselle, aged 23; and of MARY BLANCHE, his widow, who died at Vever, July 28, 1918.

"For Earth is not as though thou hadst not been."

GREEN.—In ever-loving memory of our dearly loved son, WILLIAM EDOWENS GREEN, Captain, 1st Dorsetshire Regiment, July 6, 1916.

GUILD RODGER.—In ever-present memory of NORMAN, who was killed in action at La Boiselle, July 7, 1916, beloved and only son of Mr. and Mrs. Guild Rodger, of Port Said, Egypt, and in honoured memory of those others of the Cheshire Regt. who died for Britain.

Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori.

LUCAS.—In loving memory of PERCEVAL DREWETT LUCAS, wounded Fricourt, July, 1, died Abbeville, July 6, 1916.

ORPEN.—In proud and ever-loving memory of our dear brother WALTER SELWYN ORPEN, Lieut., 2nd Lancs Fusiliers, who fell in the Battle of the Somme on July 6, 1916, aged 23.

PEAFAR.—In ever-loving memory of LAMBERT PEAFAR, Lieutenant, 1st Battalion, The Royal Scots, attached Royal Flying Corps, killed in action over St. Julien, July 6, 1915, aged 23.

"Softly, thou wind, over each dear young head, Whisper a benediction for the dead."

RAWLINS.—In ever-loving memory of GERALD EDMUND ADAIR RAWLINS, Captain, Royal Fusiliers, killed in action near the Somme, France, July 7, 1916.

RAYNER.—In loving memory of JOHN RAYNER (Old Pauline), 2nd Lieut., 10th Middlesex Regiment (attached The Buffs), who died on active service at Amara, July 6, 1916, aged 29.

STEWART.—Killed in action on the Somme, July 7, 1916, SEC. LIEUT. D. A. (ALEC) STEWART, D.C.M., 13th Cheshire Regt., formerly of the London Scottish, aged 20. In loving memory.—FATHER, MARJORIE, and DOROTHY.

STEWART.—In proud and loving memory of SEC. LIEUT. D. A. STEWART, D.C.M., 13th Cheshire Regt., July 7, 1916.—U.L.W., C.G.W.

THE 12th BATT. THE MANCHESTER REGT.—"To the Memorable Dead."—Old Comrades' Association, 816, Rochdale-road, Manchester.

BREWER.—In ever-loving memory of my dear brother, WILLIAM HENRY BREWER, who passed away on July 7, 1915, at his residence, 14, Tichfield-terrace, Regent's Park. Dearly loved by his sister.

Beyond the sea of Death love lives,
Yesterday, to-day, and for ever.

BURCH.—In ever-loving memory of my darling husband, VERNON G. BURCH, who died July 7, 1925.—KATHLEEN.

HUGHES.—In ever-loving memory of my dear husband, HENRY MORGAN HUGHES, who died at Seoul, Korea, July 7, 1916.

JENKINS.—In ever-loving memory of my dear Husband, ARNOLD JENKINS, who passed away July 6, 1926. Sadly missed.

RIDLEY.—To the darling memory of ANNE DUNCOMB RIDLEY, who died July 7, 1923.

SMITH.—In ever-loving memory of EDWARD SMITH, late member of the Stock Exchange, who died on July 7, 1916, at "St. Stephen's," Bromley, Kent.

STEVENSON.—In ever-loving memory of GEORGE STEVENSON, LC.S., called to his rest July 7, 1926. R.I.P.

STORY.—In treasured remembrance of MAJOR DOUGLAS STORY, C.B.E., Author, Journalist, War Correspondent. Passed to the unseen July 7, 1921. "Until."—M. D. S.

TILBROOK.—In loving memory of ASHERTON TILBROOK, who died at Bangkok July 7, 1912.

"Until the day dawns."

RIDING AND SHOOTING
3 lines 15s. (minimum)

RIDING LESSONS in Hyde Park or Richmond. Experienced masters. Trained hacks for sale or hire. Quiet ponies for children.—Cadogan Riding School (indoor jumping), Little Cadogan-place, S.W.1. Sloane 8201. Richmond Park Branch: Putney 4488.—W. J. Smith, Ltd.

LOOK and feel fit.—Riding, Jumping, Indoor Polo Expert Instruction.—National School of Equitation Ltd., Robin Hood-gate, S.W.15. Putney 2775.

GUNS and LESSONS in SHOOTING are ideal Birthday or Wedding Presents.—Stephen Grant and Joseph Lang, Ltd., 7, Burr-street, St. James's, S.W.1. Regent 0454.

HOSPITAL NURSES
4 lines 10s. (minimum)

LONDON HOSPITAL TRAINED NURSING STAFF, TRAINED NURSES FOR ADULTS OR CHILDREN. Apply Matron. Telephone, Bishopsgate 8333.

The Nurses on the private staff return to the wards between their cases, after sufficient rest, so that their work and knowledge are kept thoroughly up to date.

There are vacancies every seven weeks for Candidates wishing to enter for General Training.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE'S MATERNITY HOSPITAL, MARYLEBONE, N.W.1. MATERNITY NURSES trained at the Hospital, residing at Nurses' House, SUPPLIED.—Apply to the Matron. 'Ph. Ambassador 2266.

PERSONAL

NO. MON. L. Mail great help 3 numerals inadequate so add 3 words. G.

THE charge for announcements in the Personal Column is 10s. for two lines (minimum) and 5s. for each additional line. Trade announcements 25s. for two lines and 12s. 6d. for each additional line. Lost and Found Notices 2s. 6d. per line (minimum two lines). A line comprises about six words. Private numbers, if added, form part of the advertisement and are charged for. Names and addresses of actual advertisers should accompany all advertisements, not for publication, unless desired, but as a guarantee of good faith. For index to other classifications, see column seven.

MRS. E. A. EASON and Family, of "Three Gates," 30, Tower-road West, Branksome Park, Bournemouth, wish to express their sincere THANKS for the many beautiful floral tributes and letters of sympathy.

£4 REWARD.—LOST, 2nd inst., between Kilburn and Wigmore-street and Oxford-street, PEARL and DIAMOND BROOCH.—Surmers, Henderson and Co., 48, Lime-street, E.C.3.

LOST.—Left in District train between Mansion House and Temple, about 4.30 p.m., June 27th, LIGHT BROWN LEATHER PORTFOLIO, containing papers, &c., referring to Manchester firm. Will finder communicate with Laurence Sugden and Co., Ltd., 57, Dale-street, Manchester.

LOST.—GOLD WRISTLET WATCH, between Sloane-square and Harrods, on July 4th. Reward offered.—Write Box K.1293, The Times, E.C.4.

OLD SANDECOTES ASSOCIATION.—The ANNUAL BUSINESS MEETING and REUNION of the Old Sandecotes Association was held at Sandecotes School, Parkstone, Dorset, on JUNE 28th, 1930. One hundred and fifty members were present and the occasion was made the opportunity of a presentation of her portrait and a cheque to Miss A. Grainger Gray, who has been Head Mistress of the School for twenty-eight years and is retiring at the end of the Summer Term. Sandecotes School is one of several governed by the Church Education Corporation and was founded by the late Cornelia, Lady Wimborne.

MAGDALEN COLLEGE, OXFORD.—The FIFTY-MAY FAIR HOTEL ANNUAL DINNER will be held at the Hotel de Stein, Esq., in the Chair. Tickets 14s. from Hon. Secretary, J. G. Broadbent, 38, Hamilton-terrace, N.W.8. Unterm 4051.

L.M.B.C. LADIES' PLATE CREW will join the GUESTS of the JOHNIAN SOCIETY at their ANNUAL DINNER to-morrow night, at Grosvenor House, Park-lane, 7.45. Old L.M.B.C. men asked to make strenuous efforts to attend.—Tickets, 12s. 6d., Peterson, 5, Raymond-buildings, Gray's Inn, Chancery 7834.

MANY MORE BEDS in the NEW MIDDLESEX HOSPITAL, £91 is worth while to rebuild ?. Yesterday we asked £300,000. To-day £300.

IT would cost £10 to take our party of blind girls to sea or country for one day." Sea air smells nice," they say. Should they be denied the benefit because they cannot see ?—Cheques Preb. Carlile, Hilford Suthing, Church Army, 55, Bryanston-street, W.1.

700 YEARS.—Are you aware how long the sick and suffering poor have been cared for at ST. THOMAS'S HOSPITAL, London ? New annual subscribers of £1 and upwards are wanted to replace past benefactors.

SPONSORS.—Those interested in Earl Grey's "Sponsors Scheme" for assisting Candidates for Holy Orders are reminded that communications should be addressed to Sponsors' Offices, Church House, Westminster, S.W.1.

£1 SENDS ONE EAST END CHILD from the dirt and squalor of Dockland to the SEA for TWO WEEKS. Good food, fresh air work wonders.—Address: Rev. Nott Bower, 88, Cadogan Pier, Poplar, E.14.

BYCULLA, Southsea.—SCHOOL for infants of good class, ages 3 to 18.—Apply Secretary.

£50,000 Urgently REQUIRED for DEVELOPMENT of OAKHILL JOURNALISTS' HOME. All donations, large or small, gratefully received by the Duke of Northumberland (Chairman, Appeal Committee), or the Duchess of Richmond and Gordon (Chairman, Ladies' Appeal Committee), Byron House, 7, St. James's-street, S.W.1.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY.—Guineas is weekly rental of charmingly FURNISHED MAISONNETTE from October 1st; near Cromwell-road; offer only good for 10 days.—Telephone Western 2885, or write Box R.1290, The Times, E.C.4.

GENERAL LYING-IN HOSPITAL, York-road, Lambeth, S.E.1. Col. R. J. S. Simpson, C.B., C.M.G., Chairman.—Over 1,000 women are attended annually in the Hospital and nearly 2,000 in their own homes. DONATIONS, SUBSCRIPTIONS, and LEGACIES are urgently needed for the upkeep of this important work, which is essential to the nation's future.

MOST marked success with BACKWARD and SENSITIVE BOYS: small forms and individual teaching by Cambridge honoursman in Classics, Mathematics, and French; unique health record; beautiful preparatory school in lovely grounds near the sea; vacancies due to erection of new buildings; preference will be given to the sons of officers.—Write Box C.1197, The Times, E.C.4.

WHAT BETTER INVESTMENT of a guinea than with the Shaftesbury Society and R.S.P.C.C., John-street, W.C.1, for a poor or Crippled child's fortnight by the sea ?

HASLEMERE.—FURNISHED FLAT to be LET for July-August.—Write Green Frog, Haslemere.

FIRST M.B.—Individual tuition; Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Zoology, Mathematics; near London.—Write Box J.147, The Times, E.C.4.

UNWANTED False Teeth urgently wanted for our Dental Aid Work.—Ivory Cross, 67A, Welbeck-street, W.1.

20 GNS. female, usually 30gns.—Good Girls' School, Somerset Coast.—Write Box K.727, The Times, E.C.4.

DORE and WHITTINGTON.—55, Haymarket (Regent 4323). Private Lessons; students trained; Dance Thursdays, 9 p.m., 5s. Roof Garden. Excellent band.

VACANCY for Gentleman Pupil, one and a half hour lesson daily. Five thousand head expected.—Write Box K.1085, The Times, E.C.4.

FIRST-CLASS PREPARATORY SCHOOL, recently enlarged, South Coast, offers free SCHOLARSHIP next September at REDUCED FEES of 90gns. per annum inclusive.—Write Box K.625, The Times, E.C.4.

CARPET.—A magnificent heavy pile, 27 guinea real Sultan Carpet, size 12ft. by 9ft., beautiful colouring, Axminster design; condition as new; only £8 15s.; splendid bargain.—Write Box K.1220, The Times, E.C.4.

GROUSE MOOR (2,585 ACRES), with FISHING in four mountain lakes (having a total area of about 46 acres), in CENTRAL WALES, and within easy reach of Aberystwyth, Barmouth, and ABERDOVEY GOLF LINKS. LODGE, situated in a romantically beautiful position within about 50 yards of the bank of one of the lakes, upon which there is a boathouse. Immediate possession of requisite Shooting.—Apply, Box B.859, The Times, E.C.4.

PLEASE lift the drab, dull misery from the life of one poor child for a fortnight. Give it unaccustomed happiness and good food in a healthy environment. Let it have a holiday by the sea. Many little lives existence is hedged round by the handicaps of poverty, for the small sum of One Pound sent to the Children's Country Holidays Fund (Room 2), 18, Buckingham-street, Strand. In 1929 we sent away over 32,000 children.

LADY, certificated nurse, owning large house close to garden, will run it as CHILDREN'S CONVALESCENT HOME for paying guests.—Address: Rev. Nott Bower, 88, Cadogan Pier, Poplar, E.14.

COUNTRY HOUSE (FURNISHED) on main line 40 miles London, 10 Brighton; two reception, five bed; constant hot water; garden; £4 4s. weekly.—Write Box B.880, The Times, E.C.4.

ARTHUR L. HUMPHREYS, Expert in Books, purchases old libraries, forms new collections. Agent for American and Colonial buyers of books.—Address 7, Northumberland Avenue, W.C.2.

A REALLY PERFECT and CHEAP HOLIDAY AFLOAT in the Mediterranean by SITMAR LINE. Lovely scenery; sport, dancing, bathing. See foot page 2.

BARGAIN.—COTTAGE WANTED, rent or purchase, furnished; position near Dorset Coast.—Send particulars and photograph Box J.476, The Times, E.C.4.

BILLIARDS TABLE, full size, by Cox and Yeman, for SALE.—Write Box K.1276, The Times, E.C.4.

ISLE OF WIGHT.—Charming HOUSE, Furnished, July-August; 4-7 weekly.—55, Mitcham-lane, S.W.

WANTED, SOUTH or EAST COAST, easy reach London, FURNISHED HOUSE or COTTAGE, six weeks; three bed rooms; sandy beach.—Write Box 05681, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

CAMBRIDGE UNDERGRADUATE (Exhibitioner in Classics) anxious to obtain POST as TUTOR during long vacation; from any time in July to end of term, cricket (College colours).—Write Box 7076, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

KATE ROORKE and her DAUGHTER, ZOE ROORKE-PERCY, The Times, E.C.4. RECEIVE PUPILS for stage training; special lessons in voice production; coaching for all public examinations and diplomas.—Letters, 80, Westbourne-terrace, W.2. Padd. 8040.

OLD HOSPITAL SAILS URGENTLY NEEDS GIFT. TOTAL ANNUAL EXPENDITURE £180,000. PRESENT DEBT OVER £120,000.

ROSAPENNA HOTEL, Co. DONEGAL.—Situated on Rosapenna Famous Links. Tennis. Sea Fishing. Bathing.

KENT COAST; delightful position on high ground, lovely sea views.—Charming Detached RESIDENCE; four-five bed, bath (hot and cold), two reception, lounge, &c.; co's water, electric light; telephone, gas available, modern drainage; garage; well-stocked garden, tennis court, &c.; ¾ Acre. Freehold £1,675. Possession. Photo.—Write Box J.361, The Times, E.C.4.

MEDITERRANEAN.—English Doctor, now in London for interview, can receive RESIDENT PATIENT (not mental) in his beautifully situated house overlooking the Bay of Naples; English nurse resident.—Write Box 6139, The Times, 42, Wigmore-street, W.1.

AT SAVILE-ROW.—LOUNGE SUITS from 8gns. built for you by HAMS. Appointment, write or 'ph. EMMS,

SHIPPING

P. & O.
BRITISH INDIA AND NEW ZEALAND COMPANIES.
MAIL, PASSENGER, AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

MEDITERRANEAN, EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF, BURMA, CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, MAURITIUS, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA, AUSTRALASIA.

P. & O. and B.I. Tickets interchangeable, also Tickets of P. & O., Orient, and New Zealand Companies. All sailings subject to change with or without notice.

P. & O.
(Under Contract with His Majesty's Government.)
Taking Passengers † for Malta, ‡ for Port Sudan.

BOMBAY AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Commander.	London.	M'seilles.
†Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Headlam	July 11	July 13
Mantua	11,000	Hignett	July 11	July 13
†Macedonia	11,000	Morton	July 18	July 20
Comorin	16,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Ranpura	16,000	Furlong	Aug. 1	Aug. 3
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 10
†Rawal	16,000	Brasier	Aug. 15	Aug. 22
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
†Viceroy of India	19,700	Olsen	Aug. 29	Sept. 1
Nevasa	11,000	Holland	Sept. 5	Sept. 7
†Kaisar-i-Hind	11,500	Headlam	Sept. 12	Sept. 15
Narkunda	16,500	Parker	Sept. 19	Sept. 19
†Rajputana	16,800	Cadle	Sept. 26	Sept. 28
Rajmahal	11,000	Thornton	Oct. 3	Oct. 10

FORTNIGHTLY TO AUSTRALIA.
From London and Marseilles.

*Benalla	13,000	Wyatt	July 11	July 17
Comedic	15,000	Cartwright	July 25	Aug. 1
†Moldavia	16,300	Allin	Aug. 8	Aug. 14
Naldera	16,000	Harrison	Aug. 22	Aug. 29
†Mongolia	16,500	Rhodes	Sept. 5	Sept. 11
Narkunda	16,500	Parker	Sept. 19	Sept. 26
Cathay	15,000	Niven	Oct. 3	Oct. 9
Moultan	21,000	Townshend	Oct. 17	Oct. 24

* Taking also 3rd Cabin Passengers. † Taking one class only at 3rd Cabin rates.

COLOMBO AND CALCUTTA.
"One Class" Service at Special Fares. Calling Southampton

Burdwan (cargo)	6,000	—	July 18	—
Behar (cargo)	6,000	—	Aug. 1	—
†Nevasa	7,000	Smith	Aug. 15	—

CEYLON, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN.
Fortnightly Direct Service, calling at Southampton.

Mantua	11,000	Hignett	July 11	July 18
Berrima	11,000	—	July 18	—
Kashgar	6,000	Sudell	July 24	—
Malwa	11,000	Britten	Aug. 8	Aug. 15
Khyber	9,000	Bedwell	Aug. 22	—
Morea	11,000	Holland	Sept. 5	Sept. 12

BRITISH INDIA.
(Under Contract with the Government of India.)
BOMBAY, PORT OKHA, AND/OR BEDI
BUNDER (JAMNAGAR) AND KARACHI.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Antwerp.	LONDON
†BURDWAN	6,000	—	—	—
†BERWIN	5,341	July 22	July 26	July 28
†MUNDRA	6,000	Aug. 12	Aug. 16	Aug. 23
†WARFIELD	6,000	Sept. 2	Sept. 6	Sept. 13

* Cargo Steamer.
† Transhipping Karachi cargo at Bombay.

COLOMBO, MADRAS, AND CALCUTTA.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mids'bro.	LONDON
†MANDALA	8,246	—	—	—
†MANELA	8,300	July 9	July 19	July 26
†MERKARA	8,284	July 23	Aug. 2	Aug. 9
†MARGHA	8,258	Aug. 6	Aug. 16	Aug. 23

† Calls Tangier. ‡ Calls Port Sudan.

PORT SUDAN, ADEN, AND EAST AFRICAN PORTS.

Ship.	Tons.	Antwerp.	Mids'bro.	LONDON	M'seilles.
†MALWA	8,900	—	—	—	—
†MODASA	9,070	July 12	July 23	Aug. 1	July 19
MADURA	9,077	July 26	July 30	Aug. 22	Aug. 9
MATIANA	9,067	Sept. 6	Sept. 17	Sept. 26	Sept. 6
					Oct. 4

† Calls Tangier.

QUEENSLAND.

Ship.	Tons.	Mid'shro.	Immingham	LONDON
A STEAMER	—	—	—	—

CHIEF PASSENGER OFFICE,
Manager: F. H. GROSVENOR.
P. & O. HOUSE, 14, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.

City Passenger Office, 130, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3. Strand Office, Passage and Freight Agency (A. W. Case, Manager), Australia House, W.C.2. Paris, Société Française de P. & O., 41, Bd. des Capucines. Monte Carlo (Col. C. Fane, P. & O. Agent), Avenue de Monte Carlo.
FREIGHT OR GENERAL BUSINESS.
P. & O. or B.I. Offices, 122, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3.
GRAY, DAWES & Co., 123, LEADENHALL-ST., E.C.3. Freight Brokers.
P. & O., Escombe, McGrath and Co., 18, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; B.I.S.N. Co., Gellatly, Hankey, Sons and Co., Ltd., Dock House, Billiter-street, E.C.3; Middleton & Co., 7, Leadenhall-street, Norman and Smith, Ltd., 14, Billiter-street, E.C.3; and (Queensland Line) Birt, Potter and Hughes, 2, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3.

NEW ZEALAND LINE.
Regular Four-weekly Passenger Sailings from Southampton to NEW ZEALAND and AUSTRALIA.
VIA PANAMA CANAL.
Single-berth Cabins and Bath-room Suites.

Ship.	Tons.	SOUTHAMPTON
†RUAPEHU	8,000	Aug. 1
RUAHINE	17,000	Aug. 15
†RANGITATA (new motor vessel)	17,000	Aug. 29
†RANGITANE (new motor vessel)	17,000	Sept. 26
†ROTORUA	16,000	Oct. 17

† Saloon and 3rd Class Passengers only. * Via Suva.
† 182 and 2nd Class Passengers.
Apply the N.Z.S.Co., Ltd. (J. R. Westray and Co., Ltd., Agents), 138, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tel.: Avenue 5220), or the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. J. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tel.: Regent 6724).

UNION S.S.CO. of NEW ZEALAND
LTD., TO NEW ZEALAND AND AUSTRALIA.
By any Atlantic line to Canada or U.S.A., thence via VANCOUVER or SAN FRANCISCO.

	From Vancouver.	From San Francisco.
AORANGI	July 23	Aug. 6
MAKURA		
NIAGARA	Aug. 20	—
TAHITI	—	Sept. 3

Canadian-Australasian Line, via Honolulu, Fiji, and Auckland to Sydney. † Union Royal Mail Line via Tahiti.
Raratonga, Wellington, Sydney.
Apply the Trans-Pacific Passenger Agency, Ltd. (W. J. James, General Manager), 14, Cockspur-street (first floor), London, S.W.1 (Tel.: Regent 6724); or for Vancouver Service any office of the Canadian Railways.

P. & O. BRANCH SERVICE.
FAST STEAMERS TO AUSTRALIA.
Via Malta, Port Said, Suez, and Colombo.
OR CLASS ONLY AT LOWEST FARES.

Ship.	Tons.	London.	Plymouth	Liverpool
†BENDIGO	13,000	July 11	—	—
†BARADINE	13,000	Aug. 1	Aug. 2	—
†BARRABOOL	13,000	—	—	Sept. 29
BALRANALD	13,000	Oct. 10	Oct. 11	—
BALLARAT	13,000	Oct. 24	Oct. 25	—

† Carrying His Majesty's Mails and calling at Aden.
† Calls Marseilles 17th July, not calling Malta.
Also 3rd CABIN BOOKINGS for

	Tons.	London.	Marseilles
R.M.S. MOLDAVIA	16,500	Sept. 5	Sept. 11
R.M.S. MONGOLIA	16,500	Sept. 5	Sept. 11

Apply P. & O., 130, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3, 14-16, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1, or Australia House, Strand, London, W.C.2.

AUSTRALIA
BY THE
ORIENT LINE
Under Contract to carry His Majesty's Mails.
Through Tickets to NEW ZEALAND and TASMANIA.
Tickets interchangeable with other lines.
HOLIDAY TRIPS TO SPAIN, MOROCCO, RIVIERA, ITALY, EGYPT, and CEYLON, CRUISES by 20,000-TON STEAMERS.

	Tons.	London.	Toulon.	Naples.
OTRANTO	20,000	July 10	July 25	July 27
ORMONDE	15,000	Aug. 16	Aug. 22	Aug. 24
ORVIETO	12,000	Aug. 30	Sept. 5	Sept. 6
ORONTES	20,000	Sept. 13	Sept. 19	Sept. 21
ORONSAY	20,000	Sept. 27	Oct. 3	Oct. 5
ORAMA	20,000	Oct. 11	Oct. 17	Oct. 19
ORFORD	20,000	Oct. 25	Oct. 31	Nov. 2
OTRANTO	20,000	Nov. 8	Nov. 14	Nov. 16

Managers, ANDERSON, GREEN and Co., Ltd., Head Office, 5, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3; Branch Offices, 14, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; No. 1, Australia House, Strand.

ELLERMAN LINES
CITY HALL

BUCKNALL
LIVERPOOL to EGYPT, SUDAN, INDIA & CEYLON.

Steamer	Tons	Date	Destination
City of Baroda	7,129	July 15	Bombay and Karachi
City of Hong Kong	9,078	July 19	Calcutta
City of Benares	8,984	July 22	Bombay and Karachi
City of Lahore	6,895	Aug. 2	Bombay and Karachi

(a) Calls Marseilles. (b) Calls Port Sudan.
LONDON TO SOUTH AFRICA.

City of Karachi	5,573	July 19	C. Town, Algoa Bay.
Trafford Hall	5,821	Aug. 16	E. London, Natal.

MARSEILLES TO STRAITS, CHINA, AND JAPAN.
Regular freight service with limited accommodation for passengers at reduced rates. Sailings on application.
REDUCED SUMMER FARES
TO MARSEILLES AND EGYPT.
Sailings subject to cancellation without notice.
LONDON: 10 4-5, Leadenhall-st., E.C. Tele., Avs 9340
LIVERPOOL: Tower-bldgs., Water-st. " Cent. 3840
GLASGOW: 75, Bothwell-street " Cent. 9232

BIBBY LINE. THE FIRST CLASS ONLY
FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE OF TWIN-SCREW OIL-DRIVEN MAIL VESSELS TO MARSEILLES, EGYPT, PALESTINE, PORT SUDAN, CEYLON, BURMA, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, and SOUTHERN INDIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	Sailing Liverpool.	Sailing Marseilles.
Oxfordshire	12,500	July 19	July 29
Staffordshire	15,000	July 31	July 19
Gloucestershire	15,000	July 25	Aug. 2
Cheshire	12,000	Aug. 8	Aug. 16
Worcestershire	15,000	Aug. 22	Aug. 30

BIBBY BROS. and Co., 29, Chapel-street, Liverpool. 22, Pall Mall, London, S.W.1. Tele., Regent 8086, 8087.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
FROM MARSEILLES (Services Contractuelle).
SPRINT ..... July 17 and July 31 | CHINA, JAPAN
MOMBASA, MADAGASCAR, MAURITIUS
CHAMBORD ..... July 11 and July 25 | GEN. METZINGER
PIRAEUS, ISTANBUL, IZMIR, & DARDANELLES
THEO. GAUTIER ..... July 15 and July 29 | PIERRE LOTI
EGYPT, PALESTINE, AND BEYROUT.
MARIETTE PACHA ..... July 15 and July 22 | ANCIRA
For passage and all particulars apply:—
LONDON: 22, Fenchurch-st., or 62, PALL MALL, and all Passenger and Tourist Agents.

SHORT SEA VOYAGES
FROM SOUTHAMPTON FORTNIGHTLY
to ALGIERS and GENOA
by the luxurious Dutch East Indian Mail Ships of the
NEDERLAND Royal Mail LINE
S.S. PRINS der NEDERLANDEN ..... 17th July
M.S. CHRISTIAAN HUYGENS ..... 31st July
D. H. DRAKEFORD, General Passenger Agent for Gt. Britain, 66, Haymarket, S.W.1. Tel. No. Ger. 5453-4-5

CRUISES TO NORWAY.
FULL PROGRAMME ON APPLICATION.
Best accommodation. Personal service.
HICKIE, BORMAN, GRANT & CO., LTD., 28, Cockspur-street, LONDON, S.W.1. Gerr. 2094-5.

SHIPPING (continued)

CUNARD LINE.
U.S.A.—CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—NEW YORK.
MAURETANIA - JULY 12
AQUITANIA ..... July 19 | *CARONIA .. July 19
Via Havre and Cobh, not Cherbourg.
LIVERPOOL—COBH—NEW YORK.
‡LACONIA - - JULY 12
*FRANCONIA ..... July 19 | *SCYTHIA .. July 26
* Calls Belfast, not Cobh.
† Calls Galway and Boston.
‡ Calls Boston.
SOUTHAMPTON—CHERBOURG—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
ASCANIA - - JULY 12
ALAUNIA ..... July 19 | *AUSONIA .. July 26
* Calls Cobh.
LIVERPOOL—GLASGOW—BELFAST—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
‡ATHENIA - - JULY 12
ANTONIA ..... July 18 | †LETITIA .. July 26
† From Glasgow previous day.
‡ From Glasgow and Belfast previous day.
MIDSUMMER CRUISE.
By "CARINTHIA" (20,000 tons) from Southampton TO BALTIC, NORWAY, and RUSSIA (Leningrad and Moscow), Aug. 1st, 19 days from 83 guineas.
Apply Cunard Line, London, 21, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, 28-27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1; Liverpool, Pier Head; and principal passenger agencies.

OCEANIC HOUSE, 1, COCKSPUR-ST., S.W.1.
WHITE STAR LINE.
THE "BIGGEST SHIP" ROUTE.
SOUTHAMPTON-NEW YORK, via Cherbourg
Majestic .. Tues., July 8 | Olympic .. Wed., July 23
Homeric .. Thurs., July 17 | Majestic .. Wed., July 30
LIVERPOOL—BOSTON—NEW YORK.
Via Queenstown.
(2) Baltic .. Sat., July 12 | Arabic .. Sat., July 26
Cedric .. Sat., July 19 | Britannic .. Sat., Aug. 2
* Via Belfast and Glasgow instead of Queenstown.
(2) Not calling Boston.
LIVERPOOL—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
Laurentic .. Fri., July 11 | Albertic .. Fri., Aug. 1
Doric .. Fri., July 25 | Laurentic .. Fri., Aug. 8
SOUTHAMPTON—QUEBEC—MONTREAL.
Megantic ..... Sat., July 26
LONDON—NEW ZEALAND, via Panama.
Ionic (Passengers from Southampton only). Fri., July 18.
RED STAR TO NEW YORK.
FROM SOUTHAMPTON & CHERBOURG.
(6) Belgenland ..... July 12
(4) Pennland ..... July 19
TO CANADA.
SOUTHAMPTON TO HALIFAX, N.S.
(4) Pennland ..... Sat., July 19
(4) Westernland ..... Sat., Aug. 2
From Antwerp previous day.
(4) Tourist Third Cabin and Third Class Passengers only.
(6) First, Tourist Third Cabin, and Third Class Passengers.
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE.
LONDON'S LARGEST LINERS.
LONDON to NEW YORK
Via Boulogne.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.
*Minnewaska, 21,716 tons ..... July 19 | Aug. 13
*Minnetonka, 21,998 tons ..... July 19 | Aug. 30
* Carrying also freight, including refrigerated cargo.
Apply also Leadenhall-street, E.C.3, or Local Agents.

FRENCH LINE C.G.T.
UNSURPASSED SERVICES by the Non-Stop route
PLYMOUTH DIRECT TO NEW YORK.
"THE ROUTE THAT CUTS OFF THE CORNER" BY AVOIDING A PASSAGE DOWN CHANNEL
EXPRESS LUXURY LINERS
CARRYING FIRST AND SECOND CLASSES ONLY.
FAST "CABIN" LINERS
CARRYING CABIN AND TOURIST THIRD CABIN CLASSES ONLY.

	From Plymouth.	Due New York.
† PARIS " (c)	July 10	July 16
† LAFAYETTE " (c)	July 12	July 18
† FRANCE " (c)	July 20	July 26
† ILE DE FRANCE " (c)	July 23	July 29
† ROCHAMBEAU " (c)	July 26	July 29
† DE GRASSE " (c)	July 30	Aug. 5

(c) Express Service First and Second Class only.
(c) Fast Cabin and Tourist Third Cabin Service.

HAVRE to HOUSTON, Texas (Cabin Class) MONTHLY.
HAVRE to NORTH PACIFIC COAST PORTS.
LOS ANGELES, SAN FRANCISCO, SEATTLE, VANCOUVER. (First Class Only.)
PLYMOUTH TO WEST INDIES.
TRINIDAD, VENEZUELA, COLOMBIA, PANAMA.
S.S. "CHEVALIER DE LATOUCHE" ..... July 14
S.S. "MACORIS" ..... Aug. 11
Also SERVICES TO
CUBA, MEXICO, HAITI, &c.
Cie Gle Transatlantique, Ltd., 20, Cockspur-street, S.W.1, and all leading Travel Agents.

CUBA—MEXICO—TEXAS.
OZEAN LINE.

	From Southampton.
HAVANA	
VERA CRUZ	RIO PANUCO .. July 12th
TAMPICO	RIO BRAVO .. July 26th
GALVESTON	Wainwright Bros. and Co., Ltd.,
HOUSTON	21, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3.

JAMAICA DIRECT FRUIT LINE
SPECIAL SUMMER TOURS.
LONDON TO JAMAICA.
32 Days round Trip from £55, inclusive of Hotel accommodation and shore excursions.
First-class accommodation, all outside rooms. Private Bath Rooms, Swimming Pool, &c.
For further particulars apply to :—
Agents: R. KYLE, SON and Co., Ltd., 112, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3 (Monument 4597), or to West End Agents, American Express Co., 6, Haymarket, S.W.1.

HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE.
REGULAR SAILINGS FROM SOUTHAMPTON.
TO HALIFAX and NEW YORK.
†ROTTERDAM (First Class fare from £47) ..... July 12
†VOLENDAM (First Class fare from £35) ..... July 19
HOLLAND'S LARGEST LUXURY LINER.
S.S. STATENDAM
Next Sailing ..... 30,000 tons ..... Aug. 2
TO CUBA AND MEXICO.
†SPAARNDAM July 19 | *LEERDAM ..... Aug. 9
From Boulogne. * Not calling Halifax.
Apply 19, PALL MALL, S.W.1 (Tele., No. Ger. 5440), or 40 27, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3 (Tele. No. Mon. 0021)

UNITED STATES LINES.
AMERICAN MERCHANT LINES.
TO NEW YORK.
U.S.L. A.M.L.
From Southampton Weekly. Famous Cuisine. From London Weekly. One class only. £20 10s. £38 Return (Tourist) Cabin. With bath £25 10s. Booklets, &c., free from your Agent or U.S. Lines Offices, 1, Regent-street, S.W.1 (Gerrard 5820.)
Republic ..... July 10 | America ..... July 17
Pres. Harding ..... July 24 | LEVIATHAN ..... July 24

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE
(Hapag).
ACCELERATED PASSAGE—7 DAYS.
SOUTHAMPTON to NEW YORK.
ALBERT BALLIN .. .. .. July 12
NEW YORK .. .. .. July 19
DEUTSCHLAND .. .. .. July 26
HAMBURG .. .. .. Aug. 2
SHORT SEA TRIPS.
Southampton to Hamburg, July 10, July 17.
PLEASURE CRUISES
to
NORWAY, NORTH CAPE, ICELAND, SPITZBERGEN AND THE BALTIC.
JULY TO SEPTEMBER.
Illustrated booklet on application.
Apply to WM. H. MULLER and Co. (London), Ltd., 66-68, Haymarket, London, S.W.1.

The SHORT SOUTHERN ROUTE
TO
SOUTH AMERICA
Via GENOA, VILLEFRANCHE (Nice), BARCELONA CADIZ.
Splendid liners all over 18,000 tons.

"DUILIO" (N.G.I. Line)	From Genoa and Villefranche	10 July
"CONTE ROSSO" (Lloyd Sabaudo Line)	From Genoa and Villefranche	11 July
	From Barcelona	19 July
	From Barcelona	20 July

Subsequent sailings, July 31, Aug. 8 and 21.
Calling at SANTOS and MONTEVIDEO, &c.
LONDON—RIO in 12 DAYS.
LONDON—BUENOS AIRES in 15 DAYS.
To AUSTRALIA
by the fine modern CABIN CLASS Motor ships (about 10,000 tons gross) of the
N.G.I. and LLOYD SABAUDO LINES.
Monthly sailing. Large, steady and well-appointed vessels; splendid cuisine; low fares.
English speaking officers, stewards and stewardesses.
English library (free), entertainments, sports, &c. Fine Anglo-Continental cuisine.
Through Express Trains from Calais, Boulogne, and Paris to Genoa, Nice, &c.
SPEED, LUXURY, COMFORT.
LLOYD SABAUDO, 32, Haymarket, S.W.1 (Gerrard 5082).
N.G.I. LINE, 16, Waterloo-place, Regent-street, S.W.1 Regent 7972 (3 lines).

HEALTH—PLEASURE—EDUCATION.
TRAVEL ROUND THE WORLD.
£257 10s. 0d. First Class or £158 5s. 0d. Special Class. Fortnightly Sailings. Stop-over Privileges at all Ports.
DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES AND AMERICAN MAIL LINE.
Complete Voyage—112 Golden Days of Travel or Voyage can be completed any time within two years. For full particulars and accommodation apply to T. L. Dorr and Co., General Agents, 22, Billiter-street, London, E.C.3 (Tele., Monument 0221), or to the Principal Passenger Agencies.

SHIPPING (continued)

SOUTH AMERICA
by
THE ROYAL MAIL LINE,
BRITAIN'S LARGEST & FASTEST LINERS
to
PERNAMBUCO, BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AIRES
Via France, Spain, and Portugal.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From S'hampton.	From Liverpool.
*ARLANZA	14,622	July 18	—
†DESEADO	11,477	—	July 19
ASTURIAS (M.V.)	22,071	Aug. 1	—
†DESNA	11,483	—	Aug. 2
†ALMANZORA	15,551	Aug. 15	—
†DEMERARA	11,484	—	Aug. 16
ALCANTARA (M.V.)	22,181	Aug. 29	—
DARRO	11,484	—	Sept. 13

* Calls Madeira. † Omits Cherbourg.
EUROPE—NORTH PACIFIC.
THE PACIFIC LINE
TO
WEST COAST OF SOUTH AMERICA.
CHILE, BERMUDA, HAVANA, Via France, Spain. PERU, PANAMA CANAL.

Vessel.	Gross Tons.	From Liverpool.
ORBITA ..... (omits Bermuda)	16,495	July 31
OROYA	12,257	Aug. 14
ORCOMA	11,580	Aug. 28
ORDUNA	15,507	Oct. 2

TOUR ROUND SOUTH AMERICA.
ORDUNA, January 6, 1931.
LENINGRAD (FOR MOSCOW), STOCKHOLM, KIEL CANAL, HAMBURG (FOR BERLIN), &c.,
by
R.M.S.P. "ATLANTIS."
From IMMINGHAM, August 15.
22 Days. Fares 36 Guineas and upwards. Unsurpassed Cuisine.
LONDON { America House, Cockspur-street, S.W.1. Royal Mail House, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
LIVERPOOL—Goree, Water-street.
PARIS—12, Boulevard des Capucines. Or Local Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
CANADA & U.S.A.
SOUTHAMPTON
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL
(Via Cherbourg).

MONTCLARE	July 11
EMPRESS OF AUSTRALIA (to Quebec only)	July 12
EMPRESS OF SCOTLAND (to Quebec only)	July 19
MONTCALM	July 19
	July 23

LIVERPOOL
TO QUEBEC AND MONTREAL.
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND (B.G.) ..... July 11
DUCHESS OF BEDFORD ..... July 11
DUCHESS OF YORK (B.G.) ..... July 18
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND (B.) ..... July 25
(B.) Via Belfast. (G.) Via Greenock. ..... Aug. 1
GLASGOW TO QUEBEC & MONTREAL
DUCHESS OF RICHMOND July 12 | MELITA July 18
JAPAN AND CHINA.
VIA CANADA (from Vancouver).
EMPRESS OF ASIA ..... July 24
Latest connecting Steamer from Southampton July 12
EMPRESS OF CANADA (via Honolulu) ..... Aug. 7
Latest connecting Steamer from Liverpool July 25
NEW ZEALAND & AUSTRALIA
Via Canadian Pacific and Canadian Australasian Mail Services from Sydney.
Vancouver to Honolulu, Suva, Auckland, and Sydney.
AORANGI ..... July 23 | NIAGARA ..... Aug. 20
When travelling always carry Canadian Pacific Express Travellers' Cheques.
SUMMER TOURS IN CANADA.
For interesting illustrated booklets describing glorious Tours in Canada from 19 days to 7 weeks.
APPLY CANADIAN PACIFIC, 62-65, Charing Cross, London, S.W.1; 103, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; Royal Liver Building, Liverpool; 51, Mosley-street, Manchester; Victoria-square, Birmingham; Canute-road, Southampton; 18, St. Augustine's-parade, Bristol; 25, Bothwell-place, Glasgow; or Local Agents.
Also
AUSTRALIA IN 29 DAYS.
ONE CLASS ONLY.
Calling at Port Said and Colombo

Jervis Bay	14,164 tons	from Southampton July 28
Largs Bay	14,184 tons	from Southampton Aug. 6
Moreton Bay	14,145 tons	from Southampton Sept. 3

Fares £38 to £52.
ABERDEEN and COMMONWEALTH LINE.
Apply 2, Australia House, Strand, W.C.; 14, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; or principal Booking Agents.
NEW ZEALAND IN 32 DAYS
BY
"MATAROA" AND "TAMAROA"
(4 Cl. Burs.).
SHAW SAVILL & ALBION LINE.
Royal Mail House, 14, Leadenhall-street London, E.C.3.
SOUTH AMERICA
by
BLUE STAR LINE
BRITAIN'S LATEST AND MOST LUXURIOUS LINERS
to
LISBON, MADEIRA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, BUENOS AIRES.

"AVILA STAR"	From	10 JULY
"ALMEDA STAR"	London	24 JULY
"ANDALUCIA STAR"	and	7 AUG.
"AVELONA STAR"	Boulogne	21 AUG.

NO EMIGRANTS—FIRST CLASS ONLY.
ALSO BUENOS AIRES DIRECT FORTNIGHTLY.
Blue Star Line Express Cabin Service. Fare from £50.
STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN. Monthly from £60.
For South American and Eastern Sailings apply BLUE STAR LINE, 3, Lower Regent-street (Phone, Gerrard 5671); 40, St. Mary Axe (Tele., 10, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris, Wagons-Lits Co.; and principal Tourist Agents.
THE BLUE FUNNEL LINE.
ALFRED HOLT and Co., LIVERPOOL.
FIRST CLASS PASSENGERS ONLY.
FROM LIVERPOOL TO MARSEILLES TO PORT SAID, THE STRAITS, AND CHINA.
Holidays at Sea to the South of France and Egypt. Special Summer Return Rates — Marseilles £22, Port Said £35. Next Sailings from—

PATROCLUS	19 July	ANCHISES	27 Sept.
ANTENOR	16 Aug.	AENEAS	11 Oct.
HECTOR	13 Sept.	SARPEDON	8 Nov.

London Agents, John Swire and Sons, Ltd., 8, Billiter-square, E.C.3, or Principal Travel Agents.
BLUE FUNNEL AND WHITE STAR ABERDEEN JOINT SERVICE TO SOUTH AFRICA & AUSTRALIA.
A Combined Service offering Unsurpassed Facilities at Moderate Rates.

	From Liverpool
(2) S.S. CERAMIC	22nd AUG.
(1) S.S. ASCANIUS	13th SEPT.
(3) S.S. THEMISTOCLES	11th OCT.

(1) First Class only. (2) Cabin Class only. (3) First and Third Class.
For full particulars apply to
BLUE FUNNEL LINE, India Buildings, Water-street, Liverpool; 101, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3; 80, Buchanan-street, Glasgow.
WHITE STAR LINE, 30, James-street, Liverpool; 1, Cockspur-street, London, S.W.1; 34, Leadenhall-street, E.C.3.
ROTTERDAM LLOYD.
EGYPT. CEYLON, SUMATRA, SINGAPORE & JAVA.
FORTNIGHTLY MAIL PASSENGER SERVICE
from SOUTHAMPTON,
via TANGIER, GIBRALTAR and MARSEILLES.
Through Tickets via Java to AUSTRALIA, CHINA and JAPAN.
SPECIAL SUMMER RATES to TANGIER, GIBRALTAR and MARSEILLES.
Apply U.K. Agents, Escombe, McGrath and Co., 13, Fenchurch-avenue, London, E.C.3; West End Agency, American Express Co., 6, Haymarket, S.W.1.
FABRE LINE.
Regular Sailings from Marseilles to :—
ORIENT, Calling Alexandria, Jaffa, Beirut.
WEST AFRICA, Calling Dakar, Conakry, Sierra Leone, Tabou, Gd. Bassam, Accra, Lome, Cotonou, Douala.
NEW YORK. Calling Naples, Palermo, Lisbon, Azores.
Also
MEDITERRANEAN HOLIDAY CRUISES.
Apply JAPP HATCH and Co., Ltd., 168, Piccadilly, London, W.1. Tele., Gerrard 4434
UNION-CASTLE LINE.
SOUTH AFRICA, EAST and WEST AFRICA, ROYAL MAIL SERVICE.
†GLOUCESTER CASTLE .. London, Southampton.
†KENILWORTH CASTLE .. July 10
†LLANDAFF CASTLE .. July 17 | July 11
†WINDSOR CASTLE .. July 18
* Via Madeira. † Via Plymouth, Las Palmas, and Lobito.
† Via Mediterranean Ports and Suez Canal.
Apply to the Head Office, 3, Fenchurch-street, E.C.3. West End Agency, 125, Pall Mall, S.W.1.
ANCHOR LINE.
LIVERPOOL TO BOMBAY & KARACHI.
CALLING at GIBRALTAR, PORT SAID, and SUEZ.
CASTALIA .. July 11 | *ELYSIA .. Sept. 12
*CICILIA .. Aug. 28 | †BRITANNIA .. Sept. 26
* First Class Passengers only. Specially low fares.
† Calls Port Sudan, 11 leaves Marseilles Oct. 1.
First Class and Third Cabin Passengers.
Vessels recruited by Indian Government.
Indian Government Vouchers accepted.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
New S.S. CALIFORNIA, 17,000 TONS.
Carrying FIRST CLASS and THIRD CABIN passengers, sails from LIVERPOOL Oct. 21, MARSEILLES Oct. 27.
All First Class state rooms are fitted with Punkah Louvres and with fans. This vessel has exceptionally fine Third Cabin accommodation.
GLASGOW TO NEW YORK
CALEDONIA .. July 12 | CAMERONIA .. July 26
CALIFORNIA .. July 16 | CALEDONIA .. Aug. 2
ANCHOR LINE, 48, FENCHURCH-STREET, E.C.3, and at 26 and 27, Cockspur-street, S.W.1.

SHIPPING (continued)

BLUE STAR CRUISES
By the World's Most Delightful Cruising Liner,
"ARANDORA STAR."
Britain's Dream Ship.
TO NORWEGIAN FJORDS & NORTHERN CAPITALS.
19 July, 20 days.—NORWEGIAN FJORDS, NORTH CAPE and SPITZBERGEN.
9 Aug., 13 days.—NORWEGIAN FJORDS.
23 Aug., 23 days.—NORWAY and NORTHERN CAPITALS.
MEDITERRANEAN.
19 Sept., 24 days | To MOROCCO, SPAIN, DALMATIA, ITALY, SICILY, &c.
14 Oct., 24 days | MOROCCO, FRANCE, ITALY, ALGERIA.
8 Nov., 18 days | 2nd Annual Christmas Cruise to MOROCCO, SICILY, ITALY, FRANCE, SPAIN & PORTUGAL.
19 Dec., 19 days | 1930 Cruise programme apply
For "Arandora Star" BLUE STAR LINE, 3, Lower Regent-street (Phone, Gerrard 5671); 40, St. Mary Axe; 10, Water-street, Liverpool; Paris, Wagons-Lits Co.; and Tourist Agents.
Or to CITY OFFICE, 15, Leadenhall-street, London, E.C.3. (Phone: Monument 0021.)
CLAN LINE.
CAPE TOWN, MOSSEL BAY, ALGOA BAY, AND EAST LONDON.
CLAN MACNAUGHTON ..... Newport, Glasgow. Birkenh'd. Walvis Bay and Luderitz Bay direct. July 10 | July 16
NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES, AND BEIRA.
CLAN MACQUARRIE ..... Newport, Glasgow, Birkenh'd. July 31 | Aug. 6
NATAL, LORENZO MARQUES, AND MAURITIUS.
CLAN MACTAVISH ..... Newport, Glasgow, Birkenh'd. Aug. 14 | Aug. 20
BOMBAY AND PERSIAN GULF.
CLAN BUCHANAN ..... Glasgow, M'chester, Birkenh'd. Calicut, Cochin, and Tuticorin direct. July 19
COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, AND CHITTAGONG.
CLAN MACKELLAR ..... Glasgow, M'chester, Birkenh'd. July 10 | July 17
MADAGASCAR, CALICUT, COCHIN, ALLEPPEY, TUTICORIN, AND CHITTAGONG.
CLAN MACINNES ..... Glasgow, Birkenh'd, London. For Rates of Freight, &c., apply to CAYZER IRVINE and Co., Ltd., London, Glasgow, Liverpool; or to E. E. KYNASTON and Co., Manchester.

N.Y.K. LINE

BRITISH RESORTS, SPAS, AND HOTELS (continued)

WOOLACOMBE, DEVON.—ATLANTIC HOTEL; finest position overlooking sands and bay; excellent cuisine; terms moderate. 'Phone 51. D. J. Ashford.

WORTHING TEL. 1500. BEACH HOTEL.
first-class charmingly appointed Hotel, facing sea (A.A.). Every bed has a Vi-spring overlay mattress on a box-spring. Hot and cold running water in every bed room. Telegrams: "Sunny, Worthing.

SCOTLAND

BANFF.
DUFF HOUSE HOTEL,
Former Residence of H.R.H. The Princess Royal.
This palatial Mansion, standing in 140 acres ground, which includes the splendid 18-hole Duff House Royal Golf Course, is one of the most modern and beautiful Hotels in Scotland. Hot and Cold Running water in Bed rooms; ample Bath-room accommodation. Private Suites with Bath and Toilet-room accommodation. Magnificent Lounge Hall and Ball Room. Music and Dancing from July. Lift. Electric light. Central heating.
'Phone Banff 60. Fishing and Tennis Free. Booklet from Miss DUNCAN, Manageress.

BRAEMAR, FIFE ARMS HOTEL.
Patronized by Royalty and the Court. Golf, Tennis, Fishing, Mountaineering. Recently renovated. Private Suites. Brochure on application.
'Phone 14. J. Taylor.

BY direct Sleeping Car from King's Cross or Euston. CRIANLARICH HOTEL, PERTHSHIRE; 500ft. up. Mountaineering. Splendid Salmon and Trout fishing. Headquarters of R.S.A.C. and A.A. 'Phone 2. Also ROYAL HOTEL, TYNDRUM, PERTHSHIRE, with Loch and River fishing, including famous River Orchy. Tennis court. Own garage and cars for hire.

DUNDEE.
THE ROYAL BRITISH HOTEL.
The leading Hotel and Restaurant in Dundee.

EDINBURGH. BLAIR ATHOLL HOTEL. Grosvenor-street (West End). 'Phone 61217.

EDINBURGH. THE ALISON HOTEL. MELVILLE-CRESCENT (West End). Telephone, 20750l. Telegrams, "Melcrest," Edinburgh.

MACHRIHANISH, CAMPBELTOWN, N.B. GLADALE ARMS HOTEL.
Ideal Golfing Resort on Shores of Atlantic.

NORTH BERWICK. BRAMERTON HOTEL.
Two minutes from Station, Links and Tennis Courts.

ST. ANDREWS. ALEXANDER HOTEL.
Nearest to Station and Tennis Courts. 'Phone 60.

ST. ANDREWS. ATHOLL HOTEL. Close to Station; overlooking Links and Sea; garage and lock-up. A.A. 'Phone 124.

Why not come to SCOTLAND this year?
SKELMORLIE HYDRO HOTEL.
Skelmorlie, Ayrshire, on the Firth of Clyde. Tennis, Golf, Bowling. The centre for famous Clyde Resorts and Sailings.—For illustrated Booklet and terms apply Manageress.

STONEHAVEN BAY HOTEL.
Lift to all floors. Garage. Fully licensed. Excellent Golf. Tennis. Bowling. 'Phone 60.

PRIVATE HOTELS
3 *lines* 4*s.* 6*d.* (*minimum*)

LONDON
HAREWOOD CHAMBERS,
PRIVATE HOTEL,
74-80, GOWER-STREET, W.C.
JUST OPENED.
Newly decorated and furnished; running hot and cold water; 'phones; bed, breakfast, bath, 7s. 6d. En pension moderate terms. Restaurant and lounge.—Museum 3941.

KENSINGTON GARDENS PRIVATE HOTEL, Ltd., LANCASTER-STREET, HYDE PARK, W.2. Paddington 4288. ELECTRIC LIFT. RUNNING HOT and COLD WATER IN ALL BED ROOMS.

PARIS HOTELS, RESTAURANTS, AND TEA ROOMS

THE AMBASSADOR On the new Boulevard Haussmann.
The largest Continental Hotel. 600 rooms. 600 baths. Tariff with plan sent on request.

HOTEL APOLLO (D. POISSON, Prop.), 11, Rue Dunkerque, opp. Nord Station; 100 rooms; latest comfort; from 20f.; 50 baths. Full board from 55f.

HOTEL ASTORIA, CHAMPS-ELYSEES (facing Arc de Triomphe).
RESTAURANT open to non-residents.

HOTEL BRIGHTON 218, Rue de Rivoli
In the heart of the fashionable centre.

CHARLESTON HOTEL, 55, Bd. Rochechouart, near East. North, St. Lazare Stations. Modern. Recently renovated. 150 rooms, latest comfort, new buildings, moderate prices.

HOTEL LOUIS LE GRAND, 2, Rue Rouget de l'Isle, Paris. Off Rue de Rivoli (Tuileries).

HOTEL LUTETIA 43, 45, 47, BOULEVARD RASPAIL.
THE SMARTEST, THE MOST MODERN.
Tariff with plan sent on request.

MEURICE HOTEL AND RESTAURANT
RUE DE RIVOLI,
OVERLOOKING THE TUILERIES GARDENS.

THE
HOTEL-RESTAURANT RITZ,
PLACE VENDÔME.

ROYAL HAUSSMANN, 2-4, BOULEVARD HAUSSMANN.
An hotel of distinction. Most central location.

SAVOY HOTEL 194bis, Rue de Rivoli, Facing The Tuileries Gardens.
AN ARISTOCRATIC HOTEL.

HTL. de l'UNIVERS 10, Rue Croix des Petits Champs. Mod. Comfort.

HOTEL WESTMINSTER. 11 and 13, Rue de la Paix.

FOREIGN RESORTS AND HOTELS
3 *lines* 6*s.* (*minimum*)

BOMBAY. GRAND HOTEL. Latest and most comfortable in Bombay. Built on modern European sanitary principles.

BELGIUM

INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION, ANTWERP-LIEGE(BELGIUM)
APRIL-OCTOBER, 1930.
Put up at
RESIDENCE-PALACE,
155, rue de la Loi, BRUSSELS.
The largest establishment of the kind in Europe where you will find
Large and Small Flats luxuriously furnished.
Restaurant—Ornamented Pergola on the 11th floor. Splendid panorama of Brussels.
Swimming bath. Russian and Turkish baths. Golf School. Garage for 300 cars.
Theatre—Foyer—Shops.
Hairdresser—Post Office, Bank.
All in the building.

BELGIUM.—KNOCKE-ZOUTE-sur-MER. — RUBENS HOTEL; first-class situation on sea front; near Casino, golf, and tennis; no taxes. Apply prospectus.

CONTINENTAL PALACE, BLANKENBERGHE (near Ostend); facing sea and Kursaal; 200 rooms throughout. Patronized by the leading English families.

FRANCE

AMBLETEUSE (near Boulogne, France).—Hotel Restaurant de la Marine; modern comfort; bath room; reputed cuisine; board from 45frs.

CORSICA, ILE ROUSSE (five hours from Nice).—NAPOLEON BONAPARTE; 150 rooms, with bath and telephone. Park 100ha. Golf 18 holes; tennis, beach.

DINARD.—VICTORIA and BRITANNIA. Near Beach and Casino. Moderate terms. Same management. Beaumont House, Pl. Royal. PAU (Pyrenees).

DINARD. LE GRAND HOTEL.
Unique situation on the River Rance and the Sea. Next to Tennis Grounds and Casino.
Excellent cuisine. 150 rooms, 80 baths.

DINARD.—HOTEL DES TERRASSES.
Facing Sea.
First-class. Open June 1st. Moderate terms.

DINARD.—HOTEL DE PROVENCE ET ANGLETERRE. Now open. Central heating; 80 rooms; 30 private baths; lift. Moderate prices.—Joubert, Prop.

JUAN-LES-PINS.—HOTEL SPLENDIDE, 80 rooms, full south with balconies; park, tennis; own bus to new golf course. Patronized by English visitors. From 60frs.

LE TOUQUET.—THE CARLTON; right on beach; Pension July, September from 90frs. Aug. from 100frs.; all taxes included.

LUC-SUR-MER (Calvados, France).
HOTEL BELLE PLAGE.
On the Sea; 110 rooms; comfort; tennis; park; complete board, service and taxes included. 68frs.

NICE.—SPLENDID HOTEL. 150 rooms (80 with bath). 'Phone in every room. Central. Full pension from 80frs. and 100frs. with bath room.

ST. VALERY en CAUX (Normandy, Seine Inférieure). HOTEL DES BAINS. Every comfort; good cooking. Pension from 55frs.

TOURS, HOTEL METROPOLE.
100 rooms. 25-150frs. Meals 25frs. Inclusive from 65frs.

TROUVILLE-sur-MER.
HOTEL BELLEVUE, Place du Canada.
A good Hotel at moderate prices. Facing the Sea.
RESTAURANT "A LA SOLE NORMANDE."

HOTEL DES ROCHES-NOIRES.
First Class. Right on the Beach. Entirely transformed 1928. Excellent Restaurant. PRIVATE GARAGE.

ITALY

CADENABBIA. — THE BELLEVUE. Noted for hospitality, comfort, and distinction. Golf 18 holes, tennis, all water sports.

HOTEL BRITANNIA; EXCELSIOR. Cadenabbia, Lake Como; thoroughly up to date; golf, tennis, water sports. Direction Giuseppe Gandola.

MILAN. PALACE HOTEL
De Luxe. Up to date. 200 beds. At the Central Station.

TREMEZZO, Lake of Como.—GRAND HOTEL and TREMEZZO HOTEL. Splendid situation, adjoining "Villa Carlotta." Up-to-date first-class Hotel.

SWISS RESORTS

LUCERNE. HOTEL SCHWEIZERHOF.
Every comfort. Golf 18 holes. O. Hauser, Proprietor.

KENNEL, FARM AND AVIARY
3 *lines* 4*s.* 6*d.* (*minimum*)

DOGS

AIREDALES (LT.-COL. RICHARDSON'S) for house protection. ABERDEENS, CAIRNS, WIRE and SMOOTH FOX, SEALYHAMS, WEST HIGHLANDS, COCKERS; pups, adults, companions or exhibition; largest selection.—Clock House, Byfleet, Surrey (Station Weybridge), or seen London. Tele., Byfleet 274.

ABERDEENS.—Tally is a real cloddy true of Scottish terrier; very game and good natured.—Westminster Dog Bureau, Caxton-street, S.W.1. Vic. 9739.

ABSOLUTELY TYPICAL CAIRN. West Highland and Scottie Puppies and Adults for Sale; also winners.—Apply Placemore, Furzefield Kennels, Nutfield Marsh, Surrey. 'Phone, Merstham 274.

ALWAYS attractive and amazingly smart you can be if you own a WHITE PEKINGESE.—Seen by appointment at 3, Sydenham Hill-road, S.E.26. 'Phone, Sydenham 2212.

ANY BREED may be bought at MONTPELIER SHOP; always good selection. Boarding and trimming.—24, Montpelier-street, opposite Harrods.

CHARMING DOGS OF EVERY BREED are always to be bought at the Westminster Dog Bureau, Caxton-street, S.W.1. Vic. 9739.

DACHSHUNDS for Sale, splendid ch. bred Dachshund Puppies, 3 months old, price £7 7s., also lovely red bitch, 18 months old, £5 5s., to good home; used to kennel.—Apply Mrs. M. Fanshawe, Trebartha, 51, Frances-road, Windsor.

IRISH TERRIER DOG, 17 months, good harsh coat, nice colour, good natured; make splendid companion; sacrifice, £5. A good selection of dogs in stock. Adults on our 14 days' trial terms.—Wilkens, Limited, 37, New Oxford-street, London. Temple Bar 6808.

KERRY BLUE TERRIERS, 3½ months puppies for sale, show specimens, both parents Crufts winners.—Rathowen, Pheasants-way, Rickmansworth. 'Phone 362.

LEDGEE COCKER SPANIEL PUPPIES; both sexes; blacks and reds; some horse-trained.—Hunt, Ottershaw, Chertsey. 'Phone, Ottershaw 12.

PEKINGESE.—Seven championships recently won in America by the "Cha-Mings." "A small but perfect lion." To choose from.—Mrs. Lansdowne, Primrose Hill Studio, Fitzroy-road, N.W.1. Tele., Prim. 4515. Viewed by appointment.

PEKINGESE.—The PIELD PEKINGESE; the ideal kennel; puppies and adults always available; can be seen in London by appointment.—Apply Mrs. Whitehead, Field Hall, Ifield, Sussex ('Phone, Crawley 73), or 105, Piccadilly, W.1. ('Phone, Mayfair 2668).

PEKINGESE.—Miss Plampton, breeder of the world's reward for winning fifteers and breeder of the Champion Ritch at Crufts, 1926, has the largest selection in England, every colour, from 3 to 50 guineas; miniatures a specialty from 20 guineas. Seen any time or shown in London. Tele., Prim. 4515. Viewed by appointment. Dogs at stud.—67, Hemingford, Pickenham-road, W.6.

THE best selection of DANDIES, SCOTTIES, and CAIRNS at BELL MEAD KENNELS, Ltd., Haslemere. Tele. 452.

BELL MEAD KENNELS, Ltd., Haslemere. The Training and Kennel Club which is highly recommended by the Countess of Glasgow and the Lady Petre, is the oldest and foremost school for canine instruction. Students trained as kennelmaids and kennel-owners in one of England's most healthy districts. Boarding—Terms, 1 dog £3 3s., 2 dogs per annum. Course 15 weeks, seven months, or one year. Lectures by veterinary surgeons. All branches of kennel work and management taught. Fees inclusive. Next term commences September 15th, 1930.

BOARD YOUR DOG in Country. Lots of rambles over Surrey Hills; personal attention; dogs collected in Town.—CARAVAN KENNELS (Capt. Holdsworth), Ashtead. Grammar 'phone 653, near Dorking.

QUARANTINE KENNELS approved by Ministry of Agriculture; few dogs, individual attention.—131, Lancaster-road, Ladbroke-grove, W.11a. Park 0027.

BUSINESSES FOR SALE
3 *lines* 7*s.* 6*d.* (*minimum*)

A LUXURIOUS FREE FREEHOLD FULLY LICENSED ROADSIDE HOTEL, 31 miles London main motor road, to be sold by Auction by Peter Gordon next On or Thursday, July 17th, at 12 noon.—83c "Sales by Auction" page 25.

ALL the BEST HOTELS, SUITE HOUSES, Tea Rooms, Restaurants.—Call on WAY and WALLER, 5, Hanover-square, W.1. Mayfair 8022 (10 lines.)

COUNTRY BUSINESS, BEER, £6,000 includes £1,000 stock; £2,400 book debts; excellent income; retired; congenial occupation.—Write Box A.1549, The Times, E.C.4.

FREEHOLD DORMY HOUSE or PRIVATE HOTEL, occupying a charming position on motor road 7 miles outside BEXHILL, for SALE privately. A good opportunity for developing an excellent business.—HAMPTON and SONS, 20, St. James's-square, S.W.1.

HIGH-CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL, exclusive position, Hanover Court Hall and the Gardens; hot and cold running water all bed rooms; elaborately furnished and decorated. Sound, easily run business. Suit a lady. Price £3,600, possession part cash. OTHERS ALL PARTS.—LUXFORD, 34, Oxford-street, W.1. (Tube Tottenham-Court-road.)

HIGH-CLASS LUNCHEON and TEA ROOMS in CHELSEA, old-established business, artistically furnished and appointed; seating capacity 80; takings £28 per week; real bargain for one or two ladies. Price complete ONLY £350, including lease, full equipment, and goodwill.—Call or 'phone for appointment, WAY and WALLER, 5, Hanover-square, W.1. (Mayfair 8022.)

HOME AND INCOME.—HOUSE comprising 15 attractive bed-sitting rooms (let), with running hot water, divan bed, gas fire, ample bath and toilet accommodation. Breakfast only is served, and the takings amount to about £30 per week with little trouble. —WAY and WALLER, 5, Hanover-square, W.1. Mayfair 8022 (Extn. 2).

LAUNDRY, Freehold, South Coast, £7,000; old-established; net profits £1,500 per annum; audited; owner retiring; would initiate.—Write Box A.1547, The Times, E.C.4.

NET PROFITS £2,000 PER ANNUM.—Model DAIRY has been run for years as INVESTMENT under manager, two previous proprietors retired upon competency; skilled manager and staff; £7,000; accountant's figures.—HOLLAND, 307, Gray's Inn-road, W.C.1.

SMALL BLOCK of FLATS.—£800 for short lease; renewal can be arranged.—For details apply KEMPSON'S, 50/60, Chancery-lane, W.C.2.

SOUND PROGRESSIVE BUSINESS, £1,600, London; £5,000 available assets; net profits exceed £6,000 per annum; audited; great scope.—Write Box A.1548, The Times, E.C.4.

£1,600 NET PROFIT PER ANNUM. Very old-established DAIRY BUSINESS; suit gentleman as INVESTMENT, under manager. Books open to every investigation; £3,500.—HOLLAND, 307, Gray's Inn-road, W.C.1.

GUEST HOUSE in picked position, Kensington.—In splendid repair and beautifully furnished; hot and cold water all rooms; takings £40 per week; owner occupying two best bed rooms. Price, including 21 years' lease, furniture and equipment, £3,150.—HAMMERSLEY, KENNEDY and Co., 33, Davies-street, Berkeley-square, W.1.

KENT BEAUTY SPOT.—GUEST HOUSE and TEA GARDENS.—Detached, modern house, lovely position, with one acre; garage, &c.; main road; 6200f. above sea level.—Valuable Freehold for SALE at £1,500.—HAMMERSLEY, KENNEDY and Co., as above.

THE "BUSINESS OFFERS" Column will be found on the front page

EDUCATIONAL
3 *lines* 6*s.* (*minimum*)

SCHOOLS AND TUTORS.
ADVICE and RELIABLE INFORMATION concerning SCHOOLS, TUTORS, and EDUCATIONAL HOMES for Boys and Girls at Home and Abroad will be given gratis to parents stating requirements, kind of school, age of pupil, locality preferred, names of two referees, &c.
Messrs. TRUMAN and KNIGHTLEY, Scholastic Agents,
61, CONDUIT-STREET, LONDON, W.1.
Telephone, Gerrard 3272 (two lines).
Publishers of "Schools," the most complete guide to Schools in existence, price 2s. 6d., 3s. 3d. post free, and of the "Journal of Careers," 1s. monthly.

ALL LANGUAGES TAUGHT; native teachers; private lessons; small classes; translations, preps; English for foreigners.—Regent Schools, 333, Oxford-street, London.

AID TO FINDING SCHOOLS BY SCHOOLFINDERS, 177, Regent-street, W.1. Publishers, Schoolfinder Guides. Free. Postage 3d.

PRIVATE SECRETARYSHIP.
A Well-paid, interesting, and dignified career for educated women. Intensely practical postal training, taken at home, in leisure time, by expert tutors in all commercial subjects. Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, &c.—Write to-day for the brochure "Private Secretaryship" (free) to METROPOLITAN COLLEGE, Dept. P.2, St. Albans.

ABLE ADVICE ABOUT SCHOOLS FOR BOYS and GIRLS and Tutors preparing for any Exams. or receiving BOYS for Special Care and Tuition.
Messrs. J. and J. Paton, in their up-to-date knowledge of the BEST SCHOOLS and TUTORS in this country and on the Continent, will be PLEASED to AID PARENTS by sending free of charge Prospectuses and TRUSTWORTHY INFORMATION.
The age of the pupil, district preferred, and rough idea of fees should be given.—Phone, write or call,
J. and J. Paton, Educational Agents, 143, Cannon-street, London, E.C.4. Telephone, Mansion House 5053.

A BOYS' IDEAL PREPARATORY SCHOOL, KINGWELL HALL, TIMSBURY, NEAR BATH. 240 acres in ideal country surroundings. 600ft. above sea. Special attention to diet, fresh fruit daily. Boys rest after midday meal. Daily physical training in open air, good playing fields, two tennis courts, new swimming bath, small golf course. Classes limited, much individual attention; sir Public School Scholarships recently.
Headmaster, SYDNEY L. ALLEN, M.A. (Oxon.)

ALL SCHOOLS PERSONALLY INSPECTED.
Miss MABEL HAWTREY
(Daughter of the late Rev. J. W. Hawtrey of Eton, Slough, and Westgate-on-Sea)
ADVISES PARENTS re PUBLIC or PRIVATE SCHOOLS for boys and girls at home or abroad.
Tutors, Governesses, Secretaries, &c.
Also Nursery and Holiday Homes. Professional Training.
SPECIAL CONSIDERATION GIVEN TO BACKWARD, DELICATE, or NERVOUS CHILDREN.
Education Office, 170, Piccadilly, W.1. Gerrard 3978.

A SCHOOL for boy or girl is a great responsibility. HOOPERS (Educational Agents), Ltd., give advice free, Radnor House, 93, Regent-street, W.1. (Gerrard 9011.) Expert Consultants since 1881.

ABOUT FINISHING SCHOOLS on the Continent, GIRLS' and BOYS' SCHOOLS, at HOME, and TUTORS.
Advice free of charge will be given by
GABBITAS, THRING & CO.,
36, Sackville-street, London, W.1. Tele., Regent 5878.
Established over half a century.
Messrs. GABBITAS, THRING and Co. are personally acquainted with nearly all the Principals and Private Tutors. The locality preferred, age of pupil, and approximate fees should be stated.
NO CHARGE WHATEVER IS MADE TO PARENTS.

PARIS
ACADEMY OF DRESSMAKING,
LTD., 24, OLD BOND-STREET, W.1.
Principals—Mme. TROIS FONTAINES.
The most VALUABLE ACCOMPLISHMENT a woman can possess is to be able to create her own clothes. It is profitable and pleasurable all her life, and provides the nucleus to LUCRATIVE CAREERS. Under our tuition the art is acquired in a very short time. Day or Postal tuition. Visit the Academy or write for Prospectus A.K.

BEDFORD-SQUARE SECRETARIAL COLLEGE.—Training for educated ladies. Moderate fee. Positions found. Entrance Scholarships.—8, Bedford-square, W.C.

ENGLISHWOMAN recommends Continental Schools, families; accompanies or from Continent; languages.—Write Box 4706, The Times, 2, Chaussée d'Antin, Paris.

GROSVENOR SECRETARIAL COLLEGE specialises in training the daughters of gentlemen for the Secretarial profession. Good posts guaranteed. INDIVIDUAL TUITION. Scholarships. Apply Principal, 32, Buckingham Palace-road, S.W.1. Victoria 1201.

HONOURS B.A. (Cantab.), wide experience, COACHES for all examinations. "I.C.S." London Matric. Little-go. Responsions. Bank of England, &c.—G. W. Harris, 3, Rathbone-place, W.1. Tele., 4596 Museum.

LONDON COLLEGE of SECRETARIES.
(Principal—Dr. E. Roberts.)
Complete practical training for educated girls and women desiring to be PRIVATE SECRETARIES to professional men, politicians, or business men.
INDIVIDUAL TUITION.
A suitable position found for every qualified student.
Shorter courses in any secretarial subject.
Apply 84, REGENT-STREET, W.1. Tele., 1613 Regent.

LUCTON SCHOOL,
LEOMINSTER, HEREFORDSHIRE.
There will be VACANCIES in September in this small PUBLIC SCHOOL.

EDUCATIONAL (continued)

PITMAN'S COLLEGE
sets the standard in commercial education.
Write to-day for
(1) Day Prospectus.
(2) Evening Study Booklet.
(3) Home Study (Postal) Booklet.
130 SOUTHAMPTON-ROW, W.C.1.
Branches at Brixton, Brondesbury, Croydon, Ealing, Finsbury Park, City, Forest Gate, Lewisham, Maida Hill, Palmers Green, Wimbledon, Leeds, Manchester.

SECRETARIAL and BUSINESS TRAINING with a written guarantee of a good salaried position on completion of training. Languages and foreign shorthand a speciality. Postal courses also available. Six scholarships, one of £30, two of £20, and three of £10, will be awarded in September.—Prospectuses and all information from Mr. A. M. MUNFORD, KENSINGTON COLLEGE, Bishop's-road, London, W.2. Telephone, Paddington 6046. Residential accommodation for girls.

S.R.—PARENTS ASSISTED FREE of CHARGE in SELECTING SCHOOLS on Southern Railway and Continent.—Room 2, Victoria Station, S.W.1.

THE GREGG SCHOOLS.

HAMPSTEAD.—165, Finchley-road, N.W.3. (Head office.)
CLAPHAM COMMON.—3, Cedars-road, S.W.4.
CROYDON.—Broad Green House, 181, London-road.
EALING.—36, Uxbridge-road, W.5.
FINSBURY PARK.—4, Beaulieu-villas, Seven Sisters-road, N.4.
ILFORD.—22, Cranbrook-road.
NORBURY.—1266, London-road, S.W.16.
TRAINING FOR BUSINESS AND SECRETARIAL APPOINTMENTS.
All Students placed in good posts as soon as proficient. Special Short Courses for University Graduates and Senior Students.

UNIVERSITY UNDERGRADUATE desires TEMPORARY POST, tutorial or other suitable occupation, part or full time.—Write Box J.509, The Times, E.C.4.

60 GUINEAS PER ANNUM.—A few vacancies in good PREPARATORY SCHOOL of 40 boys.—Write Box B.766, The Times, E.C.4.

MEDICAL SCHOOLS
THE
MIDDLESEX HOSPITAL
MEDICAL SCHOOL,
LONDON, W.1.
(UNIVERSITY OF LONDON.)
TWO ENTRANCE SCHOLARSHIPS of the value of £100 each, one in Arts and one in Science, will be offered for competition.
TWO SCHOLARSHIPS of the value of £90 and £60 respectively are open to students of the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge who have completed the curriculum for or passed the Examinations in Anatomy and Physiology.
The Examination will take place on July 29th, 30th, and 31st, 1930.
The successful candidates will be required to become general students of the School.
Winter Session commences October 1st.
Application forms and last year's papers can be obtained from the Secretary, Middlesex Hospital Medical School, Mortimer-street, W.1.

CONTINENTAL EDUCATION

INSTITUTION NOTRE-DAME, ALENCON, FRANCE. BOARDING SCHOOL for GIRLS in beautiful Normandy; healthy situation, mild climate; school thoroughly recommended. Escort from London.
Terms inclusive:—Under 12 years, £36 per annum; over 12 years, £45 per annum.

CONTRACTS AND TENDERS
4 *lines* 20*s.* (*minimum*)

THE DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIA STORE DEPARTMENT, Belvedere-road, Lambeth, London, S.E.1, invites TENDERS for:—
SCHEDULE 1.—Cranes, overhead, travelling:—
(a) Two 5-ton electric girders and rails.
(b) Two 2-ton hand operated.
SCHEDULE 2.—Web equipment (sample required with tender).
SCHEDULE 3.—Vacuum brake fittings:—
10,000 malleable cast-iron plugs for dummy carriers.
SCHEDULE 4.—Hydraulic Gates, Valves, and Screens.
Tenders due as follows:—
Schedule 1, 18th July, 1930.
Schedule 2, 22nd July, 1930.
Schedule 3, 6th August, 1930.
Schedule 4, 20th August, 1930.
Forms of tender available from the above at a fee (which will not be returned) of 5s. for each Schedule.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS
3 *lines* 7*s.* 6*d.* (*minimum*)

ADMINISTRATIVE COUNTY of ESSEX. MALE ASSISTANT COUNTY MEDICAL OFFICER of HEALTH.
The County Council of the Administrative County of Essex invite APPLICATIONS for the ABOVE POST from registered medical practitioners specially qualified in the treatment of Tuberculosis, School Medical Inspection, and Maternity and Child Welfare, holding a Diploma of Public Health, and not over 45 years of age.
Preference will be given to candidates who have had at least three years' experience in Public Health work subsequent to their medical qualification. The salary attached to the appointment will commence at £500 to £600 per annum, according to experience, and will rise by annual increments of £25 to £700 per annum. A car allowance for travelling will be made. The person appointed will be required to devote his whole time to the service of the Council, and to perform such duties and to furnish such advice and assistance appertaining to his office as may be required, and to reside in such district of the County as the Council may decide. The appointment will be subject to three months' notice on either side.
Applications on the prescribed form, obtainable from the undersigned, and accompanied by copies of not more than three testimonials, which will not be returned, should be addressed to me and delivered at the Shire Hall, Chelmsford, not later than 10 a.m. on Monday, the 14th July, 1930.
JOHN H. GOOLD, Clerk of the County Council, Shire Hall, Chelmsford, 24th June, 1930.

CITY and COUNTY of the CITY of CHESTER.
HOUSE PROPERTY MANAGEMENT DEPARTMENT.
APPLICATIONS are invited for the POSITION of ASSISTANT HOUSE PROPERTY MANAGER at a salary of £180 per annum, rising by annual increments of £10 to £200 per annum. No application will be considered unless the applicant has been fully trained under the Octavia Hill System of House Property Management.
Applicants must be qualified by training, existing age, education and experience, accompanied by copies of not more than three recent testimonials, to be delivered to the undersigned not later than July 21st, 1930. The successful applicant will be required to pass a medical examination and contribute to the fund established under the Local Government and Other Officers' Superannuation Act, 1922.
Canvassing, either directly or indirectly, will be a disqualification.
J. H. DICKSON, Town Clerk.
Town Hall, Chester. 7th July, 1930.

EGYPTIAN GOVERNMENT.
EGYPTIAN UNIVERSITY.
FACULTY of LAW.
APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of PROFESSOR of ROMAN LAW and HISTORY of LAW.
The salary offered is £E 1,140 a year (approximately £1,160), and the appointment will be made initially for three years and renewable at the end of that time.
Duties will begin on October 1st, 1930, and courses are to be given in English or French.
A Three-year Allowance equal to one month's salary will be paid on arrival at Cairo if the successful applicant is resident in Europe.
Applications, with details of qualifications and copies of publications, should be addressed to:—
The Dean of the Faculty of Law, Egyptian University, Giza, Cairo, and posted so as to be received before September 1st, 1930.

METROPOLITAN WATER BOARD.
APPOINTMENT of ASSISTANT ENGINEERING SUPERINTENDENT of WORKS.
The Metropolitan Water Board invite APPLICATIONS from engineers, civil engineering contractors' agents, and others in receipt of APPOINTMENT of an ASSISTANT ENGINEERING SUPERINTENDENT of WORKS, in the Chief Engineer's Department, at a salary of £432 per annum.
Applicants must have had experience in the control of workmen, and in the laying of water mains and communication pipes in streets. The successful candidate will be required to reside at such place within the area of the Board; to reside in either Brentford, Ealing, or Twickenham, in which area the vacancy exists; to pass a satisfactory medical examination by the Board's Chief Medical Officer; and to undertake in writing to join the Board's Superannuation and Provident Fund.
Applications, in the candidate's own handwriting, stating age, full particulars of education, training, and qualifications, should be addressed to Mr. Henry E. Stilgoe, M.Inst.C.E., the Chief Engineer, and must reach the Offices of the Board not later than the 21st July, 1930.
Canvassing will be held to be a disqualification.
G. P. STRINGER, Clerk of the Board.
Offices of the Board, 173, Cromwell-avenue, E.C.1.
1st July, 1930.

QUEEN'S COLLEGE, LONDON.
A PART-TIME LECTURESHIP in CHEMISTRY and Experimental Physics will be vacant for September, 1930.
For particulars apply at once to the Secretary, 43, 45, and 47, Harley-street, W.1.

ROYAL AIR FORCE.
SHORT SERVICE COMMISSIONS IN THE GENERAL DUTIES BRANCH (FLYING).
The Air Ministry invite APPLICATIONS for the above-named COMMISSIONS from unmarried candidates of good physique who are between the ages of 18 and 25. Appointments are made by selection.
Application forms and full details of the conditions of service can be obtained from the Secretary (S.7.G.), Air Ministry, Kingsway, London, W.C.2.

RUBBER RESEARCH INSTITUTE of MALAYA.
APPLICATIONS are invited for the APPOINTMENT of DIRECTOR of the RUBBER RESEARCH INSTITUTE of MALAYA which is now vacant. Qualifications—Candidates must have shown high administrative capacity and ability to conduct and direct scientific research and experiment; should possess an honours Degree in Natural Science of a British University or equivalent; and should have agricultural experience, preferably rubber.
Duties to direct research, routine, and publications subject to the control of the Board, and to advise the Board. Agreement for three years in the first instance. Salary $1,800 per mensem, rising by annual increments of $100 per mensem to $2,000 (£325-£140-£325 per annum). There are certain allowances attaching to the post. Free quarters with heavy furniture provided in Kuala Lumpur. Free passage for selected candidate and his wife, if married. The selected candidate will be required to take up his appointment as soon as possible and will be expected to join the Provident Fund.
Applications should be forwarded to the Secretary, London Advisory Committee, Rubber Research Institute of Malaya, 2, 3, and 4, Idol-lane, Eastcheap, London, E.C.3, from whom further particulars can be obtained.

THE UNIVERSITY of LIVERPOOL.
JOHNSTON CHAIR of BIO-CHEMISTRY.
The Council of the University of Liverpool will have under consideration in the Autumn Term an APPOINTMENT to the JOHNSTON CHAIR of BIO-CHEMISTRY, vacant by the resignation of Professor W. Ramsden.—Particulars with regard to the conditions and terms of appointment may be obtained on application, before September 30th, 1930, to the Registrar of the University of Liverpool.

ASSISTANT WORKSHOPS MANAGER.
THE COMMISSIONERS of IRISH LIGHTS are prepared to receive APPLICATIONS from persons fully qualified to discharge the duties of ASSISTANT WORKSHOPS MANAGER under the Board.
Applicant must write a good hand, be a competent draughtsman with a good knowledge of the strength of materials and the calculation of stresses in the working parts of machinery, have had experience of bench and machine work, including working to fine limits, be competent to take control of engine fitters, brass finishers, smiths, pattern makers and erectors, and must be able to do work at sea in open boats, on lighthships, &c.
Experience of internal combustion engines, air compressors, electrical machinery, wireless apparatus and turret clock work will all be considered additional qualifications.
Salary to commence at £140 per annum, plus Civil Service scale of bonus, and advance by annual increments of £7 10s. to a maximum of £200 per annum, plus bonus.
Travelling expenses and personal allowances granted when absent from headquarters on duty.
Applications, in applicant's own handwriting, to be sent to the undersigned, prepaid per post, on or before Wednesday, the 30th July, stating age (which must be under 32 years), schedules, and experience of the applicant, and accompanied by copies of testimonials, from actual employers only (which will not be returned), to be endorsed on the cover "Applications for situation as Assistant Workshops Manager."
By Order,
E. B. PHELPS, Secretary.
Irish Lights Office, Dublin.

PUBLIC APPOINTMENTS (continued)

UNIVERSITY of ABERDEEN.
CHAIR of NATURAL PHILOSOPHY.
The CHAIR of NATURAL PHILOSOPHY in the Patronage of the University Court becomes vacant by the resignation of Professor G. P. Thomson, M.A., F.R.S., on the 30th September, 1930.
The University Court will proceed to consider an APPOINTMENT to the Chair on the 31st July, 1930.
The salary proposed is £1,175.
The conditions of appointment may be obtained from the undersigned.
H. J. BUTCHART, Secretary to the University.
The University, Aberdeen.

UNIVERSITY OF BIRMINGHAM.
APPOINTMENT OF ASSISTANT LECTURER IN DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY.
APPLICATIONS are invited for the POST of ASSISTANT LECTURER in BOTANY. Stipend £300 per annum. Duties to begin not later than October 1st, 1930. Four copies of application, with testimonials or references, must be sent on or before July 22nd to the undersigned, from whom further particulars may be obtained.
C. G. BURTON, Secretary.
The University, Edmund-street, Birmingham.

UNIVERSITY COLLEGE of LEICESTER.
DEPARTMENT of ADULT EDUCATION.
APPLICATIONS are invited for the APPOINTMENT of STAFF TUTOR for Extra-mural classes in LITERATURE and DRAMA. Ability to take elementary courses in other subjects (preferably History or Psychology) will be an advantage.
The initial salary will be from £300 to £400 (with superannuation benefits) according to qualifications and experience.
Further particulars may be obtained from the Director of Extra-mural Studies, Vaughan College, Leicester, to whom applications, accompanied by references and copies of testimonials, should be sent not later than 21st July, 1930.

APPOINTMENTS & SITUATIONS VACANT
3 *lines* 4*s.* 6*d.* (*minimum*); *Employment Agencies and Schools*, 4 *lines* 10*s.* (*minimum*)

APPLICANTS for situations are advised not to send original testimonials when replying to advertisements. Copies will answer the purpose quite as well, and in the event of being lost or mislaid no inconvenience will ensue.
APPLICANTS' testimonials typed by return post: 12 copies of one ls. 3d., 30 2s., 50 2s. 6d., quarto or foolscap.—H. King, 11a, Fulwood-place, London, W.C.1.
A Man wanted immediately for a country estate in Hertfordshire, to look after an electric light plant and make himself useful with carpentry, painting, &c.; house, coal, and light found; preference will be given to one who has held similar position.—Application to be made to R.H.B. and Co., Electrical Engineers, 8, Sedleyplace, Oxford-street, W.1.
AN old-established firm of wholesale Forage Merchants in the Eastern Midlands require the services of a thoroughly energetic man as Assistant Buyer of hay and clover stacks, by lump and ton. Applicants for the post must have had sound and practical experience of the trade, men of the highest integrity and whose personal character will bear the strictest investigation need apply.—Write, stating age, previous experience in fullest detail and salary required (replies will be treated in the strictest confidence). Box K.1151, The Times, E.C.4.
EAST Africa.—Company in healthy highland district require Automobile Mechanic (unmarried), manage garage and drive; must be efficient all round motor garage work; £30 monthly and bonus. Lady Bookkeeper (gentlewoman essential); £20. Public School Boy pupil of good family learn coffee planting, garage work, big game hunting; no premium, but pay for keep. Those appointed must pay own expenses to Kenya; interviews London July.—Write Box J.490, The Times, E.C.4.
FIRST-CLASS Salesman required for Cambridge, Norfolk, and Suffolk by well-known firm of food manufacturers; only men with experience and established connection with the grocery and chemist trades should apply. —Write, stating full particulars and salary required

Sporting News

RACING

ALEXANDRA PARK MEETING

MOYRESQUE WINS

(FROM OUR RACING CORRESPONDENT)

There was a large attendance of visitors at Alexandra Park on Saturday, the late start—the first race was not started until 3 o'clock—being very popular with the people who attend these meetings. The most important event decided during the afternoon was the race for the London Cup, which was won by Moyresque, who was well backed at 3 to 1, Aroostook being favourite at 5 to 2. When the field had settled down Moyresque was last, and he was still there, accompanied by Grand Prince, when the Straight was reached. Irish Spinner had been in front up to this point, when he was passed by Pictoralas, who for quite a long way looked likely to win decisively. A quarter of a mile from the finish Moyresque began to improve, and, finishing with a truly remarkable run, he went through his field, and in the end won by a length from Pictoralas, with Antiquary third. Caballero was fourth and Aroostook, who ran most disappointingly, fifth.

The remainder of the afternoon's racing calls for little comment. Livid was made favourite for the July Handicap, but he failed to gain even a place. The bottom weight, Rushall Down, was the best away from the gate, and was in front at the Distance, when he began to weaken, and was passed by Golden Venture and Serafina, the former of whom won by a length. Golden Venture, who had never won before, is a half-brother to Nothing Venture, each being out of Risky. Golden Venture, however, is not yet to be compared with his elder half-brother, who was a most useful horse over his own distance. Golden Venture is trained by Leach, sen., who, earlier in the afternoon, had saddled another winner, Speardora colt, who was successful in the Juvenile Selling Plate, for which the favourite was Goosander, trained by Leach, jun. Speardora colt belonged to Lady Gold when he won, but was sold after the race to Mr. Douglas-Pennant for 320 guineas. Royal Pointer was a very easy winner of the other selling race, the Tottenham Selling Plate, after which he was sold to Sir Alfred Butt for 580 guineas. Footmark gained his first success of the year when he won the Hornsey Handicap. The market indicated that he was very much expected to win, and he won easily, as so well backed a horse should do. There was a good finish to the last race, which was won by Lord Bobs by a head from Sans Espoir, with St. Breda third only a short head behind the second. G. Richards was seen at his best on the winner.

GOODWOOD

The vehicle enclosures at Goodwood races will once more be under the control of the Royal Automobile Club who have done so much good work in this connexion not only here but also at Ascot. As before, charges for admission will be levied on each vehicle but not on the occupants, who are admitted free to the various vehicle enclosures. An office will be open from to-day until July 26 at 19, Bruton-street, W.1, where information can be obtained from the Manager, Goodwood Motor Enclosures.

NOTTINGHAM PROSPECTS

2.30.—HOLME PIERREPONT SELLING PLATE (6f.).—Cragford, with all his weight, has a chance in this company. He won a similar event here earlier in the season, and is handicapped just about the same as he was then. Using Rhyolite, however, he does not seem quite so well handicapped as Grand Minister, who comes from a stable in fine form. Twofold is many pounds better handicapped than he was at Manchester, where he was backed. Silver Castor then gave Twofold 3lb., and finished just in front of him, and now has to give 13lb., although neither has run since. Rose of Spain was handicapped to give Twofold 1lb. at Manchester, and in this race was handicapped to give 9lb. TWOFOLD may not win, but he has been so much dropped in the handicap that he must be my selection. In his absence GRAND MINISTER might win.

3.0.—ARNOLD SELLING PLATE (5f.).—BRIGHT STEEL won so easily at Newcastle from Irish Peach that if he is started here he would seem to be the probable winner. The best of the others and an alternative selection may be RYEVALE, who until now has been thought to be rather above this class of race.

3.30.—SAVILE PLATE (5f.).—Postboy was fourth at Ascot, but the third horse is only moderate on known form so that his performance does not amount to much. Still he might run well in this company, in which La Fontaine, Douceuse, and quite possibly Golden Apple would appear to have chances. Using First Fangy, Watch Light is as good as Jerome Fandor, and that seems to give Mr. H. J. Joel's filly a good chance here at the weights. WATCH LIGHT, if absent LA FONTAINE, seems to be the best selection.

4.0.—HARRINGTON HANDICAP (1¼m.).—KINOS OVEN may not be so good as he was last year, but he did not run at all badly in the race for the Newbury Summer Cup, and if he is started here he would be my selection. The best of the others may be Acragas, who ran well at Newcastle, and on that form has a fair chance here.

4.30.—BRAMCOTE PLATE (1m.).—Bill Sykes, with a 10lb. penalty, seems to have rather too much to do, but he is a very much improved horse, and so may not be without a chance. He may, however, fail to beat AUSTIN, who was favourite when failing at Epsom and who did not run badly before that in a race at Kempton Park. Sea Monarch and Rimmaher may be the best of the others.

5.0.—ELVASTON STAKES (1m. 3f.).—Lycidas ran well at Newmarket and on that form has a chance, but the best selection seems to be SPINNER'S COTTAGE, who won easily last time out, and who has missed several races during the last few days, presumably to be started here, where Perryman will ride him.

NEWMARKET PROSPECTS

(FROM OUR NEWMARKET CORRESPONDENT)

A special train leaves Headquarters for Nottingham each morning of racing, and something like 40 horses are under orders to leave for the opening stage.

The Holme Pierrepont Selling Plate may be won by IRISHMAN'S QUEEN, who has done really well since her race at Newcastle.

RYEVALE and Lucius may be our only representatives in the Arnold Selling Plate. The former has done very little racing this season, however. Earl has got him looking at his best, and this is a race he should be able to win.

There will be a good sized field in the Savile Plate. Postboy is useful, but I doubt if he can give the weight to ST. OSWALD, who is an improved animal and is fancied.

There will be an interesting race for the Harrington Handicap. Break of Day, Grand Idol, Ravenscar, Granddison, Golden Lyre, Timber, and Blandishment are all at the top of their form. The last-named did a very nice gallop on Saturday with Brigliadoro, and she has been given a very good chance here by the handicapper. However, I believe that TIMBEE will prove our best.

Perchance and RINMAHER are the best fancied of ours in the Bramcote Plate, and I select the latter.

For the Elvaston Stakes I look to SPINNER'S COTTAGE to win with some confidence. This horse could not have done better since his race at Birmingham, and he is fully expected to win again.

OFFICIAL SCRATCHINGS

SALISBURY MEETING

CHAMPAGNE STAKES.—Rabona filly, Lionella colt, Matchless, Luminous, Quadrel, Majority Calling.

RECORY CUP.—Stolen Plume.

ALINGTON PLATE.—Santa Giustina.

DOWNTON HANDICAP.—Eastridge.

NORMAN COURT STAKES.—Pullabrook.

PEMBROKE MAIDEN STAKES.—Versailles.

NOTTINGHAM MEETING

CLUMBER MAIDEN PLATE.—Royal Athlone, Pacemaker.

ELVASTON STAKES.—Morning Walk, Allagash, Collodian, Termite.

BRAMCOTE PLATE.—Gallionelle.

MISCELLANEOUS

MOLYNEUX CUP (LIVERPOOL).—Midlothian.

KING GEORGE STAKES (GOODWOOD).—La Fayette, Equinal, Zambelli.

GOODWOOD ENGAGEMENTS.—Demoxistic, Enetic.

TANDRIDGE TROT.—WELTER HANDICAP PLATE (LINGFIELD).—Fort Arthur.

GREAT FOAL PLATE (LINGFIELD PARK).—Lionella colt.

JULY PLATE (LINGFIELD PARK).—Golden Rain.

WYNDHAM FIVE PLATE (CHEPSTOW).—Fort Arthur.

DRAYERS SELLING HANDICAP PLATE (FOLKESTONE).—Postman, Blue Bell.

ENGAGEMENTS IN MR. J. B. JOEL'S NAME.—My Dolly gelding, 3 yrs. Swallow gelding, 2 yrs. Silver Ware gelding, 2 yrs. Queen of Diamonds filly, 2 yrs. Adulation filly, 2 yrs. Firepot filly, 2 yrs. Report, Battle, Half Wit.

TRAGICMILLAR SELLING WELTER HANDICAP (EDINBURGH).—Mekro.

ALL ENGAGEMENTS IN MR. A. B. BRISCOE'S NAME.—Farimage.

ALL ENGAGEMENTS.—Demi-Mondaine, Ludgate.

ALEXANDRA PARK RESULTS

3.0 (3.2).—The TOTTENHAM SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs.; for three-year-olds. One mile and 150 yards.

ROYAL POINTER, b rig, by Twelve Pointer—Ionia (Mr. H. Simmonds), 9st. ..... R. Dick 1

TULCHAN, ch c, by Buchan—Appleby (Mr J. P. Hornung), 9st. ..... C. Elliott 2

PLASTER OF PARIS, b g, by Battle-axe—Gypsum (Mr. G. Cooper), 8st. 11lb. ..... C. Richards 3

Loch Garry (Sir G. Noble), 9st. ..... R. Perryman 0
Broken Ice (Mr. G. Bates), 9st. ..... C. Ray 0
Annie Ystol (Mr. G. A. Adami), 8st. 11lb. ..... W. Wells 0
Balloon (Mr. S. H. Darling), 8st. 11lb. ..G. Richards 0
Quarrel (Mr. M. Dollar), 8st. 11lb. ..... F. Fox 0
Maywin (Mr. J. H. Huxley), 8st. 11lb. ..G. Pattenden 0
Italian Rose (Mr. J. Pendarves), 8st. 11lb. ..T. Barber 0

(Winner trained by Dick, at Epsom)

BETTING.—6 to 4 agst Royal Pointer, 9 to 4 Tulchan, 6 to 1 Loch Garry, 10 to 1 Broken Ice, 100 to 8 each Quarrel and Balloon, 25 to 1 each agst the others.

Won by two lengths; four lengths separated second and third. Broken Ice was fourth and Maywin last.

The winner was sold to Sir Alfred Butt for 580 guineas.

3.30 (3.32).—The JUVENILE SELLING PLATE of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs.

SPEARDORA COLT, by Trespasser (Lady Gold), 9st. ..... J. Leach 1

GOOSANDER, b g, by Somme Kiss—Goosie (Mr. V. Malcolm), 8st. 11lb. ..... H. Leach 2

MAFALDA, b f, by Despote—Mantua (Mr. V. Malcolm), 8st. 11lb. ..... R. Dick 3

My Tower (Mr. G. Gilbert), 8st. 11lb. ..... F. Winter 0
Don't (Mr. P. Hands), 8st. 11lb. ..... C. Elliott 0

(Winner trained by Leach, sen., at Newmarket)

BETTING.—11 to 10 on Goosander. 11 to 4 agst Mafalda, 9 to 2 Don't, 10 to 1 Speardora colt, 100 to 8 agst My Tutor.

Won by a length and a half; half a length separated second and third. Don't was fourth.

The winner was sold to Mr. Douglas-Pennant for 320 guineas.

4.0 (4.2).—The JULY HANDICAP PLATE of 200 sovs. Five furlongs.

GOLDEN VENTURE, ch c, by Golden Boss—Risky (Sir J. B. Jardine), 3 yrs, 7st. 7lb. C. Ackey 1

SERAFINA, b f, by Captain Fracasse—Tor Ouzel (Mr. D. Waugh), 3 yrs, 6st. 12lb. (car. 6st. 13lb.) ..... T. Lowrey 2

BUSHALL DOWN, ch c, by Knockando—Flying Bird (Mr. H. E. Andrews), 3 yrs, 6st. 7lb. ..... T. Brown 3

Bulwark (Mr. G. Coldbeck), 4 yrs, 8st. 7lb. ..F. Fox 0
Livid (Lord Glanely), 3 yrs, 8st. 1lb. G. Richards 0
Overmist (Lt.-Col. T. Carthew), 3 yrs, 7st. 7lb. ..... B. Rook 0
Golden Urn (Mr. V. Emanuel), 3 yrs, 7st. 4lb. ..... M. Beary 0
Spring Zephyr (Mrs. C. Beatty), 3 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... S. Wragg 0
Scarlet Fly (Mr. R. R. Jeffrey), 5 yrs, 7st. 7lb. ..... F. Lane 0

(Winner trained by Leach, sen., at Newmarket)

BETTING.—3 to 1 agst Livid, 100 to 30 Golden Urn, 4 to 1 Spring Zephyr, 6 to 1 Serafina, 10 to 1 each Overmist and Bushall Down, 100 to 7 each agst the others.

Won by a length; a neck separated second and third. Scarlet Fly was fourth and Spring Zephyr last.

4.30 (4.32).—The LONDON CUP (handicap), a plate of 1,000 sovs. (including cup value 50 sovs., or specie if preferred); second to receive 100 sovs., third 50 sovs. One mile and a quarter.

MOYRESQUE, bl c, by Galloper Light—Moyria (Mr. W. M. Cazalet), 4 yrs, 9st. ..... R. Jones 1

PICTORALAS, ch h, by Gainsborough—Muscari (Sir C. Noble), 5 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... R. James 2

ANTIQUARY, b g, by Irish Elegance—Mona Carie (Major J. S. Courtauld), 5 yrs, 8st. 11lb. ..... C. Elliott 3

Masked Bandit (Mr. A. K. Macomber), 4 yrs, 8st. 12lb. ..... P. Beasley 0
Caballero (Mr. H. Sicel), 5 yrs, 8st. 10lb. ..W. Wells 0
Aroostook (Lord Beaverbrook), 4 yrs, 8st. 9lb. C. Ray 0
Grand Prince (Lord Glanely), 4 yrs, 8st. 8lb. ..... G. Richards 0
Yuturil (Mr. S. A. Barry), 6 yrs, 8st. 4lb. ..... F. Fox 0
The Wheedler (Sir M. McAlpine), 5 yrs, 7st. 10lb. (car. 7st. 11lb.) ..... M. Beary 0
Irish Spinner (Mr. R. Middleman), 4 yrs, 7st. 4lb. ..... J. Sirett 0

(Winner trained by Lawson, at Manton)

BETTING.—5 to 2 agst Aroostook, 3 to 1 Moyresque, 5 to 1 Masked Bandit, 8 to 1 each Grand Prince and Pictoralas, 10 to 1 The Wheedler, 100 to 7 Caballero, 100 to 7 Antiquary, 25 to 1 each agst the others.

Won by a length; the same distance separated second and third. Caballero was fourth and The Wheedler last.

5.0 (5.2).—The HORNSEY MID-WEIGHT HANDICAP PLATE of 150 sovs.; one mile and 150 yards.

FOOTMARK, ch c, by Abbots Trace—Day of June (Mr. C. B. Rowe), 4 yrs, 7st. 7lb. ..... F. Fox 1

LEAD, ch g, by Mountgineer—Revoke (Lord Fitzwilliam), 4 yrs, 7st. 13lb. ..... R. James 2

SOLDAN, b c, by Soldennis—Caspia (Mrs. E. Wallace), 4 yrs, 7st. 13lb. ..... M. Beary 3

Red Queen (Mr. G. C. Snevd), 4 yrs, 7st. 11lb. ..... R. Lightfoot 0
Naughty Sue (Lord Glanely), 3 yrs, 7st. 5lb. (car. 7st. 7lb.) ..... G. Richards 0
Rose Petal (Mrs. C. Beatty), 4 yrs, 7st. (car. 7st. 11lb.) ..... B. Fawden 0

(Winner trained by C. Chapman, at Lavant)

BETTING.—Evens Footmark, 100 to 30 agst Soldan, 7 to 1 each Lead, Red Queen, and Naughty Sue, 30 to 1 agst Rose Petal.

Won by half a length; three lengths separated second and third. Red Queen was fourth and Rose Petal last.

5.25 (5.27).—The WOOD GREEN MAIDEN PLATE of 150 sovs. One mile five furlongs and a few yards.

LORD BOBS, ch c, by Lemberg—Princess Moriskia (Mr. M. H. Benson), 3 yrs, 7st. 13lb. ..... G. Richards 1

SANS ESPOIR, br g, by Sansovino—Double Quick (Sir A. Butt), 3 yrs, 8st. 6lb. ..... F. Lane 2

ST. BREDA, ch f, by Rol Herode—Simon Tit (Mr. H. Kennedy), 3 yrs, 8st. 3lb. ..... T. Weston 3

Conundrum (Lord Zetland), 3 yrs, 7st. 13lb. ..... R. James 0
Feuar (Mr. J. S. Austen), 3 yrs, 7st. 10lb. ..... S. Donoghue 0
Silver Dolphin (Mr. D. Goold), 3 yrs, 7st. 10lb. ..... M. Beary 0

(Winner trained by M. Hartigan, at Ogbourne)

BETTING.—Evens Sans Espoir, 7 to 2 agst St. Breda, 4 to 1 Feuar, 8 to 1 Lord Bobs, 100 to 8 Silver Dolphin, 25 to 1 each Conundrum and Red Queen.

Won by a head; a short head separated second and third. Conundrum was fourth and Feuar last.

WINNING JOCKEYS

The following table shows the positions and percentages of the most successful jockeys to date, together with the result of investing £1 on each of their mounts:—

	Won	Lost	Total	Per-centage	£1 stake system £ s. d.
G. RICHARDS	46	206	342	13·45	− 85 5 1
F. FOX	45	285	380	13·63	− 50 5 9
T. WESTON	44	230	274	19·05	− 66 18 4
H. WRAGG	37	134	171	21·30	− 55 1 4
W. NEVETT	30	155	185	18·18	+ 3 14 2
C. RAY	30	206	236	12·71	− 55 2 4
C. ELLIOTT	29	147	176	16·47	− 18 19 10
P. BEASLEY	28	143	169	15·38	+ 20 8 8
H. BEASLEY	25	140	165	15·15	− 44 3 9
C. RICHARDS	24	182	206	11·65	− 27 17 9
R. JONES	21	122	143	14·68	+ 1 2 7
R. DICK	21	140	161	13·04	− 14 19 8
B. PERRYMAN ..	21	225	246	8·53	− 116 15 4
J. TAYLOR	19	91	110	17·27	− 8 16 5
J. LEACH	18	98	116	15·51	− 58 11 7

GUARDIAN PARI-MUTUEL PRICES

(2s. UNIT—STAKE AND WINNINGS)

3.0.—Royal Pointer, WIN 9s. 6d., PLACE 3s. 3d.; Tulchan, PLACE 6s. 6d.; Plaster of Paris, PLACE 17s. 3d.

3.30.—Speardora colt, WIN 12s. 6d., PLACE 4s.; Goosander, PLACE 2s. 9d.

4.0.—Golden Venture, WIN 73s. 3d., PLACE 40s.; Serafina, PLACE 6s. 9d.; Rushall Down, PLACE 11s. 3d.

4.30.—Moyresque, WIN 16s. 9d., PLACE 3s. 9d.; Pictoralas, PLACE 4s. 6d.; Antiquary, PLACE 2s.

5.0.—Footmark, WIN 23s., PLACE 3s. 6d.; Lead, PLACE 3s. 9d.

5.25.—Lord Bobs, WIN 8s. 3d., PLACE 3s. 9d.; Sans Espoir, PLACE 2s. 9d.

African Double, 4.0 and 5.0. Golden Venture and Footmark, unbacked.

NOTTINGHAM PROGRAMME

(The letter "a" is prefixed to the names of horses which are apprentices.)

2.30.—The HOLME PIERREPONT SELLING PLATE, a high-weight handicap of 200 sovs. Six furlongs (straight).

CRAGFORD (Mr. A. Douglas-Pennant)	Douglas-Pennant	Yrs	st	lb
CRANAE (Mr. A. Savile)	J. Beary	a	9	5
MARTIAN CITY (Mrs. A. B. Cordeaux)	W. Wells	4	8	10
ABBOTS PRIDE (Mrs. H. S. Martin)	Gilbert	a	8	9
ROSE OF SPAIN (7h. ex.) (Mr. A. Boutall)	Hobbs	3	8	8
SILVER CASTOR (Mr. H. Yeatman)	M. Very	4	8	7
PHYSIC BALL (Mr. Jesse Brown)	Moreton	5	8	5
SOLVENT (Mr. R. H. A. Gresson)	Rimell	3	8	5
SON JOHN (Mr. F. Y. Baker)	East	6	8	0
KING CARNIVAL (Mr. W. G. Musgrave)	Farquharson	4	8	0
MANTO (Mr. W. Hutchinson)	A. Law	6	8	0
GRAND MINISTER (Lord Glanely)	Hogg	3	8	0
BARONET (Mr. C. Hibbert)	Leach, sen.	5	8	0
SAUCY BOY (Mr. C. W. Landlands)	Landlands	3	7	12
STORMY (Mr. H. M. Martineau)	F. Armstrong	3	7	12
VERILY (Mr. G. T. Unwin)	Smallwood	3	7	11
FRIAR'S BANQUET (Mr. Chaplin)	Grubb	4	7	10
GALA PRINCE (Mr. F. Fermer)	G. Sadler	4	7	10
KISS CURL (Mr. H. J. Simms)	F. Leader	3	7	10
LADY GAY (Mrs. Walker)	Walker Bros.	3	7	10
INSTALMENT (Mr. A. W. Greenwood)	Renton	5	7	9
FILIBUSTER (Mr. W. Bullen)	W. Fayne	4	7	9
IRISHMAN'S QUEEN (Mr. R. Renton)	Renton	5	7	7
BARKHAM SQUARE (Mr. A. W. Greenwood)	Renton	3	7	7
BOBBIE BURNS III. (Major Powell)	Powell	3	7	6
ACRARAE (Mr. Friend Sykes)	Morris	5	7	6
TWOFOLD (Mr. A. Lowry)	H. Powney	5	7	6
DIONYS (Mr. R. J. Colling)	R. J. Colling	3	7	6
EXALT (Mr. D. M. Gant)	W. P. Lowe	6	7	5
BERLESTONE (Mr. J. G. Lyall)	J. Lyall	3	7	5
COY (Mr. H. R. King)	Leach, jun.	4	7	5
GOOD STORY (Mr. J. E. Cottrill)	Gilbert	4	7	5
aPROSPERITY (Mr. J. Bayliss)	J. Rhodes	3	7	3
SWANEE RIVER (Mr. A. Kirkwaid)	C. Morris	3	7	3
THE CASTER (Mr. A. S. Galtrey)	M. Hartigan	3	7	0
JOHNSTONE (Mr. C. W. Landlands)	Landlands	3	7	0
LIGHTARMED (Mr. A. G. Shadforth)	H. Smyth	3	7	0
TENTH WICKET (Mr. D. M. Gant)	W. P. Lowe	4	7	0

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

SILVER CASTOR, T. LOWREY; SOLVENT, T. Rimell; SON JOHN, R. Dick; BROKEN ICE, —; FRIAR'S SONG, L. Tiffin; LADY GAY, G. Richards; ENTALMENT, C. Caldwell; TWOFOLD, T. Weston; DIONYS, —; ELIZABETH ANN, E. Crossley; GOOD STORY, K. Robertson; PROSPERITY, A. Burns; JOHNSTONE, T. Barber; LIGHTARMED, H. Smyth.

3.0.—The ARNOLD SELLING PLATE, of 200 sovs. Five furlongs (straight).

	Yrs	st	lb
PHEIDON (Mr. D. Broughton) ..... Farquharson	3	9	3
BRIGHT STEEL (Mr. H. C. Cain) ..... J. Rennick	5	9	3
FRIAR GRAY (Mr. W. Collins) ..... W. Payne	6	9	3
THOMAS A KEMPIS (Lieutenant-Colonel Walter Guinness) ..... R. Jones	4	9	5
ORPHEAN (Mr. W. W. Simmonds) ..... H. Smyth	5	9	5
MUSLARE (Mr. W. W. Thorpe) ..... Pollock	5	9	2
TEPIDE (Mr. O. M. D. Hall) ..... O. Bell	5	9	2
DARNLEY (Sir E. Bushby) ..... F. Armstrong	5	9	2
DUCKS AND DRAKES (Mr. F. Z. Davis) ..... Thirlaway	3	9	2
I AM THE CAPTAIN (Mr. W. G. Gresson) ..... Rimell	5	9	0
RYEVALE (Mr. S. B. Joel) ..... Earl	4	9	0
WEARING A CROWN (Mr. F. Leach, jun.) ..... Leach, jun.	a	9	2
ALOKE (Mr. F. W. Sheustone) ..... Kelly	4	9	2
LONESOME (Mr. C. F. Waller) ..... H. Smyth	6	9	2
GOLDEN NIGHT (Sir A. Butt) ..... Marsh	3	8	12
GLISK (Lady Cunliffe-Owen) ..... Connell	3	8	8
BULLION (Mr. D. Crossman) ..... Pope	3	8	8
LUCIUS (Mr. G. R. de Gouveyrid) ..... J. Cannon	3	8	8
VANDA (Mr. G. Cunliffe) ..... Pumphrey	3	8	8
TALKIE (Mrs. A. Mackintosh) ..... F. Hartigan	3	8	8
INTRIGUE (Mr. G. H. Peck) ..... J. Cannon	3	8	8
BLACK JAKE (Mr. F. Brunton) ..... Hulton	2	6	11
KENILL V. for The Winter King (Mr. T. W. Hand) ..... Saxby	2	6	1

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

PHEIDON, M. Beary; FRIAR GRAY, —; ORPHEAN, H. Packham; MUSLARE, G. Bulger; WEARING A CROWN, F. Leach; I AM THE CAPTAIN, T. Rimell; GOLDEN NIGHT, F. Lane; BLACK JAKE, K. Gethin.

3.30.—The SAVILE PLATE of 200 sovs.; for two-year-olds. Five furlongs (straight).

	st	lb
LA FONTAINE (Mrs. H. E. Beddington) F. Hartigan	9	1
POSTBOY (Mr. A. de Rothschild) ..... Watson	9	1
DOUCEUSE (Captain R. B. Brasier) Boyd-Rochfort	8	12
GOLDEN APPLE (Mr. W. Murray) ..... Cottrill	8	10
FARLANDS (Mrs. S. Whitburn) ..... Cottrill	8	10
MISS JACKIE (Mr. A. D. McAlpine) ..... Barthroup	8	7
WATCH LIGHT (Mr. H. J. Joel) ..... C. Chapman	8	7
HURSTBOURNE (Mr. H. Braime) ..... Braime	8	3
SWEAWICK (Mr. A. Cullen) ..... T. Grech	8	3
PHILIPPOS (Mr. H. F. Clayton) ..... Eser	8	3
MASSINGHAM ABBEY (Mr. J. A. Dewar) Pickering	8	2
STRATHALLAN (Mrs. C. B. Drummond) ..... Dicky	8	2
aTHE SPOILSET (Sir H. Fitzalerbert) ..... Chamberlain	8	2
FLOGUTHER (Mrs. S. B. Joel) ..... Beatty	8	2
REDSWATER (Sir L. Philipps) ..... J. Jarvis	8	2
WENCESLAS (Mr. J. Glencough) ..... G. Todd	8	0
SLIP F, by The Vicar (Sir A. Bailey) ..... R. Day	8	0
ORIENTALIA (Mr. W. M. Cazalet) ..... Lawson	8	0
CLARE HOUSE F, by Ellangowan (Mr. J. M. Clayton) ..... J. Cannon	8	0
ST. OSWALD (Lord Derby) ..... Fred Butters	8	0
MANY WATERS (Mr. S. B. Joel) ..... W. Earl	8	0
ROI DES ALPES (Mr. A. K. Macomber) S. Darling	8	0
TORRICELLI (Mr. J. M. Mine) ..... Mine	8	0
MOWGER (Mr. Friend Sykes) ..... Morris	8	0
BROWN APPLE F, by Ethnarch (Mr. Dawson Waugh) ..... D. Waugh	8	0

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

GOLDEN APPLE, R. James; POSITION, Perryman; WATCH LIGHT (Scrubb), Miss JACKIE, T. Weston; THE SPOILSET, T. Barber; WENCESLAS, S. Wragg; MOWGER, —; wng.

4.0.—The HARRINGTON HANDICAP, a plate of 500 sovs.; second to receive 50 sovs. and third 25 sovs. One mile and a quarter.

	Yrs	st	lb
aKINOS OVEN (5lb. ex.) (Mr. D. M. Gant) ..... W. P. Lowe	a	9	5
BREAK OF DAY (Mr. J. A. Dewar) ..... Pickering	5	8	5
DARK BRILLIANCE (12lb. ex.) (Mrs. A. Cyril Boyd-Rochfort) ..... Boyd-Rochfort	3	8	1
ACRAGAS (Mr. M. Field) ..... Boyd-Rochfort	4	7	11
GRAND IDOL (Lord Glanely) ..... Digby	4	7	10
RAVENSCAR (Mrs. E. Martin Smith) ..... R. W. Colling	4	7	9
GRANDISSON (Lord Glanely) ..... Hogg	4	7	6
GOLDEN LYRE (Sir A. Bailey) ..... R. Day	4	7	6
aPART FOUR (Mr. W. J. Fryer) ..... Clement	3	6	11
SCOTTISH FUSILIER (Mr. W. H. Thorpe) Pollock	4	6	7
TIMBEE (Mr. M. E. Kayton) ..... Fred Butters	3	6	5
BLANDISHMENT (Mr. A. de Rothschild) Watson	3	6	5

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

KINOS OVEN, H. Wragg; RAVENSCAR, F. Lane; GRANDISSON, G. Richards; PART FOUR, T. Barber; SCOTTISH FUSILIER, W. Alford; TIMBER, C. Adley; BLANDISHMENT, —.

4.30.—The BRAMCOTE PLATE, a handicap of 200 sovs. The Straight Mile.

	Yrs	st	lb
LADY ABBESS (Lady Cunliffe-Owen) Leach, sen.	3	9	2
NIANTIC (Mr. J. Sharp) ..... Walters	a	8	7
SEA MONARCH (Sir A. Bell) ..... Marsh	a	8	7
AUSTIN (Mr. M. Clayton) ..... J. Cannon	5	8	12
PERCHANCE (Lord Zetland) ..... Dundas	4	8	1
GALETTE (Mr. E. H. Jenks) ..... Watts	4	8	0
SOLDAN (Mrs. C. Wallace) ..... J. Beatty	4	8	0
aBILL SYKES (10lb. ex.) (Mr. D. M. Gant) ..... W. P. Lowe	4	7	13
OLD DROGHORE (Mrs. J. C. Lewis) Walter Griggs	7	7	7
HAPPY GAZELLE (Mr. T. Mosley) ..... Yapp	6	7	7
LONGFORD (Mr. A. R. Heath) ..... Morris	5	7	7
SAINT GALL (Mrs. V. D. Sainsbury) Holland	3	7	7
WHITE GOD (Mr. W. Barnett) ..... Private	3	7	7
RINMAHER (Lord Harewood) ..... W. Jarvis	3	7	5
ASBURNHAM (Mr. J. Jenkins) ..... J. Manser	4	7	1
WHITE MAY (Mr. R. W. Colling) R. W. Colling	3	7	0
KENPELEA (Mrs. E. M. Rayner) ..... East	4	7	0

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

SEA MONARCH, F. Lane; AUSTIN, R. Perryman; PERCHANCE, R. James; GALETTE, R. Jenkins; BILL SYKES, H. Wragg or G. Richards; HAPPY GAZELLE, A. Richardson; RINMAHER, T. Lowrey; WHITE MAY, K. Robertson.

5.0.—The ELVASTON STAKES of 2 sovs. each, with 150 sovs. added; for three-year-olds only. One mile and three furlongs.

	st	lb
SPLENDIDE MENDAX (Duke of Portland) ..... Flory	9	6
SPINNER'S COTTAGE (Mr. C. C. D. Belchier) ..... C. Leader	9	6
CHELMARSH (Mr. A. J. Boston) ..... C. Waugh	9	3
TOWN TALK (Mr. H. R. Lawrence) ..... Swift	9	3
PERDALE (Captain S. Wilson) ..... Whitelaw	9	3
COOK'S MILL (Mr. F. H. Bowcher) ..... G. Sadler	8	10
MR. JAGGERS (Mr. R. Hyndson) ..... Holland	8	10
LANCHESTER (Mr. J. H. Charlton) ..... J. Cannon	8	10
SMOKED SALMON (Mr. E. Esmond) ..... J. Jarvis	8	10
HEPPARSTIR (Mr. C. W. Gordon) ..... J. Jarvis	8	10
KEDDALE (Mr. W. G. Lassy) ..... Farquharson	8	10
VENETIAN BLIND (Colonel P. J. Lundgren) ..... Barling	8	10
KING FINCH (Mr. F. J. Marshall) ..... Morris	8	10
CRUSADER'S STAR (Mr. H. Pulitzer) ..S. Darling	8	10
LUCIDAS (Lord Rosebery) ..... J. Jarvis	8	10
FORUM II. (Mr. C. J. Ryan) ..... Lottus	8	10
CYLLARUS (Mr. F. W. Wilmot) ..... Gwilt	8	10
JOHN P. (Mr. D. L. Wilson) ..... Leach, jun.	8	10
ST. BRUNO (Mrs. Castle) ..... E. Parker	8	7
BUDDY (Mrs. G. H. Drummond) ..... Digby	8	7
FANATIC (Mr. A. F. Cunliffe) ..... Cunliffe	8	7
VALIANT (Major F. W. Fane) ..... Miss	8	7
BAY OF ACRE (Lord Fairhaven) ..... O. Bell	8	7
SNAP (Mr. D. Fraser) ..... R. Day	8	7
SPRING IN (Lord Harewood) ..... W. Jarvis	8	7
aTOR MESA (Colonel C. de Paravicini) Paravicini	8	7
GALA (Lord Penrhyn) ..... Leach, sen.	8	7
CARDERA (Mr. S. D. Pickering) ..... Pickering	8	7
PRINCE'S TRYST (Mr. D. L. Wilson) R. T. Wragg	8	7

PROBABLE STARTERS AND JOCKEYS

SPINNER'S COTTAGE, R. Perryman; LATCHFORD, J. Leach; LYCIDAS, —; FORUM II., G. Richards; FOUR UP, —; BUDDY, H. Beasley; BAY OF ACRE, —; TOR MESA, —; GALA, C. Adley; PRINCE'S TRYST, H. Wragg. It will ride either Lycidas or Bay of Acre, and H. Leach will ride either Four Up or Prince's Tryst.

MOTOR RACING

JUNIOR CAR CLUB AT BROOKLANDS

The second Members' Day Meeting of the Junior Car Club was held at Brooklands on Saturday. The meeting began at 10.30 a.m. with the sixth annual High Speed Reliability Trial.

In this race the cars entered made use of the whole of the track except the section behind the Members' Hill, and also ran over the road which goes through the tunnel under the track, over the Members' Hill, down the Test Hill, and along the Finishing Straight to join the main track on the Byfleet Banking. Thus the competitors were given a real test of driving and of the reliability of their cars. Thirteen started in Class "A" and seven survived the race, six of them receiving gold medals. In Class "B" there were 25 starters of whom five failed to finish and 19 received gold medals. In Class "C" there were 14

Sporting News

(Continued from page 4)

LAWN TENNIS

THE CHAMPIONSHIPS

W. T. TILDEN'S THIRD VICTORY

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

The King and the Queen were present at the All England Lawn Tennis Courts at Wimbledon on Saturday to see W. T. Tilden, the American player, win the Singles Championship for the third time by beating his fellow-countryman, W. Allison, in three sets (6—3, 9—7, 6—4). Their Majesties arrived just as the match was about to begin and were received by Prince George, the president of the club, and other officials.

Tilden has accomplished a remarkable feat in winning the championship for the third time after an interval of nine years. He was the first American to win when he came over in 1919, played through the challenge round, and beat the holder, G. L. Patterson. He won again in the following year, but did not have to play through the competition. No doubt he would have won many times more had he come to try in the years immediately following, but the next time he came back, in 1927, he found the French players firmly entrenched at Wimbledon, and he has not got farther than the semi-final round till this year. Once he had victory within sight with two sets and five games won against H. Cochet, but even then failed. The French players, H. Cochet and R. Lacoste, had taken his measure and could beat him. This year Cochet was ousted by Tilden's opponent in the final, W. Allison, Lacosté was not playing, and Tilden himself accounted for the third Frenchman, J. Borotra, in the finest match of the tournament. Thus the way was made clear, and Tilden fought finely through and won the final much more easily than he had won against Borotra. The only sets he dropped in his progress were those won against him by Borotra.

There can be no doubt that Tilden, even in his 37th year, is the best all-round lawn tennis player in the world. His control of himself and of every stroke is unsurpassed. He can do everything in a remarkable variety of ways. He has shown lasting powers and an ability to run about the court that no one would have expected in a man of his years. He does not waste much time in winning. Saturday's was one of the shortest finals ever played, for it was all over in little more than an hour. America has thus regained her prestige at Wimbledon, and in an overwhelming fashion. They hold both the Singles titles and both the Doubles. They will now be eager to win back the Davis Cup, which, largely through the fine play of Tilden, they held from 1920 till 1926. It has since then been in the keeping of France. America will make a desperate effort to get it this year, but at present Tilden is not a member of the official team, and without him there seems to be little hope of an American success.

Allison's Poor Start

There were three distinct stages in the match between Tilden and Allison. At the start Allison was rather nervous and excited and made a bad beginning. Tilden got a lead of three games to one before Allison settled down, and it was too late to do anything in that set. Tilden had won Allison's service to love in the first, and he himself had served two love games before he won the first set 6—3.

Allison was in his full stride when the second set opened. It was then a battle of services. Generally Tilden could make little of the powerful service of Allison, who scored with many aces. But Tilden's service was even a harder nut for Allison to crack. He could make nothing of it at all, and even when he did for a point or two Tilden would shoot over one of his most terrific cannon balls which he kept in reserve for an hour of need. The pair simply romped through the second set. The games were short, won in the twinkling of an eye. There was hardly a rally at all. Five games were won on the service to love, all of them Tilden's. In five others the receiver scored only one point. On and on it went, four all, five all, six all, and seven all. When would either crack? Tilden never once looked like that and no more did Allison. With his peculiar stance he would serve terrific aces, bouncing now near the centre line and now close to the side line, and Tilden could not deal with them at all. Tilden on his service got the lead once more at eight games to seven. In the following game, the sixteenth, Tilden had for the first time in the set got to advantage point. Allison had come up to the net more than usual and Tilden was always the master when Allison was near the net. He could place the ball out of Allison's reach easily, and it was nearly always a certain point for Tilden when Allison came up. He had drawn him up this time and got to advantage. It was Tilden's chance, but Allison rose to the occasion and his service, far out of Tilden's reach, brought the score back to deuce. Allison got to advantage then and failed. Deuce once more. His first service was a fault, his second a foot-fault. It was Tilden's advantage, and the next service Tilden made a fine return which Allison could not get back over the net.

The third set started with Tilden serving and the games went the same way till Tilden was leading by three to two. Then in the sixth Allison became erratic in his hitting, and the ball was driven out of court several times. Tilden won on his opponent's service once more. Four games to two and two sets already won. Tilden set out to finish off the battle quickly. He began for a moment to hit wildly and for the first time in the match lost his service game. Stranger things were to follow for each player lost his service game in turn after that, and Tilden finally won by six games to four. The last five games went against the service, a strange happening after the long struggle in which neither player could deal effectively with the other's services.

It had been a brief but strenuous match. Allison had made a good fight. He is not a player of the same ability as Tilden. Far from it. Yet by reason of his courage and determination, his powerful service, and his ability to make a winning shot every time the chance is offered he had made a fight quite worthy of the occasion. He came out of the final by no means disgraced, for he had held a far greater player in check for a long period. No player has ever gone home from Wimbledon with such a fine collection of scalps at his belt as Allison has done this year. Moon, Harris, Rogers, Hughes, Cochet, and Doeg. That has been a remarkable procession.

Other Finals

The final of the Women's Doubles was played first thing in the afternoon. The Americans, Mrs. F. S. Moody and Miss E. Ryan, beat their American rivals, Miss E. Cross and Miss S. Palfrey, in two sets, but the second was a long battle of 16 games. The lady of the day was Miss Sarah Palfrey, a young, slim girl who has fairly won the hearts of Wimbledon people this year. When she won the first game in which she served with a backhand drive down the centre of the court, got in a good volley, a well-judged lob, and then her service, there was tremendous applause. After that she was not so consistent, and it lay often with Miss Cross to smash her way past Mrs. Moody and Miss Ryan. There were times when the less-known pair looked like carrying off the second set and perhaps the match. Only that would have been necessary to bring the house down. They struggled on gamely, but could not just pull it off against experience and strength, and they went down in the end. They had shown their quality, and their efforts were much appreciated. Miss Palfrey's cool and calm play, her courage and daring have endeared her to all, and all look for great things from her the next time she comes back.

Miss Ryan had a hand in another victory in the Mixed Doubles, in which she played with the Australian, J. Crawford, and easily beat the German pair, D. Prenn and Fraulein H. Krahwinkel. The consolation prize of the All-England Plate fell to E. du Plaix, of France, who beat the promising New Zealander, C. E. Malfroy, who is up at Cambridge.

RESULTS

MEN'S SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP

FINAL ROUND

W. T. Tilden (U.S.A.) beat W. Allison (U.S.A.) (6—3, 9—7, 6—4).

WOMEN'S DOUBLES CHAMPIONSHIP

FINAL ROUND

Mrs. Moody and Miss Ryan (U.S.A.) beat Miss E. Cross and Miss S. Palfrey (U.S.A.) (6—2, 9—7).

MIXED DOUBLES CHAMPIONSHIP

FINAL ROUND

J. Crawford (Australia) and Miss Ryan (U.S.A.) beat D. Prenn and H. Fraulein Krahwinkel (Germany) (6—1, 6—3).

ALL-ENGLAND PLATE

FINAL ROUND

E. du Plaix (France) beat C. E. Malfroy (New Zealand) (6—1, 8—6).

The final round of the Doubles Championship—J. H. Doeg and G. M. Lott (U.S.A.) against the holders, W. Allison and J. Van Ryn (U.S.A.)—will be played at 2.30 this afternoon. It will be followed by an exhibition match between B. Bell and G. S. Mangin (U.S.A.) and H. W. Austin and J. S. Olliff (Great Britain).

L.T.A. AND WIMBLEDON

Proposals for closer cooperation between the Lawn Tennis Association and the All England Lawn Tennis Club were made on Saturday night when the leading players were entertained at dinner at the Savoy Hotel by the Lawn Tennis Association. Lord D'Abernon presided.

Mr. H. W. W. Wilberforce, chairman of the All England Lawn Tennis Club, proposing "The Lawn Tennis Association," said that the association was not only the ruling body of the game, but in a separate capacity held the position of a quasi-partner with the All England Lawn Tennis Club in the management of the championship meeting at Wimbledon. There was an agreement between the two bodies which in the instance of either might be ended after 1954. Since the execution of that agreement, and doubtless partly in consequence of it, the popularity of the championship meeting had increased enormously. During the last few years the relations between the two bodies had become closer, and each had shown growing confidence in the other. It had occurred to some that those relations should be put on as permanent a basis as possible. Two methods were suggested—one that there should be some form of amalgamation between the two bodies, and the other was that the agreement should be extended to a period of, say, 999 years, a term which might be regarded as above suspicion. He hoped the idea would receive consideration.

Lord D'Abernon said that he was in cordial sympathy with the object of the proposal—closer cooperation between the two bodies. He was convinced that the closer that cooperation became the better it would be for the game. Speaking personally and not in his capacity as president of the association he would like to express the hope that subject to the approval of the council of the association a joint committee would be formed to discuss the proposal. The committee in his view should have a wide reference and be given considerable latitude to put forward any proposals which they thought likely to produce the closest cooperation between the Lawn Tennis Association and Wimbledon.

THE DAVIS CUP

SUB-DIVISIONS IN THE AMERICAN ZONE

Several alterations to the regulations governing the Davis Cup Lawn Tennis Tournament were approved at a meeting of the Davis Cup delegates, representing 23 nations, at the offices of the Lawn Tennis Association in London, under the presidency of Lord D'Abernon. These amendments will come into force in next year's competition, the most important being the sub-division of the American zone into two sections to be known as the North American section and the South American section.

The regulations dealing with these subdivisions provide that any nation may compete in either section, but, owing to the geographical position of the South American group, challenges for this section must be lodged with the Champion nation not later than September 30 in the year preceding the competition. The draw for this section must be made within three days from that date.

The dates for the completion of the various rounds will be fixed by the Committee of Management in the usual manner, but the final between the two sections will be played within the confines of Northern America in the year of the competition.

FRENCH DAVIS CUP TEAM

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JULY 6

It is announced that H. Cochet and J. Borotra have been selected to play the Singles matches in the challenge round for the Davis Cup here at the end of the month. If the first two Singles should result in French victories, J. Brugnon and C. Boussus will play the Doubles match; if not, the Doubles will be undertaken by Brugnon and Cochet.

COUNTY INTER-CLUB COMPETITIONS

SURREY

Senior.—Third Round

Dulwich beat Caterham Hill (5—2); Norbury Park beat Magdalen Park (4—3).

Intermediate.—Semi-Final Round

Clapham H.C. beat Magdalen Park; Dulwich beat Purley Bury (6—1).

Junior.—Fourth Round.

Ashburton beat Lindfield (5—0); East Sheen beat Gardens (5—0); Lowther beat Purley (4—2); Sunset beat Sanderstead.

Women.—Senior.—Third Round

Dulwich beat Kew (5—1); Epsom beat Gallery (4—1); St. George's Hill beat Heathfield (4—1); Surbiton beat Sutton (4—1). Semi-Final Round.—Epsom beat St. George's Hill (4—3).

Intermediate.—Third Round

Purley beat Kew (4—2); Spencer beat Norbury Park (4—1); Wimbledon Cricket beat Streatham (4—1). Semi-Final Round.—Spencer beat Purley (4—3); Wimbledon Cricket beat Surbiton (4—2).

Junior.—Third Round

Burbage beat Belmont (6—1); Cheam Fields beat Purley Bury (4—3); Heathfield beat Telford Park (4—3); Limpsfield beat Westside (4—2); Lowther beat Gardens (4—1); Merton Park beat Dulwich (4—3); Norwood beat St. George's Hill (4—3); Wimbledon Cricket beat Lindfield (4—0). Fourth Round.—Norwood beat Burbage (7—0); Merton Park beat Lowther (4—0); Wimbledon Cricket beat Cheam Fields (4—1).

KENT

Mixed.—Junior.—Section 1.—Second Round

Blackheath II. beat Bellingham (5—2); Gravesend beat Alford (5—0); Old Colfeians beat Rochester (6—1); Private Banks III. beat Dartford (5—0).

THAMES BOAT SAILING

The programme of boat sailing on the Upper Reaches of the Thames at the week-end was only a moderate one, several clubs having blank days. There was only the lightest of westerly breezes, but fairly long courses were covered in the majority of the events.

The biggest muster of the day was in the handicap given by the Upper Thames Sailing Club at Bourne End. The race was sailed over two rounds of the long course on handicap terms.

The corrected times were :—

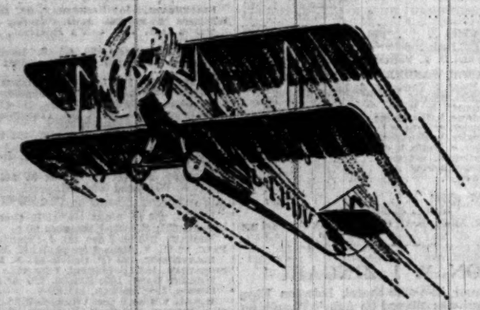
	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Flying Fox (winner)	4	57	9	Echo	5	22	41
Falcon (2nd prize)	4	58	21	Kestrel	5	24	30
Sikkim (3rd prize)	4	59	11	Kismet	5	29	13
Paddy	5	17	47	Elsa	5	34	27
				Myosotis	5	39	35

The second heat for the Silver Burgee was won by Falcon.

The Royal Canoe Club brought its spring season to a close at Trowlock Island, Teddington. They were sent off at 3.15 p.m. and covered four rounds of the usual course in the Reach.

The times were :—

	H.	M.	S.		H.	M.	S.
Genetta (winner)	4	42	45	Senora	5	5	15
Mayfly (2nd prize)	4	49	10	Pampatha	5	5	30
Gaddy (3rd prize)	4	58	29				



KING'S CUP

WON ON

"BP"

SPECIAL MOTOR SPIRIT

Miss Winifred S. Brown, piloting her Avro Avian (Cirrus III. engine), who won the King's Cup and Siddeley Trophy in the 750 Miles Round Britain Air Race on Saturday, chose to have her fuel supplied by B.P.

Result subject to official confirmation.

Have you entered yet for the "BP" £2,000 Cash Prize Competition? Ask your Petrol Dealer for Free Entry Coupon.

ANGLO-PERSIAN OIL CO. LTD

British Petroleum Co. Ltd. Britannic House Moorgate. E.C.2. Distributing Organisation.

GOLF

SUNNINGDALE BEAT THE SOCIETY

(FROM OUR GOLF CORRESPONDENT)

The way of the collector of teams is hard at this time of year, as hard as the ground on which the golf is played, and the captain of the Society was not altogether satisfied with the side which, by much labour of telephone and telegram, he produced to play against Sunningdale.

Still they had a delightful week-end, and did better than they expected against a very strong Sunningdale side containing five members of the Society.

Sunningdale made a terribly good start, winning all four matches, but they won only by small margins, and I thought Campbell and Cave a little unlucky to lose to the invincible Oppenheimer and Hartley after pulling them down from three up and having apparently all the better of the 17th hole. Two really fine shots by Oppenheimer, one over the trees at the 17th and another out of long grass at the last turned the scale. In the afternoon the Society rallied nobly and won three matches, the particular heroes being Selway and Rogers, who after losing the first three holes to Blackwell and Kyle wore them down and won at the home hole, where Selway played a second such as is only played in happy dreams.

Next morning the tide still flowed in Sunningdale's favour, only Campbell and Cave winning for the Society. The great—and slightly ridiculous—match was that between Baugh and Martin; de Montmorency and Thorburn. When Baugh and Martin were four up with six to play they seemed certain to break their duck, especially as Major Thorburn was trying a new style, alleged by some to make him look like Bobby Jones, but producing indubitably un-Jonesian results. However, then came a sudden change; the holes melted like snow off a dyke (a really appropriate metaphor in this weather), age took five holes running in heroic fashion, and young Oxford retired abashed and beaten.

The afternoon consummated the Society's rout. Mirfield retired exhausted, and his place was taken by an unwilling substitute who had been watching on a shooting stick. He and Graham succeeded in halving with Hartley and Oppenheimer, who had won all their other matches, but too much stress should not be laid on so apparently glorious a feat. Campbell and Cave finished a good two days' work by beating the redoubtable Blackwell, and Baugh and Martin were saved from the ultimate and blackest disgrace. Once more it was the jolliest of week-ends, but the players looked more like the cricketers of Badger's Green than eminent golfers.

The results were :—

SATURDAY

Sunningdale		Oxford and Cambridge G.S.	
Morning			
E. B. H. Blackwell and D. H. Kyle (2 and 1)	1	R. H. Baugh and D. H. R. Martin	0
R. W. Hartley and R. B. Oppenheimer (1 up)	1	F. R. Campbell and A. D. Cave	0
R. H. de Montmorency and Major S. K. Thorburn (2 and 1)	1	F. G. Mirfield and A. J. Graham	0
D. E. Landale and J. S. F. Morrison (3 and 2) ..	1	P. Rogers and N. C. Selway	0
Total	4	Total	0
Afternoon			
Blackwell and Kyle ..	0	Rogers and Selway (1 hole)	1
Hartley and Oppenheimer (5 and 4) ..	1	Baugh and Martin	0
de Montmorency and Thorburn	0	Campbell and Cave (4 and 3)	1
		Mirfield and Graham (1 hole)	1
Landale and Morrison ..	0		
Total	1	Total	3

SUNDAY

Morning			
Blackwell and Kyle (6 and 4)	1	Mirfield and Graham ..	0
Hartley and Oppenheimer (5 and 4) ..	1	Rogers and Selway ..	0
de Montmorency and Thorburn (1 hole) ..	1	Baugh and Martin	0
Landale and Morrison ..	0	Campbell and Cave (4 and 3)	1
Total	3	Total	1
Afternoon			
Blackwell and Kyle ..	0	Campbell and Cave (1 hole)	1
Hartley and Oppenheimer (halved)	0	Mirfield and another (halved)	0
de Montmorency and Thorburn (6 and 5) ..	1	Rogers and Selway	0
Landale and Morrison (halved)	0	Baugh and Martin (halved)	0
Total	1	Total	1

HARVARD BEAT CAMBRIDGE TEAM

New York, July 6.—The Cambridge University golf team touring America suffered a heavy defeat at the hands of Harvard at Belmont, Massachusetts, the Americans winning by eight matches to three, with one game halved. Harvard won six of the eight Singles and two of the four Foursomes. W. H. Bermingham and N. A. Keith (Cambridge) beat E. B. Murphy and H. Bourneuf by two and one, and W. C. Carr and H. C. Longhurst (Cambridge) halved a match. In the Singles C. Hill (Cambridge) beat S. G. Sleeper, jun., by six and five, and Longhurst won from Bourneuf by two and one.—*Reuter.*

CHESHIRE AMATEUR CHAMPIONSHIP

H. W. Heslop, of Bromborough, won the Cheshire amateur championship on Saturday when, at Prenton, he beat J. Walters (Wallasey Villagers), who had led the qualifiers, by 3 and 2 in the 36 holes final. The early play of Walters in the final was not convincing, and he was four down at the turn in the first round. He played better coming in, and squared the game at the 17th, Heslop being in trouble with his wooden clubs. The match was all square at the end of the first round. Heslop won three of the first four holes in the afternoon, and, maintaining that advantage, he turned three up to win on the 34th green by 3 and 2, though he had been brought back to a lead of only one hole at one point in the last nine holes.

BRAMSHOT OPEN MEETING

There was a tie for the Allan Lawrie Trophy in the Bramshot Club's open amateur meeting on Saturday, V. E. Walker (7), of the home club, H. H. Clarke (8), of Royal Ashdown Forest, and Lieut. N. R. Reeves (scratch), Rye, each returning an aggregate of 160. There was a handicap limit of eight for the event, and during the afternoon K. C. Haggis (Norbury) (1), who had torn up his card in the morning, finished the second round in 71 strokes, which is two better than the competition record of the course. It is also lower than Harry Vardon's professional record of 73. Walker twice returned a card of 87 - 7 = 80, Clarke had net scores of 82 and 78, and Reeves had two rounds of 80.

PRESS ALLIANCE CUP

The team competition among golfing societies connected with the Press, organized annually by the Paper Trade Golfing Society, was held at Woking on Friday, and resulted in the victory of the Newspaper and Advertisers' Golfing Society with an aggregate of 512.

The scores of the winning team were :—

F. Legge 79, O. Horlick 81, Brigadier-General A. C. Critchley 86, H. E. Le Bas 87, T. W. D. Turner 88, H. A. Francis 91. Total, 512.

CHAMPIONSHIP ACCOUNTS

The Royal and Ancient Golf Club of St. Andrews have issued a statement of the Championship Committee accounts for the year ended December 31, 1929. The statement covers the Amateur Championship at Sandwich and the Open Championship at Muirfield. The entrance fees for the Sandwich meeting amounted to £531 6s. and the gate money credit balance was £263. The expenses of the championship were £291 14s., and there remains a balance of £2,171 16s. 10d. The Open Championship accounts show that there was a deficit on the previous statement of £22 15s. 6d., but the account finished with a credit balance of £498 12s. 1d. The prize money and expenses amount to £828 18s., the entrance fees were £288, and the gate money credit balance was £1,280 5s.

The general account shows a surplus of £135 7s. 6d. The summary of the three accounts shows a total credit balance of £2,805 16s. 5d.

Winning the Singles by four games to three and the Foursomes by three to one the Old Radleian G.S. beat the Old Wykehamist G.S. at Beaconsfield on Saturday by seven games to four.

CLUB COMPETITIONS

(Figures in parentheses denote scratch score.)

ADDINGTON (76).—Quarterly Medal.—E. B. Johnson, 82 - 8 = 74.

ALDEBURGH (76).—Monthly Medal.—Sir Basil Eddis, 77 - 6 = 71; C. F. Yeomans, 84 - 7 = 77; H. J. Beatton, 85 - 8 = 77.

BANSTEAD DOWNS (74).—Veterans' Prize.—J. F. Skene, 88 - 13 = 75.

BETCHWORTH PARK (75).—Monthly Medal.—O. E. Evans, 79 - 13 = 66.

BEXHILL (73).—President's Tournament.—Final.—Miss M. Fitch-Jones and W. E. Hooper beat Mrs. Colson and N. Frere by 2 up. Brassey Cup Tournament.—Final.—E. A. K. Webber beat J. R. Turner by 5 and 4. Charter Cup.—A. S. Mackenzie Low, 74 - 10 = 64.

BOGNOR (75).—Open Medal.—R. E. Brown, 89 - 18 = 71.

BRAMLEY (75).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—N. Dean, 83 - 11 = 72. Junior.—R. Collier, 88 - 14 = 74.

BROMLEY AND BICKLEY (75).—Woodhouse Challenge Cup.—J. Benters, 83 - 16 = 67. Monthly Medal.—Senior.—A. Cave, 74 - 4 = 70. Junior.—J. Benters, 83 - 16 = 67.

BUSHEY HALL (73).—Bushey Trophy (36 holes).—W. Simpson (13), 65 + 66 = 131.

BUSH HILL PARK (67).—Victory Cup (36 holes).—D. W. Dabbs (14), 129.

CHERTSEY (75).—Monthly Bogey.—A. S. Cassini (24), all square.

CHIPSTEAD (72).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—A. W. Saunders, 75 - 5 = 70. L. G. Paine, 81 - 11 = 70, and R. H. Lane, 76 - 6 = 70, tied. Junior.—L. Bingham, 93 - 22 = 71.

CLACTON-ON-SEA (75).—Monthly Bogey.—A. Pennell (6), 2 up; C. T. Lewis (9), 1 up.

CODDEN BEACH (75).—Monthly Medal.—Division 1.—J. P. Orford, 82 + 9 = 73; Captain W. Wise, 74, scr., 74. Division 2.—R. G. Kincaid, 88 - 14 = 74; R. W. Mitchell, 89 - 13 = 76.

COOMBE HILL (76).—Weekly Competition—Bogey.—A. Howie (12), 3 up.

COPTHORNE (70).—Monthly Bogey.—W. Guthrie-Kirkhope (19), 2 up; C. G. P. Simpson (15), 1 up.

COULSDON COURT (75).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—E. Featherstone, 76, scr., 76, and S. R. Ashford, 86 - 10 = 76, tied. Junior.—D. McLaurin, 92 - 20 = 72.

CREWS HILL (73).—Veterans' Vase.—P. H. Arber, 90 - 18 = 72.

CROHAM HURST (75).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—W. M. Lawler (11), 2 up. Junior.—A. J. Chapman (18), 4 up.

CULVERDEN (TUNBRIDGE WELLS) (66).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—R. S. Salmon, 68 - 4 = 64. Junior.—C. A. Preston, 78 - 14 = 64.

DENHAM (70).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—G. H. Jennings, 73 - 1 = 72, and E. J. Sissons, 78 - 6 = 72, tied. Junior.—T. H. Just, 88 - 11 = 77.

DULWICH AND SYDENHAM HILL (72).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—J. W. Summers, 79 - 9 = 70. Junior.—H. E. Haines, 91 - 24 = 67.

EALING (73).—Monthly Medal.—Division 1.—F. J. Butler (scratch), Harvey Butler (9), G. Matthews (10), and A. Shepherd (10) tied at 74. Division 2.—H. R. Curry, 96 - 24 = 72.

EAST HERTS (WELLINGTON COLLEGE) (75).—Monthly Bogey.—J. W. Broad (8), 2 down.

EAST BRIGHTON (74).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—F. H. Noble (7), 1 up. Junior.—C. Siggs (16), R. J. Mesend (14), and H. A. Russell (18) tied at 3 down.

EAST DEVON (74).—Monthly Medal and Warn Cup.—Senior.—H. G. Roberts, 81 - 10 = 71; Dr. Roome, 76 - 3 = 73; Major Dennys, 79 - 6 = 73. Junior.—Surgeon Captain R. S. Osborne, 88 - 17 = 71.

FELIXSTOWE (74).—Throgmorton Vase (36 holes eclectic).—R. E. Brittain (18), 142.

FERNDOWN (76).—Monthly Medal.—Division 1.—C. Carey Wood, 78 - 5 = 73. Division 2.—Dr. G. Noott, 84 - 14 = 70.

FLACKWELL HEATH (73).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—R. Jennison, 74 - 3 = 71. H. R. Holme, 80 - 9 = 71, and G. A. J. Smallman, 84 - 13 = 71, tied. Junior.—J. A. Smith, 91 - 18 = 73.

GOODWOOD (75).—4th Brigade of Guards Challenge Cup.—H. P. Lock, 73 (scratch), 73.

GRIMS DYKE (71).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—F. S. Mortimer, 80 - 8 = 72. Junior.—N. B. Cork, 87 - 15 = 72, and C. J. Addington, 88 - 16 = 72, tied.

HADLEY WOOD (77).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—P. C. B. Berisford, 75 - 4 = 71, and E. N. Dexter, 82 - 11 = 71, tied. Junior.—F. E. Jack, 86 - 15 = 71.

HAMPSTEAD (73).—Mixed Foursomes (Bogey).—Miss E. Higgens and S. D. Mitcheson, 1 up.

HARTSBOURNE MANOR (77).—Monthly Medal.—R. McCormack, 75 - 3 = 72; H. C. Hicks, 79 - 5 = 74; Dr. G. G. King, 88 - 14 = 74.

HASTINGS (73).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—Dr. J. Walker, 83 - 8 = 75. Junior.—B. Tindall, 89 - 21 = 68.

HIGHWOOD (BELL).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—S. J. Fox-Andrews, 79 - 8 = 71, and J. K. Mason, 79 - 8 = 71, tied.

HINDHEAD (75).—Monthly Bogey.—A. S. Anderson (scratch), 2 up; J. Barlow Calloway (12), 1 up.

HONOR OAK AND FOREST HILL (72).—The One Tree Hill Cup.—C. H. R. Wass, 87 - 19 = 68. Monthly Medal.—Senior.—R. G. Huggins, 78 - 7 = 71. Junior.—C. H. R. Wass, 87 - 19 = 68.

HUNSTANTON (77).—Monthly Medal.—Division 1. —F. G. C. Weare, 75 - 2 = 71. Division 2.—P. C. Creswell, 96 - 13 = 72.

LEASOWE (74).—Monthly Medal.—H. R. Wilcox, 78 - 8 = 70. Squire Head, 82 - 11 = 71.

LITTLEHAMPTON (74).—Monthly Medal.—N. G. Hunt, 86 - 12 = 72; G. Johnson, 87 - 15 = 72; A. L. Furneaux, 82 - 9 = 73.

LONDON SCOTTISH (WIMBLEDON) (70).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—V. A. Lanos, 78 - 6 = 72. Junior.—A. Davies, 90 - 18 = 72.

MAIDENHEAD (76).—Club Cup.—R. Thomson (12), W. Levesay (14), and F. J. Kelly (18) tied at 74.

MALTON (76).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—Rev. R. Williams (9) 1 up. Junior.—A. J. Southern (16) 1 down.

MANNINGS HEATH (73).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—W. Beasley, 75 - 3 = 67. Junior.—L. E. Spurrier, 89 - 21 = 68. Monthly Sweep.—Sir A. B. Cayzer, 81 - 13 = 68.

MINISTRY OF PENSIONS G.S.—Summer Meeting at Wrotham Heath.—Captain's Prize.—M. W. Hallett (9) 2 up; G. W. Richer (15) 1 down. Foursomes Bogey Competition.—C. V. Tapp and C. J. Hardy (19) 5 up; R. N. Welch (7) and F. G. Hinks (20) 3 up.

MUSWELL HILL (75).—Monthly Medal.—First Class.—J. W. Haswell, 78 - 7 = 71.

NORTH SURREY (71).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—P. Wade, 72 - 7 = 65. Junior.—S. Fraser, 79 - 14 = 65, and J. E. Pilbrow, 78 - 13 = 65, tied. Fraser and Pilbrow also tied for Hambly Cup.

OLD FOLD MANOR (75).—Mixed Foursomes (Bogey).—Miss Peters and A. Henderson 1 down; and Mrs. Ware and T. M. Grice 1 down, tied. Club Championship.—R. Callard.

PORTERS PARK (77).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—Major P. C. Burton, 73 - 2 = 71. Junior.—F. K. Davies, 87 - 8 = 79. Open Bogey.—Major P. C. Burton (2) 6 up.

POTTERS BAR (73).—Wood Cup.—Final (36 holes).—L. C. Battyll (10) beat S. Messer (24) at the 38th hole.

REDHILL AND REIGATE (72).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—R. Thairlwall, 81 - 9 = 72. Junior.—V. G. Robins, 91 - 14 = 77.

RICHMOND (72).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—C. H. Roberts, 76 - 5 = 71. Junior.—C. F. N. Leahy, 83 - 15 = 68. Past Captain's Cup.—C. W. Collier, 73 - 1 = 72.

ROCHESTER AND COBHAM PARK (77).—Earl of Darnley Cup and Monthly Bogey.—S. J. Brice (11) and C. P. G. Rose (12) tied at 2 up.

ROCHFORD HUNDRED (76).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—H. A. M. Pascoe, 81 - 10 = 71. Junior.—L. J. Budge, 87 - 17 = 70.

ROYAL MID-SURREY (75).—Veterans' Cup (for members over 60 years).—F. L. Pearson, 86 - 12 = 74. Fortnightly Medal.—Senior.—G. Brown, 73 - 2 = 70. Junior.—A. L. Guibara, 84 - 10 = 74, and F. L. Pearson, 86 - 12 = 74, tied.

ROYAL WIMBLEDON (76).—Carr Cup.—W. B. J. Horne, 80 - 7 = 73.

ROYSTON (70).—Monthly Medal.—W. S. Ward, 80 - 9 = 71. Captain's Prize.—Final.—C. Shepherd beat A. H. G. English by 2 and 1.

ST. AUGUSTINE'S (RAMSGATE) (69).—Monthly Medal.—First Division.—P. D. Rome, 81 - 7 = 74. Second Division.—A. Cuthbert, 82 - 18 = 64.

ST. LEONARDS-ON-SEA (72).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—Surgeon-Commander S. R. Johnston, R.N., 76 - 13 = 63. Junior.—S. Hampton, 94 - 24 = 70.

SELSEY (73).—Monthly Bogey.—J. McColm (14), 5 up.

SHERINGHAM (75).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—E. C. Laws (1), Sir Algernon Osborne (8), tied at 1 up. Junior.—D. Babington Smith (13), 1 down.

SHIRLEY PARK (76).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—E. A. Van Dyck (8), 3 up. Junior.—W. E. Cotton (13), 8 up.

SIDCUP (75).—Monthly Medal.—Division I.—A. G. Flute, 80 - 9 = 71. Division II.—E. L. Lomax, 87 - 18 = 69.

SOUTH HERTS (73).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—H. Cuna, 86 - 12 = 74. Junior.—J. Hogan, 89 - 18 = 71.

STANMORE (76).—President's Prize.—D. J. Tymms beat L. R. Walton at the 20th hole. Monthly Medal.—Division I.—F. A. L. Sturridge, 86 - 12 = 74. Division II.—D. H. Erlebach, 88 - 16 = 72.

SUDBURY (76).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—L. G. Clough, 75 - 9 = 66.

SUNDRIDGE PARK (76).—Hicks Challenge Cup.—E. A. Dussek, 90 - 18 = 72.

SURBITON (75).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—S. E. Page (12), 1 up. Junior.—R. B. Greenwood (14), 2 up; R. O. Sherrard (14), 2 up, tied.

TEMPLE (75).—Monthly Medal.—T. C. Parker, 83 - 10 = 73.

THORPE HALL (76).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—F. Hardwick, 5 up. Junior.—H. Patrick, 4 up. Machin Cup.—R. O. Blane.

UPMINSTER (72).—Captain's Prize.—Captain W. H. Sendall.

VERULAM (77).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—C. C. Blundell (7), 6 up. Junior.—A. P. J. Ball (16), 5 up.

WEST ESSEX (74).—Harvey Challenge Cup.—W. W. Latham, 91 - 16 = 75.

WEST HERTS (77).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—P. Coles, 80 - 7 = 73; A. Docherty, 73 + 1 = 74; W. West, 79 - 5 = 74. Junior.—R. A. Chalk, 92 - 18 = 74; Frank Smith, 91 - 15 = 76.

WEST HILL (76).—Monthly Medal.—T. D. McGuffie, 84 - 9 = 75; S. C. Tress, 93 - 18 = 75.

WEST HOVE (75).—Monthly Medal.—Division I.—P. F. Allen, 83 - 14 = 69. Division II.—H. A. Kinney, 91 - 18 = 73.

WEST MIDDLESEX (76).—Monthly Bogey.—Senior.—T. Williams (12), 3 up. Junior.—H. F. Day (13), 2 up.

WEST SURREY (76).—Savory Challenge Cup.—H. R. Keeping, 80 - 6 = 74.

WILLINGDON (73).—Medal Competition.—Division I.—Major G. T. T. Jackson, 80 - 10 = 70. Division II.—J. W. Buckley, 84 - 14 = 70.

WIMBLEDON PARK (71).—Monthly Medal.—Senior.—N. L. F. Leech, 78 - 9 = 69. Junior.—H. O. Peake, 73 - 1 = 72.

WOODFORD (74).—Monthly Medal.—J. E. Ormerod, 85 - 12 = 73.

WORTHING (75).—Monthly Medal.—Division I.—R. T. Benstead, 80 - 12 = 68. Division II.—S. C. Martin, 90 - 22 = 68.

AMERICAN GOLFERS AT STOKE POGES

The American Golfing Society in London held their Independence Day meeting at Stoke Poges on Friday, the stroke competition resulting in a tie, at 74 net, among F. Alexander, G. C. Sellers, and R. N. Le Cron.

R.A.P.C. G.S.

The Summer Meeting of the Royal Army Pay Corps Golfing Society was held at Ashford Manor on Friday, when Captain Stanham won the Riley Cleek with a scratch score of 85, Captain Garratt (18) secured the Toller Cup with a net return of 70, and Major Goldthorpe won the Captain's Cup with a card of 89—15=74. Captain Hollingsworth and Major Holmes were successful in the Bogey Foursomes. At the annual general meeting of the society Captain R. G. Stanham was elected captain for the ensuing year.

In the 36-holes final of the Potters Bar Club's competition for the Wood Cup L. C. Battyll (10) beat S. Messer (24) at the 38th hole.

In winning the monthly medal competition at Wanstead on Saturday, A. E. Hutton (handicap three) went round in 71 to establish a new amateur record for the course.

In the semi-final round of the Thornton Cup tournament, Royal Epping Forest, playing over their home course on Saturday, beat Muswell Hill by six matches to five.

The Professional Golfers' Association announced on Friday that in connexion with the *News of the World* tournament the Northern Qualifying Competition will take place at Royal Lytham and St. Annes on September 3 and the Welsh section at Porthcawl a week later. The date for the Irish Qualifying Competition has yet to be fixed.

RUGBY FOOTBALL

NEW ZEALAND BEAT GREAT BRITAIN

CHRISTCHURCH, JULY 5

New Zealand beat Great Britain in the second Test Match here

Sporting News

(Continued from page 5)

CRICKET

THE THIRD TEST MATCH

FIVE CHANGES

(FROM OUR CRICKET CORRESPONDENT)

Mr. H. D. G. Leveson-Gower, chairman of the Test Match Selection Committee, announced yesterday that the following team has been selected to represent England against Australia in the third Test Match, which begins on Friday, July 11, at Leeds:—

A. P. F. Chapman (captain) (Kent).
K. S. Duleepsinhji (Sussex).
Hobbs (Surrey).
Sutcliffe (Yorkshire).
Tate (Sussex).
Larwood (Nottinghamshire).
Duckworth (Lancashire).
Hammond (Gloucestershire).
Leyland (Yorkshire).
Tyldesley (Lancashire).
Geary (Leicestershire).
Twelfth Man.—E. Hendren (Middlesex).

Mr. Leveson-Gower and his colleagues have given their critics almost a whole week in which to comment on the way in which they have done their work in choosing England's team for the Leeds Test Match. Probably the doing of it did not take them very long or oblige them to fatigue their intellects unduly. Two of the changes which they have made from the Lord's team were inevitable. Larwood and Sutcliffe, having recovered from illness and injury, were bound to resume the places earmarked for them. As inevitable was the dropping of G. O. Allen, and after his second innings at Lord's Hendren's friends could hardly hope that he would escape. If he could and would play Grimmett as he plays other bowlers of Grimmett's type he would be the first batsman to be picked after Hobbs. But it has become difficult for the selectors to bank on his ability and readiness to do so. It has also been decided that Woolley shall make way for Leyland, presumably on the ground that we must have another man who can run, as well as throw, in the long-field. If this should turn out to be Woolley's farewell to Test Match cricket he leaves it after receiving as great a compliment as one man shall pay to another in the statement that has been made that Woolley is too brilliant a partner for Hobbs, who is better suited by one who makes no claim to be judged by the same standard as himself. Leyland is, of course, the obvious alternative to Woolley.

The other two changes are in the attack. It was a certainty that J. C. White would not be invited to play at Leeds. We were prepared for his omission when we observed that his captain at Lord's retired from silly mid-off to extra-cover when he was bowling. Possibly he has lost something of flightiness since he did such noble work in Australia. Whatever the reason, Ponsford, Woodfull, Bradman, Kippax, and even lesser men were able to *chassée* out to him. One, two, three, hit. That means that the decision of tactics has passed from the bowler to the batsman. Geary for White is probably as good a change as could be made, the object being to find a man who will keep an end going. Alternatively that job might have been entrusted to Tyldesley, so that R. W. V. Robins might have been retained. Robins did not bowl well at Lord's, except for a couple of brief spells. It does not follow that he would have sent down so many short balls at Leeds, or so persistently omitted to pitch his leg-breaks on the leg stump. That he will come back if he sticks to first-class cricket is a certainty. He is a match winner, and, as the selectors recognize match winners when they see them, we may feel sure that they left out Robins for this turn regretfully.

AUSTRALIANS AT NOTTINGHAM

A MODERATE SCORE

The Australians, who were without Woodfull, Bradman, Grimmett, and Oldfield, were dismissed by Nottinghamshire for 296 at Nottingham on Saturday, and at the close of play the county had scored 21 without the loss of a wicket.

Although Larwood returned to the side he made no attempt to bowl at his usual speed, but he dismissed Ponsford, McCabe, and Fairfax, two batsmen being bowled, while McCabe was caught off a return. Voce, in taking four wickets for 84, was hit by Richardson seven times to the leg boundary, but he bowled his in-swingers with skill.

Considering the good condition of the pitch, the Australians did nothing exceptional in putting together a total of 296, for which they were batting rather more than four and a half hours. Kippax played a sound and stylish innings, while McCabe and Richardson, in turn, revealed admirable hitting powers. When Kippax went in two wickets had fallen for 43. With a medium-paced ball, keeping low and breaking in, Larwood disposed of Ponsford at 19, and Voce, who went on at 29, had Jackson cleverly caught at fine leg 13 runs later. McCabe drove hard on either side of the wicket, and shared with Kippax in a partnership that realized 96 in an hour and 20 minutes. Hitting two successive balls from Larwood to the boundary, he completed his 50 in less than an hour and altogether obtained 58 of the runs scored during his innings, hitting 44 of them by 4's. The same kind of cricket came from Richardson. He was batting only 50 minutes, but he hit 55 out of 83, including 10 4's.

Kippax took an hour and three-quarters to make his 50, but he remained in to see the score increased from 43 to 260, batting without the slightest mistake for three hours. When the opportunity offered he drove cleanly and hit 14 4's. The last four wickets fell for 36. At the end of the day Nottinghamshire, with all their wickets in hand, were 275 runs behind.

Score:—

AUSTRALIANS.—First Innings

W. H. Ponsford, b. Larwood	6
A. Jackson, c. Whysall, b. Voce	22
S. McCabe, c. and b. Larwood	58
A. F. Kippax, c. Larwood, b. Voce	93
V. Y. Richardson, c. Rhodes, b. Staples (A.)	55
A. Fairfax, b. Larwood	3
Staples (A.), c. and b. Voce	38
A. Hurwood, b. Voce	0
C. W. Walker, b. Voce	5
P. M. Hornibrook, not out	5
T. Wall, b. Staples (A.)	5
Byes, 3; l.-b.-w., 1; wide, 1	5
Total	296

NOTTINGHAMSHIRE.—First Innings

Gunn (G.), not out	10
Whysall, not out	6
Byes, 4; l.-b., 1	5
Total (no wkt.)	21

Walker, Payton, Lilley, Staples (A.), S. D. Rhodes, Larwood, Barratt, Staples (S. J.), and Voce to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

AUSTRALIANS.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Larwood	19	1	59	3
Barratt	19	8	43	0
Voce	20	5	84	4

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Staples (A.)	22	4	54	0
Staples (S. J.)	14.2	2	44	3

UMPIRES.—Parry and Reeves

DERBYSHIRE'S BIG SCORE

Worcestershire had to spend the whole of Saturday in the field at Chesterfield, and could get down only six wickets while 434 runs were made. With the exception of Lee—who was bowled at nine—every batsman who went in made runs steadily. Storer played his second century of the season.

Score:—

DERBYSHIRE.—First Innings

Storer, c. Root, b. Bestk	132
Lee, b. Root	9
Smith, l.b.w., b. Jackson	43
G. R. Jackson, b. Brook	80
Townsend, c. Gaukrodger, b. Wilkes	45
Worthington, not out	4
Slater, c. Santall, b. Brook	26
A. W. Richardson, not out	1
Byes, 13; l.-b., 1	14
Total (6 wkts.)	434

Alderman, Elliott, and Mitchell to go in.

WORCESTERSHIRE.—C. F. Walkers, R. W. Gaukrodger, Wright, Fox (J.), Nicholls, Gibbons, Fox (V.), Santall, Root, Brook, and Jackson.

UMPIRES.—Field and Hardstaff.

THE UNIVERSITY MATCH

A CLASH OF PERSONALITIES

(FROM OUR CRICKET CORRESPONDENT)

Few will dissent from the proposition that both the University teams of this year are of more than average strength. Whether either is good enough to beat the other without a large measure of assistance from the weather is quite another question. All the signs portending a display of high-class cricket during the coming three days at Lord's are present. The two captains between them have omitted an almost unprecedented number of Old Blues. Several Authentics and Crusaders who have not yet proceeded to the Blue are playing more or less regularly for their counties. The Old Blues who have retained their places have all shown at least the normal improvement which a year's growth brings to men of their age. And among those who are making their first appearance are several who have already impressed the minds of pavilion cricketers by some quality which lifts them out of the category of the commonplace.

Peebles puts another record on the tablets of the statisticians. He is the first Freshman who has ever taken 100 wickets in a season of first-class cricket before appearing in the University Match, though Gilbert Jessop may have performed the corresponding feat of making 1,000 runs before matriculating. Peebles is, of course, the spearhead of Oxford's attack, and he is of the type which wins "needle" matches; witnesses are A. G. Steel and P. R. le Couteur. The Cambridge batsmen have not shown any lack of nerve in their trial matches, and collectively they are so accomplished that Hazlerigg must bat No. 10. Nevertheless, the presence of Peebles in the Oxford team may well prove to be the deciding factor in the match.

Comparison of the batting strength of the two sides leads to no definite conclusion. Killick, the soundest batsman engaged, Kemp-Welch, Grant, the best cutter of the lot, Morgan, Rateliffe, and Carris, make up a formidable combination, and when they have been dismissed the bowlers go in cheerful, as if there were nobody out to count, and they frequently justify their assumption. A distinguishing feature of the Oxford batting is that it starts with a partnership between a hitter, Crawley, and a steady player, Moore. One is reminded of old-time Lancashire and Yorkshire matches when one side began with A. N. Hornby and Barlow, the other with Ulyett and Louis Hall. This reversion to obsolete tactics may not be approved of some critics. A hitter, properly so called, is one who is not satisfied with sending the ball up against the boundary fence, but tries to see how far he can make it bounce back, or, upon occasion, by how many yards he can carry the obstacle. Last year Ford, as well as Crawley, was one of this kind. Now he has abandoned the method of his father and his uncle Bill. Each of them in his day was reputed to hit higher than any man in Cambridge. He has taken his Uncle Francis for his model, and now leans on to the ball instead of slashing at it. The change has been of great benefit to his side.

In bowling Cambridge have the advantage of numbers, and Rought-Rought is probably the most dangerous of the quick bowlers engaged. He is unusually tall and gets his arm right up by his ear. But at Lord's nowadays, when White has given his mind to thwarting them, even the tallest of fast bowlers find it difficult to make the ball bump. Oxford's hope rests mainly on the spinners, and they form, perhaps, the most solid foundation for optimism in these days. Both sides have on different occasions fielded well and ill. But we have not seen the Cambridge team lie down to rest, as the Oxford men did at the Oval when one of their number was chasing the ball to an abnormally distant corner of the ground.

The teams will be:—

OXFORD

*P. G. T. Kingsley (Winchester and New College).
*A. M. Crawley (Harrow and Trinity).
*C. K. Hill-Wood (Eton and Christ Church).
*H. M. Garland-Wells (St. Paul's and Pembroke).
*N. M. Ford (Harrow and Oriel).
*The Nawab of Pataudi (Chiefs College, Lahore, and Balliol).
J. F. N. Mayhew (Eton and Brasenose).
W. H. Bradshaw (Malvern and Trinity).
I. A. R. Peebles (Glasgow Academy and Brasenose).
A. Melville (Michaelhouse, South Africa, and Trinity).
D. N. Moore (Shrewsbury and Queen's).

CAMBRIDGE

*J. T. Morgan (Charterhouse and Jesus).
*G. D. Kemp-Welch (Charterhouse and Sidney Sussex).
*E. T. Killick (St. Paul's and Jesus).
*G. C. Grant (Trinidad and Christ's).
*A. H. Fabian (Highgate and Pembroke).
A. Ratcliffe (Rydal and Trinity Hall).
R. H. C. Human (Repton and Emmanuel).
H. E. Carris (Mill Hill and St. John's).
F. R. Brown (Leys and St. John's).
R. C. Rought-Rought (private and Emmanuel).
A. G. Hazlerigg (Eton and Trinity).
* An old Blue.

McDONALD'S HAT TRICK

After dismissing Warwickshire for 217 in Bates's benefit match at Birmingham on Saturday, Lancashire scored 74 for three wickets.

McDonald did the hat trick, and during one part of the innings he took four wickets with six balls without having a run scored off him. McDonald dismissed Smart, Kilner, and Mayer with successive balls, and then took Santall's wicket, the last five Warwickshire wickets falling for 27 runs. Duckworth was in brilliant form, making five catches and giving away only four byes. After losing Smith for four runs, Warwickshire made a good recovery, Croom and Bates adding 74 in eighty-five minutes. A very fine catch by Duckworth on the leg side dismissed Croom. Bates batted well for an hour and 50 minutes before playing on, but after he had left only the Rev. J. H. Parsons and Kilner gave the Lancashire bowlers and trouble. In eighty-five minutes they scored 83 runs, but once more the skill of Duckworth brought success to Lancashire. He caught both batsmen, after Parsons, by powerful driving, had made 58, including six 4's.

Lancashire began their innings very sedately, Hopwood taking an hour over his 13 made out of 38 for the first wicket. Tyldesley failed to score, and Iddon did little better, but Taylor played out time with Watson. A collection among the 6,000 spectators present realized £62 10s. 7d. for the benefit of Bates.

Score:—

WARWICKSHIRE.—First Innings

Smith, c. Duckworth, b. Booth	0
Croom, c. Duckworth, b. Sibbles	40
Bates, b. McDonald	38
H. E. S. Wyatt, l.-b.-w., b. McDonald	20
Rev. J. H. Parsons, c. Duckworth, b. Tyldesley (R.)	58
Kilner, c. Duckworth, b. McDonald	45
Bor P. St. G. Calthorpe, b. Iddon	2
Santall, c. Duckworth, b. McDonald	9
Smart, b. McDonald	0
Sanders, not out	0
Mayer, b. McDonald	0
Byes	4
Total	217

LANCASHIRE.—First Innings

Watson, not out	49
Hopwood, b. Calthorpe	13
Tyldesley (E.), l.-b.-w., b. Mayer	0
Iddon, c. Smith, b. Croom	8
Taylor, not out	1
Bye, 1; l.-b., 2	3
Total (3 wkts.)	74

P. T. Eckersley, Sibbles, Duckworth, Tyldesley (R.), Booth, and McDonald to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

WARWICKSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
McDonald	19.2	4	72	6
Booth	20	4	55	1
Sibbles	16	0	22	1

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Tyldesley (E.)	20	9	39	1
Boswood	4	2	13	0
Iddon	6	1	14	1

UMPIRES.—Day and Buswell.

KENT v. SUSSEX

ENTERTAINING PLAY AT FOLKESTONE

When Kent and Sussex play one another the cricket is usually good and always entertaining; on Saturday it was both. As a result of the day's play, during which the advantage was first with one side and then the other, Sussex are 237 runs behind, and they have lost the wickets of Bowley and K. S. Duleepsinhji, their two most dependable batsmen.

There had been two or three hours' rain at Folkestone on Friday evening, and this, together with a damp sea mist that overhung the surrounding hills early on Saturday, made the pitch cut up a little for the first hour, but after that the wicket seemed to be entirely on the side of the batsmen. G. B. Legge, therefore, did well to win the toss and send Kent in to bat. The innings, however, opened most inauspiciously, for with the total at seven Hardinge cut a ball from Wensley to Cook at point, who held it very well. J. Parks relieved Wensley at 27, and had Ashdown caught at the wicket off his third ball. With the total at 46 Ames hooked one from the same bowler and was caught at short square leg by Wensley after some agonizing juggling. Meanwhile Woolley, who had come in at the fall of the first wicket, was having a very uncomfortable time. With his score at three he was beaten by a ball from Wensley that just missed the off stump, and at the same total he might have been caught at cover point if A. H. H. Gilligan had taken a pace forward. As it was the fielder took it on the half-volley and had to go off to get some plaster to put on his thumb. Woolley took the unusually long time of half an hour to get seven, but when he was joined by Chapman he suddenly began to drive as if he was seeing the ball at last. It was not long before these two left-handers had got all the bowlers well under control, with the exception of Tate, who was having the most atrocious luck. Time and again he saw a batsman attempt to drive him to the off boundary only to get a four over or wide of the slips. No actual chance was given, and, while Chapman was comparatively quiet, Woolley hit with great power. A no-ball from Parks went to the on boundary for six, and just before luncheon, which was taken with the score at 141 for three, he pulled one from Wensley over the low stand on the west and very nearly out of the ground. Woolley had then made 77 and Chapman 31.

After luncheon Woolley reached his hundred out of 167 in two hours and 10 minutes, but with the total at 191 Chapman, who had just reached his 50, failed to hit the six he anticipated and was caught on the boundary by Hammond, off Langridge. Kent had now made a very fair recovery from their bad start, but at 214 Woolley tried to succeed where Chapman had failed and was caught by Hammond in just the same way. After that the Sussex bowlers had matters very much their own way. Todd and G. B. Legge each got into the twenties, but Todd left at 241, and Legge, after one very nice late cut off Wensley, tried to turn a straight one from the same bowler to leg and was leg-before-wicket. After that the only trouble came from Wright, who hit 32 out of 41 in 35 minutes, and Freeman, who stayed in and kept up the other end.

Sussex had 70 minutes' batting at the end of the day, and did none too well. After 25 runs had been scored in as many minutes Bowley reached out to one from Freeman and was easily stumped. K. S. Duleepsinhji, who was given a great reception, then came in to try to play out time. He never settled down, and at 6.30 he was caught at the wicket in playing back to Freeman. Cornford has many times gone in for the important 10 minutes at the end of the day, and once again he stayed at the wicket until stumps were pulled up.

Score:—

KENT.—First Innings

Hardinge, c. Cook, b. Wensley	7
Ashdown, c. Cornford, b. Parks (J.)	19
Woolley, c. Hammond, b. Langridge	120
Ames, c. Wensley, b. Parks (J.)	9
A. P. F. Chapman, c. Hammond, b. Langridge	30
Todd, c. Parks (H.), b. Wensley	23
G. B. Legge, l.-b.-w., b. Wensley	22
Fairservice, c. Bowley, b. Langridge	6
Freeman, c. Duleepsinhji, b. Langridge	9
Wright, not out	32
Parch, c. Wensley, b. Langridge	0
Byes, 2; l.-b., 1	3
Total	297

SUSSEX.—First Innings

Bowley, st. Ames, b. Freeman	13
Parks (J.), not out	24
K. S. Duleepsinhji, c. Ames, b. Freeman	18
Cornford, not out	0
Byes, 4; l.-b., 1	5
Total (2 wkts.)	60

Cook, Langridge (James), A. H. H. Gilligan, Parks (H.), Tate, Wensley, and Hammond to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

KENT.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Tate	24	7	75	0
Wensley	29	7	70	3
Parks (J.)	8	0	32	2
Hammond	2	0	16	0

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Cook	9	0	30	0
Langridge	13	0	52	5
Bowley	8	1	19	0

UMPIRES.—Braund and Stone

B. H. LYON'S BIG INNINGS

B. H. Lyon, the Gloucestershire captain, played the highest innings of his career in scoring 174 on Saturday against Hampshire at Gloucester. He began carefully, but he hit with such power afterwards that he made his last 71 runs in 40 minutes.

Before the luncheon interval the Hampshire bowlers met with considerable success, and although Dipper scored 43 out of 95, four wickets were down for 99. After the interval Neale helped Lyon to add 66 in three-quarters of an hour for the fifth wicket and then Lyon found another capable partner in Barnett, who hit up 63 out of the 103 added in an hour and three-quarters for the sixth wicket. Barnett had one 6 and 10 4's as his chief strokes. After Barnett left, Lyon completed his sixth hundred of the season, and then hit out at everything before being bowled by Kennedy. Lyon made most of his runs by hard driving and hitting to leg. His brilliant display included one 6 and 23 4's.

In 40 minutes before stumps were drawn Hampshire lost Brown, but Pothecary and Arnold played out time, the visitors finishing 35 behind with nine wickets in hand.

Score:—

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

Sinfield, c. Brown, b. Creese	21
Dipper, b. Newman	43
Hammond, b. Newman	16
B. H. Lyon, b. Kennedy	174
Dacre, b. Newman	0
Neale, c. Creese, b. Kennedy	39
Barnett, b. Newman	63
J. F. Maclean, c. Mead, b. Pothecary	0
Stephens, not out	17
Parker, c. Arnold, b. Kennedy	0
Goddard, b. Newman	22
Byes, 6; l.-b., 6	12
Total	394

HAMPSHIRE.—First Innings

Brown, c. Stephens, b. Hammond	9
Arnold, not out	15
Pothecary, not out	14
Byes	5
Total (1 wkt.)	43

Kennedy, Mead, Newman, Lord Tennyson, G. C. A. Adams, Creese, Herman, and Bailey to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

GLOUCESTERSHIRE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Kennedy	28	7	68	3
Herman	9	0	36	0
Creese	17	3	79	1
Newman	28.5	6	97	5

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Bailey	1	0	11	0
Arnold	1	0	11	0
Pothecary	4	0	10	1
Tennyson	1	0	13	0

UMPIRES.—Huddleston and Burrows

DOUBLE CENTURY BY BAKEWELL

By scoring 203 of his county's total of 377 for six wickets, Bakewell, the Northamptonshire professional, carried off all the honours in the match against Somerset, at Bath on Saturday. Going in first, Bakewell stayed in all day and gave a splendid performance. When he had made 122 Clarke missed an easy opportunity of stumping him, and at 196 he might have been dismissed, Frank Lee failing to hold the ball with one hand, but apart from these errors his innings was faultless. Bakewell received good help from Woolley, and, on a perfect wicket, the opening pair put on 145 runs in two hours and a quarter. Then White, who kept the batsmen fairly quiet, bowled Woolley for a useful 56. Further help was afforded by Timms, who stayed 50 minutes while 47 runs were added for the fourth wicket. With Jupp and Bakewell together, runs came at an excellent pace, and these two increased the total by 116 for the fifth wicket in an hour and a quarter.

Score:—

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE.—First Innings

Woolley, b. White	56
Bakewell, not out	203
Delaney, b. White	5
Timms (J. E.), c. Clarke, b. Young	26
Liddell, b. White	0
V. W. Jupp, b. Young	54
Cox, b. Lee (G. W.)	3
Wright (R.), not out	17
Byes, 3; l.b., 10	13
Total (6 wkts.)	377

Matthews, Clark, and Thomas to go in.

SOMERSET.—J. C. White, R. P. Northway, C. C. Case, S. G. U. Considine, H. D. Burrough, Lee (F. S.), Young, Lee (J. W.), Wetherell, Clarke, and Buse.

UMPIRES.—Street and Toone.

MINOR COUNTIES COMPETITION

DEVON, 140 (Finding 32, Amory 31) and 152 (Goddie 46); Cornwall, 214 (Cary 64, G. Rogers 40) and 53 for one wicket. At Truro.

SURREY BAT ALL DAY

ROBINSON'S BENEFIT MATCH

Yorkshire and Surrey met at Bramall-lane, Sheffield, in Emmot Robinson's benefit match on Saturday, and Surrey, at the close of play, had scored 306 runs for the loss of five wickets.

Whatever may be said about the cricket, the weather, at any rate, was above reproach, and a crowd of nearly 20,000 watched the play. Robinson has given many years of devotion to Yorkshire cricket and he has been rewarded by the devotion of all Yorkshire crowds. He is, apart from still being one of the best new-ball bowlers in the country, a batsman who has often come to the help of his county in an hour of crisis and a quick and safe fieldsman near the wicket. There is a militancy in all he does for Yorkshire, but it is a militancy made endearing by his enthusiasm and his humour.

The wicket was so perfect that Rhodes bowled without a slip. Macaulay, wisely abandoning his short legs and bowling over the wicket, had one very good spell before luncheon, and Dennis was rather steadier than he has been for most of the season. The play in the two hours before luncheon set the pace for the rest of the day. During that time 83 runs were scored for the loss of Hobbs's wicket, and even Hobbs himself, while he was in, gave the impression that the not very formidable bowling was rather too much for him. A full pitch from Hall gave him a boundary through the covers, but, at 33, Macaulay, who was bowling really well, got him l.-b.-w. Ducat made two admirable off-drives off Dennis, and Sandham occasionally got the ball through a field which was very quick on the ball and, at luncheon, he had scored 33 to the 25 of Ducat.

Almost immediately afterwards Wood made a brilliant catch on the leg side to get rid of Sandham. Sandham played a rising ball of Hall's round to fine-leg—the stroke was deliberate—but Wood, who had moved across, took the ball low down as he fell over. For some time after this Ducat played cricket which encouraged one to believe he would reached his hundred by 3.30. Three times, twice off Hall and once off Robinson, he did little more than put out his left leg and swing the bat gently at the ball, but the wrist-work and the timing behind the stroke earned him his 4 as surely as if he had jumped in and driven with all the power of his shoulders. It was so easy, indeed, that his failure to do a dozen times what he had so successfully done three was the more inexplicable. Shepherd, for the most part, either scored 4 or gave Wood some strenuous exercise in running round, picking the ball up where it lay a foot from the bat and throwing it back to the bowler. Two short balls of Rhodes were hooked to the boundary and he gave the crowd a glimpse of what an admirable drive he has by hitting a half-volley of Dennis past extra-cover, but it was a glimpse and not a steady, uninterrupted view. Ducat's batting declined as ten approached, and twice he nearly played-on to Hall, and once he put the ball dangerously through the slips, but luck was with him and he had scored 85 out of the total of 219 at tea.

Dennis and Robinson had the new ball afterwards and, at 224, Shepherd was out. He reached forward to Dennis, but the ball popped a little to the shoulder of the bat and Macaulay at second-slip made a clever catch low down with his right hand. Ducat reached his 100 soon afterwards with a full-blooded on-drive off Dennis, but, at 244, he played a rather wild stroke at a ball outside his leg stump he meant to hit to square-leg for 6, mistimed it and skied the ball to Dennis at first-slip. With P. G. H. Fender and Barling in, the last hour might have been expected to add more than 62 runs, but 62 runs an hour was a slight improvement on what had gone before. Barling had obviously honourable intentions as to hitting the ball, but, at the beginning, his timing was faulty. Before the end, both he and Fender made a number of strokes which produced some sort of enthusiasm.

Score:—

SURREY.—First Innings

Hobbs, l.-b.-w., b. Macaulay	17
Sandham, c. Wood, b. Hall	33
Ducat, c. Dennis, b. Hall	102
Shepherd, c. Macaulay, b. Dennis	75
Barling, b. Macaulay	22
P. G. H. Fender, not out	34
Leg-byes, 6; w., 2; n.-b., 1	9
Total (5 wkts.)	306

Gregory, Peach, M. J. C. Allen, Brooks, and Gover to go in.

YORKSHIRE.—A. Mitchell, T. Barber, Holmes, Sutcliffe, Mitchell, Leyland, Rhodes, Robinson, Dennis, Wood, Macaulay, and Hall.

UMPIRES.—Bestwick and Oates.

ESSEX PLAYER CARRIES HIS BAT

After scoring 216 in their match with Glamorgan at Colchester on Saturday Essex dismissed seven Glamorgan batsmen for 107.

At one point there seemed every probability of Essex being out for a small total, but a courageous innings by Pope saved his side from a bad collapse. Carrying his bat for a painstaking innings of 87, Pope, although occasionally making some risky strokes, gave only one real chance during his stay of three hours and a half. The failure of the wicket-keeper to take a catch made little difference, as Pope added only four runs before the innings closed. He had as his best strokes eight 4's, and an 8 (four for an overthrow).

Mercer bowled with such success in the early part of the innings that he took three wickets for six runs. Pope and Sheffield played so steadily that they added 71 runs in 65 minutes for the fifth wicket partnership. Pope found another useful partner in Green, who stayed in for 40 minutes while the total was increased by 32, but then Mercer dismissed H. M. Morris and Hipkin in the course of three deliveries. Daer and Pope, however, played splendid cricket, sharing in a plucky and determined stand. Mercer had the fine analysis of six wickets at a cost of little over nine runs each.

Glamorgan fared even worse than Essex, half the side being disposed of for 59. The batsmen showed little confidence in facing the fast deliveries of Nichols and the good length spin bowling of Smith. Bell and Emrys Davies added 23 runs at the rate of one a minute, but the last ball of the day dismissed Bell, who displayed sound judgment in scoring 37. Glamorgan, with only three wickets in hand, still need 109 runs to equal the Essex total.

Score:—

ESSEX.—First Innings

Cathmore, l.-b.-w., b. Mercer	0
Pope, not out	87
O'Connor, c. Turnbull, b. Mercer	0
Russell, c. Hills, b. Mercer	10
Nichols, l.-b.-w., b. Ryan	3
Sheffield, b. Mercer	30
Calnan, M. A. Green st. Emrys, b. Ryan	13
H. M. Morris, c. Hills, b. Mercer	0
Hipkin, b. Mercer	0
A. G. Daer, b. Davies (D.)	37
Smith (P.), b. Davies (D.)	4
Byes, 20; l.-b., 3; n.-b., 2	25
Total	216

GLAMORGAN.—First Innings

Bates, b. Smith	28
Dyson, c. Green, b. Nichols	1
M. J. Turnbull, b. Smith	12
Bell, b. Nichols	37
Hills, c. Sheffield, b. Nichols	2
Davies (D.), b. Nichols	0
Davies (E.), b. Daer	5
Lewis, not out	7
Byes, 12; l.-b., 1; n.-b., 1	14
Total (7 wkts.)	107

Mercer, Ryan, and Emrys to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

ESSEX.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Mercer	32	9	55	6
Ryan	16	6	18	2
Lewis	2	0	10	0

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Davies (E.)	9	1	34	0
Bates	5	0	34	0
Davies (D.)	5.3	1	8	2

UMPIRES.—Chester and Walden

YORKSHIRE COUNTY CLUB

At a meeting of the Yorkshire County Club at Sheffield on Saturday the grounds for their matches next season were decided upon. Sheffield obtained the fixtures with Lancashire, Nottinghamshire, Gloucestershire, and Leicestershire. Leeds will entertain Middlesex, Essex, and Warwickshire; Bradford, Surrey, Northamptonshire, and Kent; Hull, Hampshire and Sussex; Dewsbury, Somerset; Harrogate, New Zealanders; and Scarborough, Glamorgan.

It was also decided to advertise for a secretary for the club to fill the vacancy caused by the recent death of Sir F. C. Toone. Applicants must not be more than 40 years of age, and the salary offered is £500 a year.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES

LORD'S.—Oxford v. Cambridge (first day).
OVAL.—The Army v. Royal Air Force (second day).
COLCHESTER.—Essex v. Glamorgan (second day).
FOLKESTONE.—Kent v. Sussex (second day).
CHESTERFIELD.—Derbyshire v. Worcestershire (second day).
GLOUCESTER.—Gloucestershire v. Hampshire (second day).
SHEFFIELD.—Yorkshire v. Surrey (E. Robinson's benefit) (second day).
LEICESTER.—Leicestershire v. Middlesex (second day).
BATH.—Somerset v. Northamptonshire (second day).
BIRMINGHAM.—Warwickshire v. Lancashire (L. A. Bates's benefit) (second day).
NOTTINGHAM.—Nottinghamshire v. Australians (second day).

SCHOOL MATCH TO-DAY

Epsom College v. M.C.C.

ARMY v. R.A.F.

A BRIGHT DAY'S PLAY AT THE OVAL

There was an entertaining day's cricket at the Oval on Saturday, when the three-day match was begun between the Army and the Royal Air Force. The weather was glorious, and, in the absence of any first-class cricket at Lord's, there was quite a good number of spectators, who were rewarded by seeing much excellent play. The Royal Air Force scored 118 in their first innings, which came to an end shortly after the luncheon interval, and the Army replied with 290 runs for nine wickets, stumps being pulled up at 6.30. The band of the Royal Air Force played selections during the afternoon.

The Royal Air Force, having won the toss, batted first, but were unable to do much against the excellent bowling and fielding of their opponents. They lost four wickets for 13 runs, and at the luncheon interval had made 103 for the loss of eight wickets. The side were all out at 2.30, Flying-Officer N. M. Jeram carrying out his bat for a bright 43, which included six 4's. Some of the other batsmen hit hard, Flying-Officer A. J. Holmes having six 4's in his 30, and Squadron-Leader R. E. G. Fulljames scoring three 4's in his innings of 17. Captain J. E. S. Walford, who kept a good length, was the most successful bowler, taking six wickets for 27, and the Army fielding was keen. Captain F. E. Husonin kept wicket well, allowing but a single bye, which was the only extra.

Captain A. C. Wilkinson and Lieutenant F. D. Dynes gave the Army a good start, putting on 23 before the latter was out. Captain E. S. B. Williams joined Captain Wilkinson, and the pair put on 36 before Captain Williams was well caught in the deep field by Wing-Commander C. H. B. Blount for a useful 20.

Captain Wilkinson, as usual, took his time in settling down, and looked like making a good score when he was all at sea to a good ball from Squadron-Leader R. E. G. Fulljames, having scored five 4's in his 33. W. M. Leggatt and L. Williams then came together, and raised the score to 101 for four wickets before the teams adjourned for tea.

Both the Army batsmen hit hard after the interval, Lieutenant Williams, in particular, making some good drives, but the Royal Air Force fielding was remarkably sound. Williams and Leggatt put on 101 for the fourth wicket before the latter was bowled for a lively innings of 46, which included six 4's. Captain M. B. Burrows played a bright innings of 32, in which he hit six 4's, but Williams kept on batting steadily, being 98 not out when the ninth wicket fell and play was stopped for the day.

Score:—

ROYAL AIR FORCE.—First Innings

Flight-Officer E. C. Huddleston, c. Milbank, b. Burrows	1
Flight-Lieutenant MacFadyen, c. Dynes, b. Walford	0
Wing-Commander C. H. B. Blount, c. Wilkinson, b. Walford	4
Flight-Lieutenant A. J. Holmes, c. Burrows, b. Dynes	30
Sergeant Jennings, b. Walford	1
Flight-Officer N. M. Jerram, not out	43
Squadron-Leader R. E. G. Baker, c. and b. Dynes	0
Squadron-Leader R. E. G. Fulljames, c. Walford, b. Milbank	17
Flight-Lieutenant V. Crosse, c. Wilkinson, b. Walford	0
Flight-Lieutenant C. D. Adams, c. Leggatt, b. Walford	11
Squadron-Leader C. B. Cooke, b. Walford	10
Bye	1
Total	118

THE ARMY.—First Innings

Captain A. C. Wilkinson, b. Fulljames	33
F. D. Dynes, c. Jerram, b. Fulljames	10
Captain E. S. B. Williams, c. Blount, b. Fulljames	20
C. C. Carbutt, l.-b.-w., b. Fulljames	0
W. M. Leggatt, b. Fulljames	46
L. Williams, not out	98
Captain J. E. S. Walford, b. Fulljames	15
Captain M. B. Burrows, b. Cooke	32
M. V. Milbank, b. Adams	1
Captain F. G. Arnold, c. Crosse, b. Blount	15
Byes, 12; l.-b., 5; w., 1	18
Total (9 wkts.)	290

Captain F. E. Husonin to go in.

BOWLING ANALYSIS

ROYAL AIR FORCE.—First Innings

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Walford	13.4	6	27	6
Burrows	9	1	36	1
Arnold	9	4	19	0

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Dynes	8	2	24	2
Milbank	5	1	8	1

UMPIRES.—Baldwin and W

Sporting News

(Continued from page 6)

HENLEY ROYAL REGATTA

FAST CONDITIONS

SUCCESS OF LONDON

(FROM OUR ROWING CORRESPONDENT)

The weather was perfect for the last day of Henley Regatta on Saturday, and the beauty of the wooded hills beyond Temple Island, which in the clear air seemed almost to overhang the course, will not soon be forgotten. There was only one untoward incident in the still afternoon, when a small whirlwind sucked balloons, sunshades, and coats from the punts opposite the stewards' enclosure. Conditions were fairly fast, with the lightest of light head breezes, but not so fast as the London crews made them appear, and certainly not of record-breaking character. Although the closest verdict was half a length the racing was very keen, and there were few results which were not in doubt until well up the enclosures.

The predominant feature of the Regatta was the success of the London Rowing Club, who won the Grand, the Stewards', and the Wyfold Cups. It is likely that no faster crews have ever won the two premier events. The outstanding qualities of these three crews was the fruit of more than two years' intensive effort of the men concerned, and was deservedly popular. The London Club have not won the Grand Challenge Cup since 1890, and it was a fitting conclusion when O'Brien was handed the Cup by Mr. Fenner, who rowed in the winning London crew of 1862.

The outstanding individuals in the Regatta were H. R. A. Edwards, the No. 5 of the London crew, and A. Graham, No. 7 in the Leander crew. For power, skill, and smoothness combined Edwards stands alone among the heavyweights of to-day, and it is a pleasure to be able to pay such a tribute to one who has earned it in the face of considerable difficulty. Although A. Graham did not achieve the distinction of winning three finals, as Mr. Guy Nickalls and the late Mr. Woodgate did in their day, everybody will admit that his courage and the soundness of his rowing in every event made him worthy of such an honour, and Oxford has reason to be proud of him.

THE FAIRBAIRN STYLE

At no regatta has the preponderance of the Fairbairn style and swivel-rowlock rowing generally been so marked, nor have the crews rowing in that style ever been better. Orthodox crews have much to learn from London, Jesus, and Pembroke in the matter of wristwork, and until Leander and the Universities put their house in order in this respect they must expect to see such fine crews as London triumph with the swivel rowlock. But the Fairbairn crews had a lesson too in the Ladies' Plate in which Lady Margaret proved the importance of swinging. London needed no such lesson, but Pembroke, whose wristwork was little inferior, through relying on legwork alone fell away badly in the last quarter-mile of a race which their greater uniformity should have won for them. Finally we were good enough to retain the Thames Cup at home against the strongest foreign competition yet experienced, and Guest kept the Diamond Sculls within the British Empire. Guest, who as predicted proved a better sculler than his clubmate Wright, is a worthy winner of the Diamonds in a vintage year, but I still believe that Bradley is capable of reversing the verdict next month in the Empire Games.

In the Grand Challenge Cup London rowed off at 11, 21 and 41 to the 10½, 20 and 39 of Leander. With scarcely a splash they led at the sixth stroke, and then went away amazingly fast. At the top of the Island they were clear. Despite the lightest of holding breezes, they reached the Barrier 3½ seconds inside two minutes, an unprecedented feat, half a length clear. Here Brocklebank gave his men 10 and picked up a little, but by Fawley—reached in 3min. 17sec., equal to record time—London had two lengths. From that point O'Brien took his men in at a steady 34. At the Mile Post he had 2½ lengths, and, although Brocklebank gave a succession of spurts at 36 and 37, O'Brien never answered and was content to win by a full 1½ length in 6min. 59sec. in the most perfect form.

A GREAT RACE

The race for the Ladies' Plate was a much more exciting affair. Pembroke started off at 10½, 21, and 39, Lady Margaret at 10, 19½, and 38, and they then settled down to row stroke-for-stroke at 36. The breeze was stronger than it had been for the Grand. At the quarter-mile Pembroke had a foot or two. At the Barrier, 2min. 5sec., they were dead level. So they were at Fawley, reached in 3min. 29sec., both rowing 35. Then Pembroke spurted and gained a canvas by the three-quarter mile. Lady Margaret answered and drew level at the Mile Post, both crews rowing 36. Then, at last, Pembroke began to fade away; they never cracked, but they had not enough swing to keep their length against the wind, and Easten, magnificently backed up by Symonds at No. 7, went away, without even quickening, to win a well-judged race by the ample margin of 1½ length in 7min. 10sec. Few realized what a good crew this was and how worthy of Sir Henry Howard's able coaching were their leg drive and swing. Their victory, moreover, places a higher value on the performance of Eton on Friday, which is a most important augury for the future of rowing.

In the first semi-final of the Thames Cup Vesta proved too good for Quintin. Once again the crew which combined body and leg work triumphed over that which relied on leg work alone, for there was nothing to choose in the matter of cohesion. A feasure of the race was the very high rate of striking of both crews, Vesta doing 12, 23, and 43, and Quintin only half a stroke less in the first minute. Quintin led off the mark, but Vesta were level at the First Signal, and drew steadily away to win by a length. The Fawley time, 3min. 27sec., was 4sec. outside record, and the time at the finish 7min. 14sec. The other semi-final was 3sec. slower to Fawley, but the same at the finish. Worcester proved unexpectedly good to beat the American boys. Hankin, the Worcester stroke, showed himself a worthy successor to his brother, who stroked Oxford three years ago, and Addison at No. 6 is a heavy-weight on whom the University authorities will doubtless keep an eye. Though only the Visitors' Cup may have gone to Oxford, the rowing of University College, Worcester, and Pembroke betokened a broader, sounder foundation than that of recent years, and Worcester in particular have been most ably coached by Mr. Drinkwater. The boys started at 40 to Worcester's 37, and got a canvas lead, but Worcester drew level at the First Signal and, despite a spurt at the Barrier by Kent, led at Fawley by half a length. There they were only rowing 32 to Kent's 36. From the Third Signal to the Mile Post the boys spurted splendidly at 40, but they could not quite get level and, their bolt shot, they dropped back to lose by half a length at the finish.

In the final also Worcester rowed four strokes a minute slower than their opponents. Both crews showed signs of exhaustion after the morning, but Worcester the more so, as the comparative slowness of the times at Fawley and the finish 3min. 34sec., and 7min. 23sec. respectively showed. Vesta led from the start and got three-quarters of a length lead by Fawley, where Hankin made a particularly fine spurt, but he could only gain a quarter-length. After that Vesta went away again and despite another brave spurt by Worcester up the Stands, won fairly comfortably by a length.

THE STEWARDS' CUP

The London four were too well together and too smooth for the immensely powerful Leander four in the Stewards' Cup. Starting at 40 as against 39, in windless conditions, they moved their boat with amazing speed and were nearly a length ahead at the top of the Island and well clear at the Barrier, reached in 2min. 8sec. Then Leander came up, but at Fawley, which was reached in 3min. 35sec., the best time ever done by a second, they were clear once more and shot away till just before the Mile Post where Lotchworth with another fine spurt reduced their lead to 1½ lengths. From there to the finish the position was unaltered, the time being 7min. 34sec. It must be recognized that Leander gave a fine exhibition of eight-oared rowing in a four and most years they would have won this event, but none will question that the London men had much to teach them in the fine art of propelling a four. Their boat never seemed to check for an instant. The same may be said of their second four, who were only less slow because they were a stone a man lighter. Vesta led them off the mark, both crews rowing 39, but, steering badly, they lost this advantage up the Island and at the First Signal London led by half a length. By this time Vesta were very tired, after two hard races, and London, after Fawley (3min. 44sec.), rowed steadily away to win easily in 7min. 52sec. Had they been pressed and conditions been fast they might well have proved as fast a crew as any seen in this race.

The Visitors' Cup was a very easy thing for Brasenose. Starting at 10, 20, 37 to the 9, 18, 36 of Pembroke, they were a length clear at the top of the Island and two at the Barrier. Having won their race here, according to plan they dropped to a strong paddle of 28 in view of Graham's third race to follow, and, passing Fawley in 3min. 46sec., they allowed Pembroke to come up to 1½ length at the finish. Graham's rowing was better in this than in the eight, for he was tired enough to be loose, but the Goblets two hours later proved just too much for him on so hot a day, though he rowed well enough before he collapsed. Brasenose, rowing 36½ against Third Trinity's 35, led by half a length at the top of the Island. Then Rickett spurted to take a canvas lead at the Barrier, and at the second signal. Johnston then answered, and at Fawley, reached in 4min. 17sec., the crews were level. By this time Graham was very exhausted, but not too exhausted for Brasenose to drive Third Trinity out of their water before the mile post. But for their steering Third Trinity might have been clear instead of only two-thirds of a length up at the mile post. Rickett rowed a fine race in, but the Brasenose pair kept overlapping until two lengths from the finish, when Graham was completely rowed out and stopped. The verdict was two lengths and the time 8min. 42sec., which showed the disparity this year between the standard of the Goblets and Diamonds, won in a paddle in 13sec. faster time.

A DISAPPOINTING FINISH

The excitement over the race between Guest and Boetzelen was indeed tense, Guest, eager to avenge his compatriot Wright, and Boetzelen, equally eager to do honour to his country on this the first occasion it had competed since the War, were both in a state of nerves, and two false starts resulted. Nobody knew which was the better of two good men, but all were agreed that there was little if anything to choose in pace, and perhaps it was not unnatural that experience won. Boetzelen went off at the tremendous rate for a sculler of 11, 20, and 37½ to the 34½ of Guest, and at the top of the Island showed perhaps a canvas in front. He continued sculling about 34 in the second minute, but Guest held him at a much lower rate and reached the Barrier nearly clear in the very fast time of 2min. 8sec. By this time it was clear that Boetzelen had just overstepped the limits of sculling endurance, a thing which even the great F. S. Kelly once did. From the Barrier onwards the German had nothing left, and Guest, beating the four minutes to Fawley by a second—a very rare achievement—won by some 100 yards in 8min. 29sec.—a tame result after the terrific battle of the first two minutes, but one which all scullers know can so easily happen.

RESULTS

GRAND CHALLENGE CUP

FINAL HEAT.

Berks Station.—London R.C. 1
Bucks Station.—Leander R.C. 2

LONDON ROWING CLUB.—R. Close-Brooks (bow), 11st. 11lb.; E. G. L. Howitt, 11st. 32lb.; G. H. Crawford, 12st. 8lb.; H. C. Boardman, 12st. 7lb.; H. R. A. Edwards, 12st. 12lb.; A. J. Harby, 12st. 7lb.; F. M. L. Fitzwilliams, 11st. 10lb.; T. N. O'Brien (str.), 11st. 3lb.; J. A. Brown (cox), 9st. 2lb.

LEANDER CLUB.—W. A. Prideaux (bow), 12st. 6lb.; H. R. N. Rickett, 12st. 6lb.; J. G. Holcroft, 12st. 8lb.; T. E. Letchworth, 12st. 6lb.; M. H. Warriner, 13st. 13lb.; R. Beesly, 12st. 10lb.; A. Graham, 11st. 7lb.; T. A. Brocklebank (str.), 11st. 6lb.; G. D. Clapperton (cox), 8st. 6lb.

Won by 1½ length. Time, 6min. 59sec.

LADIES' CHALLENGE PLATE

FINAL HEAT

Bucks Station.—Lady Margaret B.C. .. 1
Berks Station.—Pembroke College.. .. 2

LADY MARGARET B.C., CAMBRIDGE.—D. Hair Thomas (bow), 11st. 3lb.; C. E. F. Flutte, 11st. 5lb.; J. R. Owen, 11st. 12lb.; O. V. Bevan, 12st. 5lb.; J. H. M. Ward, 12st. 7lb.; F. B. Jacob, 13st. 4lb.; R. H. F. Symonds 11st. 9lb.; G. P. Easten, (str.), 11st. 3lb.; H. M. Casson (cox), 8st. 9lb.

PEMBROKE COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.—N. J. P. Hewlings (bow), 10st. 5lb.; J. A. E. Hemingway, 11st. 5lb.; R. W. Burkitt, 11st. 12lb.; S. M. Murray, 12st. 4lb.; D. H. E. McCowen, 12st.; D. St. J. Gogarty, 12st. 7lb.; W. S. Hutton, 11st. 3lb.; L. Luxton (stroke), 11st. 8lb.; J. M. Ranking (cox), 8st.

Won by 1 lengths. Time, 7min. 10sec.

THAMES CHALLENGE CUP

HEAT 26

Bucks Station.—Vesta R.C. 1
Berks Station.—Quintin B.C. 2

VESTA ROWING CLUB.—J. D. Wilcox (bow), 11st. 5lb.; P. E. Coles, 11st. 6lb.; J. M. Carnow, 12st.; J. Fraser Miller, 12st. 8lb.; J. L. Wilson, 12st. 7lb.; R. O. Demmler, 11st. 5lb.; V. P. Sabin, 11st. 1lb.; W. D. Baddeley (stroke), 11st. 13lb.; C. B. Johns (cox), 8st. 11lb.

QUINTIN BOAT CLUB.—C. Daniel (bow), 10st.; J. G. Walker, 10st. 11lb.; A. T. Hussey, 11st. 6lb.; W. F. Pethick, 12st. 6lb.; D. F. Greig, 14st. 2lb.; K. T. Staples, 12st. 5lb.; E. W. Morris, 11st. 3lb.; A. L. Waters (stroke), 11st. 7lb.; E. T. Houston (cox), 8st. 2lb.

Won by one length. Time, 7min. 14sec.

HEAT 27

Bucks Station.—Worcester College .. 1
Berks Station.—Kent School 2

WORCESTER COLLEGE, OXFORD.—R. de Mare (bow), 11st. 8lb.; J. T. Fisher, 10st. 2lb.; F. W. Manning, 12st.; S. R. Tyler, 12st. 1lb.; R. Green, 12st. 12lb.; L. F. Addison, 13st. 6lb.; T. Y. Price, 9st. 13lb.; N. T. Hankin (stroke), 10st. 7lb.; E. R. Edmett (cox), 8st. 2lb.

KENT SCHOOL, U.S.A.—E. Johnson, (bow), 10st. 11lb.; O. Hammond, 11st. 7lb.; D. Hickok, 11st. 10lb.; T. Bates, 13st. 1lb.; L. Herrick, 12st. 9lb.; A. Herrick, 13st.; D. Hinman, 13st. 5lb.; H. Livingston (stroke), 12st. 13lb.; R. Ritchie (cox), 9st. 7lb.

Won by half a length. Time, 7min. 14sec.

FINAL HEAT

Berks Station.—Vesta R.C. 1
Bucks Station.—Worcester College .. 2

Won by one length. Time, 7min. 23sec.

STEWARDS' CHALLENGE CUP

FINAL HEAT

Bucks Station.—London R.C. 1
Berks Station.—Leander Club 2

LONDON ROWING CLUB.—F. M. L. Fitzwilliams (bow), 11st. 10lb.; A. J. Harby, 12st. 7lb.; H. R. A. Edwards (steers), 12st. 12lb.; H. C. Boardman (stroke), 12st. 7lb.

LEANDER CLUB.—J. C. Holcroft (bow), 12st. 8lb.; R. Beesly, 12st. 10lb.; M. H. Warriner, 13st. 13lb.; T. E. Letchworth (stroke, steers), 12st. 6lb.

Won by 1½ lengths. Time, 7min. 34secs.

VISITORS' CHALLENGE CUP

FINAL HEAT

Bucks Station.—Brasenose College .. 1
Berks Station.—Pembroke College.. .. 2

BRASENOSE COLLEGE, OXFORD.—L. C. R. Balding (bow), 12st. 6lb.; R. A. Poole, 13st. 12lb.; A. Graham (steers), 11st. 7lb.; C. M. Johnston (stroke), 12st. 9lb.

PEMBROKE COLLEGE, CAMBRIDGE.—D. H. E. McCowen (bow) (steers), 12st.; D. St. J. Gogarty, 12st. 7lb.; W. S. Hutton, 11st. 3lb.; L. Luxton (stroke), 11st. 8lb.

Won by 1½ lengths. Time, 8min. 6sec.

WYFOLD CHALLENGE CUP

FINAL HEAT

Berks Station.—London R.C. 1
Bucks Station.—Vesta R.C. 2

LONDON ROWING CLUB.—R. Close-Brooks (bow, steers), 11st. 11lb.; E. G. L. Howitt, 11st. 7lb.; G. H. Crawford, 11st. 9lb.; T. N. O'Brien (stroke), 11st. 3lb.

VESTA ROWING CLUB.—J. D. Wilcox (bow, steers), 11st. 5lb.; R. O. Demmler, 11st. 5lb.; V. P. Sabin, 11st. 1lb.; W. D. Baddeley stroke), 11st. 13lb.

Won easily. Time, 7min. 52sec.

THE SILVER GOBLETS AND NICKALLS' CHALLENGE CUP

FINAL HEAT

Berks Station.—Third Trinity 1
Bucks Station.—Brasenose College .. 2

THIRD TRINITY B.C., CAMBRIDGE.—W. A. Prideaux (bow, steers), 12st. 6lb.; H. R. N. Rickett (stroke), 12st. 6lb.

BRASENOSE COLLEGE, OXFORD.—A. Graham (bow, steers), 11st. 7lb.; C. M. Johnston (stroke), 12st. 9lb.

Won by two lengths. Time, 8min. 42sec.

DIAMOND CHALLENGE SCULLS

FINAL HEAT

Berks Station.—J. S. Guest (Don Rowing Club, Toronto, Canada), 13st. 1lb. .. 1
Bucks Station.—G. Boetzelen (Berliner Ruder Club, Germany), 12st. 6lb. .. 2

Won by a distance. Time, 8min. 29sec.

WINGFIELD SCULLS

The race for the Wingfield Sculls, the Amateur Sculling Championship of the Thames, will be held on Thursday, July 17, at 5.45 p.m., and the preliminary heat for challengers on Tuesday, July 15, at 4.40 p.m. Should no preliminary heat be necessary the final will be held on Tuesday, July 15. Entries close on Wednesday, July 9, to Mr. F. I. Pitman, 43, Bishopsgate, E.C.

Good sport with bass has been had by several anglers in the vicinity of the Needles, their total catch weighing more than 60lb.

ATHLETICS

NEW AMATEUR CHAMPIONS

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

Seventeen titles changed hands at the Jubilee Meeting of the Amateur Athletic Association which was concluded at Stamford Bridge on Saturday. This does not take into account the three collective events, in one of which, the Relay Race, the Polytechnic Harriers' team once more were successful.

The weather on Saturday afternoon was beautifully fine, yet a trifle too hot for the home-born runner who does not often have to extend himself to the utmost in brilliant sunshine. On the other hand, a crowd of perhaps 30,000 spectators had no reason to complain that the British effort at a memorable athletics meeting was other than excellent. Our failures in most of the Field Events certainly were as pronounced as ever, but the standard all round is improving, and we are lagging behind in only one or two events, of which the Long Jump, for no apparent reason, is a glaring example. In the races on the track and road and over obstacles, wiant we lost in the sprint and over four miles—in which yet another master Finn appeared on the scenes to make the rest of the world look ridiculous—we gained in the 440 Yards Hurdles and the Marathon Race. The absence of any American or German or Dominion champions had to be borne in mind by sensible people even when they were in the act of cheering home a British victor, but for all that we have sufficient fine material available to support the belief that when the time comes, whether at the Empire Games next month or at the next Olympic Games, another compact and highly efficient British team will earn the admiration of the world.

LORD BURGHLEY'S GREAT DOUBLE

It is hard to say which was the more remarkable, the defeat of so many holders of titles along with some of their fancied rivals, or the victories of a number of the new champions. Except in a few cases, it was not indisputably a triumph of youth over athletic age. Lord Burghley, for example, represented well-established fame, and merely eclipsed some of his own previous efforts by winning both of the hurdle events in one afternoon, a thing never before achieved at an A.A.A. meeting. To do this he had to regain the title of long-distance hurdle champion from L. Facelli, the Italian, who had beaten him in British record time last year, and he also had to beat his own best time at the meeting in the process. Lord Burghley took a big risk in these contentious days to attempt the double, and his stamina in both the 120 Yards and 440 Yards events was surprising. In the former he beat by 2½ yards the former champion, F. R. Gaby, who showed a return to form that was exceedingly popular. Facelli, it should be explained, did not run in the final of the 120, having apparently jarred a muscle in one of the heats. In the final of the longer event, those of us who feared that Lord Burghley had become increasingly liable to defeat by foreign champions watched with despair Facelli gaining steadily. At half-way he was a clear stride in front at the taking of a hurdle. At the turn into the straight he was probably two strides in front. Lord Burghley then began to regain some of the lost ground, but when he took the last hurdle half a stride later and less cleanly than did the Italian it seemed that the race was as good as lost for us. This view, however, did not take sufficiently into account Lord Burghley's famous capacity for game and strong finishes. From nowhere, or perhaps from the memory of Amsterdam, he found a sprint that carried him past Facelli in the last few yards of the run-in. Altogether it was an amazing achievement, even allowing for the fact that one of the Italian's thighs carried a plaster. It was a pity that Tisdall was not there to make it a race as well as a duel.

Another British competitor, C. W. Hyde, the Enfield walker, accomplished the double by following up his excellent victory in the Two Miles Walk on Friday evening by another in the Seven Miles Walk on Saturday. C. Ellis, the holder of the Half and One Mile titles, and J. A. T. Hanlon, holder also of two titles, the 220 Yards and 440 Yards—two men from whom, perhaps, most was expected on the British side—had a very different experience. They were, in fact, eclipsed on the day's running. Their failures, and especially those of Ellis, would have been positively depressing if other British runners of whom high hopes are held had not taken a leading part in each. T. Hampson, of Achilles, who won the Half-Mile, not only left Ellis when the time came for sprinting, but completely outstrode the famous French runner, Sera Martin. Hampson's last lap and finish were almost worthy of Lowe himself. Some good judges think that the word "almost" will be unnecessary in the near future. The Mile also was won by a British runner who may well make history. R. H. Thomas, of the Royal Air Force, had been improving steadily, and his decisive victory over J. F. Cornes, of Oxford, and Beccali, the Italian, not to mention Ellis and the Pole, S. Petkiewicz, was that of a great fighting runner. The way in which Thomas challenged and passed another strong runner like Cornes at the bell was something to be remembered.

CONSOLATION FOR BRITAIN

The consolation to be found in the defeats of Hanlon lay in the splendid running of two of the younger British athletes. S. E. Englehart, who beat C. Berger, of Holland, by two and a half yards in the 220 yards, with Hanlon a further yard and a half behind, also was the best of the British competitors in the 100 yards. A Dutchman and an Italian were the first two home here. J. E. London was not even placed. K. C. Brangwyn, who beat Hanlon by a couple of yards in the 440 yards, gained considerable renown for himself as well as honour for his club, the South London Harriers. Brangwyn, indeed, was the outstanding new man at the meeting; he deserved to be described as a real discovery. It would, of course, be foolish to regard either Ellis or Hanlon as a spent force. It simply was not their day, and each had a useful reminder that only the very best will do in the modern world.

Of Virtalen, the Finn, who won the four miles race by nearly half a lap and in the second fastest time accomplished in the championships, and incidentally with a finish that would not have disgraced a half-miler, this only need be said. J. Kusocinski, a Polish runner, for most of the race played the part of a Ritola to a Nurmi, but in the thirteenth of the 16 laps Virtalen decided to race away, and the Pole, no more than the nearest British runners, stood any trace of a chance from that point onwards. Virtalen's style of running is modelled upon that of Nurmi and so, apparently, is his method of winning races. W. J. Beavers, the holder, had long since dropped out of the running, and it was left to the gallant long-legged plodder B. C. V. Oddie to move up and finish second. G. W. Bailey, of Salford, outstayed the veteran Webster in the two miles steeplechase, and well left behind the holder, E. H. Oliver, who finished third.

In the field events Guardsman Turner must be accounted to have done well to make the best British throw with the javelin up to date.

The results were:—

RESULTS

THROWING THE DISCUS

(Holder.—H. Stenerud (Norway). Best championship performance, 147ft.. E. Paulus (Germany) 1928.)

J. Noel (France), 146ft. 6in., 1; A. Karlsson (Sweden), 142ft. 2½in., 2; K. Askildt (Norway), 136ft. 5½in., 3; J. F. Wallace (Achilles Club), 134ft. 9½in., 4.

SEVEN MILES WALK

(Best championship performance, 51min. 37sec., by E. J. Webb, 1910.)

C. W. Hyde (Enfield A.C.) (holder), 53min. 32 3-5sec., 1; A. E. Plumb (North London H.), 54min. 1 2-5sec., 2; T. W. Green (Belgrave H.), 54min. 16 2-5sec., 3; A. Valente (Italy), 54min. 32 1-5sec., 4; J. W. Reddish (Herne Hill H.), 5; S. Smith (Derby Walking and A.C.), 6. Smith was awarded the Fowler-Dixon Style Medal.

THROWING THE JAVELIN

(Holder.—B. Kerpes (Hungary). Best championship performance, 222ft. 9in., by S. A. Lay (New Zealand, 1928.)

G. Palmieri (Italy), 202ft. 1in., 1; K. Grandi (Norway), 193ft. 9½in., 2; Guardsman E. R. Turner (Laton United H.), 186ft. 8in. (English Native Record), 3.

100 YARDS

(Best championship performance, 9 7-10sec., by E. H. Liddell, 1923. First two in each heat to compete in second round.)

HEAT 1.—J. E. London (holder) (Polytechnic H.), 1; C. Walkey (Cambridge University A.C.), 2. Won by a yard. Time, 10 1-5sec.

HEAT 2.—E. L. Page (Blackheath H.), 1; T. H. Elliott (R.A.F., Catterick), 2. Won by 2½ yards. Time, 10 1-5sec.

HEAT 3.—H. G. Higgins (Surrey A.C.), 1; C. P. Edward (South London H.), 2. Won by ½ yard. Time, 10 3-10sec.

HEAT 4.—S. E. Engelhart (York H. and N.C.A.A.), 1; H. H. Hodge (Surrey A.C.), 2. Won by a yard. Time, 10 1-10sec.

HEAT 5.—A. M. Ellery (Polytechnic H.), 1; J. Titcombe (London Fire Brigade A.A.), 2. Won by a foot. Time, 10 2-5sec.

HEAT 6.—J. C. Heap (Surrey A.C.), 1; R. H. Spurrell (Devonport Y.M.C.A.), 2. Won by 3 yards. Time, 10sec.

HEAT 7.—C. Berger (Holland), 1; W. J. Simmons (Polytechnic H.), 2. Won by a yard. Time, 10sec.

HEAT 8.—E. Toetti (Italy), 1; L. A. Wignall (Surrey A.C.), 2. Won by 1½ yard. Time, 10 1-5sec.

SECOND ROUND

(First two in each heat to run in final.)

HEAT 1.—Page, 1; London, 2. Won by half a yard. Time, 10 1-5sec.

HEAT 2.—Engelhart, 1; Heap, 2. Won by inches. Time, 10sec.

HEAT 3.—Berger, 1; Toetti, 2. Won by a yard. Time, 10 1-10sec.

FINAL.—Berger, 1; Toetti, 2; Engelhart, 3; Page, 4; London, 5. Won by inches. Half a yard separated second and third. Time, 9 9-10sec.

HALF-MILE

(Best championship performance, 1min. 51 3-5sec., by Dr. O. Peltzer (Germany) 1926.)

FINAL.—T. Hampson (Achilles Club), 1; Sers Martin (France), 2; C. Ellis (holder) (Birchfield H. and M.C.A.A.A.), 3. Won by seven yards; 2½ yards separated second and third. Time, 1min. 53 1-5sec. (English native record).

HIGH JUMP

(Best championship performance, 6ft. 4in., by H. M. Osborne (U.S.A.), 1925.)

C. E. S. Gordon (Oxford University A.C.), 6ft. 1in., 1; E. Bradbrooke (Achilles Club) and G. Turner (Earlstown Viaduct A.C. and N.C.A.A.), 6ft., equal 2.

THROWING THE HAMMER

(Best championship performance, 172ft. 3½in., by C. J. Lindh (Sweden), 1922.)

O. Skold (Sweden), 167ft. 9in., 1; A. Poggioli (Italy), 154ft. 8½in., 2; M. C. Nokes (Achilles Club and N.C.A.A.), 149ft. 8in., 3; J. McG. Dalenz (U.S.A.), 144ft. 5in., 4.

120 YARDS HURDLES

(Best championship performance, 14 7-10sec., by S. J. M. Atkinson (South Africa), 1928. First in each heat and two fastest seconds to compete in final.)

HEAT 1.—Lord Burghley (holder) (Achilles Club and M.C.A.A.A.), 1; E. Grumby (Leeds University and N.C.A.A.), 2. Time, 15 2-5sec.

HEAT 2.—F. A. Foley (Army A.A. and M.C.A.A.A.), 1; F. R. Gaby (Polytechnic H.), 2. Time, 15 2-5sec.

HEAT 3.—R. St. G. T. Harper (Achilles Club), 1; G. Carlini (Italy), 2. Time, 15 3-5sec.

HEAT 4.—L. Facelli (Italy), 1; D. O. Finlay (R.A.F. and Surrey A.C.), 2. Time, 15⅕sec. Gaby and Finlay qualified as fastest seconds.

FINAL.—Burghley, 1; Gaby, 2; Foley, 3; Harper, 4. Won by 2½ yards; half a yard separated second and third. Time, 15 1-5sec. Facelli did not run.

FOUR MILES

(Holder, W. J. Beavers (York H.). Best championship performance, 19min. 32sec., by G. W. Hutson, 1913.)

L. Virtanen (Finland), 19min. 36 1-5sec., 1; S. C. V. Oddie (South London H.), 20min. 2 2-5sec., 2; J. F. Wood (Heriots F.P.A.C.), 3; Kusoeinski (Poland), 4; J. Scorey (Horsham Blue Star H.), 5; J. W. Winfield (Derby and County A.A.C.), 6. Won by 150 yards; 10 yards separated second and third.

LONG JUMP

(Best championship performance, 24ft. 2¼in., by H. De Boer (Holland), 1928.)

O. Hallberg (Sweden), 24ft. 2in., 1; H. De Boer (Holland), 23ft. 11¼in., 2; W. Peters (Holland), 23ft. 2¾in., 3; A. Welsenes (Holland), 23ft. 0¼in., 4; R. W. Revans (Polytechnic H.), 22ft. 8½in., 5; W. J. Sartain (Achilles Club), 22ft. 7in., 6. H. J. Cohen (holder) did not qualify for the final.

POLE JUMP

(Holder, H. Ford (Achilles Club). Best championship performance, 12ft. 7in., by F. J. Keller, 1928.)

H. Lindblad (Sweden) and A. Van der Zee (Holland), 12ft. 3in., equal 1; B. Babington Smith (Achilles Club), 12ft., 3.

PUTTING THE WEIGHT

(Holder, J. Oaranyi (Hungary). Best championship performance, 47ft. 10in, by V. Porhola (Finland), 1923.)

J. Noel (France), 45ft. 2in., 1; R. L. Howland (Achilles Club), 44ft. 5in., 2; K. H. Pridie (Bristol University A.C. and M.C.A.A.A.), 43ft. 3; A. E. H. Sangwine (Polytechnic H.), 39ft. 9½in., 4.

ONE MILE

(Holder, C. Ellis (Birchfield H.). Best championship performance, 4min. 13 4-5sec., by A. G. Hill, 1921.)

FINAL.—R. H. Thomas (R.A.F. and Surrey A.C.), 4min. 15 1-5sec., 1; J. F. Corner (Oxford University A.C.), 4min. 14sec., 2; L. Beccali (Italy), 3; S. Petkiewicz (Poland), 4. Won by 13 yards; 20 yards separated second and third.

QUARTER-MILE HURDLES

(Best championship performance, 53 2-5sec., by L. Facelli (Italy), 1929.)

FINAL.—Lord Burghley (Achilles Club and M.C.A.A.A.), 1; L. Facelli (holder) (Italy), 2; D. M. L. Neame (R.N. and R.M. A.A.), 3. Won by inches; a yard separated second and third. Time, 53 4-5sec. (English Native record.)

TWO MILES STEEPLECHASE

(Best championship performance, 10min. 34 1-5 sec., by J. E. Webster (Birchfield H.), 1926)

G. W. Bailey (Salford H. and N.C.A.A.A.), 1; J. E. Webster (Birchfield H. and M.C.A.A.A.), 2; E. H. Oliver (Reading A.C.) (holder), 3. Won by 10 yards. Time, 10min. 55 2-5sec.

TUG-OF-WAR (CATCH-WEIGHTS)

(Holders, London Fire Brigade A.A.)

FINAL.—Luton Borough Police A.C. beat "B" Division M.P.A.C. (Chelsea) by two pulls to none.

QUARTER-MILE

(Best championship performance, 48⅕sec., by H. C. L. Tindall, 1860)

FINAL.—K. C. Brangwin (South London H.), 1; J. A. T. Hanlon (Polytechnic H.) (holder), 2; G. T. Bird (Finchley H.), 3; R. Leigh-Wood (Achilles Club), 4. Won by 2 yards; 2½ yards separated second and third. Time, 49 4-5sec.

440 YARDS RELAY

(4×110 yards.) Best championship performance, 42 1-5sec., by C. F. C. Preussen, Krefeld, Germany, 1927.)

FINAL.—Polytechnic H. (holders) (A. M. Ellery, F. L. Stagnell, J. F. Rice, and W. J. Simmons), 1; Surrey A.C. (T. Matthewman, L. A. Wigzell, H. G. Higgins, and J. C. Heap), 2; H.A.V. Haarlem (Holland) (A. van Welsenes, A. Benz, F. G. Rinkel, and C. Berger), 3. Won by inches; 2½ yards separated second and third. Time 43 3-5sec.

220 YARDS

(Best championship performance, 21 1-5sec., by W. R. Applegarth 1914.)

FINAL.—S. E. Engelhart (York H. and A.C. and N.C.A.A.A.) 1; C. Berger (Holland) 2; J. A. T. Hanlon (holder) (Polytechnic H.) 3; R. Leigh-Wood (Achilles Club) 4. Won by 2½ yards; 1½ yards separated second and third. Time 22sec.

ENGLISH TEAM FOR TRIANGULAR MATCH

After Saturday's championship meeting at Stamford Bridge, the following team was chosen to represent England in the Triangular International match which is to be held at Glasgow next Saturday, July 12:—

100 YARDS.—E. L. Page and J. C. Heap.
220 YARDS.—S. E. Engelhart and H. G. Higgins.
440 YARDS.—K. C. Brangwin and G. T. Bird.
880 YARDS.—T. Hampson and W. H. Kernohan.
ONE MILE.—C. Ellis and H. W. Hedges.
FOUR MILES.—J. W. Winfield, B. C. V. Oddie, and T. Evenson.
120 YARDS HURDLES.—Lord Burghley and R. St. G. T. Harper.
PUTTING THE SHOT.—R. L. Howland and K. H. Pridie.
HIGH JUMP.—E. Bradbrooke and G. Turner.
LONG JUMP.—H. J. Cohen and F. G. Livingstone.
THROWING THE HAMMER.—No representative chosen. Sergeant F. A. Foley is reserve in the shot-putting, high jump, and long jump events, and R. Leigh-Wood is reserve for the 220 yards and 440 yards races.

The absence from the list of R. H. Thomas is due to the fact that he will be competing in the Royal Air Force Championships, and the clashing of the International match with the meeting of Oxford and Cambridge with Princeton and Cornell is responsible for the omission of several University athletes, including C. E. S. Gordon.

THE INTERNATIONAL UNIVERSITY MATCH

The Universities of Princeton and Cornell will be represented by a very strong team in next Saturday's match against Oxford and Cambridge at Stamford Bridge, and the British University athletes will have to be in their best form if they are to win a majority of the 12 events. The teams will be:—

100 YARDS.—R. L. J. Rinkel (Cambridge) and E. W. Goodwillie (Oxford); B. H. Hand (Princeton) and C. H. Meinig (Cornell).
220 YARDS.—E. W. Goodwillie and J. C. Walkey (Cambridge); B. H. Hand and C. H. Meinig.
440 YARDS.—R. M. N. Tisdall (Cambridge) and L. B. Neame (Cambridge), reserve, W. C. Wentworth (Oxford); A. D. Keown (Princeton) and S. L. Elmer (Cornell).
880 YARDS.—M. H. C. Gutteridge (Cambridge) and H. S. Townend (Oxford); F. G. Dulaff (Cornell), C. E. Treman (Cornell), and A. S. Mills (Princeton).
ONE MILE.—J. F. Cornes (Oxford) and T. B. L. Bryan (Cambridge); H. Dawson (Princeton) and M. Spencer (Princeton).
TWO MILES.—C. W. Benson (Cambridge) and J. R. Crozzon (Cambridge), reserve, F. T. Horan (Cambridge); S. R. Levering (Cornell) and E. B. Pattison (Cornell).
120 YARDS HURDLES.—R. M. N. Tisdall and W. L. H. Thring (Cambridge); W. C. Heasley (Cornell) and G. H. Clark (Cornell).
220 YARDS HURDLES.—R. M. N. Tisdall and R. K. Brown (Cambridge); J. W. Lincoln (Princeton) and C. F. Scarlett (Princeton).
HIGH JUMP.—C. E. S. Gordon (Oxford) and T. P. Moll (Cambridge), reserve, R. W. Revans (Cambridge); H. H. Faber (Princeton), E. H. Edelhare (Cornell), and B. Hedges (Princeton).
LONG JUMP.—R. W. Revans and W. J. Sartain (Cambridge); C. W. L. Summerill (Princeton) and R. C. Williams (Cornell).
POLE VAULT.—P. B. B. Ogilvie (Cambridge) and H. H. Bayley (Cambridge); E. L. Colyer (Cornell) and J. M. Ranck (Princeton).
PUTTING THE WEIGHT.—J. P. A. Wallace (Cambridge) and C. E. Elliott (Cambridge), reserve, R. M. N. Tisdall; L. H. Levy (Cornell) and O. B. Schoenfield (Cornell).

INTERNATIONAL BOWLS

SCOTLAND'S VICTORY OVER AUSTRALIA

The Australian bowlers played the third test match of their British tour at the Wellcroft Club, Glasgow, on Saturday, this time against Scotland, and were beaten by eight shots.

Scotland		Australia	

THE LAMBETH CONFERENCE

AIMS AND FUTURE OF THE CHURCH

THE PRIMATE'S SURVEY

In preparation for the seventh decennial meeting of the Lambeth Conference a service of welcome was held in Canterbury Cathedral on Saturday. The Archbishop of Canterbury was the preacher and took the opportunity to survey the general development of the Anglican Communion, to outline the form of community towards which it seemed to him to be evolving as "a community of free and self-governing churches," and to forecast a future as similarly autonomous Provinces for the missionary dioceses. The Primate's address, which was delivered from the historic Patriarchial Chair of St. Augustine, placed in front of the altar, was relayed throughout the Cathedral by loud-speakers.

THE PRIMATE'S ADDRESS

COMMUNITY OF AUTONOMOUS CHURCHES

The Archbishop of Canterbury said:—

Most Reverend, Right Reverend, and Dear Brothers,—Welcome! The greeting comes from my own full heart. It comes also—surely in no mere figure of speech—from the Mother-heart of this venerable and beautiful Church. For to-day she receives you who bring to her the love and reverence of her children in a great family of Churches in all parts of the world—the gift and heritage she has so wondrously received from the Lord.

Among all the memories which surround us in this place there is one which at this moment fills and moves and unites the hearts of all. It is the memory of the great and good Archbishop who was five times present at the six Lambeth Conferences and twice presided. As the Bishops of this Seventh Conference were already beginning to assemble he was passing to his rest, to the worship and service of the Church unseen. We shall miss his words, his spirit of wisdom, of steadfast faith, of resolute hope, of charity unfeigned. Yet surely we shall not wholly be bereft of his help and his guidance. Given in the realm of Spirit they may be even more real and deep. Our faith in the Communion of Saints, our assurance that the Church in this passing scene and the Church in the eternal world are one, constrain us to believe that he is with us now and that in the long days of deliberation which are at hand he will be with us still.

There is another thought which must needs unite us as we are here assembled. It is the thought of the contrast between the lowly origins of the Church wherein we serve and its marvellous expansion into all parts of the world whereof we are the living witnesses. Beneath our feet are the remains in rough stone and Roman brick of a humble shrine where Augustine and his monks offered the first Christian worship of the English folk. Now, around and above it, stands this mighty and majestic shrine. Is it not a parable? In these monks and their attendants we see the origin of the English Church. In the company of over 300 Bishops—the largest gathering of Christian Bishops ever assembled on English soil—coming from every quarter of the globe, we see what, by God's Providence, it has become and is becoming.

SELF-GOVERNING CHURCHES

More and more fully it is becoming a community of free and self-governing Churches. Even the separated Missionary Dioceses under the special jurisdiction of the See of Canterbury are, working out their own lives in their own way, and are drawing together wherever it is possible in Provinces which in due course will become autonomous, like the Churches of the United States, Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, the West Indies, India.

On this community of Churches no uniform ecclesiastical rule is or can ever be imposed. The only ties which bind them together are of the Spirit, not of the letter: and it is in and through freedom that their strength will be maintained. This Anglican Communion, as we still call it, has only gradually, stage by stage, become conscious of itself—of its place and meaning in the world. It will be for us in our deliberations to try to make that consciousness more clear and purposeful. The origin of our Communion we can see in the memories which Canterbury Cathedral treasures. Its growth we can see in this very Assembly. Can we foresee its destiny? The Church of England it has ceased to be except in origin and in one part of the world. Even Anglican, in the strict sense of the word, it must become less and less exclusively or even predominantly. For if God prospers these new Churches across the seas they will become not Anglican only in their character and outlook, but even more Indian, Chinese, Japanese, African.

Then, if our aim is not to reproduce the Church of England throughout the world, not even to reproduce certain formularies and a certain tone and temperament called Anglican, what is it that we stand for in Christendom? Is it not just simply for Christ's Holy Catholic Church—exhibiting itself again as once it was before the masterful hand of Rome was laid upon it—as a community of Churches, self-governing within their own areas, held together not by one dominion, but by witnessing to the same Gospel, by holding to the same broad traditions of Creed and Sacrament and Order, by the common counsel and conference of its Bishops, only now, please God, with a deep desire to bring into it whatever is of God in the life and history of the peoples and races of the world? Do we mean less than this when in our Encyclical Letter we shall describe ourselves as "Archbishops and Bishops of the Holy Catholic Church"?

SOME GREAT PURPOSE

We know well that in spite of all the growth and spread of our Communion we are few in number, lacking often in range of venture for Christ's sake, compared with other branches of the Universal Church. Yet even the feeble and the few God can use for the fulfilment of His purposes. And can we doubt as to-day we turn our eyes backward to the past and forward to the future that God has some great purpose for this community of Churches? True humility is shown not by doubting or shrinking from God's purpose, but by accepting it with a solemn and indeed awe-full sense of responsibility and by throwing ourselves upon His grace in prayer that we may not through our divisions or through lack of vision and courage prove unfaithful to it. It is when we lift up our eyes unto the hills that His help most surely cometh.

Dear brothers, it is with this sense of solemn responsibility that I would bid myself and you prepare for the long, full days of conference which await us. God would not in His Providence have brought us together, many of you after long travel across continents and oceans, unless it were His purpose that something great should be achieved by our gathering—that some things should be said or done which will make a real difference in the world. It cannot be that He means us to come and go and leave nothing but a string of safe platitudes behind us. Pray we therefore each one for himself and for his brethren that we may as one body open our hearts and minds to His Holy Spirit, so that we may have the vision to discern His will and the courage to follow it.

We are called to consider "The Faith and Witness of the Church in this Generation." Ten years ago Archbishop Davidson speaking from this chair impressed upon the members of the last Conference that they were "set at this unparalleled time in a bewildered world to do their part in repairing the vastest cataclysm which the human race has known." In response to this call, we who heard it declared that the supreme need of this bewildered world was Fellowship—the fellowship of men and nations and races in the one God. But at once we saw that it would be almost a mockery to proclaim this truth to the world unless we first tried to make it real within God's Church. So we sent forth our "Appeal to All Christian People" to "unite in a new and great endeavour to recover and manifest to the world the unity of the Body of Christ for which He prayed."

CHURCH UNITY

Brothers, the world of our generation is still bewildered and restless. The wounds of war are not yet healed. New difficulties and perplexities—industrial, social, political—beset almost every nation. The need of a spiritual fellowship is more clamant than ever. The more urgent therefore is our duty to press forward the quest of the unity of Christ's Church. We dare not acquiesce in withholding from Our Lord and Master the very witness to His God-sent mission to redeem mankind for which He pled. Ten years ago we put forth a great ideal. It was not in vain. Our appeal had a wonderful response. It quickened desires already moving the hearts of Christian people in all parts of the world. It brought a new breath of hope and purpose. I venture to say that through its influence, and through the more recent World Conference on Faith and Order, there has been a drawing together of Christian communions, a consciousness of underlying unity of faith, a desire—nay, a constraining spirit—of fellowship unparalleled in the history of Christendom.

For all this we thank God and take courage. Some indeed are disappointed that so few definite acts of union have as yet been attained. But assuredly those of us who were mainly responsible for the framing and issuing of our appeal never supposed that it would bear fruit in acts of union within 10 years or within one generation. No: not thus easily and speedily can the schisms of centuries be healed. Let patience have her perfect work. Yet hopes too long deferred make the heart sick. Enthusiasm is apt to cool unless it is directed to action. The danger of reaction waits upon expectations which reach no fulfilment.

SOUTH INDIA

And now one definite proposal of union comes to us from our brethren in India. With it comes the passionate desire for unity from other Christians in the far mission field, of men remote from the controversies which have divided Western Europe, and impatient of their persistence in new worlds. They plead that for them unity is not an aspiration only but a necessity. We are asked whether this Conference can encourage them to go forward. Nearer home, men whose hearts were touched by our appeal are watching and waiting to see what answer we shall give. It may be that here we come to a turning-point which shall determine whether we are to stand still, only breathing again our old desires, or to take some decisive step forward towards achievement.

The difficulties indeed are great. Worse even than standing still would be taking a wrong turning—committing our Communion to a road which would carry it far from the place God's purpose seems to have given it in the whole of Christendom. This is not the time or place to consider these difficulties. The time will come when we meet in conference. Only, as we face them, let us remember that to each of us a bond has been given that to the quest of unity he should be "else sinning greatly, a dedicated spirit." It is the bond of our appeal. The honour of it holds us. We must be loyal to the trust which through past history God has given us, yet also willing to put many of our preconceived opinions to the test of His present call, ready, as we said ten years ago, "To meet the demands of a new age with a new outlook." God of His mercy give us His twofold Spirit of counsel and strength, of wisdom and courage.

Other themes will be set for our thinking—on which men and women of our generation are entitled to look to us as leaders in Christ's Church for guidance. There are the insistent problems of peace, of race, of sex, of standards of married life. On all of these let us prove ourselves to be men who are not content mainly to repeat things said before, but who are ready to face facts as they are with candour and courage. Again, ours is a generation marked as none before by the emancipation of youth. In the excitement of freedom youth is impatient of criticism, and resentful of the claim of authority. But its eagerness, its frankness, its enthusiasm bring a breath of freshness and hope. Truly it needs guidance, but guidance must be based on understanding and sympathy. We are a company for the most part of elderly men. But we have within us surely not merely the memories of youth, but still not wholly extinguished by the years of labour something of its spirit. Let us stir up that spirit, and endeavour to present to the youth of our time in ways and words to which it can respond the inexhaustible wonder of the Gospel, the age-long romance of the Church of Christ, the joyous adventure of service under the leadership of the "Young Prince of Glory" in the Kingdom of God.

THE DOCTRINE OF GOD

And now, as I close, suffer me to say a word about the first, the deepest, the greatest of all subjects to which we are bidden to give our thoughts—the Doctrine of God. We have to speak to our own generation. Yet after all, in every generation, in every part of the world, and for every race there is one supreme purpose of all human life. It is that it should find its way to God. If this purpose is to be fulfilled it is not enough that men should know *that* He is; they must know in some measure *what* He is. The main reason why at this and at every time the ways along which men seek God are so devious and disappointing, lead so often away from Him rather than towards Him, is that men set out with imperfect, unworthy conceptions of Him. Materialism, beyond doubt the greatest menace of our time, flourishes on these partial, antiquated, unworthy conceptions. It cannot be combated till they are corrected. Thus it has been borne in upon many of us that while we have been discussing, never more busily than in this questioning generation, the proofs of God, the purposes of God, the laws of God, the Kingdom of God, we have been apt, so to say, to take the Doctrine of God Himself for granted. We have not put God Himself before our eyes in His eternal nature as infinite Wisdom, Power, Beauty, Goodness. We have not rethought our conception of Him in the light of fresh revelations which He has been giving of Himself in Nature, in the spirit of man, in new apprehensions of the significance of Christ.

This lack of a true and rich doctrine of God, evoking alike awe and praise and trust, makes religious life either cold or sentimental, makes our teaching so often meagre and partial, makes our worship so mechanical or else turns it into channels unworthy of the glory and majesty of God, above all makes ecclesiastical controversy so barren and unlovely. We have to recover for ourselves, for our clergy, for our people, for our generation a deeper, richer conception of God. Deeper—yes, and more simple also. We have need to recover the profound simplicity of that conception of God which filled the soul of Jesus, which through Him brought new life and hope and strength into a weary world. A scholar has recently described that old world into which He came—its exhaustion, its loss of nerve, its want of faith, its manifold disillusionment. Is it not a picture of our world also? It is for the Christian community to renew, to re-interpret, Jesus's own fresh invigorating conception of God as One real and near and sure, One in Whom for life and death men can absolutely trust. Thus it was that your consultative body was led to put the doctrine of God in the very forefront of our themes for conference. It must needs make great demands of us. We dare not go lightly into this holy ground. Let us try, God helping us, in thought and prayer to lift our minds to the level of a theme so high: and while we speak or hear to have worship, adoration, in our hearts.

NEW DEPTHS

Yet remember the while that we have not so much to discover something new as to explore new depths in something given. Our first corporate act as a brotherhood of Bishops in Christ's Holy Catholic Church will be, in accordance with a noble custom of our conferences, to recite together the Nicene Creed. Here is the splendid summary of that Revelation of the Most High which we have to re-explore for ourselves, to reinterpret for our generation. "This is our God for ever and ever." Does it not give us strength and confidence as we enter our Conference at Lambeth or as we pass in our ministry through crowded street or secluded village, or across mountains and plains and seas, that we have behind us as a strong buttress this Faith which has stood the test of centuries, and bears with it the massive experience of multitudes who have gone before us in the one Church of God?

I would ask you, fathers and brethren, to be for some moments still, so that in the fellowship of silence we may together worship and fall down and kneel before the Lord our Maker and humbly dedicate ourselves to His service in the weeks to come. Then let us rise and repeat the great Creed of Christendom as an act of buoyant faith and of adoring praise.

THE RECEPTION AT CANTERBURY

LUNCHEON AT ST. AUGUSTINE'S COLLEGE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

CANTERBURY, JULY 6

The reception and welcome given at Canterbury yesterday to the Archbishops and Bishops attending the Lambeth Conference were most cordial. About 280 of them attended the ceremonies, including about 50 Bishops from the United States, many from all parts of the British Dominions, and a delegation from the Eastern Orthodox Church.

The majority of this party arrived at the Cathedral in the morning. They were received by the Dean of Canterbury (the Very Rev. H. R. L. Sheppard), and their first act was to offer prayer at the grave of Archbishop Lord Davidson, in the Cloister Garth.

The Archbishops and Bishops were entertained at luncheon in the Coleridge Museum at St. Augustine's Missionary College. CANON J. W. S. TOMLIN, Warden of the College, presided.

In a speech of welcome, CANON TOMLIN expressed the honour he felt it to see such a representation of the world-wide Church, which sprang from such humble beginnings on that spot. (Cheers.)

WELCOME BY THE PRIMATE

The ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY, responding, said:—It is most fitting, as the Warden has pointed out, that the custom which associates the Lambeth Conference with this college should continue. For, within the gates of St. Augustine's College stood—and still stand—the ruins of the abbey which was erected to the honour of St. Peter and St. Paul, and was called for centuries by the honoured name of St. Augustine. Within those gates also there still is the place where the bones of the first Bishop of the English were buried. It is also most fitting that we should meet here, because, just as the old abbey was used for the training of the clergy of the first mission to the English folk, so St. Augustine's College is now being used, thank God, for the training of young men to carry on that same work in all parts of the world. (Cheers.)

We are all conscious of one another's infirmities. (Laughter.) We represent different countries, traditions, points of view, and I am not at all sure that we are a wholly unsuitable body to be exhibited in a museum. (Laughter.) We have quaint characteristics of our own which are astonishing to ecclesiastics of another type. (Laughter.) I hope I may be forgiven if I remind myself and you of the description given by a Chinese interpreter of a title which one at least of our constituent Churches still bears—the Protestant Episcopal Church—which he interpreted as "a society of contradicting overseers." (Laughter.) There are those who think that that interpretation is occasionally not wholly inapt. (Laughter.) But this conference is one of the occasions when we cease to be "contradicting overseers" and come together as one body with no desire deeper in our hearts than that we may be of one mind and one soul for the good of the one Church in which we have the privilege to serve.

The American Bishops were welcomed very cordially by the Primate, and he also assured the very distinguished delegates from the Orthodox Church of their most fraternal welcome. (Cheers.) He deeply appreciated that so many distinguished Prelates had come so far and in such great numbers to this kingdom, and he earnestly hoped that their presence in the Conference would show the time was approaching when there would not only be a desire for closer union, but some manifestations of it, which, however partial in action, might be recognized in all the world. (Cheers.)

The PATRIARCH of ALEXANDRIA, who was given a hearty reception, gave a fraternal message of brotherly love from his Church to the Anglican hierarchy, and stated his desire to see the union of the Churches in the West and the East. (Cheers.)

U.S. BISHOP'S REPLY

The BISHOP of RHODE ISLAND, presiding Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States of America, also responded. He voiced the pleasure it gave them to claim a common heritage with those of the Anglican Church. (Cheers.) That association was a constant source of strength and inspiration to them. They felt at a time like this that "deep called unto deep" in sympathy, affection, and common understanding, and it was for the expression of that they had returned this year to Lambeth. Might God bless the Conference in which they would be engaged and bring it to rich fruition. (Cheers.)

THE SERVICE

The service in the Cathedral was attended by a congregation of about 2,000 people in addition to the Prelates. A picked body of 50 non-commissioned officers of the Church Lads Brigade, from all parts of England, formed a guard of honour at the west door of the Cathedral, and another guard of honour was provided by 100 Boy Scouts of the Canterbury, Whitstable, and Herne Bay Association. These guards were inspected by Archbishop Lang, a striking figure in his scarlet robes, when he arrived in procession with the Dean and Chapter. Another procession was formed by the numerous Archbishops and Bishops, headed by the Archbishop of York (Dr. Temple), and as they went from the cloisters into the Cathedral the scene was a most impressive one. The great majority of the Bishops were in scarlet robes and white surplices, but some of the American and Colonial Bishops were in darker coloured robes, the whole presenting a pageant of colour as they passed slowly up the Cathedral aisle to the choir. Several native, African, Indian, and Japanese Bishops were included in the procession, which took about a quarter of an hour to pass up the church, Psalm xlvi. "God is our hope and strength," and the hymns "Ye watchers and ye Holy Ones" and "Blessed City, Heavenly Salem" being sung meanwhile by choir and congregation.

The Eastern Archbishops and Bishops had arrived in a separate procession earlier, a Greek hymn being sung meanwhile, and took their seats in a specially allocated position beneath the Corona. When the assemblage, which included the Mayor (the Rev. S. Gordon Wilson) and the Corporation, in robes, was completed, the choir gave a beautiful rendering of Handel's anthem "And the Glory of the Lord shall be revealed."

The Primate's address of welcome was then delivered.

FINAL ADDRESS

At the end of the service came a hymn, during which the Archbishop of Canterbury came to the nave steps, where he briefly addressed the congregation and blessed them.

In this final address the Archbishop said it was most moving to see, as it were in a vivid picture, the wonderful federation of churches and dioceses throughout the world, which had sprung from the seed sown in Canterbury by St. Augustine more than 1,300 years ago. It was a picture that must surely stir their imagination and widen their horizon, it must make those who were members of this ancient church of the English folk realize that they were "citizens of no mean city."

The long procession of the Archbishops and Bishops, with Canons, minor Canons, members of the King's School, Rural Deans, the Warden and members of St. Augustine's College, and the city clergy, then passed from the Cathedral; the delegation of the Patriarch of Alexandria and Eastern Bishops, who were mostly in black robes, but with the leader in gorgeous robes of light mauve and gold, followed; the Mayor and Corporation completing the procession. The hymn "For all the Saints" was sung as a recessional.

The brief Latin sentence, "Christo regnante deo et domino in perpetuum ihesu," which was printed on the title-page of the Order of Service on this occasion formed the opening words in the oldest of the Cathedral's Anglo-Saxon charters, dated A.D. 742.

THE SERVICE IN ST. PAUL'S

A TRIBUTE TO LORD DAVIDSON

The opening service of the Lambeth Conference took place yesterday morning in St. Paul's Cathedral, and was attended by about 300 Bishops from all parts of the world. The Archbishop of Canterbury celebrated Holy Communion and the Conference sermon was preached by the Archbishop of York.

While the service was simple in form, ecclesiastical ceremony and pageantry within the great spaces of the Cathedral gave to it a special character. Shortly after half-past 9 the Dean and Chapter proceeded to the West Door to receive his All-Holiness Mgr. Meletios II., Patriarch of Alexandria, and other members of the Orthodox delegation to the Conference.

GESTURE TO ORTHODOX CHURCH

These were conducted in stately procession to the choir, where it was noticed with great interest that the Patriarch was seated in the throne of the Archbishop of Canterbury. This unprecedented courtesy can be regarded as a notable gesture of friendship extended to the delegation. Before going to St. Paul's the Patriarch, with nine other Orthodox Bishops and attendant clergy, walked to the Cenotaph to lay a wreath.

At 10.15 the Anglican Bishops were conducted from the Crypt to join a greater procession. This had at its head the Verger, the Cathedral Cross, the Registrar, the Cross of Canterbury, and the Archbishop of Canterbury with his chaplains. Then came the Archbishops of Armagh and Wales, the Bishop of London, supported by the Dean and Chapter, another cross-bearer, the Archbishop of York, the Metropolitans, the Bishops of Rhode Island, Durham, Winchester, and Meath, and behind them the other Bishops of the Anglican Communion. The procession passed out of the South door, moved in a line of scarlet and white along Cannon-street, and re-entered the Cathedral at the great West door, where the choir was waiting. The service began with the singing of the Litany, during which the Bishops proceeded up the Nave, to divide right and left on reaching the front of the Dome and pass to their seats beneath the Dome.

The Metropolitans, with the Bishops of Durham, Winchester, and Meath, sat in front of the other Bishops until after the Sermon, when they were led by the Archbishop of York to the Sanctuary. After the Litany the hymn, "Come, Holy Ghost, our souls inspire," was sung with the congregation kneeling, and the Archbishop of Canterbury began the office of the Holy Communion, which was sung to the setting of Macpherson in E flat. The ARCHBISHOP of WALES read the Epistle, and the Gospel was read by the ARCHBISHOP of ARMAGH. For the Creed and Gloria in Excelsis the organ was joined by trumpets and drums.

ARCHBISHOP OF YORK'S SERMON

Before beginning his sermon the ARCHBISHOP of YORK said that Archbishop Davidson had accepted the invitation to be the preacher at the service, and until a few months ago had fully hoped to have that measure of association with this seventh Lambeth Conference having been present at all but one of the earlier Conference. With what affectionate and reverent attention they would have received his message! He had won from all parts of the Anglican communion in every quarter of the globe a trust and love never before so richly earned by any man.

In the course of the sermon the Archbishop of York said:—

The irreligious man always supposes that the doctrine of Predestination must be a narcotic to conscience and to moral enterprise; and so, for irreligious folk, or half-religious folk, it is. They argue that if God settles all there is nothing for us to settle. And they argue thus because, having little or no inward experience of religion, they conceive the action of the infinite Will of God upon our finite wills to be identical with the action of one man's will upon another's.

Even in logic that error is easily refuted. But the lesson of history is very clear. Those men to whom such doctrines as Predestination, Irresistible Grace, the Sovereign Decrees of God, are matter not of speculation but of experience, are precisely those who exhibit the most astonishing energy, conceiving enterprises and performing feats of perseverance and endurance that put to shame the advocates of the view that by independent human volition we are to discharge a responsibility which is itself left as an almost crushing burden. . . .

There is always this trouble about the profoundest religious doctrines, that they appear to the world outside to involve consequences the precise opposite of their real effects. The resolution of these problems is not in argument, but in life. This is not because of any inadequacy in the nature of logic, but because only in life as a whole are all the premises available which logic itself requires for drawing a true conclusion.

THE GREAT ISSUE

The great issue for religion in our day is not to be found in our differences about sacramental doctrine; it is not to be found in our disagreements about validity of ministries; it concerns faith in the living God. The first duty of the Church is to be sure that it knows how to present the truth of God so as to reveal its adequacy to the knowledge and the needs of the day. That God is Himself both Ultimate Reality and Supreme Value we are well assured; but it is not enough that we should be assured; we must so present Him before men alike in our teaching, in our worship, in the enterprises to which we give our thought, in the choice of subjects on which we dispute with our fellow-Christians, and in the very manner of our controversies, that others may find the assurance which means so much to us. . . .

At this moment perhaps it is specially appropriate that we remind ourselves of the proportions proper to our controversies in the light of the Majesty of God. Those who watch the Church from outside may receive the impression that it spends a great deal of energy about matters which look very unimportant against the background of either "the starry heavens above or the moral law within."

No doubt their perception is distorted. Faithful pastoral work, even miracles of grace in the conversion of sinners, are not recorded in the organs of public opinion. The fact that our controversies occupy a large proportion of the space allotted to reports of things ecclesiastical does not mean that they occupy an equally large proportion of the time and energy of Church-people. Yet it is hard to avoid the conclusion that to some of the subjects of historic controversy no time or energy would have been given at all by men who constantly had before their minds the Majesty of God and the scope of His Purpose for mankind through the Church. Moreover we are responsible not only for our own thoughts, but for the impression that we create. We are God's witnesses, and our duty is so to give our witness as to carry this truth to the minds of men. . . .

TWO GREAT CONCERNS

In all the Church's work there are two great concerns: the eternal salvation of souls and the age-long destiny of man. And these are not two but one, for they are united in the reality of the Communion of Saints. For that one cause we labour, upheld by faith in the Almighty and Eternal God, with Whom a thousand years are as one day and one day as a thousand years, so that it is never the quantity of our achievement that is important, but always and only the quality of our devotion. Our faith will show itself, as always, in the combination of apparently contrasted characteristics. In its power we shall be resolute in purpose, for the task calls for all, and more than all, our powers, and yet in a true sense light hearted, for the issues are not in our hands, but in His who uses us as His instruments. We shall not try in fretful impatience to force the pace, yet we shall take each next step forward so soon as it can be taken with effect. For those who can most truly serve the great cause to which we are called are not those who strive and cry and make their voices to be heard in the street, but those who face alike the whole great task and every detail in their service of it with the calm determination and serene resolve that are born of faith in the Almighty and Eternal God.

While we deliberate, He reigns; when we decide foolishly, He reigns; when we serve Him in humble loyalty, He reigns; when we serve Him self-assertively, He reigns; when we rebel and seek to withhold our service, He reigns—the Alpha and the Omega, which is, and which was, and which is to come, the Almighty.

HOLY COMMUNION

After the sermon the Archbishop of Canterbury, with the Archbishops Assistant, were conducted to the Altar, and the offertory was taken while the choir sang to music by Dr. E. C. Bairstow the hymn "Blessed city, heavenly Salem." The administration of the Holy Communion to the Bishops followed.

CHURCH UNITY

CONGREGATIONALISTS' MESSAGE TO LAMBETH

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BOURNEMOUTH, JULY 6

"The Living Church: Its Unity" was the subject dealt with by the International Congregational Council at Bournemouth yesterday. The basis of unity was discussed by DR. J. VERNON BARTLETT, Oxford, who said that practical results were bound to follow the 1920 Lambeth Appeal. The old sharp antithesis of Catholic and Protestant had gone for ever. Evangelic Catholicism and Catholic Evangelicalism had begun to replace them. Intercommission must come before long in some way or other, but without Christian liberty, on the basis of love, for conscience in all, there could be no real advance in unity. He hoped they would study that matter afresh while the present Lambeth Conference was in session and associate themselves with their sister conference in every way possible in attaining the end in view.

DR. W. D. BARTON (Massachusetts) said that a large proportion of Church union schemes did not deserve encouragement because they would create more divisions than they healed. They must first promote cooperation and even organic union with those bodies with whom they had more in common. Congregationalists were just as competent as Lambeth Bishops to say on what conditions union must be based. "We would say," he proceeded, "that any Christian who is good enough for Jesus Christ is a good enough Christian for any communion table in Christendom, and whether Lambeth say they will receive us or not we will not outlaw them. We will not count any Christian Church or any Christian as other than akin to us. There we will stand, Lambeth agreeing or dissenting."

DR. A. E. GARVIE (London) said that the Anglican Church had stretched out a hand, and were they to put their hands behind their backs and refuse the proferred hand? They were bound sympathetically and respectfully to listen to all that the Church of England had to say to them on that matter.

The council unanimously passed a resolution, to be sent to the Archbishop of Canterbury in view of the Lambeth Conference, stating that the Lambeth appeal of 1920 had helped both denominations to appreciate one another and made the question of unity a living one for all their Churches. There were difficulties on both sides, but "we desire to assure you that we, as well as you, feel the reproach that rests upon us, and the hindrances put in the way of the progress of the kingdom of God by our 'unhappy divisions.' We, too, pray for the day when in God's good providence, and in His own perfect way, the difficulties in the way of complete fellowship may be removed."

LOUVRE SALE BEGINS TO-DAY

SALE TIME
The store will remain open until 6.30 p.m. during the Sale period.

MODEL EVENING GOWNS AT HALF PRICE
During the Sale the entire collection of Louvre Model Evening Gowns will be cleared at half price. Early shopping is advised.

Afternoon Gown of navy blue crêpe de Chine, featuring a dainty double cape-collar of lemon and white georgette. The cuffs are of lemon and white georgette. Usual price 7½gns. SALE PRICE 6GNS

Afternoon Frock in a heavy crêpe de Chine. The panels introduced on the bodice give a particularly slim effect and the skirt is gracefully flared. In green only. Usual Price 5½gns. SALE PRICE 2GNS

Graceful Model in heavy silk marocain, cut wrap-over style, and trimmed with a heavy silk fringe. The ruched collar has a gardenia. In black only. Usual price 6½gns. SALE PRICE 5½GNS

Suitable for many summer occasions, this model is of black and beige lace and georgette. Its graceful lines are very attractive. Usually 14gns. SALE PRICE 10GNS

This charming hand-embroidered Night-gown is made from a good quality white cambric and will wear extremely well. Usual Price 8/11. SALE PRICE 5/11

Chemise and Knicker, to match the night-gown illustrated at left. In white cambric, beautifully embroidered. Usual price each 5/11 SALE PRICE each 3/11

This charming Evening Corselette is made from needle-run lace, lined with net. Support and perfect lines are given by the skilful introduction of elastic, which is also used for the detachable shoulder-straps. Sizes 32-38. Usual price 39/6. SALE PRICE 33/9

Printed crêpe de Chine Wrap, floral design, cut cross-over style. Available in various attractive colourings. Usual price 59/6 SALE PRICE 49/11

SHOE SALE OFFERS

Beige glacé One-bar Shoe with panels of grey and white plaited leather let into the sides and vamp. Usual price 30/- SALE PRICE 15/-

Smart brown glacé Court Shoe with nigger suède let into the sides and vamp. Spanish heel. Usual price 35/- SALE PRICE £1

This well-fitting black patent One-bar Shoe is a particularly comfortable model. Usual price 30/- SALE PRICE 15/-

Beige glacé One-bar Shoe trimmed with brown glacé. Medium Spanish heel. Usual price 35/- SALE PRICE £1

THE LOUVRE OXFORD CIRCUS W.1.
Magasins du Louvre (Paris & London) Ltd. Telephone: Mayfair 0400.

KING'S CUP AIR RACE & the SIDDELEY TROPHY

again won on

1st. Miss W. S. BROWN (AVRO AVIAN CIRRUS III.) AND THE SIDDELEY TROPHY
2nd. Mr. A. S. BUTLER (D. H. MOTH GIPSY II.)
3rd. Flight-Lieut. WAGHORN (BLACKBURN BLUEBIRD GIPSY I.)

WAKEFIELD CASTROL MOTOR OIL
—the Product of an ALL-BRITISH Firm
C. C. WAKEFIELD & CO., LTD., Wakefield House, Cheapside, London, E.C.2

A Great Economy Event!

THE WARING SALE

Waring SALE BOOK 68 pages POST FREE

DAILY THIS WEEK . . . 9 to 6.30

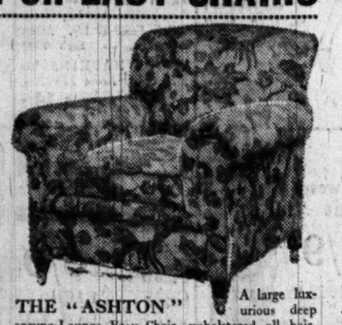
The most important Sale of furnishings in the Kingdom, being universally recognised as a genuine opportunity to purchase the beautiful quality goods of the House of Waring at phenomenal price reductions

For example:

20% SAVING on EASY CHAIRS

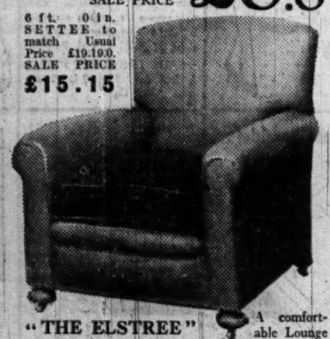
Similar Bargains in

FURNITURE
REPRODUCTIONS
ANTIQUES
CARPETS
FABRICS
LINENS
BEDSTEADS
BEDDING
CHINA & GLASS
SILVERWARE
BATHROOM REQUISITES
ELECTRICAL
CUSHIONS
LAMPSHADES
PIANOS & GRAMOPHONES



THE "ASHTON" A large luxurious deep sprung Lounge Easy Chair, upholstered all hair, with loose feather cushion on seat, covered in cretonne. Usual Price £10.10 SALE PRICE **£8.8**

6 ft. 0 in. SETTEE to match. Usual Price £19.19.0. SALE PRICE **£15.15**



"THE ELSTREE" A comfortable Lounge Easy Chair, upholstered fibre and hair, with deep sprung seat, and spring edge to same, covered in hide, with loose feather cushion on seat in velveteen. SALE PRICE **£9.18.6**

6ft. 3in. SETTEE to match, with three cushions on seat. SALE PRICE **£22.15**

WARINGS

Bold Street LIVERPOOL — WARING & GILLOW LTD. OXFORD ST. W. — Deansgate MANCHESTER

SELFRIDGE'S

CLEARANCE SALE

WE HIT HARD AT HIGH PRICES AT SELFRIDGE'S

Prices of nearly everything here came down during the past year, and Selfridge's have perhaps led in the determination to reduce the cost of living. The prices at Selfridge's will always be found to be the lowest of any.—*Copyright.*

Rich Silks at Sale Prices

50,000 Yards of PRINTED SILKS

PRINTED CREPE DE CHINE, GEORGETTES, CHIFFONS, DOUBLE WIDTH, 800 DIFFERENT PATTERNS.

These wonderful Silks are the stocks of several well-known manufacturers which we purchased at big discounts, so are able to offer them to you at this amazing price. Available in a large range of colourings and over 800 different floral and conventional patterns to choose from. All silk qualities, and really reliable in wear, they were made to sell at 6/11 to 9/11 a yard, and are being offered now at the remarkable price of, a yard .. **5/-** post free

Patterns where designs permit sent post free.

SILK DEPT., FIRST FLOOR.

"Gloria" Crepe

Our renowned quality "Gloria" Lingerie Crêpe with its fine close weave and beautiful soft texture is an ideal fabric for Washing Frocks, Blouses, Tennis Wear, Lingerie, Men's Shirts, etc., in over 30 exclusive Pastel colourings, including Tea Rose Bleu d'Amour, Pale Capucine, Nugold, Rose Blush, Pervenche, Cyclamen, Flesh Pink, Rose Pink, Coral, Mauve, Helio, Amethyst, Bois de Rose, Apricot, Gold, Peach, Fawn, Red, Cinnamon, Lemon, Almond, Sky, Nattier, Champagne, Turquoise, Jade, Vieux Rose, Salmon, Navy, also Ivory or Black. 38 inches wide. Former Price 5/11. SALE PRICE **4/11** a yard post free

A dozen yards (assorted colourings if desired) 58/- Post free.

Patterns post free.

Silk Dept. First Floor.

For Lingerie

ALL SILK WASHABLE CREPE SATIN BEAUTE. Exceptional Offer of this delightful all Silk Crepe Satin in a very fine crêpe weave, drapes beautifully and is ideally suited for Evening Wear, Gowns, etc., also Lingerie, in exclusive Pastel shades of Coral, Rose, Salmon, Flesh, and Tea Rose Shades of Pink, also Apricot, Sky, Lemon, Nil, Parchment, Baby Blue, also Ivory or Black. 38 inches wide. Made to sell at 6/11. SALE PRICE a yard **4/11** post free

A dozen yards (assorted colourings if desired) 58/- Post free.

Patterns post free.

Silk Dept. First Floor.

Black Satin Charmante

Reliable heavy all silk quality. Exceptional Cash Purchase of a very large quantity of this delightful all silk Black Satin with a rich dull face and crêpe back. Drapes beautifully and is ideally suited for Gowns, Wraps, Coats, etc. Also available in Reseda, Nut Brown or Ivory.

38 inches wide. Made to sell at 8/11. SALE PRICE a yard post free **6/11**

A dozen yards 81/-

Anticipating a speedy clearance post orders executed in strict rotation. Patterns post free.

Silk Dept. First Floor.

Crepe Marocain

in a fine crêpe weave. Reliable soft draping quality suitable for smart Frocks, Jumpers, etc. In newest Season's colourings including Afterglow, Parakeet, Grevette, Dune, Beechnut, Nigger Brown, Pewter, Nutmeg, Melon, Dove, Vieux Rose, Pink, Strawberry, Coral, Passion Flower, Blush Rose, Larkspur, Naples, Angelica, Nil, Biarritz Blue, Gazelle, Bottle, Lemon, Moorland Purple, Lido Blue, Rust, Tomato, Reseda, Chanel Red, Fawn, Beige, Mushroom, Bois de Rose, Air Force Blue, Lt. or Dk. Saxe, Royal, Putty, Light or Dark Grey, Steel, Cardinal, Pimpernel Red, Pervenche, Corona, Light or Dark Navy, also Ivory or Black. Double width. Former Price 3/11. SALE PRICE a yard post free **3/3**

Patterns post free.

Silk Dept. First Floor.

Printed Marocain

Special Offer of 105 pieces of these very popular Fabrics, in a very large variety of smart new allover Floral and Conventional designs in beautifully blended colourings to tone on Light and Dark coloured, also Black grounds. Reliable hard-wearing qualities, recommended for smart Day Frocks, Children's Wear, Linings, etc. Double width. Former Prices 6/11 and 5/11. SALE PRICE a yard post free **5/-**

Patterns post free.

Silk Dept. First Floor.

All Silk Crepe

HEAVY ALL SILK WASHING SCHAPPE CREPE DE CHINE woven expressly to our specification. Over 60 smart effective designs are available from which to choose in this delightful Washing Silk which is recommended for smart Tub Frocks, Tennis Wear, Lingerie, Shirts and Pyjamas, in a large range of smart stripes and checks; also plaids in beautifully blended combinations of exquisite colourings on light and dark coloured grounds. 36/38 inches wide. Our regular qualities. Former Prices 9/11 and 8/11. SALE PRICE a yard post free **7/11**

Patterns post free.

Silk Dept. First Floor.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd., London, W.1. Are you reading "Callisthenes"?

Political Speeches

UNIONIST POLICY

SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN ON TARIFFS

Presiding at the Birmingham Unionist Association's annual demonstration at Edgbaston Botanical Gardens on Saturday, SIR AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN read a letter from Mr. Neville Chamberlain, who was unable to be present, in which he referred to his appointment as chairman of the party, and added, "I hope I may have the satisfaction of seeing a united party achieve a speedy victory over the present incompetent and mischievous Government."

SIR AUSTEN CHAMBERLAIN expressed the opinion that the party had been indulging a little too much of late in discussing small points of procedure upon which there were differences of opinion, and had been thinking too little of the great points of policy upon which they were agreed. The Government had been content to tinker with the problem of trade and employment; they were treating the disease which had become chronic with mild and temporary palliatives which left the root of the disease untouched; they had destroyed confidence by their administration and by their rash treaties; and they had added to the burdens of industry instead of lightening them by the Budget. Unionists, on the other hand, saw that the only possible assistance a Government could render industry and therefore towards the relief of unemployment, was first of all by lightening the burdens on industry, and secondly by developing old markets and opening up new markets for the produce of our trade. They proposed in the agricultural sphere direct assistance by a guaranteed price for wheat, by preventing the dumping of foreign oats or other agricultural produce, and by similar measures all intended to help industry and to keep labour employed instead of, as was now happening, unemployment in the towns being swelled and the urban problem being rendered more difficult because the country districts were beginning to discharge labour.

For the industrial situation they recommended in the first place a large and generous policy of safeguarding of our own home market. They recommended in the second place free conferences with the Dominions in order to find a common plan in which by mutual concession they could each serve the other's interest, each help its own development, and deal with its own conditions. They proposed to use the duties necessary for the one purpose or the other as possible instruments of retaliation to secure fairer treatment for our products in the markets of our competitors. "We have every reason to be gratified with the progress which our ideas are making," Sir Austen Chamberlain added. "It is only a week or so ago that the economic committee of the trade unions made a pronouncement of the first consequence indicating a complete change of view and a great advance upon this question since they first refused to entertain it. Now we read the manifesto of the bankers of the City of London, the heads and members of the great provincial institutions which finance our trade and which are therefore entirely conversant with the conditions of that trade, declaring for our programme. Our policy, winning by the force of circumstances, is going in a short time to be triumphant. What profits a quarrel among ourselves on details of procedure when we have only got to work in the harvest fields in order to reap the harvest for which all of us have toiled?"

Mr. AMERY congratulated the Government on having done what no one else could have done so successfully—namely, on having killed free trade. If ever a man had deliberately set himself to make free trade odious and ridiculous in this country, it was Mr. Snowden. He believed the declaration of the bankers would be of immense value in bringing about absolute unity as to method, as well as giving an object in the party. The bankers were endorsing without qualification or reserve the whole of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain's policy.

SIR H. SAMUEL AND THE BANKERS

"A POLICY OF DEFEATISM"

SIR HERBERT SAMUEL, M.P., speaking at Altrincham on Saturday, said that a number of bankers had recently issued a declaration on the tariff question which must command respect on account of the distinction of their names. It was not to be supposed, however, that they were speaking for the institutions to which they belonged. He had yet to learn that the directors of those banks had met and passed resolutions in favour of a protective tariff, and he felt sure that there were many other bankers who would profess an opposite view to that which had just been propounded. Had the signatories remembered that three out of four of the inhabitants of the British Empire were Indians? Did they think it probable that Bombay millowners would consent to the opening of Indian ports to Lancashire cottons in return for a preference in the British market on Assam tea or jute, or other raw materials from India? He was sure that the bankers who had approved this declaration would lend no support to the delusion that import duties could be imposed on raw materials and foodstuffs coming from foreign countries and the prices not be raised. Were they prepared to advocate to the nation a general rise in the cost of the food of our people and the raw materials of our manufactures? The country must look with a careful eye at the cost which must be paid for the advantages which the new policy was expected to bring.

Sir Herbert Samuel also asked whether the bankers fully realized the continual uncertainty which the adoption of such a plan would introduce into the conduct of business. Trade would never know over a series of years what new tariff changes would affect its investments and prospects. The whole question would be thrown into the battlefield of politics. Nor had the bankers any right to expect that the extent of tariff changes would be limited as they themselves desired. These matters would not be decided by a group of City men quietly meeting in a boardroom. If prices were to be raised by protectionist duties, every manufacturer, every agriculturist, and soon, perhaps, every trade union and every municipal authority, would wish to share in the proceeds. The bankers' resolution was one of defeatism.

Speaking later at Manchester, Sir Herbert Samuel referred to the report of the committee of inquiry into the cotton trade. He said he regarded the recommendations in the report as sound and useful. They showed that the salvation of the industry must come from the industry itself and not from any political measures. "I naturally consider the recommendations as being wise," he said, "if they are practically identical with those which were propounded by the Liberal Party in a debate in the House of Commons a few months ago. It is clear from the facts given in the report that any question of safeguarding is useless to the cotton trade." One of the most significant passages in the report was the emphasis laid on the need of removing restrictions upon efficient production. No less important were the passages in the report which repeated the previous announcements that finance would be available, and not at the expense or risk of the taxpayer, to meet the cost of desirable measures of reorganization and re-equipment, and also that a trade mission was to be sent to the Far East to examine in further detail the causes of the loss of trade and possible measures for its recovery. The proposals appeared to him to be sound, but whether they would prove helpful must necessarily depend upon the employers and workpeople in the industry itself.

MR. GUINNESS AND TARIFFS

Mr. WALTER GUINNESS, M.P., speaking at a Conservative fête at Elvedon Hall, the seat of Lord and Lady Iveagh, Suffolk, on Saturday said the only solution before the country for the problem of unemployment was the development of free trade throughout the Empire, and the lifting of our so-called free trade system. The Conservative Party had been the pioneers of that movement, and now they had received the tremendous endorsement of the bankers, who had been the traditional supporters of free trade. It looked as if it was going to carry the Conservative Party over the bar into the haven whither they had been steering.

LORD MELCHETT AND THE BANKERS' MANIFESTO

LORD MELCHETT, speaking at a Wiltshire Conservative demonstration at Bowood on Saturday night, said that it was obvious to those not blinded by party prejudice that fundamental action was required in order to put the country on its feet again. We had the remedy in our hands. We had in the British Empire the greatest potential markets for the exchange of goods of all kinds the world had ever seen. He could not understand the attitude of some people, who, with all that in front of them, trembled because they thought they might not be returned to Parliament again. Trade unionists of this country were marching in a growing phalanx and with greater emphasis and strength towards the ideal of Empire economic unity and safeguarding. A miracle was happening. The country had always been told a change in its economic system would destroy the City of London as a financial centre, but the bankers had now declared themselves with overwhelming certainty in favour of the whole policy.

LABOUR AND EMPIRE TRADE

MR. C. T. CRAMP ON POLITICAL POWERS OF UNIONS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

WEST HARTLEPOOL, JULY 6

This evening Mr. C. T. Cramp, secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, addressed a meeting in connexion with the annual conference of the union, which opens to-morrow morning. He said the union was stronger by 12,000 members than a year ago, which showed that they had definitely recovered from the events of 1926. Financially, they were well on the upward grade. All transport was dependent for its prosperity upon the general state of trade and industry, and especially upon the heavy industries. These were languishing, and it was not in the power of a trade union to secure that they should flourish, because at least £400,000,000 of our trade and commerce was done oversea. The means of stimulating those industries upon which in turn their own depended must be sought by enlarging the scope of their operations and by taking full advantage of their political, as well as their industrial, influence. Clearly, we could not maintain our population upon the volume of pre-War trade, and all parties would have to do some hard thinking before a solution of the problem could be found.

"I am not one of those who believe, as I fear some in our ranks do believe, that the Government should become a glorified board of guardians, because the salvation of our country will not be found in merely doling out money from Governmental sources without having any regard as to the way in which the income is produced."

If our overseas markets did not expand at the same pace as our population grew then no Government, Liberal, Conservative, Labour-Socialist, or Communist, could possibly deal with the situation. While it was deemed heresy in some quarters for the trade unions to speak of the lands which constituted the Dominions or the British Empire, the Trade Union Committee believed that new difficulties demanded a new outlook. It believed that we had no tradition which tied us down to thinking in terms of this island alone.

SIR P. CUNLIFFE-LISTER ON FOOD TAXES

SIR PHILIP CUNLIFFE-LISTER, speaking at a Conservative fête at Tenterden, Kent, on Saturday night, said that the main interest of the whole Empire to-day lay in bringing closer the bonds of trade just as they were united in common loyalty. The remarkable manifesto which has been issued by a number of London bankers was a pronouncement of the highest consequence. It was the considered judgment of men of world-wide experience, the judgment of men many of whom in the past had been among the most rigid adherents of free trade, and many who had advocated free trade in national and international councils and affairs. These were men, experienced, responsible, who did not lightly change their opinion. When they did, and when they expressed a unanimous opinion, they might take it that the change came of sincere conviction, based on practical experience and, indeed, as they themselves say, of bitter experience and the realities which had to be faced to-day.

Was not that pronouncement the most conclusive justification of the policy which Conservatives had been preaching all these months and a policy which their opponents, Socialists and Liberals, had attacked vehemently? The Government had reiterated again and again that they were against all duties of any kind. The Prime Minister was bankrupt of ideas and policy. He was talking loosely about a world condition which he could not control. The Prime Minister had forgotten all his pledges, and now he asked for the cooperation of the Conservative Party. They could not give any cooperation to policies in which they did not believe. No nation could remain a great commercial nation, a great trade nation, unless its commerce was well founded on prosperous, productive industry. Referring to agriculture, Sir Philip Cunliffe-Lister said that the key to sound agriculture was to make arable farming pay, and the key to that was to make wheat pay. They could only do that by having a fair guaranteed price for wheat. It was impossible to exaggerate the value to this country of Empire trade. He was not in the least alarmed that it would involve some duties on foreign food while Empire food entered the country free.

THE FIRST LORD AT PLYMOUTH

INSPECTION OF NAVAL ESTABLISHMENTS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

PLYMOUTH, JULY 6

The First Lord of the Admiralty, Mr. A. V. Alexander, spent a busy time in Plymouth and Devonport on Friday and yesterday, when he paid his first official visit to all the naval establishments in the Plymouth Command. Last evening he addressed a Cooperators' Rally in Plymouth Guildhall.

Mr. Alexander travelled to Plymouth after making an inspection of the Royal Naval College at Dartmouth. On reaching Admiralty House, Devonport, he was received by the Commander-in-Chief, Admiral Sir Hubert Brand, and made a tour of Devonport Dockyard. He inspected the sloops Hastings and Penzance, now under construction, the cruiser Exeter, which was launched last summer, the aircraft-carrier Courageous, which is being refitted, the battleship Resolution, which has just returned to port after two and a half years' commission in the Mediterranean, and the Chilean battleship Almirante Natorre, which is being refitted. In the South Yard he saw the sloops Fowey and Bideford, which are under construction, and the slip which is being prepared to take the keel of the cruiser Leander. The armament depôts at Bull Point and Ernesettle, a mile or two away, were also inspected.

Mr. Alexander continued his tour of the Command by visiting the shore Naval establishment at the Royal Naval Barracks, Keyham. He was received by Commodore N. F. Laurence and a guard of honour, and introduced to members of the barracks staff. At the Royal Naval Engineering College Captain E. L. D. Acland introduced the officers of his staff to the First Lord, who also saw the cadets in the instruction rooms and workshops. In the Erebus, the cadet training ship which lies at anchor in Barnpool, the First Lord was received by the commanding officer, Captain S. St. Leger Moore, and saw the classrooms, the cadets' quarters, and the gymnasium, and inspected the cadets at divisions. The inspection concluded with a visit to the Royal Naval Hospital at Stonehouse.

During his tour of the Dockyard Mr. Alexander met representatives of the Yard Committee, who expressed their appreciation of the provision in the 1930 shipbuilding programme for the Devonport Yard, which had brought more confidence as to future employment.

REPLY TO LORD BEATTY

At the cooperators' rally at Plymouth last evening Mr. Alexander replied to Lord Beatty's criticism in the House of Lords of the Government's naval policy. The decision to set up a one-Power standard instead of a two-Power standard, he said, was not the decision of the present Government, but was made in 1921-22 at Washington when parity in capital ships and aircraft-carriers was agreed to. Referring to Lord Beatty's assertion that his (Mr. Alexander's) statement that the Naval agreement did not mean a reduction in relative strength so far as the British Navy was concerned was not in accordance with the facts, he asked Lord Beatty to examine the facts again and see what they were before questioning his veracity. The Labour Government went sincerely and honestly to work for peace into a conference in which they found growing up steadily a new competition in all classes of ships not covered by the Washington Treaty. For instance, in February, 1929, a Bill was passed in the United States raising the number of 8in.-gun cruisers to be built to 23. The year before we had reduced the number we proposed to build to 18, but out of the Conference came an agreement limiting the number to 18 for America and 15 for this country. Could anyone say that the rate of 18 to 15 was not better than 23 to 18? Referring to relative European building strengths, Mr. Alexander said: "If we are menaced, peace man as I am, I would not see my country let down."

NORTH NORFOLK CONTEST

FIGHT AT EMPIRE FREE TRADE MEETING

Candidates { Mr. T. A. Cook (U.) / Lady Noel-Buxton (Lab.).

Polling, Wednesday. Declaration on Thursday.

LAST ELECTION:—

Mr. N. Buxton (Lab.)	14,544
Mr. T. A. Cook (U.)	12,661
Mrs. C. F. Hoffman (L.)	3,403
Labour majority	1,883

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

CROMER, JULY 5

The temper of the political meetings in North Norfolk has been so good since the beginning of the contest that interruptions and a fight at a meeting addressed by Lord Beaverbrook this evening were a surprise. Election fervour has certainly risen during the past week, but fisticuffs were something new. It was market day, and this perhaps affected the political atmosphere. Lord Beaverbrook had left the platform when the fight occurred, and he watched the proceedings mounted on a chair. The combat was of short duration, and although it was fierce between men in the audience for a few moments, it was quickly subdued by the police.

The two political parties held open-air meetings about a mile apart at Fakenham. The Conservatives met in the market place, where Lord Beaverbrook was the principal speaker, and the Labour Party assembled on Hempton Green, where the meeting was addressed by Mr. Henderson, the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs. As the Labour meeting was held an hour earlier than that of the Conservative Party, many who assembled on Hempton Green were afterwards able to join the crowd in the market place. But before their arrival there were signs of opposition. In spite of provocative interruptions, Lord Beaverbrook continued his arguments. Once when interrupted he exclaimed: "That is not very courteous. Surely you will be more courteous to a visitor, won't you?" Outstanding points in his speech were his claims that the Conservative Party had accepted Empire free trade and that it was supported by members of the Liberal and Labour Parties. Twice he referred to the bankers' manifesto. He said they would have seen the declaration of the City of London bankers in favour of Empire free trade. These bankers know the present necessity for great changes in our fiscal system. "They know," he continued, "that under existing conditions the whole body politic is in a desperate state, and they know, too, that the remedy that we are advocating is the only remedy that offers us an opportunity of restoring Britain once more to a dominating place among the countries of the world."

"AN IMMENSE REVOLUTION"

Later in his speech Lord Beaverbrook returned to the subject. "A great new situation," he said, "has arisen. An immense revolution has taken place. The Conservative Party have accepted Empire free trade, and that is a great step forward. There it is; you will find it in all the chief Conservative newspapers of London this morning—*The Times*, the *Daily Telegraph*, and the *Morning Post*. They have all accepted it. And this splendid revolution follows on the bankers' manifesto of yesterday, that mighty declaration for Empire free trade. Now at length we are no longer divided. Now we all march together. All difficulties are removed, all differences are dissipated. I rejoice in this splendid development. Now the Conservatives of North Norfolk may feel that we are safely through the rapids, that we are now sailing smoothly in the calmer waters of the deep river, the mighty, the magnificent river, that leads to the ocean of boundless prosperity." Lord Beaverbrook claimed that there are a great many members of the Parliamentary Labour Party who are in favour of Empire free trade. He said he had received innumerable letters and messages of approval and encouragement from leading Socialists all over the country. And the Liberal Party, speaking through the mouth of Mr. Reginald McKenna and through Mr. McCurdy, had accepted the policy of Empire free trade. "Here," he continued, "you have a movement supported by the whole strength of the Conservative Party, by immense backing from the Socialists, by a most distinguished band of Liberals who have held office in the Government of Britain." Lord Beaverbrook also made a eulogistic reference to Lord Rothermere, to whom he referred as a public-spirited leader who had given an example of single-minded purpose and of unselfish devotion to a great cause.

At the Labour Party meeting held on Hempton Green, Mr. Henderson said he was well aware that Lord Beaverbrook had been saying that there were 200 members of the Labour Party who were only waiting a lead to transfer their allegiance on this question to the Empire Free Trade Party. He challenged him to produce any evidence that there were two score members of the Labour Party prepared to adopt his policy in the way he was advocating it. There were many meetings in the division this evening and on the Labour platform the outstanding subject was food taxes. Lady Noel-Buxton said little by little North Norfolk was calling Lord Beaverbrook's Empire free trade policy the "garden wall policy," because its object was to put a garden wall round the Empire with a lot of little walls across the garden. The trouble was that the serpent protection had got inside the garden wall.

ALLEGED LIBEL IN HEADLINES

UNSUCCESSFUL ACTION AGAINST NEWSPAPER

WILFRED JAMES ABSALOM, described as an automatic amusement caterer, of the Covered Market, Croydon, was unsuccessful in an action which he brought at the Surrey Assizes at Kingston on Saturday against the Croydon Advertiser, Limited, for alleged libel.

Sir Wilfred Sugden, for Mr. Absalom, said that last November an errand boy pleaded "Guilty" at a Children's Court at Croydon to embezzling his employer's money, which, he said, had "gone in the gambling machines in the Covered Market." The case was reported in the *Croydon Advertiser* under the headings:—"Gambling Lure," "Boy's Downward Path." The headings, counsel submitted, were not fair comment. After the report appeared Mr. Absalom received verbal comments and complaints, so he consulted his solicitor, who wrote to the newspaper asking for an apology to be inserted. To this the paper replied refusing the request and stating, "Your client should have sent a letter of thanks for the advertisement."

Mr. Absalom, in the witness-box, agreed that since the report appeared his gross takings had increased, but said that the profits had been reduced. He denied that his automatic machines were gambling machines.

Mr. John Flowers, K.C., for the newspaper, submitted that there was no case to answer. It was admitted that the report was fair and accurate, and it was only the headings that were complained of. He did not know whether it was suggested that before inserting the report the newspaper should have sent a reporter to Mr. Absalom's premises to see whether the machines used were gambling machines, and so try to solve a knotty problem which had exercised the minds of Judges in the High Court.

In summing up, MR. JUSTICE AVORY suggested that the headings were fair comment on a matter of public interest. He had no hesitation in saying that where small boys were tempted to spend their employers' money in gambling machines the matter was of public interest. There was no doubt the boy was descending the downward path.

Without leaving the box, the jury returned a verdict for the newspaper, the foreman remarking, "We suggest that this is a frivolous case, and that there is quite a suggestion of advertisement in it."

MR. JUSTICE AVORY.—I am entirely of your opinion, and I only regret that you should be brought here on such an inconvenient day to listen to such a lot of rubbish.

Judgment was entered for the defendant company, with costs.

BORROWED MOTOR-CARS

BERNARD READ, 17, described as a salesman, was at the Middlesex Sessions on Saturday found *Not Guilty* of stealing two motor-cars at Enfield and was discharged. Read pleaded that he took the car for a joy-ride. SIR HERBERT NIELD, K.C., the Deputy Chairman, said that at present joy-riding did not satisfy the law of the intention of the person concerned permanently to deprive owners of cars of their use. Mr. ALBERT CREW quoted a case where a man borrowed and afterwards abandoned a horse, and a Judge decided that it was not larceny.

DICKINS & JONES

SALE

TO-DAY

You will find drastic reductions prevailing throughout every one of Dickins & Jones' 50 Fashion Departments—for Dickins & Jones never carry fashion merchandise over from one season to the next. An early visit will be amply repaid.

KNITTED JUMPER SUITS

C 356. Specially suitable to the full figure and knitted in fine Wool-Rayon Donegal Tweed Mixture. The Jumper has Crêpe-de-Chine front, finished tie ends. Neat fitting at hip line with fine ribbing, which is repeated in the skirt to give a permanent box-pleated effect. In S.W., W., and O.S. Colours: Beige, Lido, Delphinium, Mignonette Green, Beaver, Clerical Grey, Black/White. Wom. size. Usual Price 98/6 SALE PRICE **59/6** Outsize 63/-

Dept., Second Floor

C 11. Remarkable offer of **WOOL CREPE CARDIGAN SUITS**, skirt has ½-in. box-pleats all round, finished at waist with stitched belt. Cardigan cut on straight lines. In Lido, Beige, Saxe, Brown, Grey, Navy and Black. Sizes S.W. & W. SALE PRICE **25/-**

Third Floor

C 29. **CAPE COAT** in fine Wool Romaine, lined Crepe-de-Chine throughout, finished collar of selected dyed Squirrel to tone. In Beige, Green, Blue, Grey, Navy and Black. S.W., W. and O.S. fittings. Usual Price 6½ gns. SALE PRICE **98/6**

Third Floor

C 30. **COAT** in All-Wool Velour-finished Tweed, in many new designs, lined Celanese throughout. Finished collar of selected dyed Australian Opossum to tone. In Blue, Red, Fawn, Grey, Brown, Cedar and Green Mixtures. S.W., W. and O.S. fittings. Usual Price 6 Gns. SALE PRICE **87/6**

Third Floor

JUMPERS

C 351. NEW JUMPER, woven in fine Wool/Rayon in three-colour effects. Attractive pouch and new neck line piped in colour to blend. In Beige/New Orange/Tan, Desert/Tan/Moss, Desert/Orange/Nigger, White/Lemon/Almond, Grey/Black/White, Peach/Almond/Black, Steel/White/Black, Nigger/Light Fawn/Orange, Saxe/Fawn/Tan. Usually 39/6 SALE PRICE **20/-**

Second Floor

TINY TOTS

C 132. **KNITTED JERSEY SUIT** in Silk and Wool mixture, with border in contrasting shade. Sizes for 2 to 4 years. Colours: Blue, Fawn and Green SALE PRICE **12/9**

C 135. Little Girls' **WASHING FROCK AND KNICKERS**, in Printed Cambric, with Blue or Green design on White ground. Knickers to match. Sizes: 18 to 24 ins. SALE PRICE **8/11**

Dept., Second Floor.

REMARKABLE VALUES IN KNICKERS

C 73. "LOCKNIT" ARTIFICIAL SILK KNICKERS, with Lace insertion as illustration. Colours: Ivory, Pink, Maize, Azure, Sunrise, Apple and Parchment. Usual Price 8/11 SALE PRICE **6/8**

VEST to match, **5/11**

PRINCESS SLIP to match, **9/9**

C 75. "LOCKNIT" KNICKERS, made of Celanese material. Will not ladder. Shades include Ivory, Sky, Pink, Pale Fawn, Maize, Sunrise, Apple, Hyacinth, Sahara, Silver Grey, Mid Grey, Almond, Puritan, Champignon, Navy and Black. SALE PRICES: Wm.'s OS. Ex.OS. **5/- 6/- 8/-**

HOLEPROOF SILK HOSE

C 178. HOLEPROOF Pure Silk Stockings, with garter lisle hem and reinforced feet. All the new season's colours, with **3 months' guarantee** to purchasers of 3 pairs.

3 PRS 19/-

Dept., Ground Floor

BARGAINS IN FINE FURS

GREY SQUIRREL

C 87. A choice model made from clear Grey Skins, beautifully worked. Former Price 89Gns. SALE PRICE GNS. **59**

Also a group in Grey, Cocoa, and Sable Squirrel from 29 Gns.

PERSIAN LAMB

C 89. A fine model with handsome collar and cuffs of sable squirrel, chosen from our wonderful range of Persian Lamb Coats, has been reduced from its Former Price of 150 Gns. to SALE PRICE GNS. **75**

Also six coats will be reduced from 52gns. to 29 gns.

BARGAINS IN SILKS

Write now for patterns of these three remarkable silk offers.

PRINTED CREPE-DE-CHINE

C 112. A beautifully printed all Silk Crêpe-de-Chine, OFFERED AT LESS THAN COST OF PRODUCTION. The designs and colours are exclusive to Dickins and Jones, and include small neat designs, floral and all-over effects on ground colours of Saxe, Navy, Beige, Brown, Green, Black, etc., with new contrasting colours. 38/40 inches wide. Usually 11/9 **6/11**

CREPE-DE-CHINE

C 111. An exceptional Sale offer of a superior quality high-grade All-Silk Crêpe-de-Chine. Heavy-weight quality, beautifully soft in texture and finish. Obtainable in exquisite Lingerie shades of Pink, Lemon, Nymphe, Nil, Sky, Mauve, Salmon, Peach, Ivory and Black. 38 ins. wide. Per yard Usually 12/9 **8/11**

RODIER'S EMBROIDERIES

C 122. A limited quantity only of exclusive designs in the famous Rodier Embroideries. As usual, their designs are both original and striking, and will make distinguished wraps, bridge coats, jumpers, &c. A GREAT OPPORTUNITY FOR PERSONAL SHOPPERS. 38/40 ins. wide. SALE PRICE, per yard Usually 29/6-45/- **12/9**

Silk Department, Ground Floor.

C 17. LACE AND GEORGETTE DRESS, for afternoon or dinner wear, with attractive cape effect at back, lined silk throughout. Sizes: W. & O.S. Colours: Black, Beige, Grey and Blue. SALE PRICE **79/6**

Third Floor

C 16. Smart and effective TWO-PIECE in fancy Crêpe-de-Chine. The long-sleeved frock has an attractive sleeveless coatee which ties at waist. Stock size. Colours: Black, Navy, and Brown. SALE PRICE **69/6**

Third Floor.

C 67. FLORAL ENSEMBLE FOR THE PETITE in the latest designs. The dress is lined georgette to tone throughout and the semi-fitting coatee is trimmed spray of hand-made flowers. In 3 small sizes and a wide range of colours. SALE PRICE **98/6**

Third Floor.

DICKINS & JONES, REGENT STREET, W.1

MARSHALL & SNELGROVE

VERE·STREET·AND·OXFORD STREET·LONDON·W·1

SALE

NOW PROCEEDING

HOUSEHOLD LINEN WEEK

£20,000

of

High Grade Linens at Bargain Prices

TYPICAL LINEN BARGAINS:

Special Offer
"Marshallgrade"
Best quality TURKISH BATH SHEETS. Size 48x78 each 8/9 Size 60x80 each 10/9

CHECK BATH MATS in fast colours of Blue, Green, Rose or Tango. Size 24×36. Each 2/9

PRINTED BEDSPREADS in an exclusive design in fast colours of Green, Rose, or Tango, on a fawn Jaspe ground. Single bed size. Each 6/6

ART. SILK BEDSPREADS in a border and block stripe design on a fawn ground in fast colours of Blue, Green, Rose, Gold, or Brown. Double bed size only. Usual Price 25/6 each. Each 15/6

Outstanding Value. Irish Linen HEMSTITCHED SHEETS, laundered ready for use. Size 2×3 yds. SALE PRICE, pair 27/9
Size 2½×3 yds. SALE PRICE, pair 36/9

Wonderful Value. 350 pairs only Real WITNEY BLANKETS, white with blue headings, thoroughly recommended for warmth and wear. Size 60 ins. ×80 ins. SALE PRICE, pair 17/6

75 doz. only. Pure Linen HUCKABACK TOWELS with H.S. Damask borders in assorted designs. These towels will wash and wear extremely well. Size 24 ins. × 40 ins. SALE PRICE, doz. 34/6

Wonderful Offer. 150 only. Fine Linen TOP SHEETS, and Pillow Cases to match, with a new five-row hand-drawn stitch design. Single bed size. Usual Price 39/9 each. SALE PRICE each 29/6
Double bed size. Usual Price 49/9 each. SALE PRICE each 39/6
Pillow cases to match.

Outstanding Values in YELLOW POLISHERS. Hard wearing and yet very soft. Size 20in. × 24in. SALE PRICE, doz. 4/9
Size 24in. × 24in. Sale Price, doz. 5/9
Size 27in. × 27in. Sale Price, doz. 8/11

Plain Linen TEA or GLASS CLOTHS which we can thoroughly recommend for really hard wear. Very absorbent. Size 27in.×36in. SALE PRICE, doz. 11/9

Pure Irish Linen ROLLER TOWELS made from good quality flax, and very absorbent. Size 18in.× 3 yards. SALE PRICE, each 2/11
Better qualities, each 3/11, 4/6, 4/11, 5/11 SALE PRICE

Hard-wearing all Linen Damask TABLE NAPKINS in assorted designs.
Size 20in.×20in. SALE PRICE, doz. 13/9
Size 24in.×24in. SALE PRICE, doz. 19/6

175 dozen all Linen hemmed HUCKABACK FACE TOWELS, with red, blue, or white headings. Thoroughly good and hard wearing. Size 24in.×40in. SALE PRICE, doz. 18/11

ALL WOOL Camel SHADE BLANKETS. Beautifully soft and warm. Size 60in.×80in. Special SALE PRICE, each 9/6

Special offer of Red or Blue CHECK DUSTERS. Wonderful value. Size 23in.×23in. SALE PRICE, doz. 4/9
Other qualities, 5/11, 7/11, 11/6 doz.

TEA, GLASS, BASIN, PANTRY and HOUSEMAIDS' CLOTHS, made from good quality Irish Linen, both durable and absorbent. Size 24in.×36in. SALE PRICE, doz. 10/11
Other qualities, SALE PRICE, 12/11, 14/11, 16/11 doz.

Pure Irish Linen PILLOW CASES, hem stitched, reliable make. Size 20in.×30in. SALE PRICE, each 3/11

150 pairs plain hemmed COTTON SHEETS that will launder and wear well. Size 2×3 yards. SALE PRICE, pair 10/6
Size 2½×3 yards. SALE PRICE, pair 15/6

All Linen white twill typed KITCHEN CLOTHS in a really heavy hard-wearing quality. Size 24in.×36in. SALE PRICE, doz. 12/9

SPORTS FROCK AND COAT in crêpe de Chine. Frock with square neck and belt. A good range of colours. SALE PRICE £5:18:6

25 only, late delivery of last winter's TWO PIECE SUITS. Usual Prices 16½ to 18½ gns. SALE PRICE 10½ GNS.

Model FUR COAT in Galine Broadtail with handsome trimming of Russian Grey Squirrel. Original Price 198 gns. SALE PRICE 79 GNS.

THREE PIECE SUIT, tweed effect sleeveless jumper. Natural/Nigger, Grey/Green, Sapphire/Lt. Blue/Moss Pale Green, etc. Usual Price 7 gns. SALE PRICE 4 GNS.

Sleeveless TEA FROCK in Nottingham lace. Costee to match. Various colours and black. SALE PRICE £5:19:6

NIGHTDRESS in crêpe de Chine, hand embroidered in contrasting colours. All good Lingerie colours. SALE PRICE 25/9

20 small Women's Lace EVENING FROCKS in various designs and colourings, sketch being an example. SALE PRICE 78/6

25 well TAILORED COATS in waterproof West of England material. Original Price 6½ gns. SALE PRICE 94/6

REMNANT DAY THURSDAY

MARSHALL & SNELGROVE, VERE ST. & OXFORD ST., W.1

Letters to the Editor

FARMERS IN THE MAKING

A TASK FOR CLUB LEADERS

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—On July 9 teams representative of Young Farmers' Clubs in Canada, the United States of America, and Great Britain will compete at the Royal Agricultural Society's Show at Manchester in an International Cow Judging Competition. Any one who is able to witness the contest will see a practical demonstration of the value of the Young Farmers' Club movement, for they will see that through membership of their clubs these boys and girls have acquired a knowledge of cattle which is of very practical value. Actually they have gained much more than this, for they have learned by experience in rearing a calf of their own and through club membership many lessons in regard to the care and feeding of livestock, the keeping of proper accounts, the conduct and minuting of committee meetings, and of club business, and the possibilities of mutual help.

In Canada and the United States of America hundreds of thousands of boys and girls from 10 to 20 years of age are receiving training through these clubs, with the practical backing of Governments, railways, the banks, and farmers. In this country the movement is both younger and smaller, but it is growing steadily, and the work done by something over 100 clubs lends us to ask that all who have the welfare of the countryside and of children at heart will help it to grow. Only Calf Clubs will be represented at the Royal Show, but there are also clubs for pigs, poultry, rabbits, bees, and for horticulture, through which similar training is being given.

The Ministry of Agriculture and the county education authorities are actively supporting club work. The National Association of Young Farmers' Clubs, whose offices are at 26, Bedford-square, W.C.1, is ready to advise and assist. What is needed now is the help of more men and women in the villages who will take the initiative in forming clubs and will act as club leaders or as members of the advisory committees which are an essential part of every club. Because we are convinced that the movement may be of immense value, we ask for wider and more active support. Self-support is an eventual principle of club work. This letter is an appeal for personal interest and active help in spreading the movement.

Here is an item of agricultural policy on which all can agree. To enlist the interest of boys and girls in things that live and grow and to use that as a basis for teaching and the training of character and intelligence must be an advantage to the nation. In Young Farmers' Club work the coming citizen is given an understanding interest in the future and a desire to learn businesslike methods and the best practice which will stand farming in good stead.

Yours very truly,
HENRY, President of the Royal Agricultural Society of England.
CHARLES TREVELYAN, President of the Board of Education.
CHRISTOPHER ADDISON, Minister of Agriculture.
EDWARD T. MORRIS, President of the National Farmers' Union.
E. A. FITZROY, President of the National Council of Social Service.

National Association of Young Farmers' Clubs, 26, Bedford-square, W.C.1.

THE BISHOPS AT LAMBETH

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—On April 2 last you kindly inserted in your columns a letter from me quoting Bishop Stubbs's definition of "the Historic Episcopate." I do not wish now to repeat his explanation or his wise comments upon it. Nor do I wish to refer to other letters which followed mine, and which recognized the interest and importance of his words. But I should like, with your courteous permission, to add a postscript, as it were, completing the historic setting. The Bishop's words are in his "Visitation Charges" (p. 130 *seq.*: Longmans, 1907). When I wrote I had not by me the "Letters of Bishop Stubbs," edited by my friend the Dean of Winchester (Constables, 1904). We read there (p. 276):—

In the Lambeth Conference of 1888 the Bishop of Chester played a prominent part; and the present Archbishop told me that the wording of the Encyclical Letter was mainly the work of Bishop Lightfoot, Bishop Stubbs, and myself, and a large part of the actual document was in Bishop Stubbs's own clear hand. We sat up two whole nights, or nearly so, in the Lollards' Tower doing the work.

I should, perhaps, add that the next year Bishop Stubbs left Chester for Oxford, and the "present Archbishop" was Lord Davidson. This reference illustrates our debt to three great prelates.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
July 4. J. P. WHITNEY

THE EDUCATION OF AN ARCHITECT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—In your recent account of the International Building Conference, Lord Eustace Percy is reported as having stated that "in this country there was one great weakness in our technical education, and that was the severance, sometimes almost hostility, between the art college and the technical college, and that conflict was fought out over the body of industry. The architect was torn between the conflicting claims of the art college and the technical college. They could not provide the training necessary unless they brought the art and technological sides together and eliminated all conflicts and suspicions."

This does not seem to me to put fairly the present position of architectural education in Great Britain, and while it would not be fitting for me to speak of the work in that direction which has been carried out in Wales, I may perhaps be permitted to say a word with reference to the development of architectural education in England and Scotland during the last 20 years or so.

I feel very strongly that an investigation of the facilities for higher professional education for architects in England and Scotland would bring to the investigator's mind not a picture of conflict and suspicion, nor, in fact, of any rending process whatever, but one of a far more harmonious and prosperous state of things. It is a remarkable fact that during a very short period a considerable number of schools of architecture have reached a high state of attainment in institutions of very different types. One, for instance, is in one of the older universities, a number are in the newer universities, another forms a monotechnic, while others are established in polytechnics, technical colleges, and schools of arts.

In each of these schools of architecture, while improvements may be necessary and will no doubt be achieved in due course in various cases, striking features are the successful coordination of the various necessary courses and the general high standard of attainment reached by the students in work which shows distinction on the "artistic" side and notable efficiency in matters normally called "technical."

For this undoubted success in the recent striking developments of architectural education in England and Scotland we have mainly to thank the Royal Institute of British Architects, which through its Board of Architectural Education administers a great scheme of scholarships and other awards culminating in the Rome Prize in architecture, and a system of "recognition" of the work of the leading schools, safeguards its high standards, and yet encourages these institutions to develop with that freedom which is so necessary in true education.

W. S. PURCHON, Head of the Welsh School of Architecture.
The Technical College, Cardiff, June 25.

OPERATIC MEMORIES

IN THE SIXTIES AND SEVENTIES

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—During my long life I have seen many revolutions—revolutions in nations, science, means of transport, manners, &c., &c., and even music has not escaped the inevitable changes brought about by time. Here are just a few reflections by one whose memories of music go back to the early sixties.

To begin with let me take operatic music. The star of Wagner had not then risen above the horizon, and Italian operas, such as those, for instance, by Mozart, Donizetti, Rossini, Bellini, Flotow, Gounod, and many others were the favourites of the public, to be later challenged by Arthur Sullivan in light opera. How many famous singers I have listened to in *Lucia di Lammermoor*, *Linda di Chamouni*, *Don Giovanni*, *Il Barbiere*, and many other works.

I think the earliest opera I was taken to hear was either *La Dame Blanche* or *Fra Diavolo*, with Pauline Lucca as Zerlina, and this was followed by *Faust*, while I was still a child. I remember that my mother, with some friends, had taken a box, and that oranges were handed to us (as also to those in the stalls) between the acts. As gloves were *de rigueur* in those days, the eating of an orange must have been accomplished with difficulty. One special air stands out most distinctly in my memory—namely, the wonderful singing of Tietjens, Trebelli, and Mario in the trio in the *Merry Wives of Windsor*; but alas for me Mario was in the zenith of his powers just before my time, and this was, I feel sure, the only occasion upon which I heard him.

To hear Tietjens in *Fidelio* was unforgetable. Her voice was a dramatic soprano of magnificent quality. I can only compare it in volume with that of Mme. Clara Butt; but their style is so absolutely dissimilar that comparison is really impossible. I shall never forget the appearance of Tietjens when I heard her at Vienna in the opera of *Les Huguenots* as Valentine in the seventies. She was by no means slim in figure, and she wore a book muslin skirt very fully gathered round the waist, which extended for some yards round the hem and must have been very embarrassing to her stage lover when he had to embrace her.

In 1875 (quoting from my diary) I write: "Christine Nilsson was such a popular favourite and the rush for seats to hear her in *Il Talismano* was so great that even Chappell himself could not get a ticket." Here is another recollection in 1875: "Went to the opera to hear Zaré Thalberg in *Don Giovanni*. Was charmed with Zerlina's beauty. She has a sweet, rich soprano voice. Has evidently been beautifully taught. She is only sixteen. She was naturally nervous. The Prince and Princess of Wales were present, and she was encored in all her songs, which she sang with exquisite taste and feeling." For some reason this charming singer disappeared quickly from the operatic stage and I never heard her again.

Then there was the charm of Patti in her early days. In 1875 I write: "Went to hear Patti in *Traviata*. Her dresses were exquisite. The first, a white silk petticoat with blue train festooned with flowers. Second, white silk gauze with broad satin stripes ornamented with large bunches of white roses and lilies of the valley. Her diamonds were superb, and she was in lovely voice!" It is rather amusing that the comment upon her voice should come last. I cannot recall hearing any of Handel's operas when a child.

Space fails, or I could refer to a most interesting and unique performance of one act of *Carmen* many years ago at Homburg, when Trebelli sang in Italian, the soprano in French, and the chorus in German, before (I think) six Kings who were at that time visiting Homburg.

Oratorio music demands another comment to itself. In the days of which I am writing gramophones, wireless, and cinemas were unknown, and those who could not visit theatres and concert halls had to be contented with the written music. Opera, oratorio, and ballad concerts, with light or comic opera and, at Christmas, pantomimes, reigned supreme. In these days it is difficult to realize the limitations under which people in the sixties and seventies suffered. I am inclined to think that there was possibly for that very reason a deeper appreciation of music than at the present time, when we can listen to it at nearly all hours of the day until one becomes almost surfeited.

I am, &c.,
SELINA SOUTHWARK.

NOISY FLYING

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Your Aeronautical Correspondent seems, like the public, to accept too readily the suggestion that aero engines cannot be silenced.

The technical problem presented is negligible, although, since it has never been a matter for routine study, it may have some of the terrors of the unknown for a few otherwise competent designers. Except in the case of large engines working to the extreme limit, such as those used in the Schneider Cup, a degree of silence at least equal to that of the late Mr. J. G. P. Thomas's Leyland racing car could be easily obtained. This car made and held many records in spite of "back pressure" or any other of your Correspondent's nightmares, and was for at least two years the fastest as well as the most silent car on the track. I was serving on the Racing Sub-Committee of Brooklands when the silence regulations were first promulgated, and I remember the baseless predictions of impossibility and mishap with which they were greeted.

Silence in aeroplanes is not obtained, because there is no demand for it from the purchasers, whose requirements must ultimately govern the design. Neither companies nor individuals desire it any more than the owners of a fleet of lorries or the possessor of a "sports" car.

As to your Correspondent's contention that a high proportion of the noise comes from sources other than those of the engine, will he consider at what distance he can hear plainly an aeroplane climbing at full throttle, and the same aeroplane gliding at the same speed with the engine switched off?

While the authorities continue to allow the pneumatic drill to work unsilenced in the streets they are hardly to be expected to worry about a small intermittent nuisance like a noisy aeroplane.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,
C. G. BROCKLEBANK.
62, Curzon-street, W.1, July 4.

THE OLDEST MAN

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—The very interesting account published in yesterday's issue of *The Times* of an interview with Zaro Agha, "the oldest man," presumably, in the world, invites a comparison with that of Old Parr, whose reputed age, at his death, was 152, or four years under that of Zaro Agha's age at present. Like Zaro Agha, Old Parr was a quasi-vegetarian, for his diet is said to have consisted chiefly of green cheese and onions and coarse bread, with milk, butter-milk, and whey, but he was fond of good liquor, such as ale, cider, and perry, while his physic seems to have been confined to butter and garlic, "Venice treacle," and "best mithridate." It is significant that Old Parr's end was hastened by change of air and diet when he was invited to London from his quiet country home in Shropshire and presented to Charles I. One hopes, sincerely, that the exhibition of Zaro Agha in the United States will not be attended with a similar result.

I should like to add that here, in Bournemouth, we have, in Mr. Bening Arnold, one who has reached the respectable age of 106 and maintains good health. In the light of Zaro Agha's record it seems scarcely fair to term Mr. Arnold an old man, but it would certainly be interesting to know how many men or women there are in Great Britain at the present time who equal or surpass him in years.

Your obedient servant,
EDWARD E. LONG.
Kempston, Chine Crescent-road, Bournemouth, July 4.

PATRICK MANSON HOUSE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales has sent to our president yesterday a donation towards the memorial to Sir Patrick Manson, to which the Duke of York has already subscribed.

Some time ago you very kindly reminded your readers of this plan to perpetuate the memory of the father of modern tropical medicine to whom we are all, directly or indirectly, so much indebted. Just over £8,200 has been received and further donations will be very gratefully acknowledged by the president of the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 11, Chandos-street, Cavendish-square, W.1.

I am, Sir, yours faithfully,
MILDRED WIENYON, Secretary.
Royal Society of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, July 5.

Points from Letters

THE DISPUTE IN MALTA

If the Maltese people, as Professor de Zulueta implies, were longing to vote against Lord Strickland's Government, why was it necessary for the Bishops to threaten to excommunicate those who voted for it? Advice by Nonconformist ministers at election time is not in the same category: no Nonconformist thinks that his minister can cut him off from the means of salvation. The threat of excommunication is in fact a very serious means of intimidation against a Catholic; and no election can properly be considered valid if it is held under intimidation.—Mr. D. M. JONES, 4, Warwick-road, Ealing, W.5.

CONSERVATIVES AND FOOD TAXES

Brigadier-General Spears's very interesting letter deserves serious attention, and to his suggestion that Lord Beaverbrook would be doing more to further the policy he advocates were he to devote some of his time and energy to clearing up the position so far as Canada is concerned may I add Australia for his consideration? If Lord Beaverbrook tackles these two Dominions for Empire Free Trade he will learn something that will clear his mind of a great many of his impracticable notions.—Mr. W. F. THOMSON, 56, Albert-court, Kensington, S.W.7.

CHANGE FOR A FIVE POUND NOTE

Mr. Allbrook does well to draw attention to the demand of a bank for endorsement of a £5 note. This redundant, if not illegal, proceeding is universal in English post offices whose officials thus set at nought the bold and emphatic "I promise to pay the bearer . . ." —without any question or mental reservation—of the Governor of the Bank of England. This irritating practice stands out in sharp contrast to the facility with which Bank of England notes are honoured on the Continent. In even the smallest towns in France and Germany, where English tourists are practically unknown, I have found that branch banks readily accept the notes in exchange for local currency without any request for endorsement. In any case, what is the value, without address or other identification, of a signature on the back of a note?—Mr. EDWARD FULLER, Editor, *The World's Children*, 26, Gordon street, W.C.1.

VARIATIONS IN RAINFALL

The rainfall in June at Henley-on-Thames was 0·17in., approximately one-third of that recorded by the Rev. R. P. Dansey at Hereford. Four falls, namely, 0·02in., 0·02in., 0·04in., and 0·09in., were registered to make up my scanty record, which, with the exception of June, 1925, when there was no measurable rainfall, is the smallest figure for the month in my observations, which date from 1890.—Mr. A. EDWARD HOBBS, Hart-street, Henley-on-Thames.

BIRDS AS COUNTY EMBLEMS

There seems to be no branch of nature which is of such general interest as bird life. I notice that many of the states of U.S.A. have assumed a bird as their national emblem. I do not know if we have any, and might we not officially assume some such bird as th grouse for Perthshire and curlew for Ayrshire and the nightingale for Hampshire?—The RT. HON. SAMUEL CUNNINGHAM.

CEMETERIES IN A WOOD

The beautification of cemeteries seems sadly neglected in England. Living in Germany for a short time has convinced me that a cemetery need not be an eyesore, but can be a piece of ground worthy of the purpose for which it is used. The average German cemetery is in a wood, and no attempt is made to disturb that wood beyond the building of paths and making of graves on either side of them. The average English cemetery is in an open field, which can be recognized from a long way off by its ugly mass of white gravestones. The wood cemetery is unquestionably the more beautiful of the two, especially because every corner of it is secluded. It will be said that what applies in one country cannot always be assumed to fit conditions in another, a statement which in this case is quite true. The main reason for the German wood cemetery is the rigidly enforced laws against the pulling down of trees. But, even so, I fail to see why in England it should so often be thought necessary to remove a wood, or part of one, to make room for a cemetery, when it could be made so much more beautiful by being built in the wood itself.—Mr. F. C. BENN, Leipzig.

EXPONENTS OF FLYING

Two unexpected exponents of the art of flying gave a fine exhibition at the R.A.F. Pageant. About 3.30 p.m., over the northern extremity of the aerodrome, a pair of large hawks circled unconcernedly and quite low down as if interested in the proceedings. After a short time they soared unhurriedly into the blue in an easterly direction and were lost to view. From their size, action in the air, and characteristic rounded wing tip and tail spread, there is little doubt that they were a pair of buzzards, but they were viewed from a long way off and without field glasses. It will be interesting if any ornithologist in the very large concourse of people assembled at Hendon on that day can confirm my impression. I have observed the buzzard on several occasions within thirty miles of St. Paul's but never before within the suburban area.—Mr. W. L. TAYLOR, 102, Cromwell-road, S.W.7.

LEADEN WATER CONDUITS

The Dean of Lichfield mentions the use of leaden water pipes carrying a supply to Lichfield for a mile and a half, and asks if any others were in use as early or earlier than 1708. It is well known in this town that Cardinal Wolsey, when residing at Hampton Court, although he had the Thames at his door, brought his supply of drinking water from a spring at the top of Kingston Hill through leaden pipes which crossed the bed of the river. This supply was carried for over two miles. When the Anglers Inn was rebuilt some years ago a part of the original pipe was found.—Mr. W. J. RYLAND, Belmont Cottage, Adelaide-road, Surbiton.

THE NOISE OF LONDON

Will you kindly allow one feeble voice to be raised in protest against the increasing and quite unnecessary noise of motor-cars in London? The motor-omnibuses with their noisy mechanism are a terror. The gear-changing in the majority of cars is productive of hideous din. And perhaps worst of all are the horns which appear to increase in pitiless penetrative power almost from day to day. I believe that the Chief Commissioner of Police has power to abate the nuisance. John Peel's horn could awaken the dead. These modern fiendish instruments have power enough to kill the living.—LIEUTENANT-COLONEL J. R. FORREST, late R.A.M.C.

BATHING IN THE SERPENTINE

Does Mr. G. W. Wright seriously contend that the thousands who daily avail themselves of the opportunities now afforded them of getting clean and health-giving exercise should be denied these opportunities because they necessitate the reservation of what must be less than one-thirtieth of the banks of the Serpentine, and that the majority are entitled to claim the unrestricted use of the whole of those banks?—Mr. HAROLD NAPIER, 23, Rotherhithe-street, S.E.16.

TARRING IN THE COTSWOLDS

May I call attention to the tarring of roads in small Cotswold villages, off the main road? In vain we appealed to the Gloucestershire County Council, who argue that it is welcome, as it prevents dust. This may apply to places on the main roads, but not to those where only three or four motors go by in a day. This place has been spoilt, and, I fear, even lovelier villages are doomed. The road surface was perfectly good before, and flowers which the people cultivated on each side of the road were never dusty.—M. E. FRANCIS, Broadwell, Moreton-in-Marsh.

BRITISH SHOES

Each time I come to England I am more astonished at the amount of money our women spend on foreign goods. I went to a shoe shop in London and asked for a pair of British-made shoes. I was told that they did not sell British goods! Yet there were 30 women in that department and others in two other departments in the shop. Could such a state of things exist in any other country? In the one I have just left a prohibitive duty is placed on foreign shoes. I afterwards went to another shoe shop and again was shown foreign shoes, and was obliged to ask for the British shoes which I finally purchased. I asked the manager of the shop if he was often asked for British shoes, and he replied "Not often." My daughter and I have since bought excellent shoes, all British, at prices ranging from 12s. 9d. to 55s.—Mrs. G. MORPHY.

AFTER PRISON

From the experiences of at least 30 years' personal concern for two of the most pathetic figures at the seamy end of society—the tramp and the discharged prisoner—may I suggest the probable helpfulness of a national conference upon the twin problem? One thinks it would be doubly appropriate at this juncture in Poor Law administration. And could such a national pooling of ideas be more appropriately brought about than upon the initiative of a small representative committee brought into being jointly by the Church Army, the Salvation Army, and the Prisoners' Aid Society, maybe with the sympathetic assistance of the Home Office and the Ministry of Health?—Mr. J. HAWKES, J.P., Hemel Hempstead.

Robinson & Cleaver's

GREAT JULY SALE

Irish Linens & Fashions

The extraordinary success of the first week of our sale can only be attributed to the exceptional bargains we offer. The price of the whole of our regular stock of cool, refreshing Linen, delightful Lingerie, Fashionable Suits and Frocks, smart Linen Overalls, Lace Curtains, and Handkerchiefs, has been considerably reduced—so write for our sale catalogue now.

Dress & Coatee 19/11
Dress and Coatee made of good quality British Voile, guaranteed fast colours, printed in a charming variety multi-colours to tone on cream ground. Predominating colours: Beige, Saxe, Rose, Lime, Powder Blue, Almond, Lemon. Fitting and lengths 40/41, 42/43, 44/45. Worth 39/9

Table Damask 12/3
Lot V57. Wonderful offer of Pure Irish Linen Table Cloths. These are our Hard-wear Quality of world-wide fame. A special process of bleaching ensures extra long wear. In three designs, viz.: Lily of the Valley, Pansy or Ivy. About 2×2 yards. Each 12/3

TABLE NAPKINS TO MATCH. About 22×22ins. Dozen 14/-

Dressing Gown 29/9
Dressing Gown in Coloured Shantung, long roll collar with narrow bind, inset sleeves finished turn-back cuff, pocket, and belt to tie round. Colours: Pink, Saxe, Helio, Jade.

Irish Tweed Suit 65/9
Attractive Suit in Irish Tweed. Light weight, all wool finished fine stitchings. Tailored in our own workrooms. Colours: Lido, Green, Fawn, and Rose. S.W. and W. fittings. Hats can be made to match 29/6

Linen Pillow Cases 13/9 EACH
HALF-PRICE. Lot 20. Wonderful offer of about 80 dozen extra superfine Linen Pillow Cases (hand hemstitched), made from the very best yarns and should wear a lifetime. The only reason for such a sacrifice is slight variations in size, about 22 x 32 ins. Usually 27/6
SALE PRICE, each 13/9
A few doz. 27 x 27 ins. 14/9 each.

Linen Overall 7/11
Wonderful Value. Irish Linen Overalls, well tailored model from our own workrooms. Reversible wrap-over, long roll collar, two pockets, tie belt. Lengths 40, 42, 44, 47ins. Colours: Almond, Lemon, Sapphire, Biscuit, Cherry, Brown, Helio, Grey, Black. O.S. 50ins., 1/- extra.

Linen Handkerchiefs

Ladies sheer linen Handkerchiefs, border and crossbar centre of openwork. Per doz. 5/-

Half Price. Lot D. 300 doz. Ladies' Fine Sheer Linen Handkerchiefs, with hand rolled hem. Size about 11x11ins. Usually 13/6. SALE PRICE, per doz. 6/9

Kitchen Cloths SIX FOR 6/6
200 dozen Twill Linen Typed Kitchen Rubbers. Very Special Value. Size about 24 x 36 ins. Bundles of 6 for 6/6

Coloured Dress Linen 1/8 Yard
BANMORE Coloured Dress Linen in a large range of beautiful shades offered at reduced price during Sale. 36ins. wide. *PATTERNS SENT FREE.*

Lace Curtains
Lace Curtains, fine quality. Marie Antoinette design. Fine stripe centre. Exceptional Bargain. White, ivory or écru.

SALE PRICE, per pair
2½yds.×56ins. .. 12/11
3 yds.×56ins. .. 15/6
3½yds.×56ins. .. 17/11

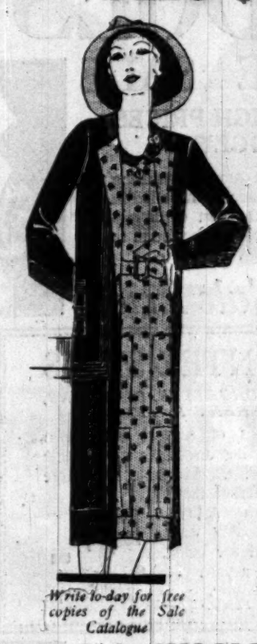
We pay carriage and C.O.D. Fees on orders of 20/- upwards in U.K.

SALE CATALOGUE OF UNIQUE BARGAINS SENT POST FREE
ROBINSON & CLEAVER, LTD., The Linen Hall, REGENT STREET, LONDON, W.1

SHOOLBREDS

SIX DAY SALE

STARTS TO-DAY



Write to-day for free copies of the Sale Catalogue

All stocks must be cleared, and to ensure this prices have been reduced to surprisingly low levels. Throughout the whole store—FASHIONS, FURNITURE and FOODS—there are amazing opportunities—half-price bargains being abundant. Keen shoppers will quickly seize this chance of making unusually attractive purchases.

A Typical 'First-day' Bargain for Personal Shoppers: Every Price Reduced.

GREAT CLEARANCE OF MODEL GOWNS

At the most attractive price of five pounds you may secure at this Sale a wonderful Model Gown, Two-piece or Ensemble. Many of the offers are worth double and the collection is large and varied. The example illustrated herewith is a Two-piece with Black Coat, and dress and coat facings in Grey and Blue printed Wool Georgette. Usually 5½ Gns. SALE PRICE FOR COAT AND DRESS COMPLETE £5 (No Post Orders)

JAS. SHOOLBRED & CO., LTD.
TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD, LONDON, W.1.

TO ABERDEEN FOR A HOLIDAY

Aberdeen is a beautiful city amidst grand surroundings—an ideal place to spend a holiday. Come by sea—in an A.S.N. ship. The North Sea acts like a tonic and you can spend a delightful time on board—it may be restful or full of fun as fits your mood. The food is plenteous and cooked to a turn—staterooms and excellent sleeping accommodation guarantee your comfort—personal service leaves nothing to be desired. We make you happy aboard.

Aberdeen is full of interesting sights, and in the vicinity you have the grandeur and beauty of Scotland's finest scenery. A holiday here is magnificent. Visit—Braemar, Balmoral, Banchory, Cruden Bay, Stonehaven, etc., all within easy motor run.

Golf—Bathing—Boating—Fishing and Tennis.

Twice-weekly Sailings either way June to September.

Notice to Passengers:—The Company's Steam Tender "Ich-Dien" conveys passengers on arrival to Westminster Pier, Thames Embankment; she leaves that Pier with Passengers one hour before advertised sailing times from Limehouse.

Ask any Tourist Agency or write to-day for Leaflet "H" and full particulars of fares and Allied Holiday Tours, post free, from:—

ABERDEEN STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.,
ABERDEEN WHARF, LIMEHOUSE, E.14. ('PHONES 0951-2-3 EAST.)
PITT & SCOTT, 23, CANNON STREET, E.C.4. ('PHONE CENT. 5526—3 LINES.)
90, REGENT STREET, W.1, AND
29, GLASSHOUSE STREET, W.1.
WHEATLEYS, LTD., 17, BREWER STREET, W.1. ('PHONE GERRARD 3581.)
OR HEAD OFFICE, 87, WATERLOO QUAY, ABERDEEN.

NEW BOOKS ON EDUCATION
Read the Reviews in The Times EDUCATIONAL SUPPLEMENT
3D EVERY SATURDAY

THE KING'S CUP AIR RACE

A WOMAN'S WIN

LOWER SPEEDS BUT MORE RELIABILITY

The King's Cup race, over a 750-mile course around England, was won on Saturday—for the first time by a woman—by Miss Winifred S. Brown, on an Avro Avian aeroplane fitted with a Cirrus III. engine, at an average speed of 102.7 miles an hour. Mr. A. S. Butler, flying a Moth with a Gipsy II. engine, was second, and won the prize for the best average speed of 129.7 miles an hour; and Flight-Lieutenant H. R. D. Waghorn, a member of last year's Schneider Trophy team, was third on a Blackburn Bluebird fitted with a Gipsy I. engine, at an average speed of 99.47 miles an hour. Out of a field of 88 starters, 59 machines finished, a much higher percentage than in previous years.

The comparatively small number of failures is a tribute to the reliability of the modern light aeroplanes which were most largely represented in the race and

to the lower average speeds. Last year's winner was more than 20 miles an hour faster than the machine which made the best time on Saturday. The splendid weather in which the race was flown also contributed to the successful completion of the course by so many machines. Navigation over the greater part of the course was comparatively simple, since visibility was excellent and landmarks could be picked up at great distances.

The race, if it produced a less great achievement in speed, was remarkable for the number of amateur pilots it attracted and for their success. In the first four three were private owners flying their own aircraft, and two of these were women. Most of those who finished were amateurs who have taken up flying since the birth of the light aeroplane club movement. Miss Brown, for instance, has been flying only since 1926, and her longest flight in one day hitherto had been from London to Amsterdam. In this respect the race was different from the races in previous years, when competitors were mostly professional pilots of long training and experience.

The weather may justly be held to have given the day to the amateurs. The only chance of the heavily handicapped machines lay in bad conditions, which would have put a premium on expert navigation and on the reserve power of big engines. Over nearly the whole of the course there was no cloud, mist, or wind. A few competitors stated that they had met bumpy conditions in the North; there was some mist, probably smoke from industrial towns, hanging over the Pennines, but on the long last lap from Hull to Hanworth the weather was perfect and machines that had stood up to gruelling work thus far did not fail in this last and fastest effort. The only machine known to have made a forced landing on this section was Mr. J. L. N. Bennett Barrs's Avro Trainer, which came down four miles from Buckingham.

NO INJURIES

Most of the failures occurred before the last lap was reached. Only 12 machines failed to reach Newcastle. There several more competitors retired, and when the starters from Hull were announced it was seen that 23 machines had dropped out. In no case did failure involve injury to pilot or passenger. Two machines, a Moth and an Avro Avian, collided on the ground at Newcastle, and a Desoutter was damaged in landing at Manchester. Few were forced down at intermediate points. Mr. A. L. Mortimer had to abandon the race at Old Sarum before he reached Bristol on his Robin, and two Avian Sports, flown by Mr. J. C. Cantrill and Flight-Lieutenant J. Oliver, had to land near Gloucester. The only machine which failed to reach the first turning point was the twin-engined Segrave Meteor, which Flight-Lieutenant R. L. R. Atcherley had to take back to Hanworth after about half an hour in the air. The others who suffered engine trouble all made one of the aerodromes on the course.

With so wide a range of handicaps, there were no spectacular changes of position in the early stages of the race. Some of the back-markers came up steadily a few places between London and Bristol, and Bristol and Manchester. The machines of Mrs. Butler, Prince George, and Lord Wakefield (Captain H. S. Broad) illustrated this slow overhauling which was later to be intensified. Mrs. Butler was the 83rd to leave Hanworth. At Bristol she had gained 10 places, at Manchester two more, and then she began to climb up quickly. Flight-Lieutenant Fielden, starting 72nd on Prince George's entry, overtook only six competitors between London and Manchester, and yet he finished seventh. The hard flying was all between Newcastle and London. On this stretch Mrs. Butler gained 38 places, Flight-Lieutenant Fielden 45, Miss Spooner 45, Captain Broad 39, Lieutenant-Commander Glen Kidston 38, and Captain C. D. Barnard 34.

Miss Brown's flying had none of these hard fighting qualities. What gave her success was consistently good work from a fairly good start. She started 14th from Hanworth, 2hr. 25min. ahead of the scratch machine. At Bristol she had overtaken the four Bluebirds and one of the Moths ahead of her, and through one failure took seventh place there. At Manchester two Moths only were still ahead of her; and after that she led the field and saw no more of her competitors while she was in the air. Her navigator, Mr. E. R. Adams, estimated her average speed at 102 miles an hour before the timekeepers had worked it out and indicated that that had been her general flying speed at all points along the course. She reached Hanworth at 6.15, just over 12 minutes before Mr. Butler.

This was a fine, clear win. The next eight or nine arrivals quickly followed one another. Flight-Lieutenant Waghorn was 2min. behind Mr. Butler; Mrs. Butler came less than 7min. later; Mr. Green was 1min. behind her, and was followed, 10sec. later, by Flight-Lieutenant Bruce, who again was followed at 14sec. interval by Mr. Tom Rose. Within 2min. Prince George's machine came into seventh place, and in the next minute four more machines had arrived. Half an hour after the winner arrived the first 16 machines had crossed the line, and the Prince of Wales's Tomtit came in neck and neck with Mr. R. G. Cazalet's Widgeon to beat it by one second for 18th place.

THE MACHINES

Among the first 20 machines, Moths of one kind or another were best represented. Four were ordinary Moths, four Puss Moths, and one was a Hawk Moth, but the three Avro Avians in this list were remarkably well placed, taking the first, fifth, and eighth positions. Three of the latest type of Bluebirds were third, sixth, and twentieth. Of the others two were Hawker Tomtits, one a Martlet, one a Parnell Elf, and one a Westland Widgeon. The heavier machines found it impossible to make up their large handicaps in such excellent flying weather. The three-engined Avro V. retired at Manchester after making up 10 places, but the big freight-carrier, the twin-engined Vickers-Vellore, finished the course in good style. The eighty-eighth to start, it came in fifty-third.

Few of the early arrivals reported trouble. Mr. Butler, who took second place, had lost two or three miles an hour by wind getting under the fabric of the wing centre-section. His wife's engine had overheated, and she spoke of having had the oil boiling in the engine at times. Miss Brown had no misfortunes to report; her engine behaved splendidly throughout. She, like her navigator, is a native of Manchester. She is a member of the Hanworth Club as well as of the Lancashire Club, where she learnt to fly. Her membership of the former secured her the Siddeley Trophy, in addition to the King's Cup and the £200 prize given by Lord Wakefield.

She said after the race that she had flown generally at an altitude of 700 or 800 feet and had never wandered more than a mile or two off the direct course. She was not fatigued by her long day, and, acknowledging the presentation of the cup by Sir Philip Sassoon, M.P., she said she had never expected to do so well, and in fact never thought she would be able to finish. She had never flown in an air race before.

Miss Brown is well known in Lancashire as a hockey player who keeps goal for the county, and she has toured Australia with an English team. It had been her intention to begin an aeroplane holiday last week-end, but, on the advice of friends, she postponed the trip so that she might compete in Saturday's race.

The prizes were awarded as follows:—King's Cup,—1 (£200), Miss Winifred S. Brown, Avro Avian, Cirrus III. engine; 2 (£100), Mr. A. S. Butler, D.H. Moth, Gipsy II. engine; 3 (£50), Flight Lieutenant H. R. D. Waghorn, Blackburn Bluebird IV., Gipsy I. engine. Fastest time (£100), Mr. A. S. Butler. Siddeley Trophy (£50), Miss Brown.

AIRCRAFT PIONEERS' COMING-OF-AGE

PRINCE GEORGE TO OPEN NEW AERODROME

Prince George has promised to perform the official opening to-day of the new Handley Page test aerodrome at Radlett, which is to form part of the firm's celebration of the twenty-first anniversary of its incorporation. Handley Page, Limited, was the first firm to take up aircraft construction in this country and probably in the world, as a commercial venture, and with the 40-seater air liners it is now building for Imperial Airways it remains in the forefront among those who are developing the industry. No less important has been its service to the safety of aviation by the production of the slotted wing.

Most of the firm's work in construction and testing has been done at Cricklewood, where the works still remain. The works were enormously expanded during the War, and, though they have since been divided up and large areas sold to other firms, extensive and up-to-date workshops have been retained. The aerodrome continued to be used until the growth of new residential areas near Golders Green and Cricklewood made it inconvenient for the trial of new machines.

For that reason the aerodrome has been sold for building development and a new aerodrome has been prepared at Radlett. Large erection hangars, big enough to house 12 air liners of normal size, have been constructed, and this will be the centre of the firm's flying activities in the future. The main components of machines will be completed at Cricklewood and will be taken to Radlett for erection and test in flight.

Since the War, it was a Handley Page machine that first flew to India. The firm established Cricklewood as the airport for London in 1919, gave Londoners their first opportunity of air trips in converted bombers, and ran a regular service between London and Paris. The cabin machine, with seats for 14 passengers, soon followed and for some years remained the only twin-engined air liner on the British cross-Channel route.

Meanwhile, the firm's research has yielded one of the most important devices for increasing safety in the air, the automatic slot. A small aerofoil attached to the leading edge of the wings lies flat on the wing until a machine begins to lose flying speed. Then the difference in air pressure pulls the aerofoil forward, leaving a slot between it and the wing. This has the effect of restoring lift over that section of the wing immediately behind it. The result is that at the critical moment, when the machine might turn into a spin, the pilot is enabled to retain lateral control. This device is now being widely adopted.

COMMUNIST PROPAGANDA AT ALDERSHOT

CONVICTION UNDER INCITEMENT TO MUTINY ACT

At the Hampshire Assizes at Winchester on Saturday, EDWARD JONES THOMAS, 35, described as an electrician, was indicted under the Incitement to Mutiny Act, 1797, for endeavouring to seduce certain soldiers from their allegiance to his Majesty the King, and for inciting them to mutiny and sedition, at Aldershot on May 27. He pleaded "Not Guilty," and was defended by Mr. J. D. Caswell.

Mr. J. G. Trapnell, prosecuting, said that about half-past 10 on the night of May 27 the prisoner was in Queen-avenue, Aldershot, which is part of the military lands in that town, and he handed to three corporals and three privates some sealed envelopes on the outside of which was printed, "Lee's Tip for the Derby. Issued Free. Pass on to your mates, and buy our tips for St. Leger, Ascot, Goodwood, &c. Address, Lee, Red-street, Birmingham." When they opened the envelope they saw that the circular enclosed was an incitement to mutiny, and the corporals had the prisoner arrested and handed over to a provost sergeant of another regiment. He was found to have 21 other envelopes on him, 17 sealed and four open.

After referring to the Nationalist movement in India, the circular said:—"Must we do the foul work which the Indian soldiers have so heroically refused, and murder the masses fighting for bread and national freedom? No, a thousand times, no. The fight of the Indian workers and peasants is our fight, too. The capitalists who have battened on the misery and want of the Indian coolies, and who wish to continue to do so, are our enemies, too. They have kept us and our kin in poverty. . . . They forced us into their armed forces through unemployment. When they have finished using us for their foul work against their colonial slaves and the workers at home they will throw us to starvation again. Our course is clear. If the Imperialist Labour Government sends us to India, and calls on us to shoot down the heroic Indian workers and peasants, we must refuse. . . . Our guns must be turned against our real enemy, the thieving, robbing British ruling class and its lackey, the 'Labour' Government. Don't shoot the heroic workers and peasants of India. . . ."

The circular was imprinted: "Issued by the Communist Group of British Soldiers."

Evidence of the distribution of the circulars was given by six soldiers.

Mr. Caswell argued on behalf of the prisoner that there was no evidence, the envelopes being sealed, that he knew the contents; and, if he did, the language of the circular was merely the common propaganda of many workers to-day, and ought not to be dignified by being construed as an incitement to mutiny.

The jury found the prisoner *Guilty*, and Mr. JUSTICE SWIFT sentenced him to 18 months' imprisonment, with hard labour.

ORDER OF START AND FINISH

Entrant and Pilot	Hanworth	Bristol	Manchester	Newcastle	Hull	Hanworth
Miss W. S. Brown	14	7	3	1	1	1 (102.7 m.p.h.)
Mr. A. S. Butler	69	69	64	37	10	2 (129.7 m.p.h.)
Robt. McAlpine (Flt.-Lt. H. R. D. Waghorn)	11	8	5	2	2	3 (99.47 m.p.h.)
Mrs. A. S. Butler	83	73	71	42	25	4 (129.56m.p.h.)
R. H. Dobson (Mr. D. S. Green)	37	21	20	8	9	5 (106.4 m.p.h.)
Capt. N. Blackburn (Mr. Tom Rose)	52	40	29	17	15	6 (109.8 m.p.h.)
Prince George (Flt.-Lt. E. H. Fielden)	72	68	66	52	32	7
P. N. G. Peters (Flt.-Lt. T. B. Bruce)	36	26	25	10	8	8
Lord Wakefield (Capt. H. S. Broad)	82	77	74	49	23	9
Capt. W. L. Hope	75	72	68	44	35	10
Lt.-Com. Glen Kidston	80	75	72	49	34	11
Capt. F. E. Guest	74	69	67	51	30	12
Roy Fedtker (Capt. C. D. Barnard)	76	71	69	47	37	13
Capt. F. E. Guest (Miss W. E. Spooner)	77	76	75	61	41	14
George G. Parnall (Mr. H. A. Prestc)	38	27	26	12	16	15
Mr. J. H. Buckley	16	9	7	5	4	16
Lt. L. G. Richardson, R.N.	23	18	18	16	17	17
Prince of Wales (Sqn.-Ldr. D. S. Dos)	73	70	77	56	38	18
Mr. R. G. Cazalet	59	54	47	29	13	19
Harold Peaks (Sqn.-Ldr. A. H. Orlebar)	13	6	8	7	6	20

ROUND THE SHOPS

THE SUMMER SALES

A large number of firms begin their summer sales to-day. There are specially good values in furs which may not be repeated as for the moment there has been a big drop in fur prices. Though the principal falls in price have been in the cheaper grades the higher grade furs are reduced in sympathy, and many fine quality furs are offered this week at prices which are not likely to prevail in the autumn and winter. Materials for making up have had an unprecedented sale this season as many women preferred to have their frocks from materials of their own choosing to the difficulties of the new styles. Many broken ranges in rich materials are at bargain prices.

HARRODS, Brompton-road, begin their one-week sale to-day. Over the week-end the windows were dressed with thousands of bargains, and there were many curious shoppers trying to see what was on the turned-in tickets. These will be turned round this morning, and all the business of a great store selling off the remainder of its season's stocks with generosity and impatience to clear the way for fresh goods will be seen. There is no question of the values; so that nothing shall be left over, they are exceptional. In furs there are 300 model fur coats in every type of fur in groups at 3, 5, 8, 10, 12, 15, and 20 guineas. Among these are sable squirrel coats at 10 guineas and black ponyskin coats at 5 guineas. Six natural mink coats are at half-price and there are big bargains in fox ties. Model gowns are half-price; printed chiffon *ensembles* in medium and large sizes, usually 12 guineas, are 6 guineas; tennis frocks made with tailored bodices and flared or crisply pleated skirts, usually from 3½ guineas to 5½ guineas, are 50s. Raincoats and leather and suède coats are reduced. Every department has its own bargains, and in the men's sections there are reductions ranging from lounge suits at 92s. 6d. to overcoats in autumn and light-weight tweeds at the same price. Bargains in children's needs and bargains in household requirements are also to be found in this sale, which also includes offers in wines and cigars and in furniture and furnishings. The catalogue, which gives a good idea of the values, will be sent on request.

BRADLEYS, Chepstow-place, begin their sale to-day. This year the reductions are more drastic than usual owing to the large collection of Paris models renewed at frequent intervals as the season's fashions required. Nothing is sold before the sale and the items are in nearly every case single ones. In evening gowns there are models which cost £75 marked at 10 guineas; there is one in royal blue net embroidered with paste originally £30 and now 6 guineas. Awaiting some prospective bride there is a model wedding gown in ivory moire with a panel of silver lamé, originally £65 and now eight guineas. Tailored redingotes in different shapes and colours are being cleared at from 4½ to 10 guineas. There are evening wraps reduced to prices that are less than the value of the fur; a model in two shades of rose velvet with a big collar and cuffs of brown fox originally £147 is marked down to 17 guineas. Original model two-pieces and model millinery are equally drastically reduced. The large stock of fur-trimmed coats are at clearance prices, and there are many bargains in lingerie and tea-gowns. During the sale special prices are quoted for made-to-order tailor suits, of which advance models are being shown.

MARSHALL AND SNELGROVE'S, Oxford-street, enter upon the second week of their sale to-day with special attractions. There are exceptional values in silks; £50,000 worth of high-grade silks, the productions of the best-known British and French manufacturers, being marked down in many cases to less than half price. Metal brocades are less than half price, and there are some Rodier productions in silk metal brocades on *chine toile de soie* grounds in wide widths at 5s. 11d. a yard, which is a quarter the original price. Hand-blocked crêpes de Chine, mousselines de soie, and georgettes in exclusive designs and colourings show big reductions. There are special bargains in linens this week and household renewals can be made at considerable savings.

DEBENHAM AND FREEBODY, Wigmore-street, begin their sale to-day and continue it for 12 days only, with big reductions in their exclusive stocks. Their furs, which are of the highest grade, are reduced to what is almost pre-War level. There is a handsome coat in the shade known as rose-dyed ermine, trimmed with fox to tone, which is reduced from £250 to £125; a fashionable coat in Galliac broadtail in a beige tone and trimmed with Asiatic marten is reduced from £245 to 98 guineas. A natural pony-skin coat trimmed with dyed squirrel to tone is reduced to 69 guineas from 125 guineas. All of these coats are in the new shapes and made on slimming lines. There are groups of coats at 39 and 29 guineas in fine furs, among which will be found some exceptional bargains. In the coat and skirt department there are many bargains reduced to low prices. Very smart two-pieces in line check wool voile, light and useful for present wear, are reduced to 6½ guineas, and at 98s. 6d. and 6½ guineas women who propose going to Scotland will find many bargains in suits for country wear. In the lingeries department there are pure silk satin hand-made nightdresses at 29s. 6d. and many special bargains in pyjama suits, Lido suits, and other specialities of this department.

THE ARMY AND NAVY COOPERATIVE SOCIETY, Victoria-street, hold a fortnight's summer sale beginning to-day. In this house a complete clearance is to be made of single lines, odd ends, broken ranges, and shop-soiled goods, and the result is that the personal shopper can find excellent bargains. There are evening and day gowns in georgette and lace, the original prices of which have been from six guineas to £12 18s. 6d., which are being cleared at 45s. There are fur coats at £10 and French model hats at half-price. Men are always to be found in numbers at this sale, and in the men's section there are as good values as in other sections.

SHOOLBRED'S, Tottenham Court-road, begin their one-week clearance sale to-day. In the model gown department two and three-piece *ensembles* afternoon dresses, and dinner gowns will be at less than half-price, and there will be special groups at £4, £5, and £6. In the model suits there will be groups at £3, £5, and £6, which are also at half-price and less.

THE LOUVRE, Oxford-circus, begin their sale to-day, and model gowns are at half-price; there are many cheap washing frocks and big reductions in hats, some of which are now priced as low as 5s. Straw hats are very much reduced to clear. In the shoe department there are bargains in shoes, some of which have been 35s. and are now 15s.

ISOBEL, Regent-street, is having a special sale of clothes for Scotland and also afternoon and sports clothes priced at from 8 to 10 guineas.

GOOCH'S, Brompton-road, have further reductions in their sale this week. There are some very smart two-pieces of dress and long coat, some in fine wool romaine and others in heavier materials, of which the remaining examples are now at £4 10s. There are costumes also at this price, which is about half the original cost. At £3 there is a number of suits in homespun with self border, the coat in cardigan shape, and there are others in men's suitings, tailored with lapels, that are excellent holiday bargains. In long coats there is a group which contains original models of various in exclusive materials. These are for personal shoppers only, as there are not two alike.

HARVEY NICHOLS, Knightsbridge, have special values in their silk department in this the second week of their sale. There is a collection of metal brocades and printed velvets in two groups at 18s. 9d. and 9s. 11d. a yard, many of which have been as much as 49s. 6d. Printed ninons and chiffons in exclusive designs are reduced to 6s. 11d. and 8s. 11d. from prices ranging from 19s. 11d. Of many of these there is only a limited quantity. Printed satins are reduced from 18s. 9d. to 8s. 11d. Very wide bordered washing silks in line checks are reduced from 18s. 9d. to 9s. 11d. and would make up into very useful tennis frocks. Printed crêpes de Chine, some of which have been as much as 21s. 9d. a yard, are in two groups at 6s. 11d. and 8s. 11d. In lingerie washing satin there is special value in a rich quality in good colours reduced from 12s. 9d. to 8s. 11d.

MURDER CHARGE AFTER QUARREL

A man named JAMES EDWARD ALLEN was charged at Southend Village police station on Saturday evening with the wilful murder of John Hearn, 41, of Champion-park, Lower Sydenham. It is alleged that there was a quarrel at the house at Champion-park where Hearn and the man charged lived. An argument was followed by blows. Hearn's skull was fractured and he died almost immediately. Shortly afterwards, it is stated, Allen walked into Southend Village police station and was later charged with murder.

WESTMINSTER ABBEY

SACRISTY PLAN ABANDONED

OFFICIAL STATEMENT

It was authoritatively announced on Saturday that the project to place a Sacristy on the south side of Westminster Abbey has been brought to an end. The anonymous donor who, in 1928, offered to provide a Sacristy, has declined to accept the plan in place of the original scheme. The official statement says:—

The Dean and Chapter of Westminster have for some months, with the assistance of their architect, been trying to make an effective scheme out of the plan recommended by the Advisory Committee presided over by Lord Davidson, for a small Sacristy on the south side of the Abbey near Poets' Corner door. This site was one of the first considered, not only by the present Dean, but by his predecessor. It is not feasible to make an adequate Sacristy in this position, but the Dean and Chapter felt that as it had been deliberately chosen by so weighty a committee, it was their duty to go into the whole question once again and see what could be done.

The project, however, has now been brought to an end because the donor declines altogether, not without reason, to accept this plan in place of the complete scheme for which the generous gift was originally offered. The Abbey, therefore, is left not only without the accommodation that it requires, but without the necessary means to provide it.

Mr. John G. Noppen, the hon. secretary of the Council for the Protection of Westminster Abbey, made the following statement:—

"The council is naturally glad that the scheme has been abandoned; it was to protest against any addition to the old fabric that our organization was begun, and, had the council been officially represented on the committee convened by the Dean to advise him on the matter, that attitude would have been maintained. Schemes to provide the required accommodation without the addition of a new building to the old church were discarded as impracticable or unsuitable, but the council has never departed from its view that one of them might have been successfully adopted. It is a matter for regret that the Abbey has only been saved from an addition by the action of one individual who had undertaken to find the money; but there are many of us who know that a lack of funds in the past might have saved the old building from a good deal of damage.

"The Abbey and numerous other churches and cathedrals in the country might have retained many valuable features, now irrevocably destroyed, had their authorities during the past 100 years had less funds at their disposal. The support given by the public and the Press to the council proves that the man in the street is realizing the value of our ancient buildings, and it is for those who give money to ensure that it is to be wisely spent. If Westminster Abbey were in need, and an appeal were made for funds, supported by the Society for the Protection of Ancient Buildings—and I recommend that no response to any such appeal should be made unless it has the support of that body—I am quite sure that the response would be immediate and generous. This may appear to some to be drastic, but it is the only way in which our ancient buildings can be assured of proper care. The public distaste for the proposed addition to the Abbey was fully expressed in your columns and in the Press generally before this council was formed; but the Dean and Chapter turned a deaf ear to it. When we began our campaign they were about to build on the north side. Our members will be glad that no such building is to be erected, but they will regret that only the withdrawal of funds has prevented the adoption of a lesser evil.

"There is no doubt that the Abbey authorities may find the accommodation they need without building, or in any way interfering with ancient work, and in any endeavours they may make to that end they will have the whole-hearted support of all who love their church. The formation of the council has brought together over 1,500 lovers of the Abbey, and it is hoped in due time to reorganize it on a permanent basis."

HISTORY OF THE CONTROVERSY

The history of the movement to add a Sacristy to the Abbey is one of prolonged controversy. On March 2, 1928, it was announced that an anonymous donor had made it possible for the Dean and Chapter to carry out a long-matured plan for the building of a Sacristy to meet a growing necessity of the Abbey, and that after a careful survey of all the possible sites, the ground immediately east of the north transept had been chosen, a site largely screened from view by the transept itself, by St. Margaret's Church, and by trees in the precinct. The building was designed by Mr. Walter Tapper.

This led to general criticism, renewed when the Dean had a full-size model erected on the proposed site. A Council for the Preservation of Westminster Abbey came into being. The question was referred by the Dean to the Royal Fine Arts Commission, who, in their report, in June, 1929, stated:—"The Royal Commission are unable to conceal their regret that any addition to the Abbey should be found necessary." They recommended the site on the re-entering angle between the east side of the north transept and the choir, because it was concealed to a considerable extent by St. Margaret's Church on the north side, by the existing north transept, and by the trees.

In August, 1929, the Dean announced that the matter was settled and that orders had been given for the work to be put in hand. After a leading article in *The Times* of August 13, he postponed action for three months. In October he announced the appointment of a committee, presided over by the late Archbishop Lord Davidson, who, in their report in January of this year, recommended the reconsideration of the Poets' Corner site and, if this should prove inadequate, that consideration should be given to a scheme involving a combination of the Poets' Corner site with the octagonal crypt of the Chapter House by means of an underground passage and stairway. The Dean, in a letter to Archbishop Lord Davidson, said that although he and the Chapter were compelled with great reluctance to abandon the Poets' Corner site, on the ground of lack of room, they would now, in view of the strong recommendation of the committee, go into the question again, with the new proposals for additional accommodation suggested by the Committee.

GOVERNMENT AND CRANT TO CADETS

LT.-GEN. SIR H. JEUDWINE'S VIEWS

The annual inspection of the 1st Cadet Battalion, The London Regiment (The Queen's), of which Princess Louise, Duchess of Argyll, is president, took place in the Inner Temple Gardens last evening. Lieutenant-General Sir Hugh Jeudwine (late Director-General of the Territorial Army) was the inspecting officer.

The strength of the battalion is now 250 all ranks, but at the moment it is in need of officers permanently resident in London who can devote at least two nights a week to the work.

LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR HUGH JEUDWINE congratulated the cadets on their smart turn-out and drill. The battalion, he said, had a wonderful record for efficiency. In competition against the cadets of England and Wales they had won the Lucas-Tooth shield with a record number of points to their credit. The shield was awarded for general efficiency. The Clifford Shield for the most efficient cadet unit in the County of London was again retained by the battalion. This was a critical time for cadet corps and there were some croakers who professed that the corps would never get on without the grant. If any change took place after October 31, which was the date the Secretary of State for War closed the door on the cadets, he (the speaker) felt sure that it would prove a change for the better and not for worse. The battalion would be helped and assisted to continue in strength and efficiency and it possessed officers full of enthusiasm. After emphasizing the value of the training to the cadets as citizens and in promoting the spirit of comradeship the inspecting officer presented the various trophies and other prizes won during the past year.

Field-Marshal Sir Claud Jacob, Colonel Sir Henry McMahon, Colonel Carlebach, and Colonel L. W. Bennett were among the supporters of the battalion present at the inspection.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL T. W. LAWFORD, the commanding officer, in an appeal for financial assistance to carry on the work, says "there can be no doubt the cadet corps reach lads at the most critical period of their lives—14 to 18 years of age—and by physical and other training inculcate habits of discipline and loyalty and all that tends to make good, manly citizens."

THE DISASTER AT CASTLEFORD

MESSAGE FROM THE KING AND QUEEN

The King and Queen have sent the following telegram to the Lord Lieutenant of the West Riding, the Earl of Harewood:—

The Queen and I are distressed to hear of the disastrous explosion at Castleford, resulting in serious loss of life and injury to persons and property.

We deeply sympathize with the bereaved.

Please let us know of the condition of the injured.—GEORGE R.I.

Lord Harewood sent the following reply:—

Your Majesties' sympathy shall be conveyed to the bereaved families and will be greatly appreciated. Regret to report 12 deaths and 15 seriously injured, but six are progressing favourably and expected to recover. No women seriously injured, but many minor casualties are reported.

Lord Harewood has sent a donation of £100 to the distress fund, towards which nearly £650 has been received or promised.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

CASTLEFORD, JULY 5

The death roll resulting from the explosion at Messrs. Hickson and Partners' chemical works is now officially given as 13. All the dead at Castleford having been definitely recognized, the inquest was opened to-day, but only formal evidence of identification was taken, and the Coroner then adjourned the inquiry. The number of more or less seriously injured is returned now at 32. Nine are grave cases, and all are reported to-day to be fairly comfortable. Six children whose fathers have been killed have been accepted at Dr. Barnardo's Home at Leeds.

Evidences of danger to the inhabitants generally have continued throughout the day, and the necessary measures for securing safety and for meeting the most urgent needs of hundreds of people have absorbed all effort. As to danger of further damage, an "all-clear" intimation from the fire brigade given out about 3.30 this morning had hardly been circulated effectively when, about 4.30, there was a fresh alarm through a further emission of offensive fumes from the chemical works. At noon there was a repetition of this experience, accompanied by a loud bang which it would be an exaggeration to speak of as another explosion, but was alarming enough to those who heard it. In this case the fumes were reddish in colour and were said to be due to water having reached some picric acid.

The urban district council authorized a rapid survey of the many damaged houses, and their surveyor's report is that at least 500 working-class cottages have been damaged by the explosion, in a few cases almost beyond repair. The police are guarding some 300 houses, from which the occupiers have been withdrawn for the present. The belongings of householders were in many cases thrown into confusion or even buried in débris. Hence, for the time being, there are some hundreds of homeless men, women, and children. They spent last night in hastily improvised accommodation in school buildings or at the houses of friends or sympathizers.

To-day the public bodies have been engaged in organizing this necessary relief work on a systematic basis. Sleeping accommodation and food have been provided for 300. There has been no lack of offers of help, from both within and without the town, but the chairman of the urban district council, Mr. H. Robshaw, states to-day that much more help will be required, and he asks for £10,000 immediately for relief purposes.

Many messages of sympathy have been received to-day. The Prime Minister has wired to the chairman of the Urban District Council:—"I beg to express for you and your people my deepest sympathy at the tragic calamity which has befallen you." The Lord Mayor of Leeds has opened in that city a special Castleford Disaster Relief Fund, and a similar step is being taken at Wakefield.

Anxiety was felt to-day as to a possible extension of the damage through the town gas mains. Numerous cases of escaping gas indicated fracture of house service pipes, and even of mains, as the result of the concussion.

It will clearly be a work of many months to effect the necessary repairs to all the damaged property in the town.

"THE TIMES" STAFF AT HEVER

MORE THAN 3,000 GUESTS

For the seventh time since he became chairman of The Times Publishing Company, Major Astor, M.P., with Lady Violet Astor, entertained on Saturday at Hever Castle the staffs of *The Times* and The Times Book Club. A company which exceeded 3,000 enjoyed a delightful informal garden party, made perfect by the sunshine of a summer day.

The date of "Hever Day" is arranged for a season when the beautiful gardens of the Castle should be at their best. The flower beds on Saturday radiated colour, and many of the guests spent hours among the roses and perennials or in strolling along shaded paths fringed with honeysuckle and spiraea. The entertainment began with luncheon served in large marquees in a meadow, and afterwards there was freedom to pass the afternoon as the mood or the tastes of the guests suggested. The heat made the Italian garden and the lake with its loggia particularly attractive, but golfers played nine holes over the golf course, the lawn tennis courts were always occupied, and many parties crossed the River Eden and walked through the fields to the model dairy. The limited number of guests who could be conducted through the Castle and shown its historical and artistic treasures had the advantage this year of being able to read in their programme an account of the pictures at Hever written by the Art Critic of *The Times*.

The only ceremony of the day came in the early evening, when Lady Violet Astor presented medals to Mr. Braham and Mr. John Cutler, the winners of a golf competition, and Mr. W. Lints Smith expressed the thanks of the company for the hospitality of the day, and spoke of Major Astor's work during the last month as chairman of the Imperial Press Conference. The conception and the carrying out of the huge scheme of organization of the Conference had been largely his.

SUMMER TRAIN SERVICE TO-DAY

GREATER COMFORT FOR PASSENGERS

To-day, with the opening of the summer train services, the "Royal Scot" expresses of the London Midland and Scottish Railway, which leave London and Scotland at 10 o'clock each week day, will be made up of coaches of entirely new design. They will combine what are described as "observational facilities" equal to those which exist in American trains, with the particular characteristics valued by English people. The windows have been enlarged so as to give passengers a wide view of the country through which they are passing. Their breadth has been increased to 4ft. 6in., and 4½in. has been added to their perpendicular measurement. Coaches of the corridor-compartment kind have been fitted on the corridor side with double sliding glass doors which allow a wide field of view on that side as well as on the other. Passengers may travel either in a compartment or in an open vestibule coach. They also have the choice of dining in a small coupé compartment with seats for four, or in a large vestibule dining car. Each train is made up of 14 coaches, is 846ft. in length, weighs 412 tons, and has seats for 360 passengers. The engines used are the most powerful type running on the L.M. and S. Railway. At times the "Royal Scot" covers the distance between London and Glasgow, 401½ miles, without a stop, which is stated to be a yet unbeaten world's record.

At 10 a.m. to-day new L.N.E.R. "Flying Scotsman" expresses will leave London (King's Cross) and Edinburgh (Waverley) on their first non-stop runs of the season. New and improved first-class carriages which are being put into service contain a number of important innovations. There are fully-sprung separate arm-chairs for each passenger. All food served on the trains is cooked in the electric kitchens.

In the Southern Railway's electric area to-day the issue of mid-day cheap tickets to London will be extended to include all trains after 9.30 a.m. which permit of return the same day. Up to now these tickets have only been issued between 10 a.m. and 4.30 p.m.

News in Brief

Sir John McFadyean has been elected president of the Royal College of Veterinary Surgeons.

Mrs. Frances Cutter, of Llangrove, near Monmouth, who reached her 100th birthday on June 25, died on Saturday.

Mr. Sidney A. Newton, solicitor, Queen-street, and Mr. Cecil Jennings, solicitor, St. Swithin's-lane, have been appointed Under-Sheriffs of the City of London in the civic year beginning at Michaelmas next.

James Anderson, 35, a dance hall manager, committed from Uxbridge, was found *Not Guilty* at the Middlesex Sessions on Saturday of being drunk in charge of a motor-cycle and sidecar at Uxbridge on May 6, and he was discharged.

Some 12,000 people attended the ancient ceremony of proclaiming the Manx laws from Tynwald Hill on Saturday. Twenty-two new Acts passed during the last session were read in English and in Manx. The ceremony was broadcast.

After 14 years Mr. A. E. Blackburn is relinquishing the secretaryship of the United Committee for the Protection of the Native Races from Demoralization by the Liquor Traffic. He will continue his association with the committee in an advisory or consultative capacity.

Mr. Edgar E. Harrison has been elected Master of the Stationers' Company; Mr. C. J. Sturdy, Prime Warden of the Saddlers' Company; and Mr. Sidney Pears Master of the Framework Knitters' Company. Mr. C. H. Waterland Mander has been appointed Clerk of the Saddlers' Company.

For saving a valuable mare from a burning stable at Coldoch Farm, near Stirling, William Taylor, a ploughman, was awarded the medal and cheque of the Scottish Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. These were presented to him by Lord Moray at Doune (Perthshire) Cattle Show on Saturday.

Sentence was promulgated on Saturday by an Aldershot district Court-martial on Corporal Frederick Camm, 2nd East Yorkshire Regiment, who was found *Guilty* of striking another corporal and a private during a performance of the Aldershot Tattoo in which the three were taking part. It was ordered that he be reduced to the ranks.

The Acton-Bond annual diction prizes for singers, to encourage clear enunciation, were won this year at the Royal Academy of Music by Catherine Pugh-Jones and Geoffrey Davies, with Muriel Page very highly commended, Mabel Corthorn highly commended, Alice M. Langham and Mary Genn Williams commended. The judges were Lord and Lady Howard de Walden.

The Air Ministry have notified airmen that Royal Air Force aircraft will be flying every night between 10 and 12 o'clock from July 7 to 11 inclusive over an area bounded by straight lines joining Newbury, Swindon, Warminster, Winchester, and Newbury. Below an altitude of 2,000 feet the aircraft will not exhibit navigation lights unless other aircraft are observed in their immediate vicinity.

NEWS IN ADVERTISEMENTS

The following items are taken from the advertisement columns in this issue of *The Times*, where details will be found:—

The City of Chester is seeking an assistant house property manager. (p. 3)

The annual business meeting and reunion of the Old Sandecotes Association is announced. (p. 1)

Applications are invited for the post of staff tutor for extra-mural classes in literature and drama in the Department of Adult Education, University College of Leicester. (p. 3)

The Bank of England gives details of three cases of reclaimed dividends. (p. 1)

A sales manager is required by a large manufacturing house supplying the

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

(Edito-ial Rooms), London.

NOTE.—This space is occupied every day by an article reflecting the policies, principles, and opinions of this House of Business upon various points of public interest.
SELFRIDGE & CO., LTD

"IT MIGHT HAVE BEEN"

By CALLISTHENES

There is a dog-eared tag of American verse which runs :—"Of all sad words of tongue or pen, the saddest are these, 'It might have been.'"

As a static reflection on missed opportunities it is all very well, but like destructive criticism—it doesn't get one very far.

There are many businesses to-day mournfully echoing these lines, when they would be better employed analysing how, in their case, they came to be true. Of them the parodied version "Far sadder are those we daily see—'It is—but it didn't ought to be'" is equally applicable.

In our opinion there is another tag not in verse and much shorter, which is largely responsible for such a state of affairs, and that is "It isn't my job."

It tokens an attitude which is one of the worst enemies of the employer and one of the most difficult for him to overcome. An attitude which, having its roots in the rut of lethargy, can spread round his business like ivy round a fine tree, choking growth and restricting every sort of progress.

Sometimes it is due to short vision, sometimes to narrow-mindedness, sometimes just to mental lassitude—but always it spells poor service to the employer, to the customer, to the world of which its adherents are citizens.

Time and again in these businesses, errors come about through a slip made between two departments simply because individuals in each section carried out only their own small part of the job, and bothered no further. Nobody troubled to look a little longer, a little more carefully, to see that the work was linking up smoothly and swiftly. "It wasn't their job"—it wasn't anyone's job, and so inevitably there followed the old story of the lost horse-shoe nail and the lost battle all over again.

In this Organization that catch-phrase is not given house-room. It is everyone's job to look to the interests of the whole, to do everything they, as individuals, can do to improve service and achieve greater efficiency.

As members of this House the responsibilities of each of us do not end with our own small job; they end with those of the House—in other words, they go on.

Sometimes they are simple, sometimes very difficult, but all the time they are interesting.

They make a business a fine race; they strengthen initiative; they foster enthusiasm, and properly directed enthusiasm can eliminate—it might have been from the vocabulary.

Selfridge & Co., Ltd.

PALACE
THEATRE Shaftesbury Avenue, W.
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY
commencing To-night at 8.30
THE GREAT EMPIRE TALKING PICTURE
ONE FAMILY
WONDERFUL PAGEANTRY AND ACTUAL PICTURES OF THE INTERIOR OF BUCKINGHAM PALACE—BEAUTIFUL AND MOVING SCENES FROM THE DOMINIONS AND COLONIES—EXCLUSIVE CAST OF EXCEPTIONAL INTEREST—ALL FORMING PART OF AN UNUSUAL FILM, BEING THE DREAM STORY OF DOUGLAS BEAUMONT (AGED 13)
ALSO
BAND OF H.M. GUARDS OF 50 PERFORMERS
Other exceptional features, including a specially produced Talking Film of the RT. HON. J. H. THOMAS, M.P., and Special Edition of British Movietone News.
Daily 2.30, 5.30, and 8.30 & Sunday (July 13th) 6 & 8.30. The Programme cannot be repeated elsewhere. Seats should be booked in advance for any of the 18 performances. Of all libraries or at the Theatre: Gerrard 6834.

JOHN McCORMACK
WORLD FAMOUS TENOR
NOW SINGING AT THE
POLYTECHNIC THEATRE
IN HIS SCREEN PRESENTATION
SONG O' MY HEART
DAILY, 2.30, 5.30, and 8.30.
BOX OFFICE, 10—10. LANGHAM 1744.

Ladies love Perrier its fresh, clean taste

Entertainments

THE THEATRES

THE SHAKESPEARE FESTIVAL

The Shakespeare Summer Festival at Stratford-on-Avon, which begins this evening, will continue for 10 weeks. Twelve plays are included in the *répertoire*, but, with the exception of *As You Like It*, these were all given during the Birthday Festival, which was the most successful of recent years. Mr. Bridges Adams, the director, has so arranged his programme that eight different plays will be produced each week, his design being that overseas visitors who may go to Stratford during the summer may be enabled to see a cycle of Shakespearian works during a week's stay. The opening play will be *Othello*, in which Mr. Wilfred Walter will be the Moor, Mr. George Hayes, Iago, and Miss Joyce Bland Desdemona. The plays to be given during the festival are *As You Like It*, *Twelfth Night*, *Othello*, *Much Ado About Nothing*, *Romeo and Juliet*, *A Midsummer Night's Dream*, *Julius Caesar*, *The Merry Wives of Windsor*, *Hamlet*, *The Tempest*, *Richard II.*, and *Macbeth*. In *As You Like It* Miss Fabia Drake will be Rosalind, Mr. Ernest Hare, Orlando, Mr. Wilfred Walter, Jacques, and Mr. Kenneth Wicksteed, Touchstone.

The permanent camp for school parties will again be available. This will be mainly occupied by secondary school pupils. Stratford, however, is likely to see a record attendance of scholars from overseas this year, large parties of students from Germany, Canada, and America already having arranged to see most of the Shakespearian plays.

The final of the annual elocution competition of the British Empire Shakespeare Society will be held at the Haymarket Theatre on Friday under the direction of Mr. Robert Atkins. The competition will begin at 11 a.m., when Mr. E. A. Baughan will judge the classes for amateur ladies and gentlemen and the sonnet class, for which Princess Marie Louise presents a prize. In the afternoon the judge will be Mr. Henry Ainley, and the programme includes special *Hamlet* classes as well as those for professionally acted scenes. The competitors are prize winners from 13 branches of the society in addition to those from London. The public will be admitted at nominal charges. Applications for tickets should be made by letter or at the theatre at the time of the competitions.

WILDE AND SHAW

Two productions are to be given to-night—Wilde's *The Importance of Being Earnest*, at the Lyric Theatre, Hammersmith; and *The Fascinating Foundling*, at the Players Theatre. The cast of Sir Nigel Playfair's revival of Wilde's play includes Mr. John Gielgud as John Worthing, Mr. Anthony Ireland, Mr. Charles Staite, Mr. Scott Russell, Mr. Richard Caldicott, Miss Mabel Terry-Lewis, Miss Iris Baker, Miss Jean Cadell, and Miss Heather Angel. The scenery and costumes have been designed by Mr. Michael Weight. Mr. Bernard Shaw's playlet, *The Fascinating Foundling*, will be preceded by *The House With the Twisty Windows*, in which the principal part will be played by Mr. Fred O'Donovan, of the Irish Players. A third piece in the Players' programme will be *The Madonna of the Golden Hart*, by Mr. Robert Newton.

Karel Capek's comedy, *The Macropulos Secret*, in Mr. Paul Selver's translation, is being presented at the Arts Theatre to-morrow evening. The producer is Mr. Arthur Whatmore, who was until recently the director of the Hull Repertory Theatre.

Mr. Alec L. Rea, of the firm of Reandco, managers of St. Martin's Theatre, has secured the Embassy Theatre, Swiss Cottage, for a term of years, and early in September he will establish there a permanent Repertory Theatre company, in association with Mr. A. R. Whatmore.

The Coliseum programme this week includes the Kentucky Singers in a series of negro songs, *tableaux vivants* of current Royal Academy pictures, Miss Kathlyn Hilliard and Mr. George Baker in duets, the Nash Sisters, and Mr. Clarkson Rose. Miss Gracie Fields returns to the Palladium, and others contributing to the programme are Mr. Eddie Mayo, Mr. George Wood, Miss Beate Bradna, acrobatic dancer, and Mr. Teddy Brown. At the Holborn Empire are Mr. Charles Austin and Mr. Jack Barty. The musical comedy *Follow Through* will be seen at the Victoria Palace from to-night, in succession to *De La Folie Pure*.

ENGAGEMENTS THIS WEEK

To-night.—*The Importance of Being Earnest*, Lyric Hammersmith; *The Fascinating Foundling*, Players; Shakespeare Summer Festival opens, Stratford-on-Avon.
To-morrow.—*The Macropulos Secret*, Arts.

"THE CUCKOOS"

FILM AT THE TIVOLI

The producers of *The Cuckoos*, the new musical film at the Tivoli, point out that this is neither a *revue* nor a musical comedy, and, in despair of better terms, fall back on the word "extravaganza." It contains, indeed, every wantonness of setting, character, and movement, inspired by some excellent sentimental songs, and led by two comedians, Mr. Bert Wheeler and Mr. Robert Wolsey, whose eccentricities run ahead of them like shadows, so that we are laughing before we are strictly called upon to do so. The flattery is deserved. Only Miss Dorothy Lee is needed, a gypsy girl spirited off to Mexico by a bandit, and all the strings of melodious romance are twanging.

As ballast to this frothy composition, a very pretty ballet, some not very successful colour scenes, and unending tomfooleries of a physical kind are added.

A MATRIARCH'S FEAT

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JULY 6

La Bougival, the locomotive which made the first journey from Paris to Saint-Germain in 1837, covered the same ground to-day in 40 minutes. She drew a train made up of three genuine "period" coaches, one of each denomination. The first and second class were covered, and were more reminiscent of the horse-drawn stage coach than of a railway carriage, while the third class was open and little better than a primitive goods truck. Staff and passengers were appropriately dressed in the costumes of the thirties and "L'illustre Gaudissard" once again urged his fellow passengers to maintain their courage and *sang-froid* in the dangerous adventure which they were undertaking.

There seemed some doubt at first whether La Bougival would ever be able to get under way, but finally with much coughing and blowing she started and, accompanied by the sounding of hunting-horns and the singing of appropriate songs, made her way to Saint-Germain.

TRINITY COLLEGE OF MUSIC

The students of the Trinity College of Music gave a choral and orchestral concert at the Queen's Hall on Saturday afternoon. The choir, which was conducted by Mr. C. Kennedy Scott, sang a group of madrigals and some part-songs by H. Walford Davies and Gustav Holst.

The orchestra, which was conducted by Mr. John Barbirolli, played the Overture to *La Clemenza di Tito*, a Suite for strings by Alec Rowley, Dvorák's fourth Symphony, and, under the composer's direction, a Concerto for pianoforte and orchestra by William Lovelock, with Mr. Gordon Thorne as soloist.

BOURNEMOUTH MUSICAL COMPETITIONS

Bournemouth musical competitions festival opened on Saturday, and there are some 8,000 individual competitors from all parts of the country. The first day was devoted to brass band and folk-dancing competitions. In the former Somerset bands had much success, Yeovil winning in the championship section and Radstock winning the marching and the second section contests. Mrs. Kennedy North, adjudicator of the folk-dancing, said the standard was extremely high. Captain Manuel Bilton judged the bands.

NORTHERN CHOIR FESTIVAL

INTERESTING COMPETITION IN LIVERPOOL

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

LIVERPOOL, JULY 6

What may most simply be described as a competition super-festival was held in the Philharmonic Hall here yesterday. There were nine entries (of whom two scratched) of choirs drawn from places lying between Stoke-on-Trent and Perth—no southern choir was found to compete in this new national contest organized by the Federation of Music Competition Festivals for choirs which have already won first prizes at local festivals. Each choir had to sing a sight test, Wilbye's madrigal, "Sweet honey-sucking bees," Parry's motet, "There is an old belief," and a piece of their own choice. The winner of the highest aggregate of marks was the Blackpool Glee and Madrigal Society, conducted by Mr. Herbert Whittaker. The competition was held in two sessions, and for psychological reasons the complete adjudications were withheld until the end of the proceedings, when the choirs combined to sing the madrigal under Mr. Geoffrey Shaw and the motet under Sir Walford Davies, who with Dr. J. F. Staton constituted the jury.

The nature of competition is to sharpen the points of the song and to heighten the tension of the singers. The singing together just sufficiently softened the points and eased the tension to make the performance of these highly-skilled choralists memorable. Wilbye wrote his madrigal for five amateurs to sing informally after supper, but there is nothing in the nature of the music to prevent a choir of 500 singing it with almost certainly a better effect than Wilbye ever heard; Wilbye's amateurs, we can be fairly certain from the evidence, were not very good, whereas the musical effect at this Liverpool Festival was magnificent.

It did not, however, require the influence of cooperative effect to produce some strikingly beautiful, unexaggerated singing addressed not so much to the judges as to the audience. In particular Dr. Brearley's choir from Blackburn sang their madrigal with little subtle rhythmic *nuances*, and more than any other choir, except, perhaps, the Huddersfield Vocal Union, who in turn excelled all others in beauty of tone, brought to Parry the right mingling of feeling with technical competence. Their own choice was Bach's "I wrestle and pray," and the judges had occasion to complain of a certain hammering of the rhythm, but the less scrupulous ear of the audience passed over such deficiencies in sheer absorption with the combination of right feeling with right style that spells the vital word "imagination." The Huddersfield Choir's performance of Parry was equal to that of Blackburn and excelled that of Blackpool, but they lost marks on their sight-reading.

THE SIGHT TEST

The sight test was searching to the choirs in a way they had not anticipated, and was amusing to the audience. An absurd little part-song by a forgotten Victorian, Arthur Colborn (the name is not in "Grove"), provided very little technical difficulty to each of the choirs which sang it in succession. The problem was to grasp its simple character at sight and make something of it. In this the Yorkshire choir was not nearly so clever as either of the three choirs from Lancashire. The two Scottish choirs were not up to the standard of the English choirs. The winning choir from Blackpool, in addition to its quick perception of the character of the sight test, also gave a pointed performance of the madrigal; their performance of Parry was too pointed, but the texture of their singing, the fruit of long experience, as the judges pointed out, was a permanent source of strength and was the making of Elgar's "Weary wind of the West," which was their own choice.

This first national festival was an experiment. If it develops, as it seems likely to do, it ought to take on a character of its own—even perhaps to develop a different type of adjudication. Yesterday's contests were almost free from the kind of highly disciplined trick singing which we in London are asked to admire in choirs that visit us from abroad. The danger in any form of competition is that this extreme technical efficiency may be cultivated at the expense of musical feeling and imaginative impulse. This super-festival may come to have great value in mitigating the asperity and the tension of music sung *against* a judge and *against* a fellow competitor. To write the word "against" is to magnify the danger, but the kind of corrective function of a festival like this was indicated by Mr. Geoffrey Shaw when he complained that in all cases the *tempo* of "Sweet honey-sucking bees" was just too fast as a result of the necessary and right acceleration of madrigal singing during the last 20 years or so at the instigation of festival adjudicators. The super-festival may come to be a court of appeal at which tendencies valuable in themselves may be prevented from swinging past the happy mean. The perfect rather than the pointed musical performance should become the objective and the judge should merely overhear music addressed not to him but to an audience.

VENTURERS SOCIETY

"SEARCH"

BY RALPH STOCK AND TERENCE DE MARNEY

Charlie Goss	AUBREY DEXTER
Detective Williams	ROBERT ATKINS
Maud Fletcher	ADÈLE DIXON
Ben Crawford	ALEXANDER FIELD
The Babe	EMLYN WILLIAMS
Charlotte	DOROTHY MINTO
Victor Standish	JACK MELFORD

Gentlemen cracksmen, on the stage as in real life, are better unhampered by sentimental missions. While their hearts are free they may hope to make their appearances and disappearances really ingenious and enthralling. The most daring exploit loses its edge if the hero must always be justifying a career of crime by explaining a broken heart. So it is with the adventures in which the hero of this play is engaged. His first love has been betrayed by an operatic tenor. Since the name of the miscreant is unknown to him he decides to plunder the flats of all the operatic tenors in London on the chance that he will one day discover the betrayer. Fantastic as this plan may sound, it succeeds. The trouble is that the authors, dividing their interest between the chase and various affairs of the heart, fatally divide ours.

Mr. Emlyn Williams has to pretend that he is a prince of amateur cracksmen, but, do what he will, he cannot conceal from us that he is an arrant sentimentalist who escapes the law by a succession of lucky chances. He is luckiest of all in his police, who all belong to the pre-Wallace period. They allow him to slip out of the thieves' kitchen in Wapping in the ludicrous disguise of a drunken woman, and even when they surprise him holding a pistol at the head of the operatic tenor they become flustered and shoot the tenor, whose all-important evidence dies with him. The glaring incompetence of the police, the readiness of the cracksman to explain his broken heart to sympathetic women, and the carelessness of the authors in cutting a path from one striking situation to the next are the chief reasons why this "thriller" fails to thrill. Mr. Emlyn Williams is never nonchalant, even at moments when nonchalance is imperative if the cracksman is to dominate the stage. Miss Dixon is thrown away on the shadow of a part.

DEFIANCE OF BAN ON SUNDAY GAMES

There was a rowdy scene at Platt Fields, a Manchester public park, yesterday afternoon, where Councillor George Hall, in defiance of the city council's rejection of his motion to allow Sunday games in the parks, had announced that he would play a cricket match with a team against an eleven of market men. Over 5,000 people gathered, most of whom, it seemed, were in sympathy with Councillor Hall, but there was an organized opposition as well, who broke in upon the pitch. The field was cleared sufficiently to permit the wickets to be pitched, but immediately two women, believed to belong to a local Sunday school, darted across and pulled them up. The crowd burst through again, and the match was transferred to another pitch, where play was started. Later six constables arrived, and the crowd broke on to the pitch and ended the game. For a few minutes the constables were mobbed by part of the crowd.

The Broadcasting Programmes for to-day and Broadcasting Notes will be found on page 21

HADRIAN'S WALL

END OF THE PILGRIMAGE OF 1930

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

CARLISLE, JULY 5

The pilgrimage along Hadrian's Wall, which ended at Herd Hill on the Solway estuary yesterday, must be accounted the most successful, interesting and useful of a series which has already a respectable length.

The first such expedition was made over 80 years ago, in 1849, on the initiative of Dr. J. C. Bruce, the author of the nineteenth century classic on the Wall, first published in 1851. Other pilgrimages were made in 1886, 1896, and 1906; then came the Great War, and the first pilgrimage of the post-War era in 1920 did not, like the one just concluded under such splendid conditions, traverse the whole length of the Wall. The 1930 pilgrimage began at the known eastern extremity of the Wall at Wallsend-on-Tyne, where at least one poor fragment of the masonry of the Wall still stands above ground, in the garden of a Primitive Methodist Chapel; and the Pilgrims did not separate finally until after some of them at any rate had followed Mr. R. G. Collingwood from Bowness on Solway to the point, three and a half miles farther along the Cumberland coast, where the most westerly extension of the Roman Wall system has recently been traced. This extension, first hinted at 50 years ago, but since lost sight of, has been confirmed by a further survey of the ground. It has been shown that the Romans did not, as was long supposed, end their defences at Bowness on Solway and leave the Cumberland coast immediately to the south-west of that point unprotected, except by the isolated forts planted at wide intervals down to Ravenglass. Mr. Collingwood's last contribution to the pilgrimage was to impress on his hearers that the Romans carried a series of signal-stations down the coast from Bowness at least as far as Workington, possibly as far as St. Bees Head. Seventeen stations have been identified, and there must have been many more in the chain. At four places only has digging proved the presence of an undoubtedly Roman signal-station. These buildings were towers 20ft. square, resembling the turrets of the Wall. Herd Hill, where the Pilgrims turned back to Carlisle for their dispersal, has traces of two such signal-stations within half a mile to the north-east, and of two others to the south-west.

This pilgrimage of 1930 has been much occupied with the problem of the broad-gauge foundation and the narrow-gauge Wall erected upon it. The theory finding most acceptance among archaeologists is that when some part of the Wall had been completed about 10ft. wide on a 10ft. foundation, and the foundation laid of that width between Newcastle and Carlisle, a change was made involving the prolongation of the Wall at both ends so as to carry it to the sea, or at least to salt water. This change effected a saving of 25 per cent. of the enormous quantity of material required. The actual state of affairs may be summarized as follows:—

WALLSEND TO NEWCASTLE.—Narrow-gauge Wall on narrow foundation.

NEWCASTLE TO THE NORTH TYNE.—Broad Wall on broad foundation.

THE NORTH TYNE TO THE EDEN.—Narrow-gauge Wall on broad foundation, except for a few places where local conditions imposed variations.

WEST OF CARLISLE.—Narrow Wall on narrow foundation, except that for the last few miles of the Wall westward the Wall and its foundation seem to be of an intermediate gauge.

Where the Wall goes to the top of Steep Crags the broad foundation is lacking.

These facts have only been known to the archaeologists for a few weeks, and, as Mr. Collingwood stated on the evening before the pilgrimage, it is too early to dogmatize about them yet. The theory put forward above is merely a theory, and is given as an example of the kind of theory that can be put together on the basis of the facts as known.

Ten years ago, when the first post-War partial pilgrimage was made, the actual date of the Wall was still open to discussion. Nobody now doubts that the Wall was constructed in Hadrian's reign. In 1920 discussion was still going on as to whether the forts along the Wall were made before the Wall or at the same time as the Wall or were even later than the Wall. The priority of the forts to the Wall has now been accepted and it is proved that when they were constructed the Wall was not even contemplated. Again, in 1920 the system of crossings of the Vallum at intervals of 45 yards, or about 35 crossings to the Roman mile, was still the subject of controversy. These crossings are narrow cuttings across the mounds on either side, the displaced earth being thrown into the ditch of the Vallum so as to afford a level crossing from the south to the north side of the Vallum. What was their purpose? The answer given now, and not seriously questioned, is that the crossings of the Vallum were the places where the stone for the Wall was carried or wheeled through the Vallum to the line chosen for the erection of the Wall. Hence the construction of the Vallum crossings was perhaps the first step in the immensely greater labour of building the Wall, and thus they served only a temporary purpose. The still surviving evidence, visible to the least instructed eye, of the crossings at so many places where the Vallum runs along level ground is one of the most vivid impressions carried away by this year's pilgrims.

The upshot of all the work done at so many places since 1920 and still being carried on supports the idea that the Roman frontier system in the North of England falls into two stages—first the construction of the Vallum as a mere boundary or "limes" of the Empire, analogous to the German "limes"; and secondly the construction of the Wall as a work of defence against inroads from the north. The Vallum cannot be very much older than the Wall; it is itself intermittent, and the omission of the ditch in some places suggests that the completion of the Vallum was overtaken and cancelled by the order to build the Wall.

SCHOOL BROADCASTS

CESSATION OF B.B.C. EXAMINATIONS

The Duchess of Atholl, M.P., presented prizes at Savoy-hill on Saturday to children who had won them in examinations in connexion with school broadcasts of the B.B.C. It was the last of these prize-givings, the Central Council for School Broadcasting having recommended that the examinations as conducted hitherto should be discontinued. Nearly 8,000 papers had to be marked by the B.B.C. for this examination.

The EDUCATION DIRECTOR of the B.B.C. (Mr. J. C. Stobart) said this change was one that arose in the normal development of school broadcasting. It was seen when the B.B.C. first took up this work that the responsibility could not go on developing without limit, and continue on the old, intimate, experimental lines. Obviously the B.B.C. could not keep on asking people to send in specimens of written work and offering to examine it. That would have required an enormous staff, and actually only a tiny company was engaged in this enormous field at Savoy-hill. He had said long ago that it was not the duty of the B.B.C., nor within its functions, to conduct a correspondence college for the whole country. They foresaw that the actual work of school broadcasting must be handed over to some more authoritative body, and now they had two most important councils, the one for adult, the other for school, broadcasting, and each representative of teachers, local authorities, and the Board of Education. They were not merely advisory committees, but were engaged in drawing up plans, testing work, organizing courses, and inviting speakers.

He thought that, for good professional reasons, teachers had never really liked the system of announcing at the microphone the names of children or schools, and so, on the advice of the committee, they were ceasing the mention of names, as of prize-givings. Yet he did not apologize at all for introducing this system: one had only to imagine the feelings of the wireless teacher who cast his bread on the waters without ever knowing the result.

The DUCHESS of ATHOLL said that one reason why prize-givings were being discontinued was that teachers might then feel more at liberty to select talks which would best fit in with the work done at their respective schools.

The prizewinners were:—History.—1, Walter Stotesbury, Northwood Council School, Newport, Isle of Wight; 2, Eunice Saunders, Crescent-road Council School, Erith, Kent, and Kathleen Murray, Eccleshourne-road L.C.C. School, London; 3, Barbara Haworth Holden, home student. Music.—1, Marjorie Harper, home student; 2, Lily Cooper, East-lane Council School, North Wembley, Middlesex. French.—Kathleen Flint, Convent High School, Bury. Nature Study.—1, Jean Hubble, Wistaria School, Strand-on-Green, Chiswick; 2, Nona Davies, Meifrinla, Co-Educational School, Aberystwyth; 3, Drusilla Gill, Ivydale-road L.C.C. School, Nunhead. English.—1, Mary Saint, St. David's School, Swanley, Kent; 2, Jessie Barlow, Oxford-gardens L.C.C. School, London. Farming.—Anastasia Z. Crosse and Lilah Murphy, both of St. Anne's High School, Ursuline Convent, Waterford; 2, Ernest A. Baxter, Deeping St. James School, Peterborough; 3, Thomas Kingham, Welwyn C.E. School, Hertfordshire. Geography.—1, Eleanor Derrick, Cross Springs School, Bradfield; 2, Joan Hoffman, Walsworth School, Hitchin; 3, James Hyett, Harper-street L.C.C. School, New Kent-road, and Stanley Welch, Christ Church School, Luton.

THE SALE ROOM

CHEYLESMORE WAR MEDALS

Messrs. Glendining are selling at 7, Argyll-street, Oxford-circus, on Wednesday and two following days the remarkable collection of war medals and decorations formed by the late Major-General Lord Cheylesmore. The collection was begun over half a century ago, and for the last 20 years has been exhibited at the Royal United Service Museum, Whitehall.

Lord Cheylesmore stated, in his private catalogue of the collection, that he was first attracted to war medals with the sole object of preserving these marks of honour from an untimely end in the melting-pot. Gradually, however, he became interested in the subject, and thus his collection began. The collection contains no fewer than six Victoria Crosses, two won in the Crimea and four during the Indian Mutiny; also the three Peninsular medals won by three brothers who served together in the Royal Fusiliers (then the 7th Foot). These brothers Hardy served in 41 battles, which are recorded on bars to the medals.

Probably the most important and rarest piece is the large gold medal and gold chain awarded to Admiral Sir George Bower, Bt., for the part he played in Earl Howe's victory over the French on the "Glorious First of June" (1794). Never before has such a gold medal been offered at auction, and so far as is known this is the only one available to the collectors.

AN ELIZABETHAN JUG

Christie's sale of Old English silver on July 23 will be remarkable in that it includes a number of fine pieces the property of Mr. George Wilbraham, of Delamere House, Northwick. One of the choicest is the Elizabethan tiger-ware jug, 1566, mounted with silver-gilt, and engraved with the Wilbraham crest; it originally belonged to Richard Wilbraham, whose initials it bears, Master of the Jewel House and of the Revels to Queen Mary, and M.P. for Chester. Another lot is an Elizabethan silver-gilt cup, 1585, shaped as a gourd and engraved with the arms and crest of Thomas Wilbraham of Woodley, who married Frances, daughter of Sir Hugh Cholmondeley. Another important piece is a Commonwealth silver-gilt cup and cover, 1650. On the same day Mrs. Alfred Noyes is selling silver from Lulworth Castle, in consequence of the fire, the chief lot being a dinner service by W. Sutton, 1802, made for Thomas Weld, of Lulworth Castle, who founded the Catholic College at Stonyhurst.

SCARBOROUGH CHESS CONGRESS

FINAL POSITIONS

(FROM OUR CHESS CORRESPONDENT)

SCARBOROUGH, JULY 6

The remaining games from the 11th round of the Scarborough Chess Congress were finished on Friday evening, with the result that Mir Sultan Khan came into the prize list of the Masters' Tournament. His game against Mr. R. P. Michell was finished at a late hour.

The remaining scores in this event are:—C. Ahues and Mir Sultan Khan 6½ each, dividing fourth and fifth prizes; E. Grunfeld 6, taking the sixth prize; Sir G. A. Thomas 5½; R. P. Michell and F. D. Yates 4½ each; Miss Menchik 4; W. Winter 3; E. G. Sergeant 2½.

In the British Ladies' Championship Mrs. Holloway won her game against Miss Gilchrist on Friday evening, and so secured third prize with 7½ points. Miss Andrews and Mrs. Michell divided fourth prize with 7 points each, and the other scores were as follows:—Miss Gilchrist and Miss Hutchison-Stirling 6½ each; Mrs. Wheelwright 6; Mrs. Goulding 3½; Miss Harrison 2½; Miss Abraham 1½; Miss Eveling one point.

In the Major Open Tournament the game between D. Noteboom and W. H. Watts was drawn, so the former takes the second prize with 8 points. E. M. Jackson and A. Seitz divide the third and fourth prizes with 7½ points each, and the other scores are as follows:—J. A. J. Drewitt 7; W. H. Watts 5½; H. Saunders 4½; A. Mortlock and N. J. Roughton 4 each; C. B. Heath and P. Wenman 3½ each; J. J. O'Hanlon 2.

The final scores in the other tournaments were as follows:—there were three prizes in each section:—

FIRST CLASS TOURNAMENT, Section "A":—C. W. Fallows 9½; W. R. Morry 8½; P. I. Wyndham 7½; R. A. Jones 6½; L. Keeble 6½; R. G. Dixon, Addey 5; J. P. Goodman 4½; R. L. Aldis and C. W. Roberts 4 each; F. Moore 3½; W. L. Wakefield 1½.

Section "B" (11 players only).—S. H. Crockett, 7½; B. Barton-Ecket, M. Collier, and the Rev. A. P. Lacy-Hulbert, 7 each; A. T. Watson, 5½; R. Sergeant, 5; F. H. Sullivan, 4½; H. A. Cadman, 4; J. Baines-Lewis, 3; W. Barker, 2½; G. Fletcher, 2.

SECOND CLASS TOURNAMENT (9 players).—J. E. Scott, 12½; the Hon. A. J. Lowther and E. E. Shepherd, 9 each; the Rev. W. Benson, W. Church, and A. L. Honor, 8 each; H. W. Tidball, 7½; R. Lake, 6; Captain H. A. Hennage, 5½; Lt. S. Hanson-Powter, 5; F. Cooper, 4½; the Rev. M. Hooppell, 4; J. J. Ellison, 3½; F. E. Yewdall, 1½.

THIRD CLASS TOURNAMENT.—Division 1.—R. N. Coles 8½; C. L. Green, 7; W. A. Aston, the Rev. A. H. Brayne, G. J. Hodson, and F. S. Marsden, 6½ each; D. A. Breach, 6; D. R. Budge and F. S. Legge, 5 each; Miss Benson and J. E. Coleman, 4 each; Mrs. Fitzgerald, 1½.

Division 2 (11 players only).—J. A. Stewart, 8; F. M. Argrave and Mrs. Peckar, 7½ each; A. J. Bilson, 6½; Mrs. Mackereth, 6; Mrs. Fish, 5½; Miss Wickham, 5; Mrs. Heath, 4½; Miss McCombie, 3; Mrs. MacVean, 1½; Mrs. Brayne, none.

The prizes were presented by the Mayoress of Scarborough in the Grand Hotel yesterday morning. Canon A. G. Gordon Ross, president of the federation, was in the chair, and recalled the help given by members of the Northern Chess Association in the founding of the British Chess Federation in 1904.

In proposing the vote of thanks to the president, Mr. I. M. Brown, who assisted matters in 1904, said that they were inspired with the one idea of establishing a national federation of chess in this country which should combine all efforts for the development of the game.

M. E. Colle (Belgium), on behalf of the foreign players, thanked the Northern Chess Union for their hospitality.

PICTURE THEATRES

ALHAMBRA and REGAL. Remarque's "ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT." The film that is the book itself. Cont. from 1 p.m. Sessions commence 1.0, 3.0, 6.0, 8.30.

ASTORIA. Gerr. 5528. 1-11. Kenneth McKenna in Sapper's "TEMPLE TOWER" (All-Talking). 2.15, 4.50, 7.25, 10. Also "The Big Party." Gaumont Sound News.

AVENUE PAVILION, Shaftesbury-avenue. Gerrard 3981. Continuous 2-11. Colin Clive in the Film of "JOURNEY'S END" (All-Talking). Showing daily at 2.15, 4.30, 6.45, and 9.

CAPITOL. Reg. 4455. 12-11. Lois Moran and William Byron in "NOT DAMAGED" (All-Talking). 1.30, 4.15, 7, 9.45. Also "Women Everywhere."

CARLTON, Haymarket, Dly. 2.30, 6 o'c., 8.45. Sun. 6 o'c., 8.45. MAURICE CHEVALIER, Geo. Bancroft, Nancy Carroll, Clive Brook, Wm. Powell in "PARAMOUNT ON PARADE." A crescendo of Surprises. All-Talking! "P. on Parade" starts 2 o'c., 6.30, 9.15. Seats at 2s. 4d., 3s. 6d., 5s. 9d. Reg. 2211.

EMPIRE, Leicester-square. Noon to Midnight. RUTH CHATTERTON in "THE HIGH ROAD." ALL-TALKING, from Frederick Lonsdale's brilliant stage success. Also "RED PEARLS." From 11.30 to 1.0, any seat (except Loges), 1s. 6d.

KENSINGTON. (Western 3577.) 2 till 11. All Talking. RICHARD DIX in "THE LOVE DOCTOR." Conway Tearle in "THE LOST ZEPPELIN."

MARBLE ARCH PAVILION. Continuous 2-11. RONALD COLMAN in his greatest dramatic romance. "CONDEMNED" (All-Talking Picture). Showing daily at 3.35, 6.35, and 9.35; &c., &c.

NEW GALLERY. Gerr. 9805. Sari Maritza and Bert Coote in "GREEK STREET" (All-Talking). 1.35, 4.45, 7.55. Also "The Gentleman Chauffeur."

PALACE THEATRE. TO-NIGHT, 8.30 and for one week; 2.30, 5.30, 8.30 (Sun. 6, 8.30). "ONE FAMILY," the different Talking Film. Also GUARDS BAND. All seats bookable, 2s. 6d. to 8s. 6d.

PLAZA. GEO. BANCROFT in "Ladies Love Brutes." Mightiest of Thrillers! With Mary Astor, Fredric March. Dramatic Dynamite! All-Talking! Stage: Hal Kemp and his famous College Band. Also at 4.30 only, "Joan of Arc." Adm. 1s. 6d., 11.45-1. Reg. 7201.

POLYTECHNIC THEATRE, Regent-street. Langham 1744. John McCormack, World-Famous Tenor, in "Song o' my Heart." Also "Across Bolivia." Daily 2.30, 5.30, 8.30. Not Sundays.

REGAL and ALHAMBRA. Remarque's "ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT." The film that is the book itself. Daily at 1.0, 3.30, 6.0, and 8.30. Positively last five days.

STOLL PICTURE THEATRE, Kingsway. Daily from 12.15. 'Phone, Holborn 3703. Two Talkies: RICHARD DIX in "THE LOVE DOCTOR"; Ralph Ince in "WALL STREET." Song Film. On the stage: The Radiotone.

TIVOLI. Temple Bar 5222. 12-11. Bert Wheeler and Robert Woolsey in "THE CUCKOOS" (All-Talking). 1.9, 3.48, 6.27, 9.4. Sessions: 12.30, 3.9, 5.48, 8.27. 1,000 seats 1s. 6d. between 12-1.

LECTURES AND MEETINGS

ROYAL INSTITUTION,
21, Albemarle-street, W.1.

TO-DAY (MONDAY), at 5 p.m.
GENERAL MEETING.

OPERA

STRAND. Proprietor, Kyrle Bellew.
CARL ROSA OPERA SEASON.
TO-NIGHT, at 8, MADAM BUTTERFLY.
HELEN OGDEN, OLIVE GILBERT, FREDERIC COLLIER, WILLIAM BOLAND.
Conductor: ETHEL LEGINSKA.
POPULAR PRICES. TEMPLE BAR 2690, 4142.

THEATRES

ALDWYCH. Tem. 8404. NIGHTLY, at 8.15.
Matinées, WED. and FRI., 2.30.
TOM WALLS and REGINALD HIGHLEY present
"A NIGHT LIKE THIS."
A New Farce by BEN TRAVERS.
TOM WALLS, Mary Brough, and RALPH LYNN.

AMBASSADORS. Evgs., 8.30. Tues., Fri., 2.30.
THE MAN IN POSSESSION.
With ISABEL JEANS and RAYMOND MASSEY.
Preceded by "THE CONFEDERATES." (Tem. 1171.)

COMEDY. Gerrard 0978.
EVENINGS, at 8.30.
Mats., TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 2.30.
THE SILENT WITNESS.
MARIE LOHR. MALCOLM KEEN.
The Old Bailey trial that is thrilling all London.

CRITERION. (Ger. 3844.) At 8.30. Tues., Sat., 2.30.
"NINE TILL SIX."
A Play by Aimée and Philip Stuart.

DOMINION, Tottenham Court-rd. Mus. 2176.
EVGS., 8.15. Mats., WED., SAT., 2.30. (LAST WEEK.)
THE ROMANTIC MUSICAL COMEDY.
SILVER WINGS.
HARRY WELCHMAN, LUPINO LANE, DENNIS HOEY, DONALD MATHER, DESIREE ELLINGER, EMMA HAIG.
ALL SEATS BOOKABLE. 2s. to 8s. 6d., PLUS TAX.

DRURY LANE. (Temple Bar 7171.)
NIGHTLY, at 8.15. MATS., WED., SAT., 2.30.
DENNIS KING in
"THE THREE MUSKETEERS."
A ROMANTIC MUSICAL PLAY.

DUKE OF YORK'S. Tem. Bar 5122.
TO-DAY, 2.30: EVGS., 8.30. MON. & WED., 2.30
In association with Wil

Imperial and Foreign News

ICELAND IN THE LIMELIGHT

MOUNTAINS AND PEOPLE

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

THINGVELLIR (By Mail)

The free and sovereign State of Iceland, the northern extremities of which just touch the Arctic Circle, is not much visited by tourists. For one thing, a visit entails a sea journey of several days in a comparatively small ship. For another, as it is very mountainous, its climate is capricious. Even in summer, hours of brilliant sunshine alternate rapidly with heavy rain and cold. The very name Iceland, or "Eceland," as it is pronounced by the natives, is probably a deterrent to visitors.

Yet Iceland can be a smiling country, and during the week of the Millenary Celebrations here of the Althing, or Icelandic Parliament, the country and its people showed that they have fascinating qualities, and periods of good weather more than atoned for the bad. It was never really hot, according to English standards, but the air seemed to possess a magical invigorating quality peculiarly its own, so that, with the complete absence of darkness, nobody ever wished to go to bed. If for nothing else, the mountains make Iceland worth visiting. Some of them, the *jokulls*, are permanently capped with snow and ice, while the summits of others are only dappled with snow. Others, the majority, are bare and destitute of all vegetation. They fade into the dim distance in ridge after ridge, merging from purple into mauve and from mauve to misty blue.

These great upheavals of lava produce a feeling of awe and loneliness; their grandeur appals and fascinates. It is no wonder that Icelanders return to their country from the ends of the earth as though on pilgrimage. With its clear, unpolluted atmosphere, Iceland has magnificent distances. From an aeroplane 5,000ft. up skirting the shore of Snaefellsnessysla, north of Faxafloi, the bay on the southern shore of which lies the capital of Reykjavik, one could see for 80 or 100 miles over endless mountain ranges. There were seas of cloud in the valleys, and only on the fringe of lowland by the coast, the narrow, winding grey ribbon of an occasional road or the tiny buildings of isolated farms, each in its little oasis of bright green cultivation in the midst of the dull greyish-green of the lava plains, could one see that the country was inhabited.

A LAND OF LAVA

Iceland is a country of lava—lava mountains, moors dotted with lava boulders and carpeted with rock plants and coarse herbage, wild morasses and swamps over a lava substratum. But the lava, which is pitted and porous like the pumice-stone of commerce, is soft and very friable, useless alike for permanent building or road-making. Reykjavik itself, which accommodates roughly a quarter of the 107,000 inhabitants of the island, is composed for the most part of corrugated iron houses built over framworks of wood. The more modern dwellings are of reinforced concrete.

It is the most sparsely populated country of Europe. Only 15 per cent. of its whole area—the fringe of lowland round the coast and the valleys running inland—is habitable, and affords pasturage for sheep and oxen and meadowland for hay. The uninhabitable centre portion is a vast plateau or table-land rising about 2,000ft. above sea level and covered with broad expanses of bare lava, sand deserts, bogs, and occasional stretches of unprofitable moorland. Studded with lakes and little tarns, it has rivers flowing in its valleys, and is dominated by mountains and guarded by the towering *jokulls* sheeted in perpetual ice and snow. Vatna Jokull, in the south-east, is a huge icy expanse 90 miles long by 50 miles wide, rising to an average height of 5,500ft., with mountain peaks and ridges towering to nearly 7,000ft.

Owing to the severity of the winter and the general poverty of the soil, nothing will grow at a height of much more than 2,000ft. Most of the farmsteads are on the lower slopes of the mountains and in the plains, where there is grass for hay and grazing. Except for a few copses of stunted birch, which are sufficiently rare to be shown on picture post-cards as curiosities, Iceland is practically treeless.

The land is full of volcanoes, and as a corollary there are the peculiar hot springs and geysers scattered all over the island, singly and in groups. Their warm or boiling water is increasingly used for public bath-houses, for heating, for washing, and cooking food, and, in a few places, for warming the soil for growing potatoes and vegetables. Some of the hot springs are intermittently eruptive, the most famous of them being the Great Geyser, the great-grandparent of all the bathroom geysers in the world. It has not been active for some time, but the smaller ones can almost always be made to spout by throwing down a bucket of soapy water, a phenomenon which Icelandic washerwomen find useful. There are many lakes and rivers, on most of which there is good fishing for salmon, trout, and char, while Iceland possesses an enormous reserve of water power estimated at 40,000,000 h.p.

CARS AND ROADS

There are no railways, but there are many garages in Reykjavik and high-powered American cars, which alone seem able to stand up to the bad roads. In the course of a week, during which I must have seen nearly every car in the country on the way to or from Thingvellir, I noticed only three British cars. Reykjavik itself is a clean, well-kept town with several hotels and good shops, though prices for imported goods, particularly for ready-made clothing brought in from Britain, are dear. Not a dog is to be seen in the streets, their import being forbidden, and the only animals of this sort in the island are those used by the shepherds. Outside the towns accommodation can always be obtained at farms, which are scrupulously clean and have guest-rooms.

Reykjavik has its own university, and there are the usual secondary schools. Elementary education is very good, school attendance being compulsory for all children between the ages of 10 and 14. It is rare to find a child of 10 who cannot read and write, and it was certainly noticeable how many people talked English. The people generally are well dressed, and abject poverty and serious crime are conspicuous by their absence. There has been no murder for 50 years. There are "Houses of Work" for those who will not exert themselves, and those granted poor relief are compelled to earn it by labour. There are only 25 policemen and two prisons in the whole island, and offenders sentenced to imprisonment are allowed to find their own way to the place of incarceration.

By nature the Icelanders are undemonstrative and phlegmatic. Icelandic women neither need nor use cosmetics, for they have superb complexions. Many wear veils. The national dress of the women is most picturesque. It consists of a long black skirt, pleated at the back, and a silk apron, a golden or embroidered belt round the waist, and a tightly fitting black bodice, often of velvet, embroidered in gold and laced in front, worn over a blouse of white silk with long sleeves. On the head is a small black skull cap of black velvet with a long black silk tassel hanging over one shoulder, the hair, often of the brightest gold, being worn in two long plaits with the ends fastened under the cap. But the national dress, becoming though it may be, is slowly dying out.

THE THRONE OF HUNGARY

PREMIER'S DECLARATION

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

DEBRECZEN, JULY 6

Count Bethlen, the Prime Minister, accompanied by four Cabinet Ministers, nearly all the Under-Secretaries of State, and over 70 members of Parliament, this morning addressed his constituents in Debreczen.

Referring to the economic crisis felt all over the world, and especially in Central Europe, he said that unscrupulous and irresponsible elements were trying to profit by these crushing conditions, and were slandering Hungary abroad. He then turned to the question of a Hapsburg restoration, and said that rumours circulating abroad were unfounded. The point of view neither of the Great Powers nor of the neighbouring States had changed in this respect, and consequently any attempt to enthrone the Archduke Otto would involve danger for Hungary. The Hungarian Government was determined to take proceedings against those who would dare to plunge the country into such a danger. Besides that the question of a restoration could not be solved incidentally, but only in a constitutional and parliamentary way.

In reviewing the international situation of Hungary, the Prime Minister said that the Kingdom to-day was far from being isolated among the peoples of the world, as it was 10 years ago, and pointed to the treaties of friendship, mediation, and arbitration concluded during the last few years with various foreign Powers. He touched upon the Treaty of Trianon and said that it was necessary to carry out a fair reparation of the economic mistakes which had been committed to the detriment of Hungary and of Central Europe in general. It was essential to grant equal freedom and equal rights and to fix equal duties for all nations besides assuring to Hungary her position in the Danube Valley. On these conditions and in this sense Hungary would be ready to cooperate in the great scheme conceived by M. Briand for a European understanding.

FRANCO-ITALIAN RELATIONS

LEAGUE INTERVENTION UNWELCOME

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JULY 6

The proposal recently made by Mr. H. Wickham Steed in a letter to *The Times* to the effect that the Council of the League of Nations should be invited to intervene in the Franco-Italian dispute was not very well received here, the view being taken that action of such a nature might well do more harm than good. It is now referred to in a leading article in the *Temps*, which gives a reasoned survey of Franco-Italian relations in the light of recent events.

There is no profound dispute between the people of France and the people of Italy (writes the *Temps*), nor is there between them any insoluble conflict of civilization, mentality, or interests. With mutual loyalty and good will all the questions at issue between Paris and Rome can be settled in the most friendly spirit, in spite of the subtleties with which Fascist writing seeks to complicate them. France has never refused to discuss them with her neighbour. The suggestion which has just been made by an English writer to project the Franco-Italian dispute into the international arena and to lay it before the League of Nations is not only politically undesirable but is purposeless, for there is between France and Italy no acute conflict constituting a menace to peace such as could justify any initiative whatever on the part of the League Council. The Franco-Italian questions are of the kind that should be handled solely as between Paris and Rome and by the ordinary diplomatic channels.

The *Temps* adds that one of the difficulties lies in the fact that the Italian case is shifted from time to time to suit the circumstances of the moment, with the result that the Fascist Government speaks with two voices. When it addresses international opinion it proclaims its desire for disarmament and a lasting peace. When it addresses Italian opinion it extols the beauty of armaments and accuses France of arming against Italy.

NEW FINNISH CABINET

TWO COMMUNISTS ABDUCTED FROM DIET

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

HELSINGFORS, JULY 6

The following is the list of the new Finnish Cabinet which was formed on Friday night:—

SENATOR SVINHUFVUD (National Coalition) ..	Prime Minister
M. PROCOPE (Agrarian) ..	Foreign Affairs
M. SÖDERHOLM (Swedish Party)	Justice
M. KUOKKANEN (National Coalition)	Interior
M. MANNER	Acting Defence
M. VENNOLA (Progressive) ..	Finance
M. VIRKKUNEN (National Coalition)	Education
M. RAATIKAINEN (Agrarian)	Agriculture
PROFESSOR WITTING (Swedish Party)	Communication
M. SOLITANDER (Agrarian)	Commerce
M. TUOMIVAARA (Agrarian)	Social Affairs

M. Söderholm was President of the Supreme Court. M. Virkkunen is President of the Diet.

The main point of the Cabinet's programme is to combat Communism, but the Cabinet declares that it is absolutely necessary that illegal actions by anti-Communist individuals and organizations should immediately cease. A few hours after this declaration was published yesterday five rowdies entered the room where the Diet's Committee for Constitutional Law was assembled and abducted forcibly the two Communist members Pekkala and Rötkö, who, it is reported, were taken by motor-car to Lapua. The Press, regardless of party, condemns the abduction as an unpardonable outrage, and leading to anarchy if the mischief were not checked. Parliamentary parties are discussing measures to protect the Diet from further outrages. Uniformed police and detectives have surrounded the Diet since Tuesday. Soon after the abduction of the Communists the new Government issued an order to the police to detain for interrogation all Communist members of the Diet, the Minister of the Interior believing that their activities include offences which necessitate inquiry.

Much disappointment has been caused by the denial to-day of the statement issued by the semi-official news bureau that the Lapua leaders had decided loyally to support the new Government. The leaders now declare that their attitude is dependent on the extent to which the Cabinet is able to meet their demands. They do not desire Fascism or a dictatorship, but the maintenance of democratic principles.

The town late to-night received the first detachments of the 12,000 Lapua men who will take part in to-morrow's demonstrations. The Lapua have issued a proclamation saying that the peasants in 1918 marched as victors to the capital, but since then Communism has revived and so the peasants have decided again to show the capital their steadfast will to crush Communism.

REVOLUTIONARY MOVEMENT IN PORTUGAL

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

LISBON, JULY 6

The Government has issued a *communiqué* stating that Colonel João Almeida and some civilians have been arrested for preparing a revolutionary movement against the Government and the Dictatorship. Colonel Almeida has been confined in Elvas fort. The Government are taking energetic measures to maintain order.

THE RHENISH RIOTS

FRENCH COMPLAINTS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JULY 6

The special correspondents of French newspapers who have been following the sequel of the evacuation of the Rhineland continue to transmit long and detailed accounts of the acts of reprisal and pillage against Separatists and other persons suspected of having been in friendly relations with the French authorities.

According to these accounts, reprisals had been definitely organized on the basis of black lists previously drawn up. The French correspondents report that the German police and civil authorities have made no serious attempt to check these excesses. Moreover, it is alleged that the departure of General Guillaumat and his staff from Mainz was also the signal for manifestations for which the German police were really responsible.

These reports have created much feeling here in the belief that the victimization has been extended to those also who merely preserved a correct and formally loyal attitude towards the Army of Occupation. As to this there is no mention in the reports, but it figures prominently in the comments based upon them. Evidently the events have seriously disturbed the Quai d'Orsay. After M. Briand had seen the German Ambassador, Herr von Hoesch, the somewhat unusual course was taken yesterday of issuing an official *communiqué* about the conversation. This stated that in the course of the interview M. Briand referred to the incidents and disorders reported by the Press as having taken place after the departure of the French troops from certain Rhineland towns, in contravention of the agreements reached at The Hague between the Allied and German authorities with a view to preventing any reprisals against persons in touch with the officials of the Occupation. The *communiqué* added that M. Briand had instructed French Consuls and Consular agents in the Rhineland to inform him immediately, and very precisely, as to the events reported in the French and German Press.

The incidents have certainly done an ill-service to the cause of Franco-German *rapprochement*, which was understood to have been the mainspring of M. Briand's policy in promoting the earlier evacuation of the Rhineland. They have presented his nationalist opponents with a convenient opportunity for again pointing to the folly and the failure of his conciliatory policy towards Germany, and demanding that there shall be no further display of such generosity towards those who merely regard it as a sign of weakness. The circumstance is bound to react upon the negotiations for a settlement of the Saar question, which have reached a stage in which the utmost good will on both sides will be necessary if a complete rupture is to be avoided. Powerful industrial interests in France have been insistent that the French companies which have established themselves in the Saar region shall not be allowed to suffer in the settlement, and have been demanding that guarantees should be obtained that their rights shall be respected. With the example of the Rhineland before them the insistence of the French negotiators is likely to be stiffened rather than relaxed.

GERMAN CLAIMS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BERLIN, JULY 6

M. Briand's conversation with the German Ambassador in Paris, Herr von Hoesch, is being exploited by Nationalist hotheads in both countries. M. Briand, it is understood here, expressed his regret that the anti-Separatist excesses should be retarding the improvement in relations which might naturally be expected. Herr von Hoesch, I understand, explained that the German authorities were firmly determined to restore and maintain order in the evacuated towns, but the German police, not through their own fault, had arrived very late—after the departure of the French troops—and there was inevitably an interim period of weakness before they could distribute sufficient forces effectively and take a firm hold of the areas in question. The local German authorities have received the strictest orders to suppress disturbances with a strong hand.

Most of the harm has been done so far, less by M. Briand's interview with the German Ambassador than by interpretations of it. On the German side it is claimed that the riots cannot be regarded as in any way a violation of the amnesty agreements, as has been suggested in France. Under these agreements an amnesty of former Separatists was guaranteed so far as the German authorities were concerned, but it is held that no undertaking was given, or could have been given in the circumstances, to afford them more protection than is afforded as a matter of course by all available means to any German citizen whose life and property are threatened.

Another source of irritation is the news that instead of the Saar Railway Defence Force being withdrawn on July 10, the Governing Commission is only to meet on that day to consider whether it is competent to decide on the withdrawal, or whether the question must be submitted to the League. It is pointed out here that the British defence troops were withdrawn without reference to the League.

SHOTS NEAR WIESBADEN

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

FRANKFURT, JULY 6

Apart from a few isolated cases of window smashing and a further attempt upon the office of a newspaper which was the former organ of the "Separatist Government," the Wiesbaden police, reinforced from Frankfurt, have succeeded in restoring order in Wiesbaden itself. However, in the suburb of Kloppenheim an attack was made upon the house of an alleged former Separatist, a farmer, who, with his son, immediately opened fire with a shotgun upon all persons approaching his home. Several persons were hit by the farmer's shots and needed medical attention before he was arrested with his wife and son.

U.S. AND THE BANKERS' MANIFESTO

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JULY 6

The London bankers' manifesto has been read here with much interest. Comment on it, however, when not frankly partisan against supporters of the United States tariff, leans to the view that while great damage would be done to the trade of this country by Empire free trade, it is unlikely that the Dominions can be brought to accept such a policy.

LOCUST PLAGUE IN N. ITALY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MILAN, JULY 6

Locusts are causing great concern to farmers in the Friuli region. The whole of the rural population has been organized and is systematically clearing up the countryside. The municipalities are paying 50 centesimi (1½d.) for every kilogramme (2 1-5lb.) of locusts captured. One municipality alone has in a few days paid out a sum corresponding to over three tons of locusts.

SHIPPING AND THE EMPIRE

MR. RUNCIMAN'S SPEECH AT ANTWERP

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRUSSELS, JULY 6

Mr. Walter Runciman, M.P., who came over to Antwerp with his father, Sir Walter Runciman, in the latter's yacht, the Sunbeam, was entertained at luncheon on Saturday by Comte Adrien Van de Burch, Commissioner General for the Antwerp Exhibition, and in the evening at dinner by the president of the conference group of the Exhibition. In the afternoon Mr. Runciman delivered an address to a large audience in the Palais des Fêtes at the Exhibition on "The effect of Shipping on the British Empire."

M. Louis Franck, a member of the Belgian Cabinet and Governor of the Banque Nationale, introduced Mr. Runciman to the gathering.

In his address, Mr. RUNCIMAN said that mechanical invention and civil engineering had made their contribution to closer connexions between the units which composed the British Empire so that it was possible to mark the development of policy and of government, stage by stage, as the engineer, step by step, developed his skill and transformed our ships. If 1870 was taken as the starting-point for a new stage of development, it was because that was the date of the invention of the compound engine, which gave us greater mileage a ton of coal used, and the surface condenser, which enabled us to sail our ships with much smaller quantities of fresh water, and with correspondingly larger cargoes. The triple expansion engine had continued its influence in the economical working of steamships, with the result that freights, in spite of fluctuations, had tended to reach the most surprisingly low levels.

It was true to say that neither in the Dominions, nor in our Colonial system, nor in India could there have been the expansion which enabled larger and larger populations to live on the produce of the soil without a mercantile marine of remarkable size. The standard of living and the blessings of modern civilization in comfort and good health, which had marked in such an amazing degree the stages of economic progress, enabled us to-day to be proud of our Imperial development.

What were the deductions to be formed by a British patriot from the history of British shipping? Eight points were clear:—

(1) An Empire so scattered as ours must depend on its long lines of communication to a degree unknown to the Continental and Eastern Empires of the past.

(2) The traffic along these routes, impeded as it might be by tariffs, but encouraged as it was by sentiment, and flourishing on a basis of personal sympathy and identical language, almost unconsciously turned economic advantage to Imperial account.

(3) The wealth built up in the Dominions, as well as in the Mother Country in times of peace, had more than a purely monetary value. The financial accumulations of Great Britain and the natural investment of these in British territory led to a linking-up of interests and the dove-tailing of capital commitments. State loans and railway debentures and the bonds of the ports and harbours, as well as the banks of the Dominions, had created a whole community of common financial interests.

(4) Their transactions had been too often clogged and complicated by the erection of tariff walls, but tariff policy was completely and entirely within the right of every portion of the Empire. We learnt that lesson in the eighteenth century, when the American States secured their independence, and to-day the secret of our Imperial happiness and harmony was to be found in the freedom of our several Dominions to do as they pleased, all guarding and enjoying autonomy. Woe betide those who dared to confine autonomy within the walls of commercial contract.

(5) Amazingly cheap carriage by sea, which was the most remarkable achievement of modern mercantile and mechanical organization, had done much to neutralize the harmful effects of tariff walls. But whatever impeded the intercourse of traders, producers, and customers was to the detriment of the mercantile marine.

(6) In time of war the mercantile marine and the fighting Navy were complementary to each other.

(7) The supplies of every Dominion as well as of the Mother Country were dependent in greater or less degree upon carriage by sea, and accordingly in war blockade was our greatest danger.

(8) The fighting capacity of a people depended to a large extent upon their mobility of supplies and upon their economic strength. Our merchant navy, adequately protected, was the antithesis of a blockading force. That fleet was not only the means by which our population was sustained; it was an essential part of naval organization. In times of peace it united the several parts of the Empire into one vast unit.

THE MISSING AIRMEN

REPORTED CRASH IN BURMA

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

RANGOON, JULY 6

In spite of official inquiries which have been made in all likely localities by order of the Government of Burma, no trace

has been found of Mr. Hook and Mr. Matthews [who left Lympne aerodrome on June 20 in an attempt to beat Mr. Hinkler's record for a flight to Australia].

The only authentic information so far received is that the airmen were seen on Thursday morning flying over Kyaukpyu, an island about 60 miles from Akyab. This seems to show that they were following the sea route, and they may have been caught by one of the sudden storms prevalent at this time of the year. A later unconfirmed report from Akyab states that the airmen crashed near Taungup, which is on the coast in the Sandoway district and about 60 miles from Kyaukpyu, but no details have so far been received.

FRENCH HONOUR FOR MR. BALDWIN

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JULY 6

Mr. Stanley Baldwin was elected yesterday to the seat in the Académie des Sciences Morales et Politiques left vacant by the death of Lord Balfour. Twenty-nine votes were cast in favour of Mr. Baldwin's election, and there was one abstention.

M. Nicolas Socrates Politis, the Greek Minister in Paris, was also unanimously elected to the same Academy. Both candidates were presented by M. Barrère and M. Millerand. The Académie des Sciences Morales et Politiques forms part of the Institut de France.

THE KURDISH RAIDS INTO TURKEY

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CONSTANTINOPLE, JULY 6

Turkey has sent a strongly worded Note to Persia requesting that vigorous action should immediately be taken to prevent any more Kurdish rebel bands from crossing the frontier.

DICTATORSHIP IN YUGOSLAVIA

PERMANENT FORM OF GOVERNMENT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BELGRADE, JULY 5

The Government has issued a *communiqué* which denies the rumours "maliciously circulated" about coming political changes. It then announces the Government's programme. The first paragraph of the *communiqué* states that the Manifesto of January 6, 1929, must be taken integrally with its motives and tendencies. Nothing can be changed in it. By it the last word about the old system of government has been said. The old political system is neither wanted nor can it be restored. New ways and methods are to be sought.

Article 2 and the following articles provide that the name of the Kingdom, its division into Banats, and the new organization are to be final. Every one in the Kingdom must have the same feeling about the organization and functioning of the State. Political parties remain prohibited and State officials and teachers are ordered to work for the new principles. Ministers must work according to the general plan prepared in advance and under the direct supervision of the Prime Minister.

"There is no place," runs the *communiqué*, "either in public or in State service for officials whose walk and whose bearing is in contradiction to the above principles."

From the primary schools to the universities education must be conducted in a strictly Yugoslav and national spirit, and teachers must possess qualifications necessary to this end. "The Sokol of the Kingdom of Yugoslavia organized by the law of December 6, 1929, must cover by its integral and national character all similar organizations which have existed up to now. The development of the Sokol among the broad masses of the people, where it has its cultural mission, has become part of the programme of the State."

The many other paragraphs and rulings of the *communiqué* insist that every one must submit integrally and for ever to the State.

By paragraph 1, dispensing for ever with the Skupshtina and with Parliamentary institutions, a new situation has certainly been created in Yugoslavia, where the Dictatorship was first stated to be a temporary measure.

MORE EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS IN INDIA

DAMAGE AT COOCH BEHAR

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, JULY 6

Further earthquake shocks have been felt in Bengal and Assam. In Darjeeling at 3.30 yesterday morning there was a heavy tremor. Three members of the Jalpaiguri Club had narrow escapes. They had just hurried from their bedrooms when the roof collapsed.

Much damage was done at Cooch Behar, where the post and telegraph office, the Palace, and several other important buildings have had to be temporarily abandoned. Mails for Shillong are much delayed owing to the necessity of piloting the trains by daylight over the damaged section of the line beyond Saptagram. A fortnight must elapse before communications can be completely restored.

THE DEVELOPMENT OF FRENCH AFRICA

TRANSPORT PROBLEMS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALGIERS, JULY 6

The sixth North African Conference ended its sittings yesterday at Algiers. The various resolutions passed are interesting, as showing the broad lines of policy envisaged, but the executive word in matters of moment rests with Paris.

The Conference decided that, owing to complaints from European stations of interference from North African broadcasting, a new attempt should be made in cooperation with French authorities to incorporate Algerian and Moroccan broadcasting in the European system of allotted wave-lengths. A committee is to be set up to study North African wireless atmospherics, which are very important for reasons of meteorology and radio telegraphic communications.

It was decided to institute a commission to study the breeding-places of locusts and the factors favouring their increase. This commission would be controlled by a scientific committee at Algiers and the costs borne proportionately by the colonies according to the size of their ordinary budgets. Subterranean waters, so important in North Africa, especially in the Sahara, in future are, it was decided, to be under the same Government control as surface waters are at present.

It was recommended that commerce between French West Africa and French North Africa should be encouraged by the Governments concerned. Improvements are to be carried out on the Saharan motor tracks, notably the track connecting Bu Denib to Colomb Bechar, and consideration was given to the construction of a motor track to connect the oasis of Janet with Tibesti *via* French West Africa. All motor tracks are to be equipped in cooperation with the oil companies, the transport contractors, and the hotel companies. The Conference recommended the development of the Trans-Saharan aerial routes already selected by the French Air and Colonial Ministries, and urged that special attention should be given to the aerial survey of desert automobile roads and the organization of wireless and meteorological stations in concert with neighbouring Governments. It also recommended the making of practical experiments to determine a system of day beacons on aerial routes, and the drawing up of a simple aerial map showing landing grounds, wireless and meteorological stations, parking places, water points, and important natural features.

The keynote of the conference was the need of uniting the French African possessions by means of automobile and aerial transport as the precursor of the trans-Saharan railway. Rumours were current that this conference would deal with the projected railway from Ujda to Nemours, and there were Press references in Algeria, Morocco, and France to the proceedings of the 1928 Conference at Rabat, when decisions were made regarding the division of the coast between Algeria and Morocco. Since then Algeria and Morocco have disagreed. Algeria wants to develop an Algerian port at Nemours, but Morocco now thinks it would be better for the minerals and other products of Eastern Morocco to pass through a Moroccan port at Saidia. The decision now rests with Paris.

It is understood that Spain has 15,000,000 pesetas [£375,000] ready to develop Melilla if France decides to develop Nemours, as Melilla is nearer than Nemours to the mines of Eastern Morocco. If Saidia is selected as a new port, Spain would probably hesitate, as Saidia is nearer than Melilla to the mines.

THE INDIAN LABOUR COMMISSION

A meeting of the Royal Commission on Labour in India will be held at India House, Aldwych, on Wednesday at 10.15 a.m. for the oral examination of the following witnesses:—

Mr. Harold E. Clay, National Secretary, Passenger Services Group, Transport and General Workers' Union; Mr. C. J. Spencer, General Manager, Metropolitan Electric Tramways, Limited; Captain L. H. Green, Secretary, Flour Milling Employers' Association.

These witnesses are giving evidence in regard to their experience in this country of the establishment and operation of works committees or works councils by arrangement and in collaboration with trade unions. The meeting will be open to the public.

Telegrams in Brief

The Berengaria, which arrived at CHERBOURG at 1 p.m. on Saturday, took on board 500lb. of mails for New York which had been brought direct from Basel by air.

The works of the Hungaria Chemical and Fertilizer Company at BUDAPEST, the largest of their kind in Hungary, were destroyed by fire on Saturday. No lives were lost.

Miss Amy Johnson was entertained at luncheon yesterday by the Governor of WESTERN AUSTRALIA and Lady Campion. She will start home this evening in the P. & O. Naldera from Fremantle.

Two hundred deaths were caused in accidents during Independence Day celebrations on Friday in the UNITED STATES. More than half the deaths were due to collisions on the road. Over 1,000 persons received first-aid for injuries caused by fireworks.—*Exchange.*

BORDEAUX Court of Appeal has dismissed the case brought against the owners of the steamship Clodoald, which rammed and sank the steamship Ceylan of the Chargeurs Réunis line in March, 1929. The Court decided that the captain of the Clodoald was in no way responsible. Captain Prudenti, master of the Ceylan, committed suicide after the collision.

The aeroplane in which Mr. John and Mr. Kenneth Hunter were making an endurance flight over CHICAGO, landed at 11.20 p.m., G.M.T., on Friday night, after being over three weeks in the air. The following official figures have been made public:—Time in the air, 553 hours 41min. 30sec.; contacts, 223; petrol used, 7,630 gallons; oil used, 400 gallons; approximate mileage, 41,475.—*Reuter.*

A clash occurred in DANZIG on Saturday night between three British sailors belonging to visiting warships and two Danzig dockers, in which the sailors were seriously hurt. A quarrel began in a café, and afterwards the dock workers lay in wait for the sailors in the street and fell upon them with knives. Two of the sailors are in hospital, and their condition is regarded as critical. According to one report the dispute arose over some girls who accompanied the sailors to the café.

A steamer of the Doubrovnik Navigation Company, the Karajorge, which had on board 500 passengers who had taken part in the Sokol festivities in BELGRADE, when off the Dalmatian coast near Taskman on Saturday morning, came into collision with the Italian ship Morosini, Venice to Zara. The Karajorge was badly damaged and went on to the rocks. Three women and two men passengers, all Czechs, were killed by the collision, and 16 other passengers were seriously injured. All the passengers from the Karajorge were taken on board the Italian ship, which then proceeded to Zara.

H.M.S. NELSON AT BREST

A CORDIAL WELCOME

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BREST, JULY 6

H.M.S. Nelson, flying the flag of Admiral Sir Michael Hodges, Commander-in-Chief, the Atlantic Fleet, arrived at Brest yesterday. The battleship passed through the Goulet at 8.45 in the morning, and anchored in the harbour. As she came to rest the French flag was run up to her masthead, the ship's band played the "Marseillaise," and a salute was fired. Crowds had collected on the steep slopes above the harbour to see her.

After receiving two French naval officers, Sir Michael came ashore and drove to the Arsenal, where he was met by Vice-Admiral Pirot, the Maritime Prefect, and his staff, and saluted by a guard of honour of Marines. He visited the Hôtel de Ville and dined with the Prefect of Finistère. The whole town was decorated with French and British flags, and there was a torchlight procession in the evening.

The festivities in honour of the Nelson continued to-day. Sir Michael and his staff attended a garden party given by the Comtesse de Rodellec at her château near Brest while other officers and men were taken for motor expeditions in the country. This evening there is a banquet to the crew of the Nelson on shore, while the Maritime Prefect and other French officers will dine in the Nelson with the Admiral. There is to be a municipal fête in the main square of the town to-night.

Other Foreign News on following page

Buy it for its Freshness

Freshness means snappier acceleration, instant starting, and maximum power.

MoC. 329

SESSION AT SIMLA

EYES FIXED ON VOTERS

THE SIMON REPORT

HEAVY BARRAGE EXPECTED

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT)

SIMLA, JULY 6

The stage has been set for the final session of the Legislative Assembly, which opens here to-morrow. The Simon Report and Round-Table Conference naturally take up the centre, other subjects being relegated in most people's minds well into the background.

It is true that the Assembly meets to-morrow morning, but for two days it will ramble through a comparatively uninspiring programme of business, and the moment for which everybody is really waiting has been deferred until 2.30 on Wednesday afternoon, when the Viceroy will make a statement on the present situation. The next day the House will settle down to a full-dress debate.

The concrete subject of discussion will be the recommendation of the standing Finance Committee that the Assembly should vote an emergency grant of 631,270 rupees (£47,345) towards the expenses of the Indian delegation to the London Conference. The debate, however, is likely to cover an infinitely wider range, and there is no shadow of doubt that a formidable barrage will be let down, not only on the proposed plan of the Conference but on the Report itself. It is as well to prepare people at home for some heavy artillery. I have spoken to many members who have arrived in Simla within the last day or two, and except in the European group I have still to find a single one with a good word to say for the Report.

On the other hand, one important fact must be borne in mind. This short Session of the Assembly, which is expected to terminate in about 10 days' time, is the last before the general elections. Consequently, as has happened before in other Legislatures in other countries, many speeches will be made with one eye on the electorates. For the rest, there is reasonable hope that the atmosphere at the assembly of the House may inspire at least the leaders to frame their criticism on more constructive lines than they have chosen to take since the second volume appeared.

CHANGES OF PERSONNEL

Lord Irwin will make his declaration in very different surroundings from those in which he last addressed the Assembly on January 26. Then he spoke in the imposing new chamber under the shadow of the marble and sandstone of Imperial Delhi, surrounded by the yellow plains that are the graveyard of the other Delhis that have gone before. Here in Simla the House of Assembly is a modest white building perched on the top of a hill. From somewhere down the Khud the mellow bells of a mule train go jingling along the track, while far across the valleys the eternal snows of the Himalaya rise white upon the horizon.

Inside the Assembly itself there are notable changes. Mr. V. J. Patel has gone, and there are few to lament the fact that the unedifying cloud of controversy and intrigue which surrounded the President's chair has been lifted with his going. Maulvi Mohammed Yakub, the Deputy Chairman, will preside at the opening to-morrow, and there is no reasonable doubt that he will be elected to carry on for the remainder of the session.

Maulvi Yakub is a portly, cheerful Moslem, who in private life is a *vakil* (pleader) at Allahabad. He is one of the few original members of the Assembly, and if his career so far has not been particularly conspicuous, he enjoys considerable personal popularity among members of all parties. As president of the southern section of the Moslem League, he supported the boycott of the Simon Commission during their visit to India.

"DARK HORSES"

There will be many unfamiliar faces among the Indian members, the Congress demand for resignation having resulted in a flock of by-elections. Most of these new members are "dark horses" little known in politics. In Government circles their support for the Conference proposals is confidently predicted, and little difficulty is anticipated in securing a majority. But to be candid, my experience of the intelligence reports supplied to the Government of India during the succession of crises of the past year is that they are almost invariably inclined to be unduly optimistic; and specially in view of the feeling of hostility towards the Report so clearly manifested throughout the country, it would not be entirely surprising if one or two "dark horses" disconcerted the judges by racing in the opposite direction to the rest of the field.

Sir James Crerar, the Home Member, still being on leave, the leader of the House during the critical debate on the Conference will be Sir George Rainy (Member in charge of the Commerce Department), but the Government will not be weakened on that account. Sir Darcy Lindsay, leader of the European group, has resigned his seat since the last Assembly, and his place will be taken by Sir Hugh Cocke.

Such are a few sidelights on the disposal of the forces. As for the course the debate will run, it would be unwise to venture on prophecy even at this hour. Probably it would be well not to expect too much in the way of progress. It is already understood the Government will not bring forward new proposals, but will confine its activities to explaining the issues raised since the Report was published, perhaps to explaining away the indiscretions that have confused them. On the other side, no doubt, there will be a resumption of the unprofitable pastime of setting up ninepins that have been knocked down again and again. For the rest, we must wait until Wednesday.

Meanwhile there is any amount of activity behind the scenes. Sir Annepu Patro is holding a meeting at the Cecil Hotel this afternoon, and making still another attempt to stir the All-Parties Conference into life. The breakdown of similar meetings, first in Delhi and then in Bombay, does not inspire any particular confidence in leaders like Mr. Jinnah and Mr. Jayakar; probably they prefer to store up ammunition for discussions in the Assembly.

The Standing Committee of the Chamber of Princes is also holding meetings during the week-end in order to prepare a case for the Princes to lay before the Viceroy when they meet him on July 14. There are certain sections in the Report which have somewhat disturbed the rulers of the great States, and I cannot say that their representatives are any more favourably disposed to the recommendations than other sections of Indian opinion.

The most important news of the day comes with the fact that the Executive Board of the All-India Moslem Conference, which is meeting at the other end of the town, has by a large majority passed a resolution deciding to recommend participation in the Round-Table Conference. It is perfectly true that the greater part of the last two days had been occupied by an uncompromising attack on the Simon Report. After criticizing the various recommendations, more particularly those dealing with Moslem representation in the Legislatures, the following resolution was carried:—

> This meeting of the Executive Board resolves that the Report of the Simon Commission as a whole is unacceptable to the Musalmans of India. It falls short of the demands formulated at the conference held in January, 1929, and it is retrograde and reactionary in spirit.

When it came to the question of abstention from the Conference it was a very different story. A few waverers were carried away by Mr. Shaukat Ali's eloquence, and a resolution which may be summarized as follows was adopted:—

> The Executive Board of the All-India Moslem Conference welcomes the announcement made by his Excellency the Viceroy regarding the holding of the Round-Table Conference in London. Large sections of Musalmans had regretfully come to the conclusion that the British nation did not wish the freedom of India, and, acting on the principle that full responsible government should be achieved, if possible with the British connexion, but, if necessary, without it, had presumed that it had become necessary to achieve it without such connexion. The Board now assumes that the invitation to the proposed Conference means that full responsible government is possible with the British connexion, and having full confidence in the cause which Moslems represent, advises Musulmans not to close the door to negotiations and to accept the invitation to the proposed Conference.

The resolution proceeds to warn Musulmans against the "stagecraft" evidently designed to secure a monopoly of political rights for certain castes, and concludes with a demand for the safeguards as laid down by the conference held in Delhi in January, 1929, under the presidency of the Aga Khan.

"GANDHI DAY" RIOT

CLASH WITH POLICE AT POONA

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

BOMBAY, JULY 6

The most serious incident during the week-end was a clash between the police and a large body of *satyagrahis* near the Bund Gardens, at Poona. During the afternoon a procession started for Yeravda Gaol, where Mr. Gandhi is imprisoned, with the object of holding a demonstration in front of the gaol in celebration of "Gandhi Day." The police stopped the procession at the Bund Gardens bridge, where the crowd squatted down on the road, expressing their determination to sit there until permission was given them to proceed.

At first the crowd was orderly, but with the spread of the news of police action excitement grew in the city, and thousands of people flocked to join the procession, which by early evening totalled 2,000 persons. After nightfall the number increased to about 8,000, who became increasingly rowdy and jeered at passing Europeans in motor-cars.

After negotiations lasting four hours, and terminating at midnight, the police authorities agreed to permit 100 volunteers to proceed to Yeravda with an offer of coconuts for Mr. Gandhi, but before effect could be given to this peaceful settlement a motor-car containing a military officer and his wife was attacked by the mob, who smashed the windscreen and lamps with stones and injured the officer. Stones were also thrown at the police, with the result that a *lathi* charge was ordered, and the road quickly cleared. Part of the crowd dashed into the Bund Gardens, where the police pursued them. The *satyagrahis* retaliated with showers of stones and flower pots, greatly damaging the gardens. Two police sergeants and several constables were injured. Two rioters were removed to hospital, and many others injured, among them the president of the local Congress Committee. Later 200 *satyagrahis* reached the vicinity of Yeravda Gaol, but were prevented from approaching the main entrance by the gaol guard.

As a result of the activity of the Congress volunteers 49 mills were compelled to shut down in Bombay on Saturday owing to non-attendance of workers, who were observing "Gandhi Day." Picketing of schools and colleges continued, and several ugly incidents occurred at St. Xavier's High School, where the pickets abandoned non-violence and roughly handled pupils who desired to enter the schools. At a meeting of younger members of the Indian Christian community in Bombay, it was decided to form a Nationalist Christian party to support Congress. Mr. Vallabhai Patel, president of the Congress, left Bombay for Ahmedabad on Saturday night.

APPEAL TO CALCUTTA STUDENTS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CALCUTTA, JULY 6

Dr. Urquhart, Vice-Chancellor of Calcutta University, has issued a remarkable appeal to the students, saying that the Syndics intend to exercise no compulsion upon them to keep order and will make no use of any external compelling force in the maintenance of discipline. He asks those who wish to remain outside their colleges and the University not to exercise restraint upon those desiring to continue their studies.

The first response to the appeal has been made by Dr. B. C. Roy, for many years a prominent educationist and president of the Board of Accounts of the University, who, a fortnight ago, publicly appealed to the Government for additional aid for the University. He has resigned his Fellowship, stating in his letter that he cannot be a party to the Vice-Chancellor's "unusual and unprecedented communication to the students." Dr. Roy, who is an active member of the Congress Party, was recently a speaker at a meeting at which students were exhorted to abandon their studies and devote themselves to the national cause.

CABLES AND WIRELESS REPORT

The report of Cables and Wireless, Limited, for the period from April 8, 1929, to December 31, 1929, shows a gross revenue of £1,449,105. The available profit balance is £1,327,311, and after payment of the dividend on the Five-and-a-Half per Cent. Cumulative Preference stock, there remains a balance of £64,257, which is carried forward. Dividends from the company's shareholdings for the year 1929 represented a net return of only 2.78 per cent. on the nominal value of the capital issued in exchange for the shareholdings; this poor result is attributed mainly to the effect of trade depression on the profits of its subsidiaries. The report is fully dealt with in our City columns.

THE QUEENSLAND INQUIRY

RESIGNATION OF MR. THEODORE

REPLY TO CHARGES

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

CANBERRA, JULY 6

Mr. Scullin, the Prime Minister, announced yesterday that Mr. Theodore had asked to be relieved of his position as Commonwealth Treasurer, and that the request had been granted. The report of ex-Justice Campbell has created a sensation in political circles, and it is considered that if Mr. Theodore had not resigned the Cabinet almost certainly would have asked him to resign.

Mr. Scullin's brief announcement leaves it indefinite as to whether Mr. Theodore has resigned from the Cabinet. The general view is that he will retire from the Cabinet at least till the whole matter has been settled. Already a general discussion is proceeding as to a reshuffle of portfolios in the Ministry. Mr. Scullin will take charge of the Budget and incidental legislation, which is likely to be delayed for several days. The Cabinet will meet specially on Monday to discuss the position.

Mr. Scullin's trip will not be affected, except that he may curtail it by eliminating his proposed visits to the United States and Canada. Parliament is not likely to sit after the departure of Mr. Scullin in August.

SYDNEY, July 5.—Mr. Theodore, in a statement to the Press to-day, declared that the report of the Royal Commission appointed by the Queensland Government to inquire into the circumstances attending the purchase of the Mungana (Chillagoe) Mines by the Queensland Labour Government, of which he was head, was the "most dastardly possible."

The Commissioner (he said) condemns me without a hearing. He probed into my private affairs and bank accounts without first calling upon me to give evidence. Subsequently, when I demanded the right to be heard, he denied me a reasonable opportunity, and hurriedly closed the inquiry. The findings are most unjust in so far as they concern me. They are based on *ex parte* statements which are flagrantly untrue and malicious. The whole thing reeks of politics. For years my political enemies in Queensland have spread rumours of scandal. They relied on false allegations of corruption as their chief weapon against Labour, and they have persisted in their calumnies against me personally with peculiar malignancy.

As I never had any interest in the Mungana Company or in the Mungana leases, I naturally feel that I have been the victim of an atrocious injustice. However, the matter cannot remain where it is. I am entitled to a judicial investigation of the charges. As regards my intentions for the future, I must place myself unreservedly in the hands of my party.—*Reuter.*

QUEENSLAND PREMIER'S REPLY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRISBANE, JULY 6

Mr. A. E. Moore, Premier of Queensland, replying to Mr. Theodore's allegations of political partisanship, stated that Mr. McCormack, when Premier, refused repeated requests for a Commission to inquire into the Mungana Company's affairs. In the election campaign last year Mr. Moore promised that if returned to power he would appoint a Commission fully to investigate the matter, but, he says, he delayed doing so immediately at Mr. McCormack's request to enable Mr. McCormack to visit England. Mr. Moore said: "The Commission's report is a complete vindication of the *bona fides* of the Government."

The Crown law officers are now investigating several hundreds of impounded documents to ascertain whether criminal actions are likely to succeed.

THE NAVAL TREATY

PREPARING FOR DEBATE IN THE SENATE

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JULY 6

There is a prospect that there may be no quorum of 49 Senators present to-morrow when the Senate meets in special Session to consider the Naval Treaty of London, and that the Senate will have to adjourn until Tuesday. Senator Watson, the Majority floor leader, said yesterday, before leaving for a conference of leaders of the Administration with President Hoover at his camp on the Rapidan, that he was confident that there would be a quorum on Tuesday.

The conference with the President to-day is for the purpose of finding a way to ensure that a quorum of Senators favourable to the Treaty can be kept in Washington until it is ratified. There are fewer than 20 Senators who are opposed to the Treaty, or are classed as doubtful, so that a favourable quorum of 49 will give a safe margin of nine votes.

The Opposition Senators, of whom Senator Johnson is in the forefront, are expected to offer several reservations to the Treaty and it is expected that their main target will be the clause under which if any nation, not a signatory to the Three Power Agreement, embarks on a programme of naval construction which either Great Britain, the United States or Japan considers threatening, that Power, after notice to the others, may undertake whatever new construction it considers necessary, leaving the other two free to build up their Fleets correspondingly. It is believed that a reservation dealing with this clause will propose that the United States be allowed to reserve the right, in the event of this clause being invoked, to undertake whatever construction within the categories involved she may deem best for her national defence. There is no great likelihood, however, that enough votes can be mustered to pass such a reservation.

ATLANTIC ASPIRANT'S CRASH

SQUADRON LEADER EYTON INJURED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ST. JOHN'S (NF.), JULY 6

Shortly after leaving Lister's Field in his de Havilland Moth this morning for Harbour Grace, whence he intended to fly across the Atlantic to Ireland, Squadron Leader Wynne Eyton crashed, and his machine was destroyed by fire. He received injuries to the face.

Squadron Leader Eyton took off in a light north wind, and when he was about 20ft. up the machine nose-dived, and burst into flame on striking the ground. With great daring, onlookers approached the blazing Moth and dragged out the airman, who was unconscious and bleeding from the mouth. He was taken to hospital, where it was found that his injuries were only slight. His complete recovery is expected in a few days.

PARLIAMENT

NAVAL TREATY QUESTIONS

TAX ON COMPANY RESERVES

(From Our Parliamentary Correspondent)

Since the debate on the London Naval Treaty in the House of Lords last Tuesday there has been a certain amount of anxiety among members of the House of Commons at statements made by Lord Parmoor and other speakers. The Prime Minister will be given an opportunity at question time this afternoon of clearing up some of the points which have arisen. Commander Southby is asking whether the 91,000-ton cruiser tonnage limit was fixed before the Naval Conference met in London, and if so by whom and where, and whether it is the intention of the Government to review the whole Empire naval building programme during the coming Imperial Conference. Captain Crookshank is anxious to know on what grounds the Government declined to receive a representative nominated by New Zealand at the Conference, and whether there have been any other occasions when the Government in London has adopted a similar attitude with regard to nominated representatives of any Dominion Government. Rear-Admiral Beamish will ask the Prime Minister to state the scope of any legislation that will be necessary in consequence of the terms of the Treaty and when it is to be introduced. The House of Commons will soon have another opportunity of discussing the naval programme, since the Supplementary Estimate for the new building programme, with an explanatory statement by Mr. Alexander, the First Lord of the Admiralty, has now been laid on the table of the House.

The Committee stage of the Finance Bill is to be continued this afternoon, and the Whips of all the three parties have sent out urgent appeals to their members to be present in case the important amendment standing in the names of Conservative and Liberal members is reached. It proposes that the rate of income-tax on company reserves which are invested in plant, machinery, land, or buildings shall be at the rate of 4s. instead of 4s. 6d. in the pound. It is estimated that this concession would cost the Treasury about £5,000,000 a year, so that Mr. Snowden is unlikely to accept it. A close division is expected, but it is uncertain when the clause will be reached; a private measure, the Torquay and Paignton Traction Bill, has been put down for consideration at 7.30, and Labour members have put down a number of amendments to it. To-morrow and Thursday have been set aside for the Report and third reading stages of the Housing Bill. There has been some surprise at the fact that there is no Supply Day this week, but this is due to the anxiety of the Government to get some of its more important measures up to the House of Lords.

LORDS AND COAL BILL

The Coal Mines Bill will come before the House of Commons again on Wednesday when a decision must be taken about the amendments on which the House of Lords has so far insisted.

Mr. Graham has indicated that the Government will ask the House of Commons to amend the proposal to delete the district levy and to reject the proposal for a spreadover of working hours, to which the miners remain firmly hostile. There have been discussions during the past week between Mr. Graham and Lord Salisbury to see whether any agreement can be reached, but so far there is no indication that the House of Lords will recede from the position it has taken up of insisting on the 90-hour fortnight as a permissive alternative to the 7½-hour day. If a deadlock is reached on the point the executive of the Miners' Federation will be called together to consider the position. So far no business has been set down for Friday, but this may be a convenient occasion for the second reading of the first of the Government's emergency measures dealing with unemployment. Under the title of the Public Works Facilities Bill it is to be introduced formally this afternoon by Mr. Greenwood, the Minister of Health. The object of the Bill is

> to expedite the procedure for empowering local authorities and statutory undertakers to execute works which will contribute to the relief of unemployment; to facilitate the acquisition by such authorities and undertakers of land and easements required for the purposes of their functions; and for purposes connected with the matters aforesaid.

The House of Lords will take the third reading of the Poor Prisoners' Defence Bill and the Illegitimate Children (Scotland) Bill to-morrow. On Wednesday Lord Balfour and Lord Sanderson will be introduced; Lord O'Hagan will call attention to the demand for the derating of playing fields, and the debate on the second reading of the Hairdressers' and Barbers' Shops (Sunday Closing) Bill will be resumed. Thursday's business includes the Committee stage of three Government measures—the Criminal Appeal (Northern Ireland) Bill, the Air Transport (Subsidy Agreements) Bill, and the Overseas Trade Bill.

LAMBETH CONFERENCE

OPENING TO-DAY

The seventh decennial gathering of the Lambeth Conference of Bishops of the Anglican Communion begins this morning in the Library of Lambeth Palace, under the presidency of the Archbishop of Canterbury (Dr. Lang), after a service of welcome on Saturday in Canterbury Cathedral, at which the Primate delivered an address of greeting to the Conference, and the official opening service of Holy Communion yesterday morning in St. Paul's Cathedral

The Conference will sit in full sessions, from 11 to 1.15, and from 2.30 to 5, from July 7 to 12, and again from July 28 to August 9, and in the interval from July 14 to 26 there will be meetings of committees. The Conference will be strictly private, and it has not been usual to give any public details until the issue of the official report at the close of the Conference. But at the last meeting, in 1920, for the first time, a brief official statement was issued each day from Lambeth Palace. It is stated that this year no report of the proceedings will be issued until after August 9.

The Primate, in his address at Canterbury, took the opportunity to survey the aims and future of the Church, which he defined as "a community of free and self-governing Churches," to make some remarks on the subject of Church union in South India, and to forecast an autonomous position for the missionary dioceses.

☞ A full report of the Primate's address, together with reports of the reception of the Archbishops and Bishops at Canterbury, and of the opening service in St. Paul's, will be found on page 8.

LAWLESS CHINA

ABORTIVE PLAN TO BOMB TRAIN

BRITISH GUNBOATS FIRED ON

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

SHANGHAI, JULY 6

The Nanking-Shanghai express on Friday night had a narrow escape from destruction, the line having been damaged by a bomb near Changchow. Inhabitants of this village reported to the nearest station that there had been an explosion and the train was stopped in the nick of time. The train contained a number of important officials coming to Shanghai for the week-end, and it is supposed that their political opponents intended to blow them up by firing the bomb underneath the train, a plan which miscarried owing to the premature explosion of the bomb.

The British gunboats Bee [Rear-Admiral McLean's flagship], Scarab, and Teal and the United States gunboat Guam were all heavily fired on near Yochow [on the Yangtze, at the entrance to the

Tungting Lake] on Thursday. One American was killed and two British bluejackets were wounded. The Bee responded to the fire with effect. A Jardine launch towing lighters was captured and burnt.

The outrage was committed by Communists, who are reported to have occupied Yochow and the adjacent port of Chenglinchow, where they seized the Customs funds. There is reason to suppose that an extensive Communist movement is developing in the region between Yochow and Shasi [about 250 miles farther up the river].

THE SEARCH FOR THE EGYPT

WRECK OF A LINER LOCATED

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, JULY 6

The Italian divers, who spent last summer in searching for the wreck of the P. and O. liner Egypt off Brest, resumed their search a week ago. To-day they reported that they had found a wreck in latitude 48deg. 11min. 30sec. North, longitude 5deg. 33min. West, at a depth of 66 fathoms. This point is about seven miles north-west of the point which was described last year as "Hedback's point," where the Swedish Captain Hedback believed he had located the wreck in 1926.

The diver who went down is certain that the wreck is that of a fairly large liner with two decks above the main deck—a description which tallies with that of the Egypt. When he saw the wreck he had clear visibility at the bottom for about five yards. He was let down twice. The first time he came down on the main deck; the second time he landed on the superstructure. His visit was cut short by the change of the tide, which swung the salvage ship Artiglio out of position.

The Artiglio and Rostro have returned to Brest and will resume operations as soon as weather permits.

(World Copyright Reserved)

MAFIA TRIAL IN SICILY

SERIES OF VENDETTAS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

ROME, JULY 6

There is just beginning, at Sciacca, on the south coast of Sicily, what is described as the most important Mafia trial yet held. The accused persons number 214, and the collected evidence runs to 69 volumes. The list of crimes cited contains 43 murders, 24 attempted murders, and a large number of assaults and other offences against persons and property.

The crimes are said to have been the work of a formidable criminal organization which had terrorized the countryside for upwards of 20 years. As a result of its internal discipline and of the silence of the local inhabitants, who in most cases did not dare to call in the police for fear of reprisals, the members of this organization had succeeded in defying all attempts at suppression. Sometimes, however, desperate feuds broke out among the members themselves, and whole families were wiped out of existence through vendettas arising in many cases out of seduction.

It is alleged, for example, that a man named Salvatore Genova, who had been for several years head of the Mafia of the neighbouring townships of Lucca, Burgio, and Villafranca, and who had at one time been tried and acquitted for murder, was killed by members of the band in 1914, and shortly afterwards his brother was also murdered. A third brother managed to postpone a similar fate by never leaving the house, but in 1919 he also was killed by some members of the Mafia who had disguised themselves as labourers. Other members of the family had to flee the country, but their property was boycotted. These crimes led to a shocking series of vendettas and counter-vendettas in the course of which women and young children were murdered in cold blood.

WESTMINSTER ABBEY SACRISTY

It was authoritatively announced on Saturday that the project to place a Sacristy on the south side of Westminster Abbey has been brought to an end. The anonymous donor who, in 1928, offered to provide a Sacristy has declined to accept the plan in place of the original scheme.

An official statement will be found on page 11.

OBITUARY

We regret to announce that MAJOR BRYAN COOPER, a leading figure in the political and social life of the Irish Free State, died at Dalkey, Co. Dublin, on Saturday at the age of 45.

We also announce the death of the Rev. Dr. George Edmundson, scholar and historian, at Aix-les-Bains, at the age of 82.

Memoirs appear on page 16.

THIRD TEST MATCH

CHANGES IN ENGLISH TEAM

The team to represent England in the Third Test Match against Australia, which will be begun at Leeds on Friday, is announced this morning, and is as follows:—

A. P. F. Chapman (captain), K. S. Duleepsinhji, Hobbs, Sutcliffe, Hammond, Leyland, Tate, Geary, Larwood, Tyldesley (R.), and Duckworth.

It will be seen that there are five changes from the side which was beaten at Lord's a week ago. Sutcliffe returns to the side, and would probably have played last time but for the injuries he received in the First Test Match at Nottingham. Larwood and Tyldesley, who both played at Nottingham, are again in the side. Larwood was present at Lord's, but did not play as he had been ill and there was some doubt of his fitness. Geary was invited to be present at Lord's, but had to decline as he was suffering from rheumatism. Leyland has not played in a Test Match since his first appearance in the Fifth Test Match during the M.C.C. tour in Australia two years ago, when he made more than 100 runs in his first Test Match. His selection will be approved at Leeds, for he has played many fine innings for Yorkshire this year and he is useful as a slow left-hand bowler, and a good outfielder. The players who have been dropped are J. C. White, R. W. V. Robins, G. O. Allen, Woolley, and Hendren, who will be the twelfth man at Leeds.

The annual match between Oxford and Cambridge will be begun at Lord's this morning. The prospects for the match and the Third Test Match are dealt with in articles by our Cricket Correspondent on page 6.

WIMBLEDON

The King and Queen were present on Saturday to watch W. T. Tilden win the Singles Championship on the All-England Lawn Tennis Courts for the third time. It was his first victory on the new courts, for when he won in 1920 and 1921 the championships were held on the old ground in Worple-road. Tilden's feat in winning after nine years is remarkable for a man of 37. He beat another American, W. Allison, in three sets. Two Americans, Mrs. F. S. Moody and Miss E. Ryan, won the Women's Doubles, and J. Crawford (Australia) and Miss Ryan won the Mixed Doubles. The final of the Doubles will be played this afternoon at 2.30. The report of Saturday's play will be found on page 5.

HENLEY ROYAL REGATTA

The Henley Royal Regatta was concluded on Saturday in brilliant weather. The Grand Challenge Cup was won by the London Rowing Club, who were successful also in the Stewards' Challenge Cup and the Wyfold Challenge Cup. In the Diamond Challenge Sculls J. S. Guest, of Canada, beat G. Boetzelen, the German sculler, easily. Vesta Rowing Club won the final of the Thames Cup, and Lady Margaret B.C., Cambridge, won the Ladies' Challenge Plate; while Brasenose College, Oxford, secured the Visitors' Challenge Cup, and Third Trinity Boat Club, Cambridge, the Silver Goblets.

THE KING'S CUP AIR RACE

The King's Cup air race, over a 750-mile course round England, was won on Saturday for the first time by a woman. The winner was Miss Winifred S. Brown, in an Avro Avian aeroplane fitted with a Cirrus III. engine, at an average speed of 102.7 miles an hour. Mr. A. S. Butler was second, Flight-Lieutenant H. R. D. Waghorn, a member of last year's Schneider Trophy team, third, and Mrs. A. S. Butler fourth. Out of 88 starters, 59 finished. A full report will be found on page 11.

TIMBER FROM SOVIET RUSSIA

PROHIBITION BY U.S. CUSTOMS

A remarkable situation has arisen which affects a large number of ships of various nationalities chartered to carry lumber from Soviet Russia to the United States. The first of these vessels—a Danish ship—has arrived in the United States, and permission has, it is stated, so far been refused by the Customs for the discharge of her cargo.

Under the new Tariff Law provision is made for the prohibition of imports wholly or partly manufactured or produced by convict labour, and also for the prohibition, as from July 1, 1932, of goods produced by convict or forced labour. Apparently, arrangements have been made for the immediate prohibition of goods produced by convict labour.

Information has been received by the International Shipping Conference that the Secretary of the Treasury is expected to sign an order to-day prohibiting the importation of goods produced by convict labour, and it is feared that this order may affect not only the cargo of the ship which has now arrived but also others that are expected to reach the United States in the course of the next 10 days. It is reported that in all the cargoes of some 50 or 60 ships may be involved.

The suggestion is that the timber has been felled by convict labour. Shipowners of different nationalities are not likely to have much sympathy with Russian exports of this kind, but in the present state of shipping depression they may well have welcomed the demand for tonnage to carry the lumber, and the contention of the International Shipping Conference is that the prohibition of the imports into the United States should not be retrospective. The shipowners chartered their vessels for the trade without any knowledge that the legality of the imports might be questioned, and probably also without exact knowledge of the manner in which the lumber was prepared for export.

It would appear that under the new Tariff Law the legality of all exports from Russia to the United States may in future be questioned on the ground that all labour in Russia is forced and of an industrial conscript type. The action of the United States Treasury may, therefore, have far-reaching effects.

WAR MEMORIALS TO THE MISSING

The Imperial War Graves Commission announces that the memorials to the missing dead which have been erected by them at Loos, Pozières, Vis-en-Artois, and Louverval (Cambrai) will be unveiled on the morning of Monday, August 4 (the anniversary of Great Britain's entry into the War).

The unveilings of these memorials, which together commemorate more than 44,000 of those who have no known grave, will take place simultaneously. Further details will be announced later.

ALEXANDRA DAY

It is announced that the approximate total collected in Greater London on Alexandra Day amounted to £53,793.

CLOSER UNION IN EAST AFRICA

SETTLERS' VIEWS

GOVERNMENT SCHEME REJECTED

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NAIROBI, JULY 5

After three days' discussion the European Convention of Associations, which has been meeting here, unanimously rejected the proposals of the British Government in regard to closer union in East Africa. A fairly large section of the white settlers were in favour of a return to the position as it existed before the negotiations carried out by Sir Samuel Wilson, but eventually it was agreed, on the motion of Lord Delamere, to give loyal and earnest consideration to any further proposals; but any proposals which did not fully recognize that Kenya was travelling on the road of a characteristically British colony towards self-government by recognized stages is likely to be unacceptable.

The Convention recommended that a delegation be sent to place its case before the Joint Committee of both Houses of Parliament which is to be set up. The elected European members of the Kenya Legislature asked Lord Delamere and Mr. Thomas J. O'Shea, member for the Uasin Gishu area, to go on their behalf. The Convention decided to ask its chairman, Mr. J. F. H. Harper, a prominent coffee planter long connected with political movements and a member of many public bodies and commissions, to accompany them. It is understood that Tanganyika desires to be associated with the deputation, and it hopes that the Uganda planters will also be represented. Counsel will be engaged in London in preparation of the case for the settlers. The resolution declared that the deputation "should have no powers to pledge the Colony in any sense with his Majesty's Government." This restriction arises from the recollection of the experiences of the delegation on the Indian question in 1923, which gave rise to the use of the word "paramountcy" and other phrases which the settlers maintain have since been torn from their historical context.

It is expected that the deputation will reach London before the meeting of the Imperial Conference. Thus the deputation will be able to endeavour to enlist the sympathy and support of the Dominion representatives. Steps have already been taken to bring to the notice of the Union of South Africa the contention of the settlers that the British Government's proposals threaten the future of white settlement in East Africa, and by the elevation of native interests and the association of Asiatics in the responsibilities of government are likely to create a position which would cause the white communities in South Africa to refuse to cooperate with the northern territories politically.

NATIVE POLICY

One of the main subjects discussed was the instruction of the Secretary of State that the principles laid down in the memorandum on native policy be implemented immediately. It appears that this means 31 alterations in existing Kenya ordinances before theoretical equality of treatment of Africans and Europeans can be established, and it is understood that the Kenya Government regards giving effect to the instructions as impracticable without the usual constitutional procedure. The Convention urged that immediate steps be taken to endeavour to get the instructions withdrawn.

The main motion rejecting the White Papers says that they threaten the progress of civilization in East Africa, and ignore the 1927 proposals to associate the colonists with the discharge of the native trusteeship; that they misinterpret paramountcy and are inconsistent with impartial government; that they declare a common electoral roll to be a definite aim, bar the path to normal political development, and infringe all the pledges given to the settlers. The Wilson Report, the Convention declared, reached the limit of concessions and there is now no alternative but to withdraw them and make other proposals.

The general attitude of the Convention may be summed up in the Chairman's words:—

> We were invited here as colonists, and as colonists we intend to stay. Over 1,000 white children in the schools of the country have no other home than Kenya, and their birthright is in nowise secondary to that of any other native of Africa.

The Governor, Sir Edward Grigg, owing to illness, was unable to open the session, but sent a letter to the chairman paying a tribute to the high quality of the settlers in Kenya and expressing faith in the dual policy.

ENTERTAINMENTS INDEX

(For details see page 12)

OPERA

Strand	MADAME BUTTERFLY	8

THEATRES

Aldwych	A NIGHT LIKE THIS	8.15
Ambassadors	THE CONFEDERATES AND THE MAN IN POSSESSION	8.30
Comedy	THE SILENT WITNESS	8.30
Criterion	NINE TILL SIX	8.30
Dominion	SILVER WINGS	8.15
Drury Lane	THE THREE MUSKETEERS	8.15
Duke of York's	THE WAY TO TREAT A WOMAN	2.30 & 8.30
Everyman	LADY WINDERMERE'S FAN	8.15
Gaiety	THE LOVE RACE	8.15
Garrick	ALMOST A HONEYMOON	8.30
Grafton	ANNAJANSKA	8.30
Haymarket	THE FIRST MRS. FRASER	8.30
Hippodrome	SONS O' GUNS	8.15
His Majesty's	BITTER SWEET	8.30
Little	JEALOUSY	9
London Pavilion	COCHRAN'S 1930 REVUE	8.15
Lyceum	HERE COMES THE BRIDE	8.15
Lyric	LILAC TIME	8.15
Lyric, Hammersmith	THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST	8.30
New	DESIRE	8.45
Playhouse	CYNARA	8.30
Prince of Wales	BADGER'S GREEN	8.30
Princes	A WARM CORNER	8.30
Royalty	THE BEAUX' STRATAGEM	8.30
St. James's	THE SWAN	8.15
St. Martin's	PETTICOAT INFLUENCE	8.30
Savoy	THE COMMAND TO LOVE	2.30 & 8.30
Shaftesbury	THE MIDDLE WATCH	8.30
Victoria Palace	FOLLOW THROUGH	8.15
Wyndham's	ON THE SPOT	8.30

VARIETIES

Coliseum	2.15, 5.15, & 8.15
Holborn Empire	6.30 & 9
Palladium	6.30 & 9

EXHIBITIONS

Crystal Palace	10 to 10
Tussaud's	10 to 10
Zoological Gardens	9 a.m. to 8 p.m.

PICTURE THEATRES

Alhambra	ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT	1 to 11
Astoria	TEMPLE TOWER	1 to 11
Avenue Pavilion	JOURNEY'S END	2 to 11
Capitol	NOT DAMAGED	12 to 11
Carlton	PARAMOUNT ON PARADE	2 to 11
Empire	THE HIGH ROAD	12 to 12
Kensington	THE LOVE DOCTOR	1 to 11
Marble Arch Pavilion	CONDEMNED	2 to 11
New Gallery	GREEK STREET	2 to 11
Palace Theatre	ONE FAMILY	8.30
Plaza	LADIES LOVE BRUTES	11.45 to 11
Regal	ALL QUIET ON THE WESTERN FRONT	1, 3.30, 6, & 8.30
Stoll Picture Theatre	THE LOVE DOCTOR	12.15 to 11.45
Tivoli	THE CUCKOOS	12 to 11

THE TIMES

MONDAY, JULY 7, 1930

Special Articles : PAGE

Universities in Canada. By Mr. H. H. Hemming .. .. .. 15 & 16
Iceland in the Limelight 13
British Crops: "*The Times*" Special Reports—I. 20
Lancashire's Lead in Farming 20
Paris Fashions 17
Obituary: Major Bryan Cooper; the Rev. G. Edmundson 16

Illustrations :

Finals Day at Henley 18

Correspondence :

Farmers in the Making (H.R.H. the Duke of Gloucester, and others) .. 10
Bankers and Empire Trade (Sir Josiah Stamp, Lord Daryngton, and Mr. J. H. Stonehouse) 15
Great Bowlers of the Past (Sir Jeremiah Colman) 15
The Simon Report 15
The Bishops at Lambeth (Professor J. F. Whitney) 10
Operatic Memories (Lady Southwark) .. 10
The Education of an Architect (Mr. W. S. Purchon) 10
Noisy Flying (Mr. C. G. Brocklebank) 10
The Oldest Man (Mr. E. E. Long) .. 10
Patrick Manson House (Secretary to the Royal Society of Tropical Medicine) 10
Arterial Drainage (Captain R. T. Hinckes) 20
Price of Beef (Dr. Cloudesley Brereton) 20
The Bath Road (Mr. G. E. Hughes) .. 20
Points from Letters :—The Dispute in Malta; Conservatives and Food Taxes; Change for a Five Pound Note; Variations in Rainfall; Birds as County Emblems; Cemeteries in a Wood; Exponents of Flying; Leaden Water Conduits; The Noise of London; Bathing in the Serpentine; Tarring in the Cotswolds; British Shoes; After Prison 10

Agriculture	20	**Naval, Military, and Air Force**	21
Arrangements	17	**News in Brief**	11
Auction Summary	24	**Obituary**	16
Broadcasting	21	**Parliamentary Notices**	17
Court Circular	17	**Round the Shops**	11
Crossword Puzzle	5	**Sale Room**	12
Ecclesiastical	19	**Sporting**	4, 5, 6, & 7
Estate Market	24	**Theatres**	12
Finance	22 & 23	***The Times* of 1830**	24
Home News	11	**University**	16
Imperial & Foreign	13	**Wills and Bequests**	19
Law Notices	4		
Mails & Shipping	23		
Music	12		

Weather Forecast

ENGLAND, S.E.—Moderate north-westerly or westerly wind; fair; moderate or rather high temperature. (p. 16)

TO-DAY'S NEWS

HOME

The King's Cup Air Race was won on Saturday by Miss Winifred S. Brown, of Manchester, the first woman to win the race. She flew an Avro Avian aeroplane with a Cirrus III. engine. Her average speed was 102.7 miles an hour. (p. 11)

In an address of welcome delivered to the Archbishops and Bishops attending the Lambeth Conference, at a service in Canterbury Cathedral on Saturday, the Archbishop of Canterbury discussed the aims and future of the Church and the relationship between its autonomous Provinces. (p. 8)

It was announced on Saturday that the project to place a Sacristy on the south side of Westminster Abbey has been abandoned. The anonymous donor who in 1928 offered to provide a Sacristy has declined to accept the plan in place of the original scheme. (p. 11)

The Duchess of Atholl, M.P., presented the prizes, at Savoy-hill on Saturday, to successful competitors in the B.B.C. examinations in connexion with school broadcasts. It was the last of such prize-giving, since the work is being handed over by the B.B.C. to a special school council. (p. 12)

A Danish ship chartered to carry lumber from Soviet Russia to the United States on arrival has been refused permission by the authorities to discharge her cargo. The suggestion is that the lumber contravenes the new Tariff Law, which makes provision for the prohibition of imports wholly or partly manufactured or produced by convict or forced labour. (p. 14)

A verdict of "Accidental death" was returned on Saturday at the inquest on the bodies of Sir Henry Segrave and Mr. P. V. C. Halliwell, who were killed in the capsizing of the speedboat Miss England II. on Windermere on June 13. Expert witnesses gave evidence that in their opinion the accident was caused by the boat striking some object floating on the water. (p. 16)

The National Rifle Association's sixty-seventh annual rifle meeting begins at Bisley to-day. (p. 21)

A list of results of the General Ordination Examination, held in June, has been issued by the Central Advisory Council of Training for the Ministry. (p. 19)

The first of *The Times* special reports on British crops appears to-day. (p. 20)

In view of the holding of the Royal Show at Manchester this week our Agricultural Correspondent deals with farming in Lancashire. (p. 20)

Class Lists were issued at Oxford on Saturday in the Final Honour School of Modern Languages and in Chemistry in the Final Honour School of Natural Science. (p. 16)

POLITICS

Disturbance arose at a meeting addressed by Lord Beaverbrook in the North Norfolk by-election on Saturday evening, leading to a fight which had to be subdued by the police. (p. 9)

IMPERIAL AND FOREIGN

The final session of the Indian Legislative Assembly opens at Simla to-day. The Viceroy will make a statement on the present position in India on Wednesday, and on the following day there will be a full dress debate on the Simon Report. (p. 14)

The Kenya Convention of Associations, after three days' discussion, has passed resolutions condemning the British Government's proposals for closer union in East Africa. The Government's policy with regard to the natives is also condemned. A deputation is to be sent to London to state the views of the Convention. (p. 14)

Arising out of the Queensland mines inquiry, Mr. Theodore has resigned his post as Commonwealth Treasurer. (p. 14)

The trial of 214 persons alleged to be members of the Mafia and responsible for 43 murders and other crimes of violence is about to begin at Sciacca, in Sicily. (p. 14)

SPORT

The London Cup was won at Alexandra Park on Saturday by Mr. W. M. Cazalet's Moyresque, Pictoralas being second and Antiquary third. (p. 4)

The Henley Royal Regatta was concluded on Saturday, when London Rowing Club won the Grand Challenge Cup, the Stewards' Challenge Cup, and the Wyfold Challenge Cup. J. E. Guest of Canada, won the Diamond Challenge Sculls. (p. 7)

The English team to play Australia in the Third Test Match at Leeds, beginning next Friday, was announced yesterday. (p. 6)

W. T. Tilden (U.S.A.) won the Singles Lawn Tennis Championship at Wimbledon on Saturday, when he beat W. Allison (U.S.A.) by three sets to none. (p. 5)

The 17th/21st Lancers beat the Queen's Bays in the final tie of the Inter-Regimental polo tournament at Hurlingham on Saturday by eight goals to one. The Old Etonians beat the Pilgrims in the final tie of the Guest Challenge Cup by 12 goals to seven. (p. 4)

Shamrock V. took part in her last trial race on Saturday, when she was beaten by Lulworth. (p. 4)

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

In "City Notes" comment is made on:—The South African Loan Prospectus; First Report of Cables and Wireless Limited; South African Brewery Prosperity; British Investments Overseas; Home Fire Losses in the Last Six Months; and Values of New Cargo Tonnage. (p. 22)

In Lombard-street on Saturday loan and discount rates were almost unchanged. A further £77,000 of bar gold was sold by the Bank. Among the Foreign Exchanges movements were unimportant. The New York and Paris rates were slightly higher. Both the Argentine and Brazilian exchanges advanced. Silver declined 1-16d. to 15 9-16d. per oz. (p. 22)

LAMBETH

The deepest meaning and aspirations of the Lambeth Conference have been well suggested in the three days which its members have passed together immediately before the first meeting for discussion. They spent Friday in devotional retreat at Fulham. On Saturday they were welcomed by the PRIMATE of ALL ENGLAND in his Cathedral, the mother church of the Anglican communion. The Conference itself began yesterday with the supreme act of Christian worship, when 300 Bishops from dioceses scattered over the world knelt together at the altar of St. Paul's. This morning they assemble for consultation at Lambeth Palace. The Conference will sit in full session until the 12th, when the various subjects will be remitted for detailed examination and report to a number of committees. A second full session, for the review of this work and the adoption of resolutions based upon it, will be held between July 28 and August 9. On Sunday, August 10, the seventh Lambeth Conference will be brought to its close by a service at Westminster Abbey. Whatever its ultimate results may be, beyond question the Conference meets in a spirit that promises well, and the solemn consecration of the past three days, far from being a merely official following of religious usage, will clearly permeate every minute of the month's discussions and help to shape their ends. Even readers not usually susceptible to religious influences or interested in ecclesiastical affairs have only to turn to the report of that noble address delivered by DR. LANG on Saturday, and imagine it spoken in the historic setting of Canterbury Cathedral, to understand something of what this Conference means, and something of the intense earnestness and close brotherhood with which it will set itself to undertake its momentous task.

The growth of such an understanding will be of value both to the Conference itself and to the people of this country, almost without regard to their ecclesiastical opinions. It would be a real misfortune—as ARCHBISHOP DAVIDSON, who has been in every one's thoughts, was wont to insist—if the general public were to think of the Lambeth Conference as no more than a meeting of venerable clerics gathered to discuss points of abstract theology or affairs of professional interest. The words of DR. LANG at Canterbury and of DR. TEMPLE at St. Paul's should help to show how erroneous that conception would be. In point of fact the problems to which from to-day onwards the Conference will address itself are of a kind which concerns every one. They include, for instance, as the ARCHBISHOP of CANTERBURY observed, the insistent problems of peace, of race, of sex, and of the standards of married life. It is true that the considered judgments of the Conference, whatever they may be, have no legislative force. It is true also that the appeal they will make must be limited, in the first instance, to members of the Anglican communion. Yet that body, vast in itself, can hardly fail to react in due course upon others. Seen in its right perspective, the work to be done at Lambeth within the next four weeks must be recognized as something which, in one way or another, is certain to make an enduring mark upon the history not only of the English Church, but of Christianity as a whole; not only upon the social and moral life of our own people, but upon civilized humanity in every region of the world. Upon such an enterprise as that to which the Lambeth Conference addresses itself no thinking person can look with indifference, and no Christian without prayer.

The chief of all the subjects to be considered, as DR. LANG pointed out, is that of Christian unity. And, without prevision of the formal resolutions ultimately to be adopted, there is every reason for confidence that such unity, in its truest sense, will be carried beyond any stage it has reached hitherto. Already the spirit in which the Bishops have come together, the utterances of some who represent widely sundered schools of thought, and other messages, fraught with understanding and good will, from Christian leaders outside the Anglican communion, make it certain that the desire for unity was never so strong, or the resolve to secure its accomplishment so determined. In what degree unity can be secured by external uniformity, and the extent to which uniformity is feasible without the sacrifice of essentials, are points which need, and will receive, most careful consideration. The findings of the Conference on such points will not be revealed before its close. What is certain is that these decisions will not satisfy every one even within the Church of England. Yet, important though they are, all such questions of uniformity are distinct from, and infinitely less than, the primary question of unity. For there can be real unity between Christian bodies which have to remain distinct in their modes of organization and details of worship—as, unhappily, there can be acrimonious disunion among those who alike are professing members of the same Church of England. And the chief aim of this Conference will be to help forward powerfully the true conception of unity. Doctrinal interpretations of the sacraments, rules for securing validity of ordination, and the like, are relegated to their rightful places when they are seen in due proportion. That they are far from trivial is beyond question. But they matter infinitely less than the accomplishment of the Church's main task, which is to serve the souls of men, to help them to live nobly in this stage of being, and to train them for a fuller life beyond. The two great concerns of the Church's work, in DR. TEMPLE'S words, are the eternal salvation of souls and the age-long destiny of man. It will be with that consciousness in the background that the Lambeth Conference will turn to the practical and even prosaic details which, as means towards an end, it will be bound to consider. The aspiration of its members as they begin their task, as of all who sympathize with them, may well find expression in ancient words: "*Sit splendor Domini "Dei super nos, et opera manuum nostrarum "dirige*"—"the glorious Majesty of the Lord "our GOD be upon us; O prosper thou our "handy-work."

Young Farmers at the Royal

To-morrow and for the rest of the week the eighty-ninth Show of the Royal Agricultural Society—the greatest show of its kind in the world—will be held for the fourth time in Manchester under the Presidency of the DUKE of GLOUCESTER, who, like the rest of the Royal Family, takes a keen interest in the fortunes of the farming industry. As usual the Show may be expected to attract a number of visitors from abroad, though hardly so many as it brought to Manchester in 1897, when KING GEORGE, at that time DUKE of YORK, was President, and, as was fitting in the year of the Diamond Jubilee, there was a record attendance in all of nearly 218,000. This year the contingent from overseas will not be confined to those who come in the ordinary way of business to inspect the flower of British live stock with a view to the improvement of flocks and herds reared in foreign countries. In a letter published this morning in another column and signed by the DUKE of GLOUCESTER, the PRESIDENT of the BOARD of EDUCATION, the MINISTER of AGRICULTURE, and the PRESIDENTS of the NATIONAL FARMERS' UNION and the NATIONAL COUNCIL of SOCIAL SERVICE, attention is called to the International Cow Judging Competition, which is to be one of the features of the Show on Wednesday. The competition will be between teams of boys and girls representing what are known in Canada, the United States, and Great Britain as Young Farmers' Clubs, and will be a practical demonstration of the value of the work that these clubs are doing. In the States and in Canada, and to a smaller but increasing extent in this country, they are engaged in training a large number of boys and girls between the ages of ten and twenty in the observation of plant and animal life, the care and feeding of live stock, the keeping of accounts, and other practical aids to the business of farming. Women as well as men can be of real help in the organization and running of these clubs; and in the interests of agriculture the DUKE, as President of the Royal Show, is anxious this year to see a substantial addition to the numbers of those who are already cooperating in the work. It is to be hoped that as the result of the movement, which in Great Britain came into being nine or ten years ago, a class of citizens will be evolved who, whether or not they eventually take up farming as the business of their lives, will be better qualified than the great bulk of the population to understand what agriculture means and the part that it should play in the economic life of the nation.

An Interesting Experiment

A very remarkable piece of social legislation has come into force in France this last week. The details furnished by our Paris Correspondent show that, broadly speaking, the scheme is one of "all-in" insurance financed by a graduated income-tax on the prospective beneficiaries and their employers. It will cover the great mass of French wage-earners in commerce and industry in respect of health, old age, premature disablement, and death. Unemployment is excluded—save in so far that the contributions due from an unemployed person can be kept up for a period of four months out of the general insurance fund; but the exclusion is apparently due less to the difficulty of combining insurance against unemployment with other forms of insurance than to the fact that the risk of unemployment is still negligible in France. No contribution is required from the taxpayer at all, except in the case of agricultural workers, upon whose wages, it is felt, the heavy premiums would weigh too heavily; and the total cost of the scheme to the Exchequer is estimated at £6,000,000 a year. No doubt, in the unhappy event of the insurance funds being exhausted, very strong pressure will be put on the State to balance the fund instead of increasing contributions; but there is no statutory liability to do so.

The scheme, it is stated, has been based upon a study of the systems in force in other countries, and it is pertinent to ask whether the author of older systems can learn anything from a newer edition. The administrative details can only be tested by experience, although some of them, such as the limitation of medical charges, seem likely to cause friction; and others, such as the ascertainment of wage rates by the local *Caisses*, may prove more difficult in practice than on paper. Nevertheless in principle the scheme is clearly designed to be a genuine and comprehensive insurance scheme, with both benefits and contributions strictly related to the means of the insured and to the service rendered to employers by taking over liabilities which either existing laws or their moral duty towards employees may have so far called upon them to discharge. The workman's contribution is fixed at four per cent. of his daily wage, and thus varies in accordance with the amount of that wage. In this country the contribution is at a flat rate, but it probably amounts on an average to under two per cent. for insurance covering comparable risks. Benefits, under the French scheme, are also proportionate to wages, but appear to be greater in some respects than under the British system. For example, the old-age pension begins at sixty (although this form of benefit will not begin until the contributions actuarially justify its payment); there is a death or funeral benefit; both death and disablement benefits are increased by extra payments for each child in a family; maternity benefits are payable during pregnancy and for six months after confinement, provided the woman does no paid work; and there is an allowance in cash or in kind for nursed infants. But, generally speaking, two points of principle are clear. The French Government have determined to avoid any kind of a "dole," and they have made an effort to give the maximum benefit for the minimum contribution by co-ordinating into one system many different branches of insurance. These are points deserving the attention of a British Government which has shown a deplorable inability to distinguish between insurance and poor relief, and which, although it declares that a "general "survey" has been the occupation of a Cabinet Committee for nearly a year, seems quite unable to make any further advance towards the consolidation of the social services covered by insurance schemes.

Great Britain versus the World

For the games champions and enthusiasts of this country the open-air delights of the past week of glorious sport and glorious weather have been considerably tempered by the successes of their competitors from overseas. Pitted against the picked men and women of the rest of the world the hopes of our native-born cricketers, lawn tennis players, and athletes have suffered in quick succession a series of rude and disconcerting shocks. The wonderful play and skilful tactics of the Australians at Lord's, the overwhelming preponderance of Americans in the finals at Wimbledon, and the large number of events carried off by foreigners in the Amateur Athletic Association Championships at Stamford Bridge have given our own champions abundant food for thought and their conquerors—as the saying goes—a good deal to write home about. Even at Henley, where the challengers from abroad were not so numerous as in some previous years, the final of the Diamonds was fought out by a Canadian against a German. The chastening effect of the Centre Court triumphs of MRS. WILLS-MOODY, MISS RYAN, and MR. TILDEN was to some extent modified by the fact that it was not so much the British as the French—after their marked supremacy for the last few years—who had most to lose and were therefore the chief sufferers; and in spite of the successes of France, Italy, Sweden, Holland, and Finland at Stamford Bridge, our own athletes, and especially LORD BURGHLEY, worthily upheld the honour of Great Britain on the running track, as, indeed, did the English XI. in their second innings at Lord's. But that is about all that can be said for the British losers, except that they have all shown—not unfortunately for the first time—that they know how to take a beating. It only remains for them to hope—and to work—not so much for better luck as for better play next time. Meanwhile, though there is none of the excitement of international sport in the matches to be played at Lord's this week, the meeting of the two Universities and of Eton and Harrow will have, as always, a peculiar interest of their own, as the two most representative and popular games of the season between elevens that are wholly amateur. Not the least satisfactory feature of England's effort in the second Test Match was the part played in it by the amateur members of the team, and it is fairly safe to prophesy that more than one recruit for the Test Matches of future years will be drawn from the four elevens that will be seen this week at Lord's.

The Wicked Grocer

The mind of the young is poisoned against the grocer from the first evening on which Happy Families is played. Whoever collects or surrenders Mr. Sand, the grocer, his wife, his son, and his daughter, rises with a mind poisoned against the members of a great and necessary trade. He from whom the lump sugar, the jam, and the golden syrup come should be the natural hero of childhood; and with the passing of the years it should be realized more and more clearly that if you were marooned on a desert island and told that you could only have—along with the works of one author to read and the pictures of one painter to look at—one tradesman to deal with the answer would be the grocer every time. Alone of tradesmen he can preserve his customers from any touch of monotony, excelling all his rivals in his range. He is the Imperialist among tradesmen, continually filching new territory, now from the wine merchants, now from the chocolate-shops, and now from the toy-shops. Yet, with all his restless desire to perform more and more services, grocers do not receive the praise that is their due; and it is not surprising that the Federated Grocers of Great Britain, assembled in conference at Margate and drawing inspiration from the famous and golden sands, should have been expressing themselves freely and pungently about the state of the country.

What particularly annoys them is the extraordinary immunity enjoyed by the permanent Civil Service from that necessity to please the public which is the bane of grocers' lives. There are many grocers and, except in small villages, there is no housewife in England so poor and so badly placed that she cannot without notice transfer her custom elsewhere. Let the grocer fail to bow low enough, let him seem to be taking an inward and unholy pleasure in being out of stock, let him purse his lips in the most momentary and slight disdain when the cheaper article is selected, and all may be over with him. Custom is withdrawn and, for all that one outraged customer cares, bankruptcy may follow. It is not so with the permanent Civil Service, who have no need to try to please. They may govern and interfere, and their political chiefs must bear the brunt of public irritation. The suggestion has accordingly been put forward by a speaker at the Margate conference—a grocer speaking to grocers without any of the frills and formalities that have to be employed to the general public—and the demand has been made, that the leading Civil servants should have to be re-elected by the public to their powerful positions every year or two. That, it is thought, would curb the insolence of office as nothing else would. It would certainly warm many private hearts if the heads of the Inland Revenue had to come canvassing from door to door, making out what poor case they could for re-election, and being heckled about the meaning of the forms they draw up in their days of pride. The grocer may admit all the sins alleged against him and yet claim that he would be a much more unpleasant fellow if he had not to please and keep his public all the time. Nothing would do more to make bureaucrats human than the need to develop their generally rudimentary electioneering gifts. Instead of being safe and remote from the common perils of politicians and grocers, they would share them. It may be objected that in other lands, where public officials are in fact elected every few years, their desire to please takes the form of making useful friends. Perhaps the grocers know only too well that men are imperfect, and that Civil servants would seek to make allies who would be able powerfully to influence their return. What the Civil Service could do to ease the grocer's lot would be done if it meant new weights and measures at the Board of Trade at each contest. For what ally could be more useful in an election than the man who not only controls the necessaries of life in general, but also holds a key position in the essential matter of eggs?

BANKERS AND EMPIRE TRADE

RANGE OF PROTECTIVE DUTIES

AN AMBIGUOUS PHRASE

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—As it is understood that the Bankers' Resolution as published is not necessarily in its finally approved form, perhaps an opportunity may occur for clarifying the wording to help some of us, who earnestly desire to regard it as an important and considered expression of policy, to understand more definitely what is in the minds of the signatories.

The significant concluding words are, "duties on *all* imports from *all* other countries." Does the word "all" mean (in both cases) "the whole range of," or "any class of," or, by suppression, "all relevant and affected"? The first involves the view that satisfactory Empire agreements cannot be concluded unless we have a general tariff on everything, with no free list at all, and with no exceptions for particular countries. The second meaning suggests that, while actual duties on everything may not be necessary, the whole range may be involved at any point, at any time, to secure Empire agreements (I should have thought that it would be possible to specify quite a number of imports the taxation of which is not a *sine qua non* for concluding Empire agreements). If the third meaning is intended the duties would be imposed against the rest of the world, on all classes of British imports which the Empire produces. But that does not appear to touch, necessarily, all the imports which come from the Continent, and which the resolution refers to in its preliminary statement of reasons for its conclusion.

The preamble refers to the increase of European restrictions, with the implication that we have exported less in consequence, and specifically states that we have imported more. If the balance of trade with Europe has become (more) adverse, have we run into debt for it?; or have we made good by a correspondingly favourable balance elsewhere?; or have we diminished our investments in Europe? The relevancy of the Empire agreements as a solution depends to some extent upon the evidence on these three possibilities, and the answer. Possibly the answer is not one of quantity and equivalence of exports and imports at all, but the signatories have in mind a difference of quality—namely, that the increased imports are doing greater harm to any particular assets and employment affected than the increased exports are doing good to their respective trades.

Safeguarding, retaliation as a means to wider free trade, and stimulation of volume by Empire agreements—all three peep out of the resolution, and all three are intelligible policies. But the implication seems to be that all three are compassable by pursuing the last, and one wishes to know whether this inference is correct, and, if so, whether it might not be more explicitly stated.

Yours, &c.,
J. C. STAMP.

Shortlands, Kent, July 5.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—There will be almost common agreement among thoughtful people in regard to your article in which you refer to the important pronouncement of leading bankers and the effect it must have on responsible opinion in relation to our fiscal system. As you say, the effect must be profound and one result, "of course, the burial of the already extinct Referendum."

It is interesting to note that Dr. Addison, Minister of Agriculture, speaking at the dinner of the Land Agents' Society on Thursday last, as reported in *The Times* of July 4, said:—

While they had to recognize that there were some things which they could not do, no party in the State could tolerate destruction of a vital industry by artificially cheap imports.

In view of the parlous condition of our trade relationships and the need for immediate action, cannot we lay aside intensity of party feeling and arrange our tariffs on the lines of the memorandum signed by Mr. McKenna, admittedly one of the ablest free trade Chancellors of the Exchequer of our time?

May I quote a speech made by Mr. Joseph Chamberlain on November 6, 1895, in which he said:—

I rejoice at the change which has taken place. I rejoice at the wider patriotism no longer confined to this small island which embraces the whole of Greater Britain, which has carried to every clime British institutions and the best characteristics of the British race. How could it be otherwise? We have a common origin, we have a common history, a common language, a common literature, and a common love of liberty and law. We have common principles to assert, we have common interests to maintain.

These words were spoken 35 years ago on the completion of the Natal-Transvaal Railway. The common interests of our Empire are infinitely greater to-day, and we have been welded together in the fiery furnace of war. If we can lay aside unnecessary party dissension and act on the principles of this important memorandum, may we not find a solution of our industrial problems?

Your obedient servant,
DARYNGTON.

July 5.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—We have just received from our shipping agents a copy of the new American Tariff Regulations, the subtitle of which is of interest at the present time. It reads:—

TARIFF ACT OF 1930.—Copy of public law No. 361. To Provide Revenue, to regulate Commerce with Foreign Countries, *to encourage the industries of the United States, to protect American labor*, and for other purposes, as approved by the President of the United States on June 17, 1930."

The italics are ours.

We are, Sir, yours faithfully,
J. H. STONEHOUSE, Managing Director,
Henry Sotheran, Limited.

43, Piccadilly, W.1, July 5.

GREAT BOWLERS OF THE PAST

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—Dr. E. Lyttelton's interesting reference to P. H. Morton reminds me of a curious happening. Messrs. Lillywhite and Co. invented a revolving-top stump, the object being to prevent stumps from becoming loose by turning to fit the bails. I adopted this invention, to find that the ball would frequently hit a stump without displacing a bail, owing to the revolving top. The "last straw" came when "Phil" Morton hit the bottom of the leg stump with a full pitch which was diverted so wide of long-stop (long-stops were about to be dispensed with) that he did not attempt to field it, and it went to the boundary without dislodging a bail. After that experience I had the tops fixed.

As one who played both with and against Mr. Morton, I confirm the view that he should be placed among the great bowlers of the past; but, in my judgment and recollection, his success was due rather to the surprisingly quick flight through the air than to the ball "whipping" off the pitch. This view is supported by the number of wickets he took with yorkers or full pitches. He was much faster than was expected, probably owing to his short run. We used to say that he was fatal to any batsman who did not know when he went in that he must play quicker at the ball than instinct would suggest.

The swerving ball was not much talked of in those days; it may well be that swerve had something to do with his success. But once having discovered the deception of his pace his bowling did not present to many of us exceptional difficulties.

Yours, &c.,
JEREMIAH COLMAN.

Gatton Park, Surrey, July 1.

THE SIMON REPORT

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES

Sir,—May I beg that your two classical Supplements on the Simon Report be republished as a pamphlet with a stout cover, at the price, if possible, of 1s.?

Yours obediently,
A LOVER OF INDIA.

UNIVERSITIES IN CANADA

OPENINGS FOR BOYS FROM BRITAIN

A SCHOLARSHIP PLAN

(By H. H. Hemming)

Twenty-five years ago Cecil Rhodes founded his Scholarships at Oxford with the idea of bringing to the Dominions and to the United States some typical elements of British culture. The time is now ripe for a reverse process. The Dominions have now each a characteristic culture of their own, which they are ready and willing to strengthen by the absorption in small quantities of the best products of British schools. To assist this process in one Dominion a scheme has been proposed for the foundation of "Canada Scholarships" to attract and enable British Public School boys of the best type to complete their education at a Canadian University, and thus to enter the life of the Dominion fully prepared to take advantage of the wide opportunities offered to brains, industry, and enterprise.

The feature in Canada which most impresses visitors is the fully developed sense of nationality. Not merely is Canada producing its own manufactured goods as well as its food and raw materials, but it has also achieved already a high degree of political and educational maturity; it is, in fact, rapidly developing a culture of its own, which, though materially very close to that of the United States, is in other ways a blend of British and North American tradition, metamorphosed to suit the climatic conditions and social characteristics of the Dominion. Since the War the pioneer stage of Canada's development has been rapidly drawing to a close, and just as she need no longer go abroad for the bulk of her material wealth, so she is more and more relying upon her own resources for the supply of man-power, which is even more important for her future development. Canadian educational institutions have produced practically all her doctors and lawyers, most of her engineers, and a large proportion of her bankers and business men.

How is it that Canada, a young and growing country, is able to provide practically the whole of her professional and entrepreneur classes? The answer lies in the high intellectual quality and good stock of the original Canadian settlers from which the present generation is descended, and also in the number and excellence of her educational institutions. Few countries are blessed with so many or such important universities in proportion to their population. Whereas in the United States about one person per 100 of the population goes through a university and in England one person per 1,000, Canada stands about midway between these two figures.

Canada falls naturally into three main geographical divisions—the Maritimes, the St. Lawrence Basin, and the West. Each has its own type of university adapted to its particular needs. The Maritimes have two universities—Dalhousie, at Halifax, and the University of New Brunswick, at Fredericton. Both are old for Canada, and, though small, have a ruggedness and a sturdy individuality which are characteristically Scottish and very much in keeping with the spirit of these provinces.

MCGILL AND TORONTO

As might be expected, the largest universities lie in the more populous Provinces of the Dominion, Quebec and Ontario. The two large French-speaking institutions of Laval and the Université de Montreal have each over ten thousand students.

McGill University, situated in the heart of the financial and business capital of Montreal, is world-famed. It is entirely independent of State support, and partly for that reason is able to maintain a high scholastic standard. Its medical schools and scientific laboratories have turned out many famous men and have seen the labours of such great figures as Sir William Osler, Sir Ernest Rutherford, and Sir William Dawson.

The University of Toronto, in the city of that name, receives considerable financial assistance from the Province of Ontario, and is the largest English-speaking University in the Empire. At Toronto is situated Hart House, a building of great architectural beauty which was presented to the University by the Hon. Vincent Massey, the newly appointed High Commissioner in London. Although a description of the activities of Hart House would take up too much space for this article, it is sufficient to say that it endeavours to collect under one roof all the non-scholastic activities of the student body, and it is proving extremely successful.

The third of the larger English-speaking Universities is Queen's, located at Kingston, at the point where the St. Lawrence River flows out of Lake Ontario. This university has the great advantage of being in a small, quiet, and attractive university town. It has developed an atmosphere of its own and a vigorous *esprit de corps*, and though smaller in numbers it holds its own against the larger universities both in athletics and in scholastic standards. Like many other educational institutions in Canada, it has a decided Scottish flavour, and it is interesting to note that Mr. W. Hamilton Fyfe, the well-known headmaster of Christ's Hospital, has been appointed this summer as the new Principal to the University.

EDUCATION IN THE WEST

Leaving the matured East and coming to what was so recently the undeveloped West, we find four educational institutions of peculiar interest, located at Winnipeg, Saskatoon, Edmonton, and Vancouver. These are all provincial universities, created, owned, and financed by the Provincial Governments. All are young and all filled with an amazing vitality. In some cases, as in British Columbia, a magnificent site has been reserved for the university, and buildings of great beauty and utility have been erected. These universities are more than educational institutions; they are, in fact, the laboratories of the State, in which the Provincial Government works out its research problems and thus promotes the future development of the province. The problems of mining, agriculture, forestry, economics, and even finance are submitted to the university, which is expected to find an answer. The result is that the university is in very close touch with both the economic and political worlds and secures a control over the supply of man-power which is at times almost startling, as, for example, when the Dean of the Engineering Faculty sits in judgment on the relative needs of competing businesses and throws in his graduates in much the same way that a general throws in his reserves on one part or other of the battle front. These universities, of course, lack tradition and all that patina of culture which only age can produce. In its place they have an earnestness, a vitality, and an optimism which are extremely refreshing. Both the Faculty and the students are apt to take themselves somewhat seriously, but then life is a serious matter in a young country.

SCHOOLBOYS FROM BRITAIN

It is difficult to over-estimate the importance of the role played by the Canadian University in the development of the country and the moulding of Canadian ideals. These ideals are distinctive; they are neither British nor American, as is very apparent to the most casual visitor. However the education which they supply may compare with that of older universities in Europe, it is absolutely in keeping

with the needs of the country. It is therefore obvious that for a young man who wishes to make Canada his home a course at a Canadian university is the finest preparation for his career, and will prove much more useful than even a degree from Oxford or Cambridge. It was this idea which prompted the recent tour of 16 of the leading British headmasters, who as guests of the Anglo-Canadian Educational Committee spent the months of April and May of this year in visiting Canada. There is no doubt that if schoolboys from this country become students in Canada they will receive a warm welcome, no matter to which university they decide to go. Canada has a very high regard for the British public schools, and would gladly welcome to her universities a certain number of their boys.

In the past Canada was largely settled by the adventurous, by those who sought in a new land an outlet for their untamed energies or went out in a spirit of revolt against the settled institutions of the Mother Country. This pioneer period may be over, and possibly Canada's present need is for a different type of youth: the scholar, the thinker, the research student, the kind of boy who gets a scholarship from his school to Oxford or Cambridge. Such a boy would find in Canada fine opportunities and possibly less competition than in the Motherland, but it is essential that he should complete his education in Canada. These opportunities occur wherever science is applied to industry, particularly in mining, electrical or mechanical engineering, and, for boys of real ability, in pure science. Openings also exist in commerce and chartered accountancy and to a limited extent in law and medicine.

Owing to the superior education which such boys have already received in England they will help to raise the scholastic level of the Canadian student body, and will make their contribution to the intellectual culture of the country.

"REVERSE" RHODES SCHOLARSHIPS

It is difficult to exaggerate the importance of the infusion into the Canadian universities of a certain number of the best British boys. In the past Canada has so often received less than the best from this country that her appreciation of the Englishman's point of view is apt to be warped, and anything that will improve matters, such as the sending of the scholarship type of boy, is bound to have an important reaction on Imperial relations in the long run.

Largely as a result of the headmasters' tour, the importance of this idea has been so clearly seen that a scheme of scholarships has already been proposed and part of the necessary money has been promised both in Canada and in England. It is hoped that the scholarships may enable 20 boys in each year to complete their education in Canada. The method of awarding these "reverse" Rhodes Scholarships cannot yet be decided in detail, but the selection would probably be made upon record and interview rather than by examination, and there are already indications that if the scheme matures a large number of candidates will present themselves.

UNIVERSITY NEWS

OXFORD CLASS LISTS

OXFORD, JULY 6

The examiners in the Final Honour School of Modern Languages yesterday issued the following Class List:—

CLASS I.—J. A. NOONAN, Non-Collegiate (French and Italian); R. E. STORRAR, Queen's (Spanish and French); F. WHITEHEAD, Jesus (French and German); JULIA H. BROWNE, Lady Margaret Hall (distinction in French); EILEEN E. COXHEAD, Somerville (distinction in French); WINIFRED M. HACKETT, Lady Margaret Hall (French); HILDA M. JOHNSTON, Oxford Home Students (French); MARY TURNBULL, Lady Margaret Hall (distinction in German); MARGARET A. WILKMAN, Lady Margaret Hall (distinction in French); EVELINE J. WOODROW, St. Hugh's (distinction in French).

CLASS II.—N. S. BISHOP, Jesus (French); C. E. BOND, Magdalen (distinction in German); J. G. CARR, Wadham (French); D. COLLIER, St. John's (distinction in Spanish); R. E. COSTUMES, University (French); H. V. DACOMBE, Queen's (French and Spanish; distinction in French); L. P. DE LA PERRELLE, Jesus (German and Italian; distinction in French); R. S. FENWICKE, Exeter (Spanish and French); S. L. FRANKLIN, St. John's (Spanish and French); D. O. FYNES-CLINTON, St. John's (distinction in French); P. GORMAN, Hertford (French); J. W. GRAY, Queen's (French and German); C. F. HALE, Wadham (Spanish and French); A. C. JONES, Hertford (French and Spanish; distinction in French); W. P. LAKE, Exeter (French and German); W. A. S. LEWIS, Lincoln (French); W. MILLWARD, Non-Collegiate (German and French; distinction in German); F. R. H. MURRAY, St. Edmund Hall (French and Spanish; distinction in French); A. N. C. POTTER, Exeter (distinction in French); F. RUST, Keble (French); A. J. B. WATKINS, Lincoln (French and German); A. E. WILLOUGHBY, Christ Church (distinction in French and Spanish); MARGUERITE ANNAN, Oxford Home Students (distinction in French); ETHEL BROWN, St. Hugh's (French and German); BARBARA C. R. CHURCH, St. Hilda's (French); MARGARET M. CHURCHMAN, Oxford Home Students (French); BERTHA L. CORBIE, St. Hugh's (French); ROSEMARY W. DENSDALE, Somerville (Italian); MARGERY I. DRAKEWATER, Oxford Home Students (French); SYLVIA GOLD, Somerville (German); SYLVIA J. HILL, Somerville (distinction in French); MAY HUME, St. Hugh's (French and German); ANNE B. IVIMY, Somerville (French); MARY JACKSON, Somerville (French); MARJORIE M. JENKINS, Somerville (French); ALICE LOMAX, St. Hugh's (French); MARGARET J. MOORE, Somerville (French); MONICA M. MORTLOCK, St. Hugh's (French); MARGARET NEAVE, Somerville (French); HELEN F. NEWSOME, Somerville (Spanish and French); MARY F. PERKINS, Lady Margaret Hall (French); DOROTHY RAWLINS, Oxford Home Students (French); MARIE A. SABISKE, Oxford Home Students (French); BARBARA SYDENHAM, Somerville (French and Italian); PATRICIA TAYES, Somerville (French and Spanish; distinction in French); MARGARET R. WALKER, Oxford Home Students (French).

CLASS III.—R. K. N. BAXTER, Exeter (distinction in French); R. F. BEAUCHAMP, St. John's (Spanish and French); C. E. G. CARY-ELWES, St. Bene't's Hall (French); K. C. DUNCAN, Exeter (French); E. GREENWOOD, Exeter (French); L. T. LEIGHTON, Lincoln (French); D. K. MUNRO, St. Edmund Hall (French and Spanish); C. H. SETH, University (French and German; distinction in French); F. H. SPEAIGHT, Lincoln (French); W. THOMAS, Exeter (French); KATHARINE A. M. BOOSE, Oxford Home Students (French); CECILY M. LARKCOM, Oxford (French); THEODORA L. HARRIS, St. Hugh's (French); MARY G. HAMILTON, Oxford Home Students (French); EMMA R. HASLOP, St. Hugh's (German); ODILE L. M. HELLMANN, St. Hugh's (distinction in French); HILDA AUDREY HUGHES, St. Hilda's (French); ALICE M. MACKINTOSH, Oxford Home Students (French); CECILIA J. PARKER, St. Hilda's (French); IRIS R. PRIDEAUX, St. Hilda's (French); LILIAN F. L. PRIOR, Oxford Home Students (distinction in French); MARJORY E. REEVES, St. Hugh's (French); GLADYS L. RENDLE, Oxford Home Students (distinction in French); NORELYN I. SAMBLE, Oxford Home Students (French); CYNTHIA M. STRADLING, St. Hugh's (French); MARGARET E. VIDLER, Oxford Home Students (French).

CLASS IV.—H. M. CROWN, Oriel (French and German; distinction in French); C. W. HEWETT, Exeter (French); R. M. PARKER, St. Edmund Hall (French and Spanish); J. W. SAUNDERS, Keble (French and Spanish); G. R. WINTER, Keble (French).

The Examiners in Chemistry in the Final Honour School of Natural Science yesterday issued the following Class List:—

CLASS I.—E. H. M. BADGER, University; N. S. BAYLISS, Lincoln; S. A. BRYANT (satisfied the Examiners in Crystallography), A. B. DENSHAM, Balliol; O. GATTY, Balliol; J. T. LEWCOCK, Lincoln; H. J. LYE, Keble; W. A. MACFARLANE, Balliol; R. G. A. NEW, Oriel; A. R. J. P. UBBELOHDE, Christ Church.

CLASS II.—G. H. ABBOTT, Jesus; F. H. BROADLEY, Jesus; T. E. BROWNER, Hertford; E. BULLOCK, Balliol; T. R. DEDGETON, Queen's; H. M. GRAY, Jesus; K. G. HOPE, Non-Collegiate; R. W. ROBERTS, Jesus; R. K. SANDERS, Queen's; P. S. VERITY, New College; MARGARET M. W. BOWE, St. Hugh's; MARGERY M. CARWRIGHT, Oxford Home Students; KATHERINE I. ROSS, St. Hilda's.

CLASS III.—A. ADAIR, Keble; R. E. BAILE, University; P. V. F. CAZALET, Christ Church; W. A. DAVIES, Wadham; L. A. FORSCEY, New College; R. FORT, New College; J. F. MILLS, University; F. SMITHIES, Jesus; MARCIA S. S. MARKS, Somerville.

In the Final Honour School of Natural Science (Animal Physiology), Class III., the name of Miss D. M. Graetz (Somerville) was omitted.

The Governing Body of Queen's College have elected William W. B. Dalzell, St. Bees School, to a Dixon Exhibition.

SCOTTISH HISTORIOGRAPHER ROYAL

EDINBURGH, JULY 6

It is expected that an announcement will shortly be made of the appointment of Professor Robert K. Hannay, the Fraser Professor of Scottish History and Palaeography in Edinburgh University, as Historiographer Royal for Scotland in succession to Principal R. S. Rait, of Glasgow University, who has resigned the office. It is understood that the Secretary for Scotland has offered the position to Professor Hannay and he has accepted.

The Chair of Greek, shortly to become vacant through the resignation of Professor Pickard-Cambridge, has been offered by the Curators of Edinburgh University to Professor William Moir Calder, LL.D., Hulme Professor of Greek in the University of Manchester.

SHEFFIELD, JULY 5

There were two Degree Congregations at the University of Sheffield to-day, at the first of which, with the Chancellor, Lord Crewe presiding, honorary degrees were conferred:—

LL.D.—Field-Marshal Viscount Plumer and Sir Hugh Bell, Bt.

LITT.D.—Sir William Henry Hadow (Vice-Chancellor of University) and Mr. John Galsworthy.

Obituary

MAJOR BRYAN COOPER

SERVICES TO THE FREE STATE

Major Bryan Cooper, whose death at the age of 46 is announced on another page, was a man of many gifts and interests, as soldier, politician, dramatist, and critic. In Dublin he was a well-known personality, and was highly regarded by people of all parties and opinions.

The mainspring of Major Cooper's active and useful life was his devotion to Ireland and her people. His gifts and considerable means might well have opened for him a political career of distinction in Great Britain. As a very young man he had been a success in Parliament. He preferred to surrender all considerations of personal advancement and to serve his own country, even though it had chosen a destiny very different from that of his earlier ideals. Guided by the sternest principles of personal obligation, entirely free from rancour, and ever prone to the generous view, he brought to the Irish politics of his time all that was best in the elder tradition.

A shy bluffness of manner tended, especially in his younger days, to conceal his fine sensibilities from the stranger. He possessed, however, the implicit trust and affection of those who, like his brother officers, had learned to know him well. In him Ireland loses a great-hearted gentleman of the old school in so far as his honour and conception of public duty were concerned, but in his visions and practical undertakings essentially of the new.

Born in 1884, Bryan Ricco Cooper was the eldest son of Major F. E. Cooper, R.F.A., and grandson of Colonel the Right Hon. E. H. Cooper, H.M.L., of Markree Castle, Co. Sligo. He went to Eton in 1898 and was in Mr. Hugh Macnaghten's house. From Woolwich he was gazetted second lieutenant in the R.F.A., from which he resigned, and later served as second lieutenant in the Duke of Connaught's Own Sligo R.G.A. Militia. He was first married in 1910, and had three sons and one daughter. This marriage was dissolved in 1920, and in 1925 he married Lilian Stella, elder daughter of Captain G. Hewson and Mrs. Hewson, of The Lodge, Dromahair, Co. Leitrim.

Major Cooper was one of the many heads of old Irish landed families who ceased to occupy their country residences during the troubles. He did not, however, leave Ireland, but continued to reside in the neighbourhood of Dublin. The Coopers played an important part in the affairs of County Sligo, where they settled in the sixteenth century, members of the family filling the offices of High Sheriff and representing the constituency both in the old Irish Parliament and at Westminster. Major Cooper himself was returned for South County Dublin as a Unionist in 1910, and, while staunch to his principles, he advocated them with tolerance and good humour, which won for him hosts of friends in political circles.

At the outbreak of the War he joined the Connaught Rangers and served with the 10th Irish Division at Suvla Bay and in Macedonia. About this experience he wrote a book, entitled "The 10th Division in Gallipoli," and in 1920 he wrote "The Collar of Gold." He was a gallant and most conscientious soldier, whose sympathetic understanding of his Connaught men won him a great measure of personal loyalty. In one of the August engagements at Gallipoli he was one of the few officers who escaped wounds, and later he was three times mentioned in dispatches. He succeeded Lord Decies as Irish Press Censor in Dublin, a most difficult and invidious post, in which he succeeded admirably in carrying on the skilful administration of his predecessor.

In 1923, when the Free State Parliament had been set up, he was returned to the Dail as an Independent member for South County Dublin. When the Republican members entered the Dail he offered his services to President Cosgrave, and headed the poll in the South County Dublin election in 1927 as the nominee of President Cosgrave's party. He was one of the most active members of the Government party, and took part in most of the Government Committee work. In 1926, as chairman of the Free State delegation to the Empire Parliamentary Association Conference, he visited Australia, Canada, Fiji, and New Zealand. He was president of the Dublin Rotary Club in the following year. He was a staunch Unionist, and had filled the position of secretary of the Irish Unionist Alliance. He wrote several plays and translated others. His own best-known work is *Let the Credit Go*. As an actor he made many appearances on the stage. Some years ago he wrote a series of critical articles on the drama in the *Irish Review*. He also produced plays occasionally for the Dublin Drama League, and translated and adapted several plays from the French, including one by Paul Claudel. For some years past Major Cooper had been residing at Khyber Pass, Dalkey, Co. Dublin, overlooking Killiney Bay.

REV. H. HOLLINGWORTH

The Rev. Henry Hollingworth, who died on Saturday, at the age of 88, was senior Fellow and the last under the Founder's Statute, of King's College, Cambridge. Born on November 30, 1841, son of the late Archdeacon Hollingworth, he was educated at Eton and King's. At Eton, where he entered as a King's Scholar and was in the Rev. James Joynes's house, he was in the select for the Newcastle Scholarship in 1860 and played for the Collegers in 1858 and 1859. He went up to King's as a scholar and became a Fellow in 1863. In the following year he took a first class in the classical tripos. He was ordained in 1865, and was curate of Cuckfield, Sussex, from 1866 to 1878. He was then rector of St. Benedict's, Manchester; curate of St. Mary Magdalene's, Paddington; and, from 1891 to 1904, vicar of East Molesey. He was unmarried.

MR. JOSEPH SHARPE

Mr. Joseph Sharpe, Metropolitan Police Magistrate at Thames Court since 1925, died on Saturday at a London nursing home. He was born in 1859, son of the late Joseph Sharpe, Ireleth-in-Furness, Lancs, and educated at Liverpool College and New College, Oxford, where he rowed in the eight. He was called to the Bar by the Middle Temple in 1886, and practised on the Northern Circuit. From 1904 to 1915, he was Revising Barrister on the Circuit, and from 1916 to 1919 a commissioner of Civil Liability for Lancashire. For three years before his appointment as a Metropolitan magistrate he had been stipendiary magistrate at West Ham.

M. E.-B. DE LABORIE

Our Paris Correspondent announced yesterday that M. E.-Bruneau de Laborie, the geographer and explorer, had died in hospital at Bangui (French Equatorial Africa) on Saturday. M. de Laborie had been severely bitten in the right arm by a lion, and although the forearm was immediately amputated, gangrene set in, and he was unable to survive a second amputation.

Up till 1914 M. de Laborie was known as one of the keenest amateur sportsmen in France. He was an accomplished boxer and fencer, and incorporated his knowledge of the latter sport in "Les Lois de la Duel." During the War he was awarded the Médaille Militaire, and at its conclusion decided to devote his time to big-game shooting and the exploration of the French Colonies. He spent from 1920 to 1922 on the shores of Lake Chad, and brought back a complete documentation on cotton-growing, the rearing of live stock, and hunting in Northern French Equatorial Africa.

His second expedition, undertaken in 1924, earned him the gold medal of the French Geographical Society. Although Mohamed El Abi, the Senoussi chief, refused to grant him a safe conduct, de Laborie left Douala in the Cameroons with the intention of reaching Cairo *via* Lake Chad, Ouadai, and Borkou. He set out unaccompanied by any European and reached Kouffra, where after some hesitation, the Senoussi decided to receive him as a guest, and from then onwards treated him with every consideration. He published an account of this expedition under the title of "Du Cameroun au Caire, par le Désert de Libye."

A few months after his return de Laborie set out once again for Lake Chad *via* Djanet and Bilma to study the ethnography and fauna of those districts. After a further expedition in Mauretania, during the course of which he discovered the hitherto unrecorded presence of elephants, de Laborie was appointed Inspector of Colonial Game Preserves. It was during the exercise of his functions in this capacity that he met his death.

Our Nice Correspondent announced yesterday that Lady Samuelson, who for 40 years had lived at La Bastide, near Beaulieu-sur-Mer, had died on Saturday. Lady Samuelson was well known for her interest in horticulture. She will be buried in England.

THE REV. G. EDMUNDSON

DUTCH AND CHURCH HISTORY

The Rev. Dr. George Edmundson, scholar and historian, died at Aix-les-Bains on Thursday night at the age of 82. A man of varied attainments and equally varied experience, he was known best of recent years as an authority without superior in this country on the history of Holland, but in early life, as a Fellow of Brasenose and lecturer in the University of Oxford, he was a mathematician of distinction; he was for many years an active minister of the Church; his services were more than once sought by the State; and he showed, as Bampton Lecturer, equal erudition in ecclesiastical as in secular history.

Born in Yorkshire in February, 1848, the eldest son of the Rev. George Edmundson, Lord of the Manor of Agglethorpe, George Edmundson was educated at St. Peter's School, York, and Magdalen College, Oxford, which he entered as a demy in 1867. He took a double first in mathematics, and was elected to an open Fellowship at Brasenose in 1871. In 1872 he won the Senior and Johnson University Mathematical Scholarship, and in 1873 a Senior Hall Greek Testament Prize. He was lecturer in mathematics for nine years, tutor for five, and junior bursar of the college for six. Ordained deacon in 1872 and priest in 1874, he accepted, in 1880, the living of Northolt, Middlesex, which he held for 26 years. For the next 14 years, from 1906 to 1920, he was vicar of St. Saviour's, Upper Chelsea. He had lived recently at St. Raphael, and was in 1924 appointed chaplain there, in the diocese of Gibraltar.

On relinquishing his early work at Oxford Edmundson found time to follow the strong bent he had always had for historical study. Choosing the Netherlands as his field—a field which had hardly before had adequate attention from English scholarship—he published first, in 1885, "Milton and Vondel." In this he carried on a discussion that had already interested commentators—the connexion between Vondel and the ideas of "Paradise Lost." From 1904 to 1910 he contributed to several volumes of the Cambridge Modern History, and in 1910, as Ford Lecturer, made his first substantial addition to historical knowledge in his discourses on Anglo-Dutch rivalry in the first half of the seventeenth century. In 1922 he published for the Cambridge Historical Series the "History of Holland" that confirmed his reputation for learning and judgment.

Edmundson was at the same time busy with research into Church history. In 1905 he published "Archbishop Laud and his Work." He delivered the Pride Sermon at Oxford in 1912, and was appointed Bampton Lecturer in 1913, taking as his subject "The Church in Rome in the First Century." Beginning with the initial gain of an extensive equipment of non-ecclesiastical knowledge he was able in this to throw much new light on questions that had for long baffled the student of Christian origins. Without much grace of style, nor particularly easy to read, like much that he wrote, the sermons yet made some stir, for the conclusions reached from such unusual learning as they displayed could not be neglected. They were, indeed, typical of his scholarship in general, conservative in tendency, overburdened, almost, in detail, yet on the handling of certain bodies of fact boldly novel.

Edmundson was elected a foreign member of the Netherland Association of Literature in 1886, a Fellow of the Royal Historical Society in 1894, and an honorary member of the Dutch Historical Society in 1897. He was employed by the Government in the arbitration on the British Guiana-Venezuelan boundary from 1896 to 1899, and in the arbitration on the British Guiana-Brazilian boundary from 1901 to 1904. His services were again made use of by the Historical Department of the Foreign Office in 1917 and 1918. In 1911 he was elected a Fellow of the Royal Geographical Society, and edited in 1922 for the Hakluyt Society a translation from the Spanish of the travels in the Amazon of Father Samuel Fritz.

Of a modest nature, Edmundson was content to work in retirement and for work's sake. But the unusual range of his knowledge was bound to bring him the distinction it did, as it brought him the admiration of those who knew him. He was engaged on a work for publication up to a few months before his death, when he became blind. He married Florence Brooke, eldest daughter of Mr. Joseph Brooke Turner, of Edgeston, and leaves one son and one daughter.

PRINCE CHOLOKASHVILI

A correspondent writes:—

Prince Kakutsa Cholokashvili, who died on June 26 at Praz-Coutant, Haute-Savoie, after a long illness, the result of wounds received during the Georgian insurrection of 1924, was a significant and glamorous figure in the troubled political life of the Caucasus. Although his name was scarcely known in Europe, he had become almost a legendary figure among the Georgian and Tartar peasantry and the mountaineers of Daghestan, and even the Bolshevists, against whom he directed his heroic and futile efforts, scarcely concealed their admiration for him.

Kakutsa Cholokashvili came of an ancient and impoverished family of Upper Kakheti, which had been famous in Georgian history since the Middle Ages, and had been closely connected by marriage with the former Royal house. As a lieutenant in the Russian Imperial Army he served with distinction at the battle of Sarikamish and other actions on the Caucasian front, and when the Soviet régime was established in Georgia in 1921, he was in command of a cavalry regiment. In 1923 as a fugitive in the wild mountains round his own estates in Kakheti, Cholokashvili raised an insurrection among the peasantry of those parts, and he was joined by the remote and intractable Khevsur mountaineers. His supreme daring, his rapid marches and surprise attacks at points far apart were in the true tradition of Montrose. He won his first victory in ambushing a Soviet detachment, with a force of 14 men with eight carbridges apiece. And at one period his movement assumed such formidable proportions that it was anticipated that he would capture Tiflis. But Cholokashvili's movement was a forlorn hope—a gallant gesture in the true Georgian spirit. A fine guerilla fighter, he lacked political capacity. At the end of 1924, badly wounded and reduced to extremities, he was driven across the Turkish frontier and the movement was finally "liquidated." Cholokashvili lived for some time in one of the Paris suburbs, where he and a few of his followers attempted to support themselves on a small dairy business. But he was broken in health and in heart.

In the Caucasus he is probably the most significant figure since Shamil. He was a man born out of his century—bluff and chivalrous, simple and gay, "the knight without fear and without reproach." An aristocrat and a countryman, a poet who lacked all modern education, he typified that gallant and pathetic spirit which in the drastic modern world has been so sadly seared.

POWER LOOM DISPUTE

RESULT OF THE BALLOT

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

BRADFORD, JULY 6

A ballot of the 800 members of the Power Loom Overlookers' Societies still in the dispute in the West Riding on the question of wages reductions proposed by the employers was taken last week. Seventy-eight per cent. of those voting favoured remaining in the dispute until employers accept terms offered by the trade union, which provide for smaller reductions than those proposed on the basis of the recent recommendations of Lord Macmillan. Twelve per cent. were in favour of an offer being made to the employers to accept a reduction greater than that conceded by the societies previously, and 10 per cent. were in favour of accepting the Macmillan terms.

A meeting of the delegate board of the societies yesterday decided to reaffirm its previous decisions, which have been in favour of continuing resistance where the employers do not accept the trade union proposal.

SCHOOL SCHOLARSHIPS

The following school awards are announced:—

MONMOUTH SCHOOL.—Exhibitions.—R. A. D. BROWN (Mr. C. Standfast, Norfolk House, Muswell Hill, N.10); M. G. DE WINTON (Mr. G. S. Leach, The Wick, Hove, Sussex); A. H. JONES (Mr. T. R. Coombes, Cathedral School, Llandaff); W. JONES (King's School, Gloucester); F. H. LOOSMORE (Bridgend County School); H. MASON (the Rev. D. G. Jones, St. Edward's School, Kempley, Dymock, Glos.).

LUCTON SCHOOL (near Leominster).—Pierrepont Scholarships.—D. DAVIES, T. NICHOLLS, W. J. PERRY, and A. E. STEPHENS.

No elections to Foundation Scholarships were made.

A chairoplane at a fair near Henley Regatta enclosure collapsed on Saturday and 28 passengers were thrown to the ground. Five of these were slightly injured.

SPEED-BOAT ACCIDENT

CAUSE OF CAPSIZING OF MISS ENGLAND II.

The cause of the accident to the speed-boat Miss England II., in which Sir Henry Segrave and Mr. P. V. C. Halliwell, the Rolls-Royce engineer, lost their lives after setting up a new world's speed record on Windermere on June 13, was established on Saturday at the adjourned inquest on the bodies of the two men.

The jury returned a verdict of "Accidental death" in both cases.

The inquest was held at Hawkshead, near Windermere, by Mr. F. W. Poole, Coroner for the Liberty of Furness.

On the invitation of the CORONER, Mr. H. Handley, solicitor, of Windermere, who represented Mr. Fred Cooper, of Hythe, Southampton, the designer of the boat, made a statement of the causes of the accident. He said that he and Mr. Allan V. Nutt, solicitor, of Derby, acting on behalf of Rolls-Royce, Limited, as a result of investigations they had made, could say as a matter of positive evidence that the disaster to Miss England II. arose from one cause and one cause only.

Mr. Handley explained, with the aid of a wooden model, the operation of the boat step. The step, he said, was made of three skins of mahogany, and was bolted to the underpart of the boat at the bows in order to lift them out of the water when she was travelling at speed. What happened was that a portion of the port side of the step was ruptured, with the result that part of it gave way, and fell down, forming a flap. The result was that there was a much greater lifting power on that side and the boat overturned that way. From the condition which Mr. Cooper found, they had been driven to the conclusion that the rupture was caused by a blow from some object floating in the water.

SURVIVOR'S STORY

Michael John Wilcocks, the survivor of the accident, said that they first made a run over the measured mile from south to north, and then turned round and covered the mile again from north to south at a higher speed. At the end of the second mile Sir Henry Segrave gave him (the witness) the customary signal to examine the transmission and gear-box. Everything appeared to be in order. He was about to go forward again when Sir Henry Segrave clapped him on the shoulder. He was obviously delighted. He (Wilcocks) shouted, "Beaten the record?" and Sir Henry nodded. He then accelerated and turned the boat for the third run. The boat was then travelling much faster than on any of the previous runs.

"Suddenly," the witness continued, "I felt a dull thud, which seemed to be on the port side. Up to that moment everything had continued to function perfectly. Immediately afterwards the boat lifted and dipped. When the boat was slightly more than half over I was shot out head first. I came to the surface very quickly. I turned round in the water two or three times and saw a black figure without any movement of the arms, going backwards. I turned round again in the water and made towards Miss England II. The boat was then inverted, with her stern to the Lancashire shore, and she was lying diagonally across her course."

James Ellor, an experimental engineer, of Derby, employed by Rolls-Royce, Limited, said that after the accident he examined the portion of the step which had been torn away and formed the opinion that it had been struck by some object in the water. If it had struck the floating branch produced, the blow, at the speed the boat was travelling, must have been enormous. The engines were found in perfect order. No parts of the hull showed any signs of strain.

Mr. Fred Cooper, the designer of Miss England II., said he was satisfied that the step had been struck by some floating object. The blow would fracture the skin causing an inrush of water and the creation of a bursting pressure. This would force off a portion of the step, which would drop down and form a hinge. The effect of striking a submerged object head-on would be to produce a blow equivalent to a pressure of 1.4 tons to the square inch.

Mr. Thomas Little, naval architect and consulting engineer, of Liverpool, who examined the boat on the instructions of Lloyd's underwriters, gave similar evidence.

The CORONER, in summing up, said that the men had lost their lives in experimenting and endeavouring to prove that certain designs and engines could race at greater speed than any other boat ever built. They knew that they were carrying their lives in their hands. The boat stood up to their highest expectations, and in all probability if it had not been for some object in the water, the boat would have exceeded the record it did set up, and there would have been no cause for lamentations to-day.

After a brief retirement the jury returned a verdict of "Accidental death."

THE BRITISH ARCTIC EXPEDITION

DEPARTURE OF THE QUEST

The British Arctic Air Route Expedition, led by Mr. H. G. Watkins, left St. Katherine's Dock yesterday morning in the Quest, which, under the command of Captain Scheldrup, has been chartered from her Norwegian owners.

Thirteen of the 14 members of the expedition were on board. Mr. Scott will be picked up by the Quest at the Faröe Islands, where he is with the 49 dogs which he has collected from the west coast of Greenland. A large crowd of friends and relations saw the explorers off, including Air Vice-Marshal Sir Sefton Brancker, Director of Civil Aviation, and Mr. Stefansson, the Arctic explorer.

The Quest was gay with bunting, and she left St. Katherine's Dock blowing loud blasts on her siren, which were answered by other ships' sirens and by cheers from the quay. Her decks were crowded with the stores and equipment of the expedition, which include an aeroplane and two motor-boats. At the last moment there arrived on board a turkey, which was soon on friendly terms with those whose Christmas dinner it will be. The Quest was followed down the river by Major Stephen Courtauld's yacht with most of the committee which has organized the expedition.

The purpose of the expedition, as explained by Mr. Watkins in an article in *The Times* of June 30, is to explore the coast and ice cap of Greenland with a view to the possibility of using the direct line between England and Canada across the Arctic for an air route.

SHOOTING AFFAIR AT HAMPSTEAD

ACTOR'S DAUGHTER AND HUSBAND FOUND SHOT

Detectives from Hampstead police station were last night making inquiries into the death of Eardly Cotterill, 24, an engineer, and his wife, Marjory, 22, daughter of Mr. Gerald Lawrence, the actor.

The first intimation of the affair received by the police was from Mr. Gerald Lawrence, who lives in Orman-road, Hampstead. He stated that he had found his daughter lying dead, having apparently been shot, in the back drawing-room of the house, and her husband, who was also suffering from bullet wounds, was near her.

When the police visited the house the husband was still alive, and he was taken to Hampstead General Hospital, where he died shortly after admission. A revolver was discovered on the floor near where the couple had lain.

Mr. Cotterill, who was employed in the scientific department of a gramophone company, married Miss Lawrence last July. They went abroad immediately, the husband continuing his business. About two months ago Mrs. Cotterill returned to this country and went to stay at her father's house. Mr. Cotterill remained abroad and had just returned to England.

SALVATION ARMY ANNIVERSARY

Five thousand Salvationists marched from the Embankment to Hyde Park on Saturday, when the sixty-fifth anniversary of the movement was celebrated. Various phases of the work both in this country and oversea were represented. General Higgins, head of the Salvation Army, reviewed the procession at Marble Arch and addressed a meeting in Hyde Park.

MIDDLESEX SESSIONS

Sir Montagu Sharpe, K.C., was re-elected Chairman of the Middlesex Sessions on Saturday; Sir Herbert Nield, K.C., M.P., Deputy Chairman; and Sir Thomas Forster, K.C., Assistant Deputy Chairman. In acknowledging his re-election as Chairman, SIR MONTAGU SHARPE said it was his twenty-first birthday in that capacity.

Thomas Gardiner, 26, a mechanic, who was said to have posed as chauffeur to the Prince of Wales, pleaded "Guilty" at the Middlesex Sessions on Saturday to three charges of stealing a motor-car and other articles, and, five other cases being taken into consideration, was sentenced to three years' penal servitude.

LONDON TRAMWAY SCHEMES

NO NEW CONSTRUCTION

The L.C.C. at its meeting to-morrow will have before it a recommendation by the Highways Committee that the Council shall not seek powers in the ensuing Session of Parliament for the construction of new tramways.

With regard to the question of installing tramways over the new Lambeth Bridge when reconstructed the Committee in 1925 decided that until an adequate outlet was provided on the north side of the river the matter of seeking power for the construction should be postponed. The Committee says that there has been no material change in the position in that respect and the designs for the bridge have been so arranged that a conduit tramway can be installed at any future date if considered advisable. As to the other proposals the Committee is of opinion that it would be premature to come to any conclusions until the determination of the position which has arisen respecting the Waterloo bridge and Charing Cross bridge scheme.

GREENWICH POWER STATION

To meet the requirements of power in the running of the tramcars, the Highways Committee proposes to expend £450,000 on the extension and replacement of generating plant at Greenwich Power Station. It is stated by the Committee that the scheme will provide for a working capacity of 67,000 kilowatts with a reserve of 20,000 kilowatts, and will satisfy the needs of the station until 1938.

NEW COUNTY SURVEYOR

The appointment of Mr. Thomas Peirson Frank as chief engineer and county surveyor at the fixed salary of £3,000 a year is recommended by the General Purposes Committee. Forty-six applications were received for the appointment, which is to date from December 1 and is consequent on the retirement of Sir George Humphreys. Mr. Frank is at present city engineer and surveyor to the Urban Sanitary Authority, Liverpool Corporation.

Mr. John Richard Menzies Whigham, deputy medical superintendent of Mile End Hospital, is recommended by the Central Public Health Committee for promotion to the position of medical superintendent for duty in the first instance at St. Andrew's Hospital, Bow. The commencing salary is £1,000 a year (rising to £1,200) with the usual emoluments. There were 20 applications for the position.

POOR LAW ABSORPTION

A statement on the work done in bringing into operation the Local Government Act, 1929, and in welding together the 30 separate organizations whose work passed to the London County Council on April 1 last has been prepared by the General Purposes Committee. The council is recommended by the committee to record an appreciation of the administrative skill and ability displayed by the chief officers concerned and the staff working under them.

GARAGES FOR AIRCRAFT

A proposal is made that the General Purposes Committee should consider and report as to the practicability of utilizing for garage and other accommodation for air machines in Central London, the River Thames, the roofs of big buildings, and the roofs of other buildings in streets where the skyline is sufficiently level for the construction of superstructure platforms for the taking-off and alighting of aircraft. Mr. Reynolds has given notice of motion on the subject, but the matter will not be discussed at to-morrow's meeting of the Council.

GARDEN PARTY

LADY DAWSON

Lady Dawson gave a garden party at Edgwarebury House, Elstree, on Saturday, at which Prince and Princess Takamatsu were present.

Tennis and dancing took place during the afternoon, and among those present were:—

Captain Prince Tadashige Shimazu and Princess Shimazu, Marquis Hachisuka, Prince Chumbhot of Siam and M. R. Pantip Devakul, Prince and Princess Vladimir Galitzine, Prince and Princess George Imeretinsky, Colonel Marquis Toshinari Mayeda and Marchioness Mayeda, the Japanese Ambassador and Mme. Matsudaira, the Italian Ambassador, the Brazilian Ambassador, Mme. Régis de Oliveira and Mlle. Régis de Oliveira, the Argentine Ambassador and Mme. de Uriburu, the Portuguese Ambassador, the Chilean Ambassador and Mme. Wilson, the Greek Minister, the Siamese Minister, the Rumanian Minister and Mme. Titulesco, the Bolivian Minister and Mme. de Aramayo, the Lithuanian Minister, the Liberian Minister and Mme. Dresselhuys, the Latvian Minister and Mme. Vesmans, the Estonian Minister, the Yugoslav Minister.

The Lord Mayor of London and the Lady Mayoress, Mr. James Waterlow and Mr. Tom Waterlow, Admiral of the Fleet Sir Charles Madden and Lady Madden, Countess Jellicoe, Lady Gwendoline Jellicoe, Lady Myrtle Jellicoe, and Lady Norah Jellicoe, Admiral Sir Lionel and Lady Halsey, Field-Marshal Sir William Robertson and Lady Robertson, Field-Marshal Sir Claud Jacob and Lady Jacob, Field-Marshal Sir George Milne and Lady Milne, Admiral Baron Ako, Mr. and Mrs. Hori, Commander Takeo Yamagata, Mr. Ishikawa, Lieutenant-Commander Midzuno, Dr. Sakamoto, Mme. Uchiial, Lord and Lady Inverforth, the Hon. Annie Weir and the Hon. Janet Weir, Viscount and Viscountess Stopford, Vice-Admiral Sir Cyril and Lady Fuller, Admiral Sir Frederick and Lady Tudor, Lord and Lady Conolchie, Mary Countess of Cromartie, Lord Justice and Lady Greer, Mr. Justice and Lady Horridge, Lord and Lady Lawrence and the Hon. Catherine Lawrence, Viscountess Bridport and the Hon. Eileen Hood, Baron and Baroness Gustave van Ufford and Miss Morrison Scott, Lieutenant-General Sir George and Lady Macdonogh, Air Vice-Marshal Sir Sefton Brancker, Admiral Sir Herbert and Lady Mabel King-Hall, Baron and Baroness de Teissier, Viscomte and Viscomtesse de la Panouse, Baron and Baroness de Souza, Admiral and Mme. Escobar, Lady Trotter, Sir Reginald and Lady Brade, Admiral Sir Percy and Lady Grant, Sir Van-drick and Lady Bowater, Air Vice-Marshal and Mrs. Borton, Sir Reginald and Lady Blair, Lieutenant-General Sir William and Lady Pitcairn Campbell, Sir James and Lady Cooper, Sir Edmund and Lady Wyldbore-Smith, Major-General Sir Neill and Lady Mathew, Sir John and Lady Latta, Rear-Admiral and Mrs. Forbes, Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Percy and Lady Cunynghame, Lady Dawson, Sir Frank and Lady Newnes, Colonel Sir Newton and Lady Moore, Colonel and Mrs. FitzMaurice of Orkney, Lady Parsons, Sir William and Lady Crawford, Baroness Clifton, Lady (Arthur) Pearson, Sir Percy and Lady Shelley, Sir Frederick and Lady Green, Brigadier-General and Mrs. Hare, Air-Commodore and Mrs. Mitchell, Sir John and Lady Moore, Captain and Mrs. Patterson, Colonel Sir Frederick and Lady Halliday, Captain and Mrs. Lloyd-Owen, Mme. de Sola, Colonel and Mrs. Wesson, Mary Lady Lowe,

Court Circular

BUCKINGHAM PALACE, JULY 5

The King held an Investiture this morning at 11 o'clock.

His Majesty's Body Guard of the Honourable Corps of Gentlemen-at-Arms was on duty in the Throne Room, under the command of General the Earl of Cavan (the Captain). Colonel Wilford LLoyd (the Standard Bearer), Brigadier-General Archibald Home (the Clerk of the Cheque and Adjutant), and Lieut.-Colonel Angel Scott (the Harbinger) were present on duty with the Corps.

The King's Guard of the 3rd Battalion, Coldstream Guards, with the King's Colour and Band of the Regiment, under the command of Captain J. Moubray, was mounted in the Quadrangle of the Palace.

In attendance upon His Majesty were:—

The Earl of Cromer (Lord Chamberlain), Major-General the Hon. Sir Cecil Bingham (Gold Stick in Waiting), Admiral Sir Montague Browning (Rear-Admiral of the United Kingdom), the Earl of Dunmore, V.C. (Lord in Waiting), Admiral Sir Edwyn Alexander-Sinclair (Aide and Principal Naval Aide-de-Camp), General Sir Alexander Cobbe, V.C. (Aide-de-Camp General in Waiting), Air-Marshal Sir Edward Ellington (Principal Air Aide-de-Camp), Colonel the Hon. Sir George Crichton (Comptroller, Lord Chamberlain's Office, and Secretary to the Central Chancery of the Orders of Knighthood), Sir Edward Wallington (Groom in Waiting), Captain Sir Bryan Godfrey-Faussett, R.N., and Major the Hon. Alexander Hardinge (Equerries in Waiting), Brigadier-General Sir Hill Child, Bt. (Deputy Master of the Household), Major Colin L. Gordon (Assistant Comptroller, Lord Chamberlain's Office), General Sir Walter Braithwaite (Adjutant General to the Forces), Lieut.-Colonel L. Hardy (Silver Stick in Waiting), and Colonel Francis Alston (Field Officer in Brigade Waiting).

The following, other than those in personal attendance upon The King, were also present:—

Major H. H. F. Stockley (Registrar of the Central Chancery of the Orders of Knighthood), Admiral Sir William Pakenham (Bath King of Arms), the Hon. Sir Harry Stonor (Secretary and Registrar of the Order of Merit), Sir Frank Swettenham (King of Arms of the Order of St. Michael and St. George), Sir Francis Bryant (Registrar of the Royal Victorian Order), Admiral Sir Herbert Heath (King of Arms of the Order of the British Empire), Captain A. R. W. Woods, R.N., Brigadier F. H. Griffiths, R.M., Colonel H. deC. Martelli and Group Captain L. W. B. Rees, V.C. (Aides-de-Camp in Waiting), and Sir Stanley Hewett (Surgeon-Apothecary).

Major V. E. Ward Simpson (Officer in Charge) and The King's Indian Orderly Officers were in attendance.

The Gentlemen of the Lord Chamberlain's Office were also in attendance.

The following were severally introduced into the presence of the Sovereign, when The King invested them with the insignia of the respective Divisions of the Orders into which they have been admitted:—

THE MOST HONOURABLE ORDER OF THE BATH

Military Division.—Knights Grand Cross.—Admiral of the Fleet Sir Roger Keyes, Bt., and Admiral Sir Edwyn Alexander-Sinclair.

THE ORDER OF MERIT

Members.—Dr. Samuel Alexander and Professor George Trevelyan.

THE MOST EXALTED ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA

Knights Grand Commanders.—The Right Hon. Sir John Simon, M.P., Field-Marshal Sir Claud Jacob.

THE MOST DISTINGUISHED ORDER OF SAINT MICHAEL AND SAINT GEORGE

Knights Grand Cross.—Sir Alexander Wood Renton and Sir Herbert Stanley.

THE ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER

Knight Grand Cross.—Lieutenant-General Sir William Pulteney.

THE ORDER OF THE COMPANIONS OF HONOUR

Members.—Miss Margaret McMillan and Miss Gertrude Tuckwell.

THE MOST HONOURABLE ORDER OF THE BATH

Received the Honour of Knighthood, Knights Commanders.—Military Division.—Vice-Admiral Murray Anderson, Surgeon Vice-Admiral Arthur Gaskell, Lieutenant-General Alexander Wardrop, Major-General Henry Thuillier, and Vice-Admiral David Munro. Civil Division.—Colonel William Coates.

THE MOST EXALTED ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA

Knight Commander.—Sir Denys Bray.

THE MOST DISTINGUISHED ORDER OF SAINT MICHAEL AND SAINT GEORGE

Knight Commander.—Sir James Maxwell. Received the Honour of Knighthood. Knights Commanders.—Mr. William Malkin, Colonel Frederick Palmer, and Mr. Thomas Wilford.

THE MOST EMINENT ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE

Knight Commander.—Sir Herbert Baker. Received the Honour of Knighthood. Knight Commander.—Mr. Arthur Mudaway.

THE ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER

Knight Commander.—The Very Revd. William Inge. Received the Honour of Knighthood. Knights Commanders.—The Lord Stanmore, Vice-Admiral Robert Mansell, and Colonel Harold Wernher.

THE MOST EXCELLENT ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE

Military Division.—Received the Honour of Knighthood, Knight Commander.—Colonel Henry MacGrath. Civil Division.—Knights Commanders.—Sir Frank Baddeley and Sir Phillip Hartog. Received the Honour of Knighthood, Knight Commander.—Mr. Josiah Crosby.

KNIGHTS BACHELOR

Received the Honour of Knighthood.—Mr. Nigel Davidson and Mr. Mervyn Macartney.

THE MOST HONOURABLE ORDER OF THE BATH

Companions.—Military Division.—Rear-Admiral Cecil Usborne, Rear-Admiral George Swabey, Engineer Rear-Admiral Robert Andrews, Captain Roger Bellairs, R.N., Colonel George Mathew, Royal Marines, Brigadier-General Arthur Cotton, Brigadier William Blake, Brigadier John Fuller, Brigadier Cyril Wemyss, Colonel Frank Fiveash, Colonel Arthur Fry, Colonel Francis Gosset, Colonel Gladwyn Jebb and Colonel Frederick Lugg. Civil Division.—Colonel Gerald Beach, Colonel Anthony Martyn, Colonel Lord Arthur Browne, Mr. Richard Carter, Mr. Robert Craigie, and Mr. George Duggan.

THE MOST EXALTED ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA

Companion.—Mr. Hugh Thornton.

THE MOST DISTINGUISHED ORDER OF SAINT MICHAEL AND SAINT GEORGE

Companions.—Mr. Harold Aplin, Colonel the Lord Bassano, Mr. Thomas Duncan, Mr. Alfred Harding, Mr. Reginald Leigh, Mr. Walter Loveridge, Mr. John Matthew, Mr. Francis Oliver, Lieutenant-Colonel Heaton Robinson, Mr. Herbert Squires, and Mr. Hubert Wilson.

THE MOST EMINENT ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE

Companions.—Dr. Mathew Cameron, Mr. Frederick Channer, Mr. Pendarves Lory, Mr. Duncan Mackenzie, Mr. Edward Perry, Lieutenant-Colonel William Powell, Mr. Frederick Puckle, Major-General Godfrey Tate, Mr. George Tottenham, and Major Stanley Williams.

THE ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER

Commanders.—Mr. Haywood Holmes, Mr. Evelyn Shaw, Mr. Alexander Cuble, and the Revd. Canon Sidney Alexander.

THE MOST EXCELLENT ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE

Commanders.—Military Division.—Colonel Ralph Benson, Colonel Barry Goldie, Colonel Desmond Hoysted, Colonel Charles Todd, and Wing Commander Harold Whittingham, Royal Air Force. Civil Division.—Miss Ada Kirby, Annie, Mrs. Burnett Smith, the Hon. Walter Doyle, Mr. Charles Doorly, Captain Lionel Ellis, Mr. Evelyn Rawlins, Dr. Ernest Smith, Mr. Henry Snell, M.P., Mr. George Steward, Mr. William Straker, Mr. Edward Stilgoe, Mr. Ben Turner, M.P., and Mr. Geoffrey Walsh.

THE ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER

Members; Fourth Class.—Mr. Clifford Braimbridge, Major Colin Gordon, Mr. Edgar Roper, and Major Vere Ward-Sandon.

THE MOST EXCELLENT ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE

Officers.—Military Division.—Lieutenant-Commander Sir Archibald Alison, Bt., R.N.; Lieutenant-Commander George Blackmore, R.N., Lieutenant Frank Lipscombe, R.N.; Colonel William Budge, Royal Artillery (T.A.); Colonel James Seymour, Army Dental Corps; Colonel William Vince, 7th City of London Regiment (T.A.); Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Fobbes, late The Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders; Lieutenant-Colonel Frederick Grey, late The King's Shropshire Light Infantry; the Revd. Percy Guinness, late The Royal Army Chaplains' Department; Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Oldfield, Royal Artillery; Major Frederick Ash, Royal Artillery; Major David Carnegie, 9th Bn., The Highland Light Infantry (T.A.); Major Maurice Edmunds, 4th Bn., The Oxfordshire and Buckinghamshire Light Infantry (T.A.); Major William Fowler, Retired Pay; Major John Hare, Royal Army Medical Corps; Major William Mulvey, Royal Engineers (T.A.); Major Edward Thompson, 5th Bn., The Northumberland Fusiliers (T.A.); Major Harry Warton, Royal Artillery; Captain Edward Brinn, Army Educational Corps; Captain George Chapman, 3rd Bn., The Monmouthshire Regiment (T.A.); Captain William Davies, Royal Engineers; Captain Duncan Learmont, Royal Artillery; Captain Frederick McLaren, late Royal Army Service Corps; Captain Donald MacLeod, Royal Tank Corps; Captain William Moran, Royal Army Pay Corps; Captain Frederick Nicholls, Royal Corps of Signals; Captain William Rochfort, late The Queen's Royal Regiment; Captain Alan Wilson, Royal Engineers; Wing Commander William Mulley, Royal Air Force; Squadron Leader Alan Bishop, Royal Air Force; and Squadron Leader Hugh Lenman, Royal Air Force. Civil Division.—Mr. Frederick Trall.

Members.—Military Division.—Lieutenant Henry Mervyle Bell, Paymaster Lieutenant Ernest Danby, R.N.; Captain Arthur Hurdon, Royal Marines; Warrant Engineer William Jenkins, R.N.; Senior Chief Officer Arthur Stubbs, R.N.; Senior Chief Officer William Charlton, R.N.; the Revd. Hedley Colpoys, Royal Army Chaplains' Department (T.A.); Captain Stanley Maddex, 8th Bn., The Middlesex Regiment (T.A.); the Revd. Guy Peake, Royal Army Chaplains' Department (T.A.); Lieutenant Percy Dass, 2nd Bn., The Buffs; Lieutenant William Harris, Royal Engineers; Lieutenant Henry Holland, Royal Corps of Signals; Lieutenant Frederick Potter, Army Educational Corps; Battery Sergeant-Major George Blincy, Royal Artillery (T.A.); Staff Sergeant-Major Peter Blyth, Royal Army Service Corps; Regimental Sergeant-Major James Bryant, late 1st Bn., Grenadier Guards; Sergeant-Major Charles Bull, Royal Army Medical Corps; Staff Quartermaster-Sergeant William Cain, Royal Army Service Corps (T.A.); Staff Sergeant-Major Charles Charmbury, Royal Army Service Corps; Staff Sergeant-Major Alfred Clark, Royal Army Pay Corps; Regimental Quartermaster-Sergeant Patrick Connell, 4th Bn., The Northumberland Fusiliers (T.A.); Company Sergeant-Major James Deasy, 6th/7th Bn., The Manchester Regiment (T.A.); Engineer Core Quartermaster-Sergeant Harry Dibley, Royal Engineers; Squadron Sergeant-Major William Durham, The Queen's Bays; Sergeant-Major Henry Ellacott, Royal Army Medical Corps; Regimental Sergeant-Major Joseph Holdsworth, The West Yorkshire Regiment; Staff Sergeant-Major Stephen Holman, Royal Army Pay Corps; Staff Sergeant-Major Edward Howard, Royal Army Service Corps; Conductor Ernest Kenser, Royal Army Ordnance Corps; Bandmaster Thomas McDonald, 4th Bn., The King's Own Scottish Borderers (T.A.); Regimental Sergeant-Major James McLachlan, The Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders; Regimental Sergeant-Major Andrew Mack, late Royal Engineers; Staff Quartermaster-Sergeant John Parry, Royal Army Service Corps (T.A.); Regimental Sergeant-Major Albert Pearce, 1st Bn., The Manchester Regiment; Garrison Quartermaster-Sergeant Victor Smith, Staff of the Army; Artificer Sergeant-Major John Sutch, Royal Artillery; Regimental Sergeant-Major Sidney Thompson, 2nd Bn., The East Surrey Regiment; Regimental Quartermaster-Sergeant Ernest Vincent, The King's Royal Rifle Corps; Battery Sergeant-Major George Waters, Royal Artillery (T.A.); Flight-Lieutenant Sidney Bailey, Royal Air Force; Sergeant-Major Alfred Box, Royal Air Force; Sergeant-Major Laurence Frake, Royal Air Force; and Sergeant-Major Frank Lamdin, Royal Air Force.

His Majesty then conferred Decorations as follows:—

THE ROYAL RED CROSS

Member.—Miss Katherine Watt, Princess Mary's Royal Air Force Nursing Service.

THE AIR FORCE CROSS

Squadron-Leader Alan Lees, Royal Air Force; Flight-Lieutenant Henry Lock, Royal Air Force; Flight-Lieutenant John McFarlane, Royal Air Force; and Flight-Lieutenant Alfred Wardle, Royal Air Force.

THE EDWARD MEDAL

Mr. Samuel Crofts and Mr. John Gough.

On September 11, 1929, two men, Redfern and Hardwick, were filling coal with other men at the Bretby Colliery, South Derbyshire, and were warned to leave their work as a shot was about to be fired near the place where they were working. As they were doing so, about 10 tons of roof fell and buried Redfern and Hardwick. Deputy Crofts and others at once tried, at great personal risk, to release the entrapped men. Although further falls were taking place, Crofts remained at work for 20 minutes trying to rescue Redfern until a further large fall of about 100 tons occurred, and killed Redfern. Crofts was knocked down and bruised by this fall, but he returned to the work of rescue and only gave up the attempt when he had crawled under the fall and had satisfied himself that Redfern was dead.

While Crofts was trying to release Redfern, Gough and others were attempting to free Hardwick. At great personal risk they removed the fallen coal from Hardwick's head and shoulders and placed over his body some covering timber which undoubtedly saved his life when the second large fall occurred.

During these operations, the rescuers were several times compelled to take shelter from the falling material, and it was only after two hours' work of an exceedingly dangerous nature that they succeeded in rescuing Hardwick alive and in recovering the body of Redfern.

Although all the rescue party showed great bravery and disregard for their own safety, Crofts and Gough were recognised by their comrades to have been the most prominent in risking their lives.

THE KING'S POLICE MEDAL

Mr. William Edwards, Superintendent of Police, Western India States Agency.

Showed skill and gallantry and afforded an admirable example to his men in attack on a gang of outlaws.

The King received His Excellency Senhor Dr. Julio Prestes de Albuquerque (President Elect of Brazil), who had the honour of being invited to Luncheon with Their Majesties.

His Excellency the Brazilian Ambassador and Madame Régis de Oliveira, Senhor Cyro de Freitas-Valle and Senhor Fernando Prestes also had the honour of being invited to Luncheon with The King and Queen.

JULY 6

The King and Queen, with the Ladies and Gentlemen in attendance, were present at Divine Service in the Private Chapel this morning.

The Service was conducted by the Revd. Prebendary L. J. Percival (Precentor of His Majesty's Chapels Royal and Domestic Chaplain to The King), and the Dean of Lincoln preached the Sermon.

The Princess Victoria visited Their Majesties this afternoon.

The King of Spain will pay his first visit to the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, to-day, when a special ceremonial parade of the Gentlemen Cadets will be held.

The Duchess of Hamilton and Brandon expects to return to 25, St. Edmund's-terrace, Regent's Park, to-day from Scotland.

The Hungarian Minister left on Saturday for Hungary, where he will join Baroness Rubido-Zichy.

The Marquess and Marchioness of Bute yesterday celebrated their silver wedding anniversary at their town house in Queen Anne's-gate.

The Marchioness of Londonderry, who returned to Londonderry House on Thursday from Wynyard Park, Stockton-on-Tees, left London on Saturday for the Continent.

The Dowager Marchioness of Lansdowne will return to 65, Brook-street to-day from Bowood Park, Calne.

The Earl of Inchcape left yesterday for Paris to attend the monthly meeting of the Suez Canal Company, and will arrive again in London this evening. The Countess of Inchcape left London last night for Glenapp.

The Earl and Countess of Elgin have returned to 115, Eaton-square from Scotland.

The Countess of Hardwicke and Lady Elizabeth Yorke will return to 13, Queensberry-place to-morrow from Warsash, Hampshire.

Countess Lützow will leave 23, Knightsbridge on Friday for the Hotel Rubens, Buckingham Palace-road, where she will remain until July 17, when she will leave for Czechoslovakia for the summer.

Contessa May Cippico gave birth to a daughter on Saturday, July 5.

Field-Marshal Viscount Allenby and Viscountess Allenby will return to 24, Wetherby-gardens to-day from the country.

Lord and Lady Parmoor will return to 29, Wilton-crescent to-day from Parmoor, Henley-on-Thames.

Lady Cable will leave 25, Berkeley-square to-day for South Devon.

The Hon. Mrs. Cecil Campbell will return to 37, Bryanston-square to-day from the country,

Sir Horace Rumbold arrived at 3, Grafton-street yesterday from Berlin.

Sir Kenneth Crossley will return to 6, Rutland-court to-day from Africa.

Mr. and Lady Evelyn Giffard left Charts Edge, Westerham, on Saturday for a stay of three weeks at Marienbad.

Mrs. de Hoghton gave birth to a son in a London nursing home on Saturday, July 5.

Mr. and Mrs. de Laszlo desire to express their thanks and gratitude to all their friends for the numerous kind inquiries concerning their son, Patrick, who was injured in a motor accident on Thursday last, and who, they are thankful to say, is progressing most favourably.

Miss Rachel Parsons is giving a musical party this evening at 5, Grosvenor-square. The artists will be Signor Fernando Autori and Signor Giovanni Inghilleri of the Royal Opera, Covent Garden.

Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, has consented to be present at an at home which the Matron-in-Chief and members of Princess Mary's Royal Air Force Nursing Service will hold at Grosvenor House, Park-lane, on Wednesday.

Princess Mary, Countess of Harewood, has consented to sell at an exhibition and sale of work by The Officers' Families' Industries which is being held (by permission of Lady Dance) at The Holme, Regent's Park, on Thursday, July 10, from 11 a.m. to 7 p.m.

The Countess of Albemarle will hold a reception to-morrow at Rosedale House, Warwick-street, S.W.1, the headquarters of the London Association for the Blind, for a private exhibition of the work of the blind.

The Greek Community and the Anglo-Hellenic League will give an at home at the Carpenters' Hall, Throgmorton-avenue, on Thursday, July 17, to meet the Patriarch of Alexandria.

The Italian Pictures Pageant and Varieties (second performance), in aid of the General Lying-In Hospital extension fund, will be held at the Gaiety Theatre (lent by Messrs. Filfot, Limited) on July 23, at 2.30. Lady Diana Cooper will be among the performers. Stalls, 10s. 6d. to £3 3s.; dress circle, 10s. 6d. to £2 2s.; upper circle, 5s.; pit, 3s.; gallery (seat guaranteed), 1s. These prices include tax, and may be obtained from Lady Birkenhead at the hospital, York-road, S.E.1, and the usual agencies.

Lady Wavertree's charity lawn tennis matches, in which all the leading Wimbledon players will be playing, take place to-day at Sussex Lodge, Regent's Park. Tickets are obtainable at the gate (25s. each, including tea).

LUNCHEON

COUNTESS LÜTZOW

Countess Lützow gave a small luncheon party at 23, Knightsbridge on Saturday. The guests were:—

The Duke of Argyll, Albertha Marchioness of Blandford, Count Praszkieckl, the Countess of Cromartie, Lord Wester Wemyss, Sir Maurice de Bunsen, Lady Crowe, Mrs. Hugh Adams, and Mr. Norman.

REQUIEM MASS

COMTE D'ARCY

A requiem low Mass was said on Saturday morning for Comte D'Arcy at the Church of the Immaculate Conception, Farm-street. Father F. Woodlock conducted the service, assisted by Father M. C. D'Arcy. Among those present were:—

The Dowager Countess D'Arcy, Count and Countess D'Arcy, Miss D'Arcy, Baron and Baroness d'Erlanger, Lady Levy, Miss Levy, Mr. W. H. Pritchard, Mme. Maria Escalada, Miss K. Balfe (representing the Catholic Women's League), Mme. de Lacrose, Mlle. de Lacrose, Mlle. H. de Lacrose, M. Emile de Lacrose, Miss J. F. Mackintosh, Mrs. Bernard Davy, Mr. H. Norman, Miss Sibyl Clifford, Mrs. Spencer-Bull, Miss E. John, Mr. and Mrs. George Bellord, Mrs. Gream Stone, Miss de Bertodano, Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Gurney, Mr. N. Keiser, Mrs. Nowell, Miss Mobbs, Miss Gibson, Mrs. and Miss Marle, Mrs. and Miss Radonicich, Mrs. Gaussen, and Mr. J. C. French.

MISS RUTH DRAPER

Miss Ruth Draper, according to her custom, is giving three special *matinées* on behalf of charities during her season in London. They will take place at 2.45 to-morrow and on Wednesday and Thursday, July 9 and 10, at the Vaudeville Theatre—the first for the Cheyne Hospital for Children, of which the Queen is president, the second for the "Peter Pan" League *Matinée* in aid of the Great Ormond-street Hospital for Sick Children, of which the Prince of Wales is president, and the third for the Highway Girls' Club in Shadwell and the Children's Play Centres. All seats are bookable in advance at the box-office (Temple Bar 4871, 4872), and at all ticket agencies.

ESSEX CLUB DINNER

The second dinner of the Essex Club was held at the May Fair Hotel on Wednesday evening. Brigadier-General R. B. Colvin (Lord-Lieutenant) presided, and others present included:—

Brigadier-General J. T. Wigan (vice-president) (High Sheriff of Essex), Colonel F. H. D. C. Whitmore (chairman of committee of management), Brigadier-General K. J. Kincaid-Smith, Mr. Collingwood Hope, Mr. J. Swire, Mr. Herbert E. Brooks, Major Richard Major, Mr. Neville Dawson, Major N. A. C. de H. Tufnell, Colonel C. H. Colvin, Colonel Sir Frederic Carne Rasch, Major Guy G. Gold, Mr. S. J. Tufnell, Mr. H. H. Gepp, Mr. Howel J. J. Price, Major W. S. Gosling, Major H. L. M. Tritton, Captain A. K. Motion, Mr. D. F. Crossman, Mr. T. Hilder, Mr. A. U. Kemsley, Mr. G. M. Strutt, Major Wyndham Birch, Mr. Guy Smallwood, Lieutenant-Colonel E. G. Colvin, Mr. Harold McCorquodale, Mr. E. W. Bovill, Lieutenant-Colonel E. N. Buxton, Captain A. Hayhurst-France, Major V. S. Laurie, Major F. C. Watson, Mr. Frank H. Jones, Mr. T. R. F. Barrett-Lennard, Mr. W. T. Pott, Major R. Bury, Mr. H. Bourke-Borrowes, Mr. P. Guedalla, Sir Frederick G. Rice, Colonel G. Shepstone, Colonel H. C. Kemball, Mr. J. H. Gould, Lieutenant-Colonel E. U. Bradbridge (hon. secretary), Brigadier-General C. Tufnell, Major-General R. C. Mullens, Brigadier-General C. H. de Rougemont, Major the Hon. R. Goschen, Colonel C. K. Howard Bury, Colonel E. A. Loftus, Sir Charles Bright, Colonel Gilbertson Smith, Lieutenant-Colonel A. M. Turner, Major J. O. Parker, Mr. Charles A. Bell, Sir Montagu Turner, Sir Robert Bowlats, Sir William Foot Mitchell, the Rev. J. B. Phimpire, the Rev. E. P. Luard, Colonel T. Gibbons, Lieutenant-Colonel A. H. French, Lieutenant-Colonel C. Portway, Colonel H. R. Wilson, Colonel A. P. Churchill, Lieutenant Colonel A. Butler Harris, Lieutenant-Colonel W. P. N. Ridley, Mr. Henry S. Tuke (hon. treasurer), Mr. K. G. R. Valery, Captain E. A. Unett, Mr. A. W. Boulton, Lieutenant-Colonel E. C. Geere, Major G. Capel Cure, Major E. J. Upton and Major-General F. F. Johnson.

ST. SWITHUN'S SCHOOL

St. Swithun's School, Winchester, has recently received a gift of a statue of its name Saint, the work of Captain Basil Gotto, and it has just been dedicated by the Bishop of Winchester, who is patron of the School. Housed temporarily in the School Hall, it will ultimately stand in the chapel which will form part of the new school buildings which are to be erected on the downs to the east of Winchester.

Notices of Forthcoming Marriages and other Society Announcements on this page are inserted at the following rates: Three guineas for five lines or less, and twelve shillings and sixpence for each additional line. A line consists of about six words. Announcements, which are subject to editorial revision, should be addressed to the Manager, Private Announcement Department, "The Times," London, E.C.4. Block letters should be used for names and addresses.

FORTHCOMING MARRIAGES

SIR REGINALD BLAKER, BT., AND MISS S. CRAN

The engagement is announced of Sir Reginald Blaker, Bt., of Preston Park-avenue, Brighton, and Sheila, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Cran, of Merrow, Guildford.

LIEUT.-COMMANDER C. E. HUGH SMITH, R.N. (RET.), AND THE HON. ELIZABETH HOTHAM

The engagement is announced between Lieutenant-Commander Colin E. Hugh Smith, son of Admiral and Mrs. H. Hugh Smith, and Elizabeth Dulcie, second daughter of the late Captain H. E. Hotham and Mrs. Hotham, of Dalton Hall, Beverley.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL H. P. GREEN AND MRS. NAYLOR

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place at an early date, between Lieutenant-Colonel Harold Philip Green, late 3rd Battalion, The Bedfordshire Regiment, of Winkfield Lodge, Windsor Forest, and Joy, widow of Commander Charles Granville Naylor, M.V.O., Royal Navy, and younger daughter of the late Judge Sir Thomas Granger, of 25, Graham-street, S.W.1.

MR. M. B. PORTMAN AND MISS J. CHARLES

The engagement is announced between Michael B. Portman, second son of Captain the Hon. Gerald and Mrs. Portman, of 22, Portman-square, and Madeleine June Charles, of 44, Curzon-street, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. David Charles.

MR. G. E. H. WALLER AND MISS I. G. MANT

The engagement is announced between Gerald Edward Henry Waller, M.C., younger son of Mr. T. W. Waller and Mrs. Waller, of 33, Rutland-court, and Iris Gertrude, daughter of Sir Reginald Mant, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., and Lady Mant, of 54, Onslow-square.

M. DE SAINT ANDRÉ AND MISS PINCHING

A marriage has been arranged, and will take place in the autumn, between M. Armand de Saint André, son of the Rev. and Mme. de Saint André, and Marion Sybil, eldest surviving daughter of Sir Horace and Lady Pinching, of Château de La Tour de Peilz, Switzerland.

MR. J. PYM AND MISS GOUGH

The engagement is announced between John Pym, eldest son of Major C. E. Pym, of Foxwold, Brasted, Kent, and Diana, only child of the late Brigadier-General Sir John Gough and Lady Gough, of 4, Upper Harley-street, Regent's Park, N.W.1.

CAPTAIN J. C. CHAYTOR AND MISS BRITTAN

The engagement is announced, and the marriage will shortly take place, between Captain John Clervaux Chaytor, late Royal Artillery, youngest son of the late Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Chaytor, of Marlborough, New Zealand, and Olive Mary, only daughter of Colonel Reginald Brittan, late The Sherwood Foresters, and Mrs. Brittan, of Failand Hill, Failand, Somerset.

CAPTAIN E. H. MANN AND MISS AMBLER

The engagement is announced between Captain Edward Hamilton Mann, M.C., Royal Artillery (ret.), only son of the late Mr. Thomas Glaisby Mann and the late Mrs. Mann, of York and Folkestone, and Alice Margaret, only child of Mr. and Mrs. John Ambler, Thorpe Underwood Hall, Ouseburn, York.

CAPTAIN G. D. TAYLOR AND MISS TROTTER

The marriage arranged between Captain George Derbyshire Taylor and Miss Lilian Trotter will take place on July 23 at St. Peter's, Eaton-square, at 2.30 p.m.

MR. F. C. TRACEY AND MISS B. W. SMYTH

The engagement is announced between Mr. F. C. Tracey, The York and Lancaster Regiment, third son of the Rev. F. and Mrs. Tracey, of Belluton House, Pensford, Bristol, and Barbara Wilson, second daughter of R. H. Smyth, D.L., and Mrs. Smyth, of Clooney Park, Londonderry, Ireland.

FLIGHT-LIEUTENANT L. DALTON-MORRIS AND MISS M. ELLIS

The marriage between Flight-Lieutenant L. Dalton-Morris, R.A.F., and Marion, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Ellis, of Bromley, Kent, will take place quietly on Monday, August 4, at Bromley.

MR. F. G. H. EWENS AND MISS D. K. FIELD

The marriage between Mr. F. G. H. Ewens, R.A.F., and Daisy Kathleen, younger daughter of Mr. T. G. Field, of Nigeria, and Mrs. T. G. Field, of Exmouth, will take place on Saturday, August 2, at Exmouth.

MR. D. R. JARDINE AND MISS E. M. NIELSEN

The engagement is announced between Douglas Robert, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Jardine, of Woodside, Walton-on-Thames, and Edith Marie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Nielsen, of Gooden House, Harrow-on-the-Hill.

MR. R. LILLICO AND MISS CARR

The marriage between Robert Lillico and Miss Margery (Queenie) Carr, eldest daughter of the late J. W. Carr and Mrs. Carr, of Highgate, will take place on Saturday, July 12, at 1.30 p.m., at St. George's, Hanover-square.

MR. L. G. HUDSON AND MISS F. E. AGNEW

The engagement is announced between Leslie Gordon, youngest son of the late W. A. Hudson and Mrs. Hudson, of Southernhay, Loughton, Essex, and Florence Elizabeth (Betty), youngest daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Hilary Agnew, Newport-on-Tay, Fifeshire.

MR. W. D. MARTINEAU AND MISS FORBES

The engagement is announced between Warren Delane, third son of the late Cyril Martineau and Mrs. Martineau, of 48, Draycott-place, S.W., and Griselda, eldest daughter of J. Grant Forbes and Mrs. Forbes, of St. Briac, France.

MR. R. C. H. BOXWELL AND MISS N. C. ROBINSON

An engagement is announced between Robert Clive Harvey Boxwell, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Boxwell, of Heswall, Cheshire, and Nina Cairns Robinson, younger daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Robinson, of Grassendale, Liverpool.

MR. G. F. STANLEY JACKSON AND MISS BENNETT

The marriage arranged between Mr. G. F. Stanley Jackson and Mona Ursula, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Bennett, of 34, St. John's Wood-road, N.W.8, will take place at 2.15 p.m. on Friday, July 18, at St. Margaret's, Westminster.

DANCES

THE SEASON'S LIST

The following is a list of private dances which will be given during the coming season:—

TO-NIGHT.—Third Trinity Boat Club ball, May Fair Hotel.
Mrs. W. Reierson Arbuthnot (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Betty Arbuthnot.

TO-MORROW NIGHT.—Lady Luke, for her daughter, the Hon. Enid Lawson-Johnston.
Mrs. Richard Raphael (small dance), for her daughters, Miss Marjorie and Miss Rosemary Raphael.

JULY 9.—Vincent's Club ball, May Fair Hotel.

JULY 10.—Trinity Hall Boat Club ball, May Fair Hotel.
Ladies' Carlton Club.

JULY 11.—Eton and Harrow ball, Hurlingham Club.
Mrs. Alan Pilkington (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Rosemary Pilkington, 56, Sloane-street.
Mrs. Warren Pearl, 26, Rutland-gate.
Eton ball, Grosvenor House.

JULY 12.—Mrs. E. J. Cottam (small dance), for her daughter, Miss Audrey Cottam, Piccard's Rough, Guildford.
Lady Noble (of Ardkinglass (Eton dinner-dance), 43, Portland-place.

JULY 14.—Miss Florence Eaton, for members of the National Union of Students from Canadian Universities, May Fair Hotel.

JULY 15.—Gray's Inn Members' ball.

JULY 17.—Mrs. A. C. Morgan, for her sister, Miss Mary Hughes, Claridge's.

JULY 18.—Bar Golfing Society, Lincoln's Inn.
Mrs. A. M. Pollock Hodsoll, for her daughters, Miss Peggy and Miss Prudence Hodsoll, Stilemans, Mumstead Heath, Godalming.

Canon Alexander wishes to thank the innumerable friends, known and unknown, both at home and abroad, who have written to him on the completed restoration of St. Paul's Cathedral.

MARRIAGES

MR. W. H. CLARE-LEES AND MISS LAUDER

The marriage took place on Saturday at the Church of St. Thomas à Becket, Chapel-en-le-Frith, of Mr. William Hereward Clare-Lees, son of Sir William and Lady Clare-Lees, of Etherow House, Hollingworth, Cheshire, and Miss Dorothy Gertrude Lauder, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Francis A. Lauder, of Bowden Hall, Chapel-en-le-Frith, Derbyshire. The Bishop of Bristol (uncle of the bridegroom) officiated, assisted by the Rev. E. H. F. Campbell and the Rev. W. H. Green.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of ivory satin, and a train of the same material falling from the shoulders lined with ivory chiffon and embroidered with a lovers' knot in silver thread in one corner. Her veil of ivory net was held in place by a close-fitting cap and a small coronet of orange buds. Miss Jean and Master Billie Burton Hellon were the two child attendants, the little girl wearing a frock of ivory silk net trimmed with ermine and a poke bonnet of white felt and ermine, and she carried a posy of water-lilies, and the page had ivory satin knickers with a blouse of ivory crêpe. There were also two grown-up bridesmaids, Miss Nancy Lauder (sister of the bride) and Miss Theodora Taylor. They wore long dresses of ivory silk net trimmed with ermine, and hats of ivory felt and ermine. They carried sheaves of water-lilies tied with satin. Mr. Dennis McNab was best man, and a reception was held afterwards at Bowden Hall, Chapel-en-le-Frith, when over 200 guests were present.

The bride and bridegroom left later for their honeymoon in Scotland, the bride travelling in an *ensemble* of periwinkle-blue, with a hat of embroidered linen to tone.

MR. S. D'E. O. THURSTON AND MISS THOM

The marriage took place on Saturday at the Parish Church, Whitewell, of Mr. Sidney d'Eyncourt Owens Thurston, eldest son of Sir George and Lady Thurston, of Greenford Hall, Middlesex, and Miss Beatrice Maude Thom, elder daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Thom, of Whitewell Lodge, Whitchurch, Shropshire. The Rev. G. V. Yonge and the Rev. Daniel Jones were the officiating clergy.

The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a gown of white chiffon, the bodice heavily embroidered with pearls and diamanté. Her train of white chiffon was lined with ruchings of the same material and edged with pearls and had a wide border of pearls and diamanté in Vandyke points at the end. Her long tulle veil was held in place by a headdress of orange-blossom, and she carried a bouquet of Harrisii lilies. Master C. Watson, in a suit of white satin, was the trainbearer, and there were also three grown-up bridesmaids—Miss Marion Thom (sister of the bride), Miss Barbara Thom, and Miss Doreen Watson. They wore dresses of peach-coloured satin with pink pearl caps, and carried sheaves of gladioli to match. Mr. Avalon Thurston (brother of the bridegroom) was best man, and a reception was held afterwards at Whitewell Lodge, when among the guests were:—

Sir George and Lady Thurston, Mr. and Mrs. Dacre Lacy, Brigadier-General and Mrs. Law, Mrs. Goodair, Mr. Walter Thom, Miss Thom, Viscount and Viscountess Hill, Lady Lynch-Blosse, Miss Lynch-Blosse, Lady Crossley, Captain Sir Edward and Lady Hanmer, Essex Lady Hanmer, Constance Lady Stanier, Major Melville Lockett, Sir Harold Nutting, J. A. Purday, H. R. H. Plowden, F. S. Plowden, G. N. Reynolds, E. N. L. Venn, Lord Willoughby de Broke, W. P. Wyatt, the Rev. J. W. H. Toynbee; Messrs. R. G. Brooke, H. C. Carden, R. B. Cooke, C. C. Daniell, Dugdale, G. A. Harford, R. A. Hull, G. T. Hurrell, C. G. P. Kirk, J. A. Lord, G. W. M. Lee, W. G. C. Lowndes, Midwood, D. (C. J. Miller, W. Slade Mitford, J. H. Durnan Matthews, J. H. Mim, T. W. Nicholls, H. F. Fryane, M. E. B. Portal, the Hon. R. G. Hamil

A WEEK-END OF SUNSHINE: FINALS DAY AT HENLEY

ON THE LAWNS AT HENLEY.—The week-end weather was ideal for outdoor functions, and large crowds were the rule at social and sporting fixtures throughout the country. The sunshine was brilliant, and the owners of the lightest of summer frocks could wear them with little fear of injury from rain. Our photograph, taken by a staff photographer of *The Times*, is of the gay scene on the lawns at Henley on Saturday afternoon, when the Royal Regatta was brought to a successful conclusion. This year the regatta has had four days of beautiful weather, and the huge crowd both ashore and afloat on "Finals Day" again proved the popularity of this up-river regatta with rowing men and members of the general public alike.

HARVEY NICHOLS
of Knightsbridge

SUMMER SALE
TO-DAY AND UNTIL JULY 26th

CARPETS BY THE YARD

We are reducing in price our entire stock of CARPETING BY THE YARD. This includes Plain Pile Carpets, Plain Hair Carpets, Figured Axminster, Wilton and Brussels Carpets as well as all Stair Carpets.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

FIGURED AXMINSTER CARPETS.—A large selection of good Persian and other Oriental design British Axminster Carpets all to be cleared. Body Carpets, 27 inches wide. Reduced to, per yard 7/9

EXTRA SUPER QUALITY AXMINSTER CARPET.—300 yards only of an excellent Persian Reproduction. Body Carpet. Usual Price 15/6 per yard. Reduced to, per yard 10/9

SPECIAL QUALITY PLAIN DEEP PILE CARPET in shades of Rose, Dark Blue, Grey, Brown, Light Green, Light Blue, Golden Brown, Wine, Beige and Dark Green. 27 inches wide. Reduced to, per yard 7/11

PLAIN COLOURED HAIR CORD CARPET in shades of Grey, Brown, Light Blue, Mauve, Royal Blue, Green, Red, Wine, Beige, Rose and Orange. 27 inches wide. Reduced to, per yard 5/9

NATURAL GREY HAIR CORD CARPET in Reliable Quality. 27 inches wide. Reduced to, per yard 4/6

SEAMLESS AXMINSTER CARPETS
AT HALF PRICE
We have still a large selection available in various sizes and colourings

SPECIAL OFFERS IN FURNISHING FABRICS

1469. 31 inches wide. CRETONNE. "PHEASANT AND FOLIAGE." 800 yards only. Original price 3/11. Reduced to, per yard 1/9

2999. 50 inches wide. CRETONNE. "TULIP AND NARCISSI." On grey, brown, blue, and black grounds. 400 yards only. Original price 6/11. Reduced to, per yard 3/6

SPECIAL OFFER. FADELESS 50 in. VELOUR, in 10 good shades. Original Price 6/11. Reduced to, per yard 4/6

ART SILK TAFFETA, fadeless. In blue, orange, beige, rose. 48 inches wide. Usual price 5/11. Sale Price 3/3

HEAVY COTTON SLUB REPP, fadeless. Suitable for all upholstery. 50 inches wide. Usual price 8/11. Sale Price 4/6

31 inches wide "HOLLYHOCK" DESIGN CRETONNE on mauve ground (2203), 400 yards only. Cannot be repeated. Original price 2/11. Reduced to, per yard 1/-

8797. FADELESS COTTON JASPE. 48 inches wide. In a variety of colours. Reduced to, per yard 2/-

50-INCH HAND BLOCK PRINTED LINENS. Designs specially printed for Harvey Nichols. Usual prices 12/9 and 13/6. Sale Price 8/11

BLACK & GOLD MODERN DAMASK. Suitable for cushions, curtains, etc. 50 inches wide. Usual price 11/9 Sale Price 6/3

ART SILK TAFFETA. In eight good colours. 50 inches wide. Usual price 13/6. Sale Price 8/11

HARVEY NICHOLS & CO., LTD., Knightsbridge, London, S.W.1

WOMAN'S AIR VICTORY.—Miss Winifred Brown receiving from Sir Philip Sassoon the King's Cup after her success on Saturday. She is the first woman to win the trophy.

AGAIN CHAMPION.—W. T. Tilden in play against W. Allison in the final of the Singles at Wimbledon. Tilden previously won the championship in 1920 and 1921.

THE LAMBETH CONFERENCE.—The Archbishop of Canterbury leading the procession of Bishops and Metropolitans at St. Paul's Cathedral to attend the opening service held there yesterday.

23,000FT. UP.—Herr Schneider, of the Kanchenjunga expedition, photographed negotiating a knife-edge of unstable ice on the Ramthang Peak. He and Mr. Smythe ascended on ski to 21,000ft.

THE BURBERRY
provides the services of a reliable
WEATHERPROOF WARM OVERCOAT & LIGHT DUST-COAT

It is just the kind of covercoat the majority of women require at this time of the year—a coat light and cool to wear on hot or dusty days, yet that ensures perfect protection against downpour, drizzle, wind and cold.

The Burberry is Made in a Variety of Styles from innumerable exclusive Burberry materials—all weather resisting—all naturally ventilating—all airylight—all beautiful in texture, colour and pattern.

PROTECTION BOOK No. 3 contains illustrations of the styles in which The Burberry is made. A copy, together with patterns and prices, sent on mention of "The Times."

BURBERRYS Ltd. HAYMARKET LONDON S.W.1

RNLI
THE PRINCE OF WALES'S APPEAL

"I Appeal
to the men and women of our Empire to give generously in support of this great service—the Life-boats. I appeal not only as President of the Institution, but as Master of the Merchant Navy and Fishing Fleets."

Edward P

EACH YEAR WE NEED
1,000,000
FIVE SHILLINGS
to maintain the Service.

Please send your 5/- to-day, and be "ONE IN A MILLION."

Will you also remember the Life-boats in your Will?

THE EARL OF HARROWBY, *Honorary Treasurer.* GEORGE F. SHEE, M.A., *Secretary.*

Royal National Life-Boat Institution,
Life-Boat House,
22, Charing Cross Road, London, W.C.2.

LE TOUQUET
4 hours from London 2 hours from Paris
Summer season from Easter to October.
A LARGE PINE FOREST BY THE SEA.
THREE GOLF COURSES: 45 holes.
The smartest Casino in France.
TENNIS: 30 hard courts
and every other sport.

WESTMINSTER
In pine forest, close to Casino. 250 rooms with bath and 'phone.

GRAND HOTEL
On the beach, very central. 200 rooms with bath and 'phone.

ROYAL PICARDY
The most beautiful hotel in the world.

RESTAURANT DE LA FORET
Its tea dance, floral dinner, and Saturday gala night.

CASANOVA
The newly opened night club.

Fullest News and Finest Pictures
The Times Weekly Edition
ILLUSTRATED
Every Thursday *Price 4d.*

JAY'S SALE

FURTHER REDUCTIONS

An exquisite evening cape in rich blue velvet cleverly ruched and gathered, lined with pale blue georgette and trimmed with collar of grey hare.
Originally 42 gns. SALE PRICE 16½gns

A very smart two piece in the new heavy weight rayon sports silk in navy and white with white crêpe de Chine top to skirt.
Ready to Wear Department SALE PRICE 9½gns

Mantle Department.

An original coat by Jay's in black Zibeline cloth cleverly cut to produce the fashionable modified flare. Lined crêpe de Chine and trimmed Persian Lamb. *Originally* 29 gns — FURTHER Reduced to 12½ gns

Elegant evening wrap in a magnificent gold lame cut on slightly flared lines, lined with honey coloured panne velvet and trimmed cocoa hare. *Originally* 45 gns — 15½ gns

A smart little coat of navy blue wool georgette, on godet lines cleverly cut to eliminate all unnecessary fulness, trimmed with Marten-dyed Taguan. *Originally* 55 gns — 21 gns

A few exceptionally smart velvet hats by well-known Paris modistes suitable for early Autumn wear. *Specially reduced to* — 2 gns

Ready to Wear Department.

Three-piece in the new "Maron" shade, tweed coat and skirt and jumper in coin-pamjonate fabric. *Originally* 12½ gns — 6 gns

An unusual frock and coat in heavy sage-green artificial silk pin spotted in white, trimmed with crêpe de Chine. *Originally* 20 gns — 12½ gns

Sportswear Department.

Three-piece suit in small checked angora with jumpers in plain. A real bargain, as only two left. Navy/white and brick/white. *Originally* 11½ gns — 5½ gns

Three-piece in fancy jersey with plain skirts yellow/beige/brown ¾ coat. Red/navy/beige short coat. *Originally* 12½ gns — 6½ gns

Sleeveless dress and cardigan in fleck crepella faced white. A really smart ensemble. Only two left. Navy/white, prawn/white. *Originally* 9½ gns — 6 gns

Small quantity of white silk hose in fine, and medium weights with open clox. Slightly soiled. *Originally* 12/6, 15/9 & 18/6 — 8/6

JAY'S LTD., REGENT ST., W.1.

Is your drinking water above suspicion?

Can you depend upon your drinking water at all seasons? Would it always pass microscopical and bacteriological tests for purity and fitness for drinking purposes?

If there is any doubt about the matter, it is far better to have recourse to MALVERN WATER, the purest natural spring water known. The partaking of plenty of water is a sovereign remedy for many of the digestive ailments, and in MALVERN WATER you have a table water of unequalled purity and softness that has stood the test of over 300 years.

Write for the book of the Malvern Springs.

MALVERN WATER

Obtainable at all leading hotels, stores, wine merchants, chemists, or head office,
1 Connaught Place, W.2.

THE SCARBOROUGH FLIER

FROM

KING'S CROSS

L·N·E·R

IN 4½ HOURS

11.50 a.m. EACH WEEKDAY

Other Restaurant Expresses at 10.5 a.m. 1.40 and 4.0 p.m. and (Sats. only) 5.20 p.m.

Train Service Folder, Tourist Ticket Programme, etc., from Passenger Manager, L.N.E.R. Liverpool Street Station, E.C.2, or L.N.E.R. Offices and Agencies.

SCHOOL SPEECH DAYS

LORD THOMSON AT GIGGLESWICK

TRENT COLLEGE LIBRARY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

SKIPTON, JULY 5

Mr. J. A. Slingsby, chairman of governors of Giggleswick School, introduced Lord Thomson, Secretary of State for Air, to a large gathering of parents and Old Boys at Speech Day to-day. The chairman also mentioned that Lord Shuttleworth was the only governor who had completed 50 years' service in the 400 and more years' history of Giggleswick School.

LORD THOMSON said the right kind of work was something in the nature of a prayer. It was after the school stage when work became a pleasure and a boon, when man had to give his mind to work, that work became a kind of prayer. To pray was to have faith. Reward resulting from best endeavour did not come immediately. Things a man had done best were seldom recognized, but one got satisfaction from work well done, in the right spirit; one got satisfaction before the highest of all tribunals, the tribunal of one's own conscience, after having faced the emergency and played the man.

Emphasizing the importance of keeping fit, Lord Thomson said: "Take the great Service over which I have, for the time being, the honour of presiding. If a lad in the Air Force is not 'in the pink' he cannot do his work. This very last week some 400 of them were up in 200 machines doing things in the air which drove one's heart into one's mouth. All those boys were healthy to start with, kept healthy by discipline and by their own endeavours. The mere sight of them and their prowess in the air was a tonic to anyone prone to despondency or pessimism with regard to the future of our race. In the Air Force they don't go in for star performances; they are all fit; they have got to be. Take lads like Waghorn and Atcherley; to look at them is to be convinced that they are capable of controlling 1,400 h.p. in the air and travel at six miles a minute. To do that a lad has to have his brain packed in ice, to have high courage, immense skill only attained by real hard work, and an inside solid as ferro-concrete."

SEDBERGH SCHOOL

At Sedbergh School Speech Day, Saturday, Mr. G. B. SMITH, the Headmaster, referred to certificates which unfortunately used to be called school leaving certificates, and warned parents against encouraging the notion which boys had that the gaining of this certificate marked the end of their educational career. This certificate was obtained in a test which merely indicated that the recipient had reached a certain minimum level of general education before turning to and specializing in subjects of his own choice in which he showed most proficiency. He held that education only began at that point. Intelligent boys ought to obtain those certificates by the age of 16 and then put in two years of advanced work which should be regarded as that for which he went to school. It was often said that public schools were isolated and that boys were cut off from the outside world. If that were so they at Sedbergh had rectified the matter by establishing lectures on current subjects by anyone from Cabinet Ministers to trade union secretaries.

Mr. OLIVER STANLEY, M.P., speaking on education, said that a certain master of industry before sending his boys to a public school obtained the details of the careers of six men who had had elementary and secondary educations, and six who had been to public schools and a university. He found that after the age of 30 public school men began to rise in their spheres more rapidly, while secondary school men became almost stationary.

TRENT COLLEGE

Speech Day at Trent College on Saturday was made memorable by the opening of a new library which the boys have built themselves. One of the masters, the Rev. G. J. S. Warner, has acted as clerk of the works, and the library is to be known by his name. The foundation-stone was laid in October and building operations have not been allowed to interfere with lessons.

The opening ceremony was performed by Lord Hartington, M.P., whose great-grandfather was president of the college when it was opened in 1866.

The HEADMASTER (Mr. Geoffrey F. Bell) said the building of the library had been of great educational value. Speaking of the difficulty of suggesting courses for boys, Mr. Bell said he had obtained the help of an expert from the Careers Advisory Bureau to visit the school and "vet" about a dozen boys. So useful was the experiment that he proposed to have an expert down annually.

The Albert Ball prize was shared by three boys, who represented bricklaying, carpentry, and ironwork, the three chief activities in the construction of the library.

A public appeal for £300 is now being made for the furnishing.

DEAN CLOSE SCHOOL

SIR THOMAS INSKIP, presenting the prizes at Dean Close School, Cheltenham, on Saturday, told the boys that there was plenty of room for them in the world. He did not believe in the theory of overcrowded professions. There was wider scope now than formerly in public health, electrical service, accountancy, and public administration in addition to the learned professions open to the varied tastes of English boyhood. In commerce and industry he was told opportunities were waiting for men of keen, active, hard-working spirit. It was not so much rationalization as rejuvenation our industries wanted. Such tasks as the government of India and the Empire, and the development in his Majesty's forces on sea and in the air were worthy of their highest gifts.

KINMEL SCHOOL

LORD TEYNHAM, presiding at the first Speech Day of Kinmel School, Denbighshire, on Saturday, said that country public schools were to a large extent the backbone of the country, and the addition of another one in that part of the world was an event of almost national importance. He wanted the boys there to be proud of being pioneers of such a school.

The HEADMASTER (Mr. Gordon Cain) said that the school had increased in pupils from 43 to 70 during the first year.

ROYAL VICTORIA PATRIOTIC SCHOOL

The DUCHESS of RICHMOND and GORDON distributed prizes on Saturday to the girls of the Royal Victoria Patriotic School, Wandsworth Common. She asked the pupils never to forget that success in life could not be attained unless service were placed before pleasure.

CHARGES AGAINST TRAMWAYS MANAGER DISMISSED

Without calling on the defence, the Plymouth magistrates on Saturday, on the fifth day of the hearing of the case, dismissed all the charges of larceny, fraudulent conversion, and falsification of accounts brought against Mr. H. P. Stokes, the former manager of the Plymouth Corporation tramways. Mr. Stokes is now employed by a road transport company in the North of England. The presiding magistrate, Dr. Corbett, said it was common knowledge that many of the perquisites Mr. Stokes was alleged to have succeeded in obtaining for himself were allowed, expressly or tacitly, to the heads of large commercial undertakings. Another matter was that Mr. Stokes made no attempt to make any secret whatever of what he was doing, or what was being done on his behalf. The magistrates were satisfied beyond doubt that Mr. Stokes considered he had a right to the upkeep and maintenance of his cars, and the service of a corporation employee as driver, and the criminal charges in relation to those matters therefore failed. They could find no evidence in support of the charge of fraudulent conversion. With regard to the remaining charges, which were of considerably less gravity, they were satisfied that the evidence did not justify them in committing Mr. Stokes for trial.

THE INNER TEMPLE

Mr. S. R. C. Bosanquet, K.C., has been elected a Master of the Bench of the Inner Temple.

ECCLESIASTICAL NEWS

ORDINATION EXAMINATION RESULTS

The Central Advisory Council of Training for the Ministry issues the following list of results of the General Ordination Examination held in June:—

The following satisfied the examiners:—

PART I.

AINGER, H. M., Aker. T., and BEARLEY, B. R., Mirfield; BEYNON, J. E., Canterbury; BOWDELL, A. H., Kelham; BOYSON, J. T. H., St. Stephen's House; BRADSHAW, W. M., Kelham; BRIGGS, H. W., B.C.M. College; BROUGHTON, H., Lichfield; BURNETT, F., Mirfield; BUXTON, E. D., Ridley Hall; CALAMINUS, O. P., B.A., Lond.; CARROLL, E. I., Cuddesdon; CLARK, C. G., Wycliffe Hall; COLMAN, T. R., and COOP, F. W., Wells; COOPER, N. A. R., B.C.M. College; COWEN, S., Salisbury; CRAGG, H. W., B.C.M. College; CROWSON, C. S., Highbury; DENNE, A. R., Mirfield; DODD, E. W., Llandaff; DODDS, R. W. C., Edinburgh; EALES, W. B., Kelham; ELLINGFORD, H. D., Mirfield; EPERSON, D. B., B.A., Oxon; EVANS, D., Port Talbot; FOWKE, W. H., Cuddesdon; GAIT, J., Edinburgh; GRAINGER, W. K., Wycliffe Hall; GREEN, C. F., B.C.M. College; GREENWAY, L. E., Mirfield; HALL, H. T., Kelham; HARDCASTLE, R., Mirfield; HARRIS, R. W., and HARRISON, W. G., Kelham; HEWITT, G. W. H., Mirfield; HILL, A. D., Highbury; HURN, E. L., Kelham; JACK, K. M., Chichester; JAY, S. G., Mirfield; JONES, F. C. B., Lichfield; JONES, J. R. C., Mirfield; JONES, O. R. L., St. Stephen's House; LANCE, J. du B., Cuddesdon; LANE, H., Burgh; LEES, R. E., B.A., Man.; LILLIE, W. W., Wells; LUCAS, J. A., Cuddesdon; MACCULLOCH, N. H., Edinburgh; MANN, E. N. C., Wells; MARTIN, C. F., Kelham; MATHEWS, D. K. F., Egerton Hall; MELDRUM, F., B.C.M. College; MORRIS, G. T., Lichfield; MORRIS, J. H., Westcott House; OSBORNE, H., B.C.M. College; OUTEN, A., Chichester; PARSONS, M., Highbury; PARSONS, T. E., Chichester; PEARMAIN, H. A. J., Highbury; PERKINS, F. W., Mirfield; PERRY, C. W. J., Kelham; PHILLIPS, J. E., Westcott House; PHILLIPS, K. C., B.C.M. College; PILLING, W. E., Highbury; †PUGHE-MORGAN, H., Salisbury; RAMAGE, J. E., Llandaff; REES, A. H., St. Stephen's House; REEVES, W. G., Salisbury; ROCHLEY, T. A., Mirfield; SHAW, B. E., Wells; SWIFT, P. B., Lichfield; †SYNGE, M. B. R., B.A., Cantab.; TAYLOR, H. C., Ridley Hall; TAYLOR, C. V., Westcott House; †TUCKER, B. B., Ridley Hall; WALLS, E., Kelham; WALMSLEY, G. B., Mirfield; WEEKLEY, E. T., B.C.M. College; WESTCOTT, B. B. F., and WESTRUP, G. A., Westcott House; WHITE, R. J., Chichester; WILMOT, E. F. S., Ely; WILSON, H., Kelham; WOODFORDE, C., Wells; YEOMANS, H. T., and YOUNG, S. E. W., Lincoln.

PART II.

AZARIAH, G. S. C., Westcott House; BAINES, H. W., Cuddesdon; BEACH, A. J., BIRMINGHAM, R. B., and BISHOP, B. H., Mirfield; BORLAND, D. S., Edinburgh; BRADSHAW, W. M., Kelham; BROOKS, A. D. E., Wells; BROOKS, G. H., Ely; BROWN, W. B.A., Lond.; BUSMAN, W. I., Edinburgh; BYRNE, T. W., and CHAPMAN, F. A. R., Wells; †CHISHOLM, C. F. G., Dorchester; †CHURCH, H. J., Ridley Hall; COLTON, H. R., Kelham; COOK, J., Edinburgh; CROCKSHANK, A. C., Chesbunt; DE PEMBERTON, R. H., Ridley Hall; EALES, W. B., Kelham; EDDY, J. C., Ridley Hall; EDWARDS, C., FALCKNER, G. S., Lichfield; EDWARDS, C., GOODALL, H. G., Mirfield; †GREENE, J., Chesbunt; HALL, H. T., HARRIS, R. W. N., and †HARWOOD, W. G., Kelham; HAWTHORN, H., Mirfield; HILL, H. G. R., Wells; HOOLEY, J. D., Lichfield; HOUGH, J. F., Westcott House; HUSSEY, C. H., Cuddesdon; †JONES, D. E. M. G., Llandaff; †KNEEBONE, W. A., Salisbury; LANCASTER, M., Cuddesdon; LANGDON-DAVIES, R. C., Mirfield; LOVEJOY, G. W., Dorchester; MACDONALD, A. D., Ely; MACLEAN, H. A. G., MACWILLIAM, A. M. G., St. Stephen's House; MARCHANT, F. P., and MARKHAM, B., Mirfield; MARPIN, C. F., Kelham; MORETON, H. J., Dorchester; NEWMAN, J. S., and NORRIS, H. A., Mirfield; OATRIDGE, N. C., Westcott House; PERRY, G. T., Burgh; RABSON, A., Ely; REES, H. L. O., St. Stephen's House; REEVE, G. R., and RICHARD, C. B., Ely; ROGERS, A. F. B., Chesbunt; ROWE, P. C., Cuddesdon; SANDERS, F. H. O., Mirfield; SIMPSON, F. S. W., Ripon Hall; SHAW, B. E., Wells; SKIPWITH, O. H., Cuddesdon; STEENEY, E., Ridley Hall; STOKES, G. J. F., Westcott House; TAYLOR, J. C., Mirfield; †TAPP-PUGHE, T. C., B.A., Oxon; TIBBELL, L. B., Salisbury; TOWNEND, N. A. F., Cuddesdon; WALKER, J. H., WALLS, E., Kelham; WEBB, P., Ely; WILD, P., Westcott House; WILSON, H. E., Kelham.

The following satisfied the examiners subject to the limitations stated:—

PART I.

†CHARLTON, R. H., St. Aidan's; ††CRANE, R. D., St. Stephen's House; *CRATCHLEY, W. J., Salisbury; †DEWEY, M. B., Ely; *EASTWOOD, D. T., Wells; †EGLIN, R. M., Chesbunt; †FITZGERALD, G. C., Ely; †HARGRAVE, E. R., Lincoln; †HOWELL, F. G., B.C.M. College; *†JAMES, E.; *STURGEON, N. E., Salisbury; †TANSLEY, F. R.; †WARBURTON, G. B., †WHALLEY, J., and †WRAIGE, H. E., St. Aidan's.

PART II.

†BAKERDALE, J., B.C.M. College; †BEALE, A., Chichester; *†JAMES, E. T.; †KIM, Z., St. Stephen's House; †ROYLE, F. D.; †STOCKS, N., St. Aidan's; *SYMONDS, T. P., Salisbury; *WALLACE, H. E., B.C.M. College; †WARNER, S. G. V.

†Subject to taking one paper again.
*Exempt from Greek.
†Exempt from Latin.

CHURCH ASSEMBLY ELECTIONS

The Liverpool Diocesan Conference has, for the purpose of the election of representatives to the House of Laity in the Church Assembly, resolved that the diocese be divided into four electoral areas, two returning four members and two returning three members. Nomination papers must be completed and in the hands of the presiding officer by July 17, 1930. Ballot papers will be posted to electors on July 21, and must be returned not later than the first post on Monday, July 30. The presiding officers are Canon Hunter Rodwell, Canon C. C. Thicknesse, Prebendary J. P. Baker, and the Rev. A. du T. Pownall.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS

The Bishop of London has appointed the REV. T. H. CAVE-MOYLE, vicar of Much Dewchurch, Hereford, to the benefice of St. Paul, Shadwell.

The King has approved the appointment of the REV. JOHN CHARLES SYDNEY DALY to take charge of the newly constituted district of Airedale with Fryston.

The Bishop of Liverpool has appointed the REV. J. H. FOY, curate of St. Faith's, Great Crosby, to the incumbency of St. Columba's, Anfield, Liverpool.

DIOCESE OF ROCHESTER

The Bishop of Rochester announces that during the vacancy caused by his resignation, which is to take effect on August 31, the charge of the diocese will devolve upon the Archbishop of Canterbury as Metropolitan. The Archbishop has informed Bishop G. L. King that he proposes to invite him to take charge of the diocese on his behalf and to fulfil all episcopal duties in the interim.

BISHOP'S BROADCAST PLEA FOR PEACE

THE NEW ANGLO-AMERICAN SPIRIT

The BISHOP of WASHINGTON, Dr. James E. Freeman, yesterday afternoon broadcast from London a message to the peoples of Great Britain and the United States of America.

Remarking that the two nations were bound together by ties that ought to be indissoluble, the BISHOP said: "Among the great problems that to-day challenge the world, security from the folly and wickedness of war is the most conspicuous and outstanding. Unemployment with its economic waste and attendant tragedies occupies, in both countries, a large place in our thinking, but urgent as this is, it falls into a lower place when compared with the question of world order and peace. This vital question can no longer be left to statesmen and diplomats alone, or to secret conferences that in *personnel* represent a limited and exclusive element; in those vital matters that concern life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness the voice of those who are most deeply concerned must be heard. I am speaking to-day to my comrades in England and America, to those to whom is committed, in a peculiar sense, the world's happiness and peace. The ties that bind us together are different from those that relate us to the rest of the world. We claim no superiority for ourselves; we do claim, and rightly so, that we have a joint obligation that is born of a common speech, that by traditions and ideals our interests are identical."

Speaking of the Naval Treaty, the Bishop continued:—"That treaty may not express the highest ideals or realize the fullest expectations of our peoples. Nevertheless, it registers a new advance in our relations and declares to the world our determination to begin a work, the ultimate end of which is world tranquillity and peace. Whatever cynics and critics may say to the contrary, it is the expression of a desire that is in consonance with the universal will to peace. What lies ahead we may not know; but one thing seems clear, that our two nations have assumed an obligation and have disclosed a spirit that may prove, under God, to be the greatest contribution to peace the world has ever known."

MR. MORRISON'S WARNING TO RECKLESS MOTORISTS

Mr. HERBERT MORRISON, the Minister of Transport, speaking at Abbey Wood on Saturday night, said that the purpose of the Road Traffic Bill was to bring order out of chaos and to achieve efficient economic reconstruction of the great road transport industry. The abolition of the speed limit for light cars was really a statutory recognition of something that had already happened. Under the Bill severe penalties were imposed upon dangerous and reckless drivers who were a curse to everybody. Let no motorist think that the abolition of the speed limit gave him greater facilities to play the fool. In the new conditions drivers would have to rise to a higher standard of responsibility if they were to avoid a very rough time at the hands of the law.

Dr. Phillip Boswood Ballard, who has retired after 25 years' service as District Inspector and Divisional Inspector of schools under the L.C.C., received an illuminated address from the London Head Teachers' Association at Bedford College on Saturday.

WILLS AND BEQUESTS

A COLLIERY PROPRIETOR'S ESTATE

Mr. CHARLES HENRY OAKES, J.P., of Newlands, Riddings, Alfreton, Derbyshire, colliery proprietor, chairman and governing director of Messrs. James Oakes and Co. (Riddings Collieries), Limited, who died on November 19, aged 66, left estate of the gross value of £295,599, with net personalty £188,657.

PREBENDARY EDWARD HENRY WINNINGTON-INGRAM, M.A., of Ribbesford, Prestbury, Glos, died on April 27, aged 81, eldest brother of the Bishop of London, leaving unsettled estate of the gross value of £11,882, with net personalty £7,488. He left:—

£50 to his nurse, Hilda May Maisey, if nursing him at his death; £100 to his servant, Eliza Jones (less any sums on account of the said legacy paid to her in his lifetime); and by the last codicil to his will he stated, "Whereas my life is being prolonged beyond my anticipations, now I therefore give to my three domestic servants, Eliza Jones, Margaret Reece, and Mary Evans, £50 each, free of all duty, contingent upon each of them being in my service at the time of my death, such legacies to be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any gift or benefit bequeathed to them, or any other domestic servant by my said will, or by any previous codicil or codicils. I declare that the last mentioned legacies to the said Eliza Jones, Margaret Reece, and Mary Evans are in recognition of the loyal and devoted service which such legatees continue to render to me."

The REV. HAROLD NELSON BURDEN, of Clevedon Hall, Clevedon, Somerset, and of Hawick-place, Westminster, S.W., founder and warden of the National Institutions for Persons Requiring Care and Control, who died on May 15, aged 71, left estate of the gross value of £149,161, so far as can at present be ascertained, with net personalty £144,834.

Mr. ROBERT EDMUND CAMPBELL, of Parkside, Wimbledon Common, S.W., who died on March 25, aged 59, left estate of the gross value of £70,674, with net personalty £18,580. He left:—

£2,500 to Lawrence Irving Ellis, of Cork-street, W., if in his employ at his death; £1,000 to Bedford County Hospital; and £500 to his chauffeur, Samuel Cullen, if in his employ at his death.

Mr. HERBERT WILLIAM CLARKE, of Denbigh-road, Ealing, W.13, died on May 23, aged 69, leaving estate of the value of £42,592. He gives:—

£500 each to King Edward VII. Hospital, Ealing, Lloyd Memorial (Claxton) Seaside Home, Deal, and Kate Taylor, if still in his service.

Mr. CHARLES LORD, of Danby Lodge, Park-drive, Harrogate, proprietor of Jon. Stansfield and Co., Limited, fustian manufacturers, Hebden Bridge, Yorks, now amalgamated with the English Fustian Manufacturing Company, Limited, of which he was a director and vice-chairman, died on May 14, aged 74, leaving £36,367, with net personalty £34,055. He gives:—

£200 each to Dr. Stephen's National Children's Homes, London; the Wesleyan Worn-out Ministers' and Widows' Fund; and the Wesleyan Foreign Missionary Fund.

Mr. EDWARD EAMES, of Broad Oak, Warnbrook, near Chard, Somerset, Master of the Cotley Harriers, died on December 13, aged 77, leaving £14,054, with net personalty £10,630. He gives:—

His "pack of hounds to whoever will carry on the Hunt, hoping that some member of the Eames family will continue to carry on the good sport of the Cotley Hunt, which for so many years my family have had the pleasure of doing."

£300 to his servant, James Down.

Other latest wills include the following:—

	Gross value
BAINBRIDGE, Mr. Andrew Ferguson (79), of Glenmore-road, Belsize Park, N.W.3, and of Lodgate-hill, E.C., a director of Messrs. Butler and Tanner, Limited, printers and binders, of London and Frome (personal estate)	£13,274
CANTON, the Rev. William John, of St. Margaret's Rectory, Whalley Bridge, Manchester (net personalty £2,757)	2,818
CUNNINGHAM, Mr. Arthur Gillespie, of Canley, Castlemaine-avenue, Croydon, for some years secretary of the Dunlop Rubber Company, Limited (net personalty £57,423)	62,539
FERGUSON, Mr. Thomas William, of Moor-crescent, Gosforth, Northumberland, late registrar of marriages (net personalty £10,948)	12,369
HAY-COOPER, Mr. Bernard George Hay, of Hill Brow, Murray-road, Wimbledon, S.W. (net personalty £9,628)	9,759
KITCHIN, Mrs. Sarah Ellen, of Heathbrow, Hampstead, N.W., widow of C. Kitchin (net personalty £15,426)	19,385
MEEE, Mr. Arthur Rowland (53), of Greyholme, Marlborough-avenue, Hornsea, Yorks, marine engineer (net personalty £850)	2,119
MERRITT, Mrs. Anna Lea (85), of Hurstbourne Tarrant, Hants, formerly a well-known artist, whose picture "Love Locked Out" is now in the Tate Gallery (estate in her own disposition) (net personalty £637)	830
MONTGOMERY, Dr. Edward Hugh, M.D. (60), of Roebuck Park, Dundrum, Co. Dublin (personal estate in England and the Irish Free State)	15,646
OWEN, Mr. Robert Henry, of The Hayes, Oswestry, Salop (net personalty £12,331)	18,133
SLOCOMBE, Mr. Alfred John (75), of Fixby House, Huddersfield, late clerk to the Huddersfield Borough Magistrates (net personalty £10,973)	12,089

LONDON FIRE BRIGADE

THE ANNUAL DISPLAY

Field-Marshal Sir William Robertson, distributing awards at the annual display of the London Fire Brigade at Battersea Park on Saturday, said all Londoners had the greatest admiration for the brigade. The standard of efficiency was very high indeed; even so, most people would be surprised to hear that the average time taken in turning out by the brigade which last year was adjudged the smartest at this—the Tooting brigade—was only 10½ seconds, in which time the whole of the appliances were got out of the station into the street. That was the average period. He had asked the station officer what the quickest was, and he said it was five seconds. It was surprising also to know that the number of fires dealt with last year was 6,500, and, proving the danger of the work, 15 per cent. of the men were injured during the year. But the brigade preferred preventing a fire to putting one out, and about 20,000 surprise inspections a year were made at theatres and other places to ensure that the fire appliances were working.

Mr. Robert G. Taylor, chairman of the Fire Brigade Committee of the London County Council, said:—"We believe the brigade to be the best in the world."

Certificates were presented to three firemen who were commended in brigade orders for three rescues at a fire at Queen's Restaurant, Sloane-square, Chelsea, on September 3, namely, A. R. Bullard, J. L. Davies, and R. A. E. Mallett. Station-Officer H. E. Weatherley, Sub-Officer A. E. Windebank, of Tooting, and the firemen comprising the "A" watch at Tooting station received the cup presented by the late Sir Edward Smith for the smartest average time for turning out. Long service and good conduct medals were given to the following:—

Station Officers.—T. S. Simmons and J. H. Ansell. Sub-officers.—H. Porter, E. Corcoran, R. W. Gardner, R. W. Smith, S. W. Frost, A. H. Langridge, H. J. Norman, E. L. Meyn, H. L. Palethorpe, J. C. Bowles, L. Batty, and J. Gurr. Senior Firemen.—R. Davis and H. G. Lowe. Firemen.—G. W. H. Bedding, E. Allen, P. S. Rogerson, W. T. Mills, W. Samme, G. H. Fitch, F. Burnett, G. A. H. Kemp, R. Peasey, A. E. Goode, G. Cole, J. L. Frost, W. A. Whiting, A. H. Brooks, S. R. Tucker, J. Coleman, O. Ambrose, A. Potter, T. H. Edwards, P. Spillett, G. F. Warder, W. Castle, G. Shelley, H. A. Drage, J. Ansley, W. Russell, W. E. H. Wingrove, and A. Gentry.

In an enclosure, watched by a large crowd, firemen illustrated the use of fire foam, a composition pumped through a generator to extinguish oil flames; emergency tender drill, in which with self-contained apparatus men made "rescues" in a gas cloud; and the extinction of a real fire, for which purpose a one-storey hut was used. A motor drill competition was won by Headquarters' brigade.

Among those present were:—

Major R. I. Tasker (chairman of the L.C.C.), Mr. T. C. R. Goff (vice-chairman), Mr. Geoffrey Head (vice-chairman of the Fire Brigade Committee), Mr. Montagu H. Cox (clerk to the Council), and the Chief Officer of the Brigade, Mr. A. R. Dyer.

UNEMPLOYMENT IN SCOTLAND

At a conference of local authorities on unemployment in Edinburgh on Saturday, Mr. ADAMSON, Secretary for Scotland, said that unemployment in Scotland had risen since November last from 12.5 per cent. of the insured population to 17.4 per cent. Lord Ponsonby, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Transport, and Mr. T. Johnston, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Scotland, addressed the conference, which met in private to consider details of various schemes. LORD PONSONBY said that an important object was to discover what obstacles were impeding faster progress and to see whether by concerted action they could not remove them. In pursuing work of lasting economic value and bending their energies to the advancement of work which in normal times might be postponed, they would do much to draw into work of utility a considerable number of those for whom any occupation otherwise could not be found.

All London knows Gooch's Sale is genuine!

BECAUSE nothing is bought specially for the Sale . . . because our regular stocks are reduced . . . and, above all, because the reductions are ABSOLUTELY GENUINE . . . that's why Gooch's Great Summer Sale has become so popular.

For this, the second week of Sale, *still further reductions* have been made. Come EARLY this week . . . buying opportunities such as these are rare indeed!

SECOND WEEK!—FURTHER DRASTIC REDUCTIONS

Store remains open until 6.30 p.m. each day this week (except Saturday—1 p.m.)

Collection of Costumes & Two Piece Suits at 90/-

90/- Group.—Comprises this season's Two-piece SUITS and COSTUMES offered at nearly HALF PRICE. A marvellous collection in a variety of light and heavy weight materials and a large range of shades, most suitable for present wear. Typical examples are illustrated. Originally Priced from 6½ Gns. to 18 Gns. SALE PRICE 90/-

Personal Shoppers only.

Store remains open until 6.30 p.m. each day this week (except Saturday—1 p.m.)

Wonderful Value in Ladies Coats—all at £5

The illustrations show examples from a group of smart COATS to be offered at the one price, £5. In this collection are Coats suitable for all occasions, including a few original models; also leather and travelling Coats. The original Prices ranged from 7 Gns. to 18 Gns. All Offered at the one SALE PRICE £5

Personal Shoppers only.

Store remains open until 6.30 p.m. each day this week (except Saturday—1 p.m.)

Collection of Costumes Various Styles—all at £3

A collection of this season's CARDIGAN SUITS and COSTUMES many AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE. This group comprises a large assortment of smart plain tailored styles in Gents' Suitings, Homespun Tweeds, Flannels, and fine Suitings. All lined throughout Celanese or Crêpe de Chine. Usual Prices 5 Gns. to 10 Gns. SALE PRICE £3

Personal Shoppers only.

FROCK VALUES

A collection of Original Model GOWNS, all by the leading French Houses, including Paton, Lanvin, Chanel, Lelong, etc. Included are Gowns for both day and evening wear. As there are no two alike, a personal visit is essential. All reduced to SALE PRICE £8

Personal Shoppers only.

A group of attractive Day GOWNS, in a variety of newest styles and materials. The illustration shows an example from this marvellous collection. Many originally priced at 7½ Gns. and 6 Gns. All offered at the one SALE PRICE £4

Personal Shoppers only.

ALL REDUCED

BATHING SUITS ALMOST HALF PRICE

A collection of smart BATHING COSTUMES, including Ladies' "Forma" Bathing Suits, with brassiere attached. Made of Stockinette in two-colour effects. Also Girls' all wool Bathing Suits, in all colours and sizes to fit 6 to 14 years. (As illustration and similar.) Also a number of Ladies' French Stockinette Suits, with low backs. Usual Prices, from 14/6. SALE PRICE 7/6

Personal Shoppers only.

ORDER EARLY

A collection of attractive Afternoon FROCKS, in a large variety of styles and fashionable materials, including printed Crêpe de Chine, Satin, Georgette, etc. The illustration is a typical example. SALE PRICE £4

Personal Shoppers only.

The "Tailored" TENNIS FROCK, made in super-Schappe of finest quality. With fitting bodice and full skirt, collar-tailored. Usual Price, 42/-. SALE PRICE 35/9

Also in Macclesfield Crêpe. Usual Price, 63/-. SALE PRICE 55/-

Post Free.

REMARKABLE SALE BARGAINS *for* MEN

Men's Pyjamas

Good quality Ceylon Flannel PYJAMAS, perfectly cut and made, and very hard-wearing. Available in a wide range of fancy and block stripes, in Pinks, Blues and Helios—all absolutely fast to washing. Usual price, 10/6. SALE PRICE, a pair, *Post Free.* 8/9

Dressing Gowns

Great Offer of Men's Rich Brocade Art Silk DRESSING GOWNS at a saving of 23/9. These are roomily cut, beautifully finished, and available in a very wide range of delightful colourings. Sizes 36 to 42 ins. chest measurement. Usual price, 45/-. SALE PRICE *Post Free.* 30/-

SHIRTS at Half Price

A wonderful Sale Offer of Men's woven Poplin and Zephyr SHIRTS at less than half price. These are complete with two soft collars, twin tabs and stiffeners, and are available in an excellent range of newest striped effects in Blue, Brown, Fawns, Greys, etc., etc., or Black. All sizes, 14 to 17 ins. Usual price, 10/6. SALE PRICE *Post Free* each 5/-

SHOES all at 15/-

Oddments and broken ranges of Men's SHOES. Included are Black Box Calf, Brown Willow Calf, Golf Shoes, etc., etc., the original prices of which ranged from 25/- to 45/-. All at, a pair 15/-

Personal Shoppers Only—Come Early!

5 Gn. Suits at 63/-

A remarkable Sale Offer of Men's LOUNGE SUITS at a tremendous saving. Smartly cut and perfectly tailored, these Suits are available in a wide range of colourings in good quality Cheviots and Saxonies. These are all our regular stock which ordinarily are priced at 5 Gns. SALE PRICE *Post Free* 63/-

Plus-Fours

A limited number of Men's fine quality 2-piece PLUS-FOUR SUITS. Perfectly cut and tailored and available in a wide range of Tweeds and Heather Mixtures. All sizes. Usually priced at 5 Gns., but offered while present stock lasts at the extraordinarily low PRICE of *Post Free.* 63/-

GOOCH'S OF KNIGHTSBRIDGE, LONDON, S.W. 'PHONE: KENSINGTON 5100

Agriculture

LANCASHIRE'S LEAD IN FARMING

A CATTLE COUNTY

CONSUMERS ON THE SPOT

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

Farming in Lancashire invites special consideration this year on account of the visit of the Royal Agricultural Society to Manchester on July 8-12. Last year the Harrogate fixture attracted attention to the pursuits predominating in the West Riding, and it is, in agriculture, as well as geographically, a short way from the West Riding to the centre of the cotton industry. In systems of production notable differences are discernible as directed by soil and climate, but a certain similarity obtains in the circumstances that, in modern experiences, are peculiarly vital to the prosperity of the business. The great industrial districts of Lancashire and Yorkshire have something in common that is of the highest value to agriculturists; to a large degree they have their markets actually at their doors. It is common to say the same of the farmers within easy reach of London, but although the Metropolis is the largest consuming centre in the country, as a buyer of home-grown produce it ranks on a low level. The competition with the sea-borne consignments from all quarters is acute, and depresses prices of all except possibly small supplies of out-of-season commodities.

Lancashire and the West Riding not only have the population on the spot, but imported supplies do not have the same easy access to the distributing centres, and, therefore, the staple crops and produce of the surrounding country enjoy supremacy in the markets. This is especially true of animal products and of the crops raised on the intensive principle. Many years ago a Lincolnshire farmer, now deceased, who was judging at a show of the Royal Lancashire Agricultural Society, looked round from the vantage ground on which the show happened to be situated and remarked—"It is a wonderful country this. Why! their villages are larger than our towns." It was true. The density of population provides the ready markets that are wanting in most other countries, even in Lincolnshire itself, with its strong claims to priority in the realm of agricultural productiveness.

EFFICIENT MIXED FARMING

The County Palatine embraces outlying areas and elevated tracts that do not fall into the ordinary scheme of intensive agriculture suited to a thickly peopled and industrial country, but the distinctive conditions on the Eastern Border, in the North, and in the Furness District, are made in actual practice to serve useful parts in a general project of intelligent and effective production. Specialized farming finds favour in several localities where the land and climate, as well as the local markets, are peculiarly adapted to particular crops and methods. Equally, live stock are bred, bought and used as suggested by a study of environment in different districts. While there is prudent concentration locally on crops, or stock, the farming of the county as a whole is of the mixed order, planned and adjusted in conformity with sound understanding of the circumstances that govern economic management and utilisation of the land. The current *Journal* of the Royal Agricultural Society, Vol. 90 (John Murray, 15s.), contains articles giving elaborate and carefully prepared accounts of the agricultural and live stock features of Lancashire farming. The enlightened diversity and efficiency of the systems in vogue are striking and impressive.

Less than a third of the total area is devoted to arable farming, although if the 134,000 acres of "rough grazings" be excluded, the proportion is substantially better, and more in keeping with the exceptional activity of the cultivators in the fertile localities between the Ribble and the Mersey. The cropping records are indicative of the good use to which this stretch of fine responsive land is put. The 40,200 acres of potatoes suggest the predominance of the market for tubers. The whole of the root crops grown for live stock do not exceed a fifth of the potato area. This is noteworthy in any part of a county remarkable for its intelligent methods of animal husbandry. But it reflects the supreme importance of direct sale of crops where this can be effected as conveniently and as advantageously as in the more populous districts. Oats occupy by far the largest acreage of any single crop, and this no doubt is explained by the predominance of this hardy cereal in the cultivated areas more remote from the towns and cities. As against 77,000 acres under oats, only 13,600 acres were in wheat and 1,000 acres in barley last year. The 1,683 acres of mixed corn, together with the extensive area of oats, implied the importance of providing on the farms for the cereal requirements of the numerous dairy herds. An area of 46,600 acres of clover and rotation grasses for hay, as compared with only 8,500 acres of clover and rotation grasses not for hay, is suggestive of intensive management of live stock in the arable districts.

INTENSIVE MILK PRODUCTION

Lancashire is essentially a cattle county. With about the same number of cows as Cheshire—perhaps the mostly densely stocked of all dairying counties—Lancashire has a larger number of younger animals, a difference due, perhaps, to the inclusion of breeding areas in the Eastern and Northern districts. The county is not self-sufficient in cattle production, deficiencies being made up from the noted breeding counties lying to the North; but the conditions and the systems of management are so varied as to enable the herds to be replenished largely from within its own borders. Manchester and Liverpool, to say nothing of the score of other industrial towns, or "villages," are large consumers of milk, and it follows that milk production on intensive principles forms a conspicuous feature in the surrounding localities.

An aggregate of about 350,000 sheep also illustrates the inclusion in the county of large pastoral tracts in addition to any localities in which the hurdling system may be in favour. The Lonk, a big-framed, hardy mountain breed, is native to the Northern district, but it forms only a proportion of the total sheep stock, which includes representatives of other mountain, fell, moorland, and intermediate varieties. The flockmasters of Lancashire, while faithful to the Lonk where it has proved especially worthy of their trust, are keen and discriminating in their choice of breeds and types of sheep and, therefore, many distinct varieties and serviceable crosses are owned in the county.

Pig-keeping naturally constitutes a prominent department in the comprehensive scheme of farming. There is a particularly good market for pigs and pig products, and with a total of 80,000 pigs and about 8,000 sows, the output makes a substantial contribution to the requirements of the county. Poultry have long been popular in Lancashire, and at the present time egg-production is a large and prosperous feature in many parts of the county. In this, as in other directions, Lancashire has shown a lead of great importance in progressive and economic agricultural production in its broadest sense.

FARMING NOTES AND COMMENTS

A GREAT HAY HARVEST

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

The Crop Reports refer cheerfully to the excellence of the hay crop and the favourable conditions for saving it. But remarkable progress has been made with the work since the reports were prepared, and, in the second week of July, hay stacks are not only numerous and large, but the quality of the fodder is correspondingly choice. A bigger or a better hay harvest has probably never been experienced. The stackyards and Dutch barns are bulging with fodder of the finest description. From early in the season bountiful yields were anticipated, but there was always the "if" about securing the crop, for bulk and quality are not synonymous. Actually things have developed better than the most sanguine dared to expect; after the first ten days there has been very little broken time. It is symptomatic that a farm foreman the other day declared that he did not know where his jacket was, for he had "not had it on for a long time."

"A VERY COMPOSITE INDUSTRY"

Agriculturists will note with satisfaction and encouragement the evidence in Mr. Baldwin's speeches of fuller understanding of the exceptional circumstances of the agricultural industry. His speech at Epsom on Wednesday, in which he said that one of the difficulties of agriculture is that it is a very composite industry, marked an advance on his Suffolk speech in June, just as that utterance had indicated closer personal study and recognition of the distinguishing features of the business than his own former speeches, or than the typical political speech. It is not the fault of the farmer or the scientist that natural influences dominate the situation. The common mistake is to assume, where no such assumption is warranted, that environment can, on an economical or commercial basis, be made subservient to human will, need, or power. At least one statesman realizes, and is bold enough to admit, that agriculture in matters of a aterial and commercial character is a law unto itself.

SHEEP IN PRESENT-DAY FARMING

Sheep-breeding is an international pursuit and is of exceptional importance to the British Empire. No other class of stock is so definitely or predominantly British. It is appropriate, therefore, that the National Sheep-Breeders' Association (Mowbray House, Norfolk-street, Strand, W.C.2) should make arrangements for flockmasters from all countries to meet together and exchange views on suitable subjects during the Royal Show week. At the Town Hall, Manchester, the twenty-ninth International Conference will be held at four this afternoon. The chief item in the proceedings will be the reading of a paper by Mr. Alfred Mansell on "The Position of Sheep in Present-Day Farming." Mr. Mansell is at home in dealing with the sheep and its uses, and, since his listeners will include representatives from most of the British Dominions and Colonies, an interesting and valuable discussion should result. An interchange of opinions and experiences, such as marks this annual meeting of flockmasters from different parts of the world, is arresting and educational.

PLAGUE OF WOOD PIGEONS

I have never seen so many wood pigeons in the fields as this year. They were destructive in the clover fields in the winter, and took freely of the young clover and other seeds in corn crops in the late spring; now they are seen in the meadows and pastures evidently devouring trefoil and other leguminous plants. From uncut hay they rise in "clouds" from the parts that are moderately short and abound in trefoil. The same in pastures. The clover and trefoil family has prospered greatly this year, and the pigeon is concentrating its attention upon it with alarming persistence. At this time of year the birds may not do very much harm, but the exceptional prevalence of the wood pigeon at any time bodes ill for what may happen in winter and next spring to the clover and green crops—what certainly will happen unless the enemy is reduced severely in the interval. A plague of wood pigeons cannot be contemplated with complacency in any circumstances and shooting parties should be organized as occasion offers.

HEREFORD CATTLE

"The Hereford Breed Annual," edited by Captain R. T. Hinckes, and published by the Hereford Herd Book Society (3, Offa-street, Hereford, 3s.), has gained a position of importance by reason of the amount of valuable matter it contains, besides contributions bearing more directly upon the special interests of the breed. The new number (Vol. 8), for instance, includes an article by Dr. R. Hutchison on "Meat as a Food," from which farmers and consumers may derive important information affecting the food value of meat in general, and beef in particular. Dr. Hutchison explains the conditions in meat, from the feeding of the animal and the age at which it is slaughtered, of the time the carcase is kept before retailing, that influence its food value and palatability, and a study of these particulars can be recommended to householders and all classes. Captain Hinckes writes an appreciative note on the late Lord Coventry, so long a conspicuous owner and supporter of the Hereford. Other articles deal with the ox warble fly, pasture values, and the Hereford in different countries abroad.

UNMARKETABLE FARM PRODUCE

It seems of small use to talk of putting more people on the land when large proportions of staple products of the soil remain unsaleable. Quite recently many ricks of unthreshed wheat in a noted arable district were referred to as "Memorials of 1929." The threshing machines were at work here and there, but only because no object could be served by deferring realization longer. The new crop was in prospect, the markets stagnant or definitely falling, and vermin and natural processes of wastage tending to diminish weight and value. What was the good, it was remarked in effect, of keeping the stuff in stack in such circumstances? It had to be cleared and sold at what it would bring. With potatoes the position has been still worse. Scores and scores of tons have been fed to cattle, but at best there must be heavy loss to the grower when he has to "buy the consumers" of this costly crop. It is right that every conceivable means of escape from the present depression should be sifted and tested, but the most trusted and experienced authorities believe, and are steadily becoming more convinced of the soundness of their belief, that only small benefit can result from schemes that fail to deal effectively with the crucial conditions of price and cost relationships.

BREEDING OR BUYING STORE CATTLE

Whether it is more economical to breed or to buy the store cattle the average farm requires can best be settled by the individual farmer. The grazier is apt to maintain that the breeder has the better of it, and is inclined to envy him his good fortune. The farmer who has tried the breeding and rearing of his own supplies, however—and he is the soundest judge—is not so sure that the man who produces the store animals is to be envied, or is adequately rewarded. A farmer of long experience, and who has tried both rearing or "weaning" and buying his stores, assures me that it is better to depend on others for the yearling or 18-months cattle. Sometimes he has had to pay more for them than the prices of beef or dairy cows warranted, but, on the other hand, rearing was "no catch," for, starting with a calf price of £3 to £4, it was by no means certain that all calves would develop as expected or as required, to make the business pay its way. The best calves, or the best doers, would do all right, but in the best-ordered herds, pedigree or other, no uniformity can be depended upon in animals. Besides, calf-rearing is only a little less exacting than dairying, and the buying in of stores saves much trouble, reduces the risks, and is altogether less irksome.

MARKETING OF FARM PRODUCE

PROPOSED GOVERNMENT BILL

A special meeting of the central executive committee of the National Farmers' Union of Scotland, held at Glasgow on Friday, was addressed by Mr. Thomas Johnston, M.P., Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Scotland. The PRESIDENT (Mr. W. Cassels Jack) said that the executive had decided to make representations to the effect that the marketing schemes would require to be supported by some legislative sanction.

A report supplied by the executive states that Mr. JOHNSTON reiterated his view that orderly marketing was impossible of success unless powers were taken to prevent a recalcitrant minority of producers from breaking the price and disorganizing the market. He explained that the Secretary for Scotland and himself had considered how far it was possible to secure the passing of a Bill through the House of Commons which would confer powers to deal with such a recalcitrant minority. They were strongly in favour of inserting powers in a Bill to secure enforceability of contract, a principle which had been challenged in the Scottish Law Court. They also desired to secure separate powers to raise loans upon the security of movable products, and in their marketing legislation to safeguard the interests of the consumers by appointing a Committee representative of the consumers' interests with whom the producers' board would agree. The proposed Bill was not yet finally approved of for introduction to the House of Commons, but the general principles were principles he had advocated for a long time. They were seeking to put these principles in an Act of Parliament, but that could only, however, be done with the whole-hearted approval and support of the farming interests in Scotland.

The proposals submitted by Mr. Johnston were approved by acclamation.

RICHMOND DOG SHOW

A total of 4,554 entries has been received for the Richmond Dog Show to-morrow. Gundogs are strong, especially cocker spaniels, the 251 entries of which are the most numerous. Cairn terriers and Pekingese are the next best, and Great Danes are excellent.

BRITISH CROPS

"THE TIMES" SPECIAL REPORTS—I.

A GRASS YEAR

(FROM OUR AGRICULTURAL CORRESPONDENT)

Every season has its distinguishing characteristics as reflected in the fruitfulness of the land and the position of the farming industry. The summarized results of our first Special Crop Reports for the season, as careful perusal will show, point to considerable improvement in the appearance of most crops compared with last year, when the country was suffering from an acute and prolonged drought at a time of the year vital to the welfare of vegetation. Estimates formed at the end of June are liable, of course, to appreciable alteration in the later months, but the state of things at the turn of the day is arresting in significance since, in respect of cereal crops, it roughly marks the change from plant development to the maturing of the seed.

In the effects of the weather this year there has been a notable transposition of 1929 experiences. There has been no excess of rain anywhere since early in the year, but drought has been severe in parts, and generally where last year the rainfall was heavy and vegetation exuberant. Reports from north of the Humber and the Mersey frequently refer to want of rain and the stunted state of crops and grass. Parts on the eastern seaboard down to the Thames also need rain, and some of the lighter soils scattered over the rest of the country are beginning to show signs of "burning"; but usually the first half of the year has been favourable for crop production, with the exception of the later root crops, while the growth of grass on meadows and pastures has often been abnormal in luxuriance. Above all things, this has been "a grass year" throughout the greater part of England and Wales. Farmers whose hayricks are mounting up with amazing rapidity, and cattle and sheep are wading to the knees in grass, will read with sympathy inspired and deepened by the bitter memories of last year of the deficiency of grass and light hay crops in the North of England and in Scotland. The positions being almost exactly reversed in the two seasons, the North is encountering in mild form the difficulties of the South a year ago. Such are the uncertainties that perplex British farmers and make uniformity in system, in cropping, and in calculable results impossible.

MENACE OF MARKETS

In spite of the variations in experiences and estimates, the general survey is reassuring as regards the only side of the business that is reasonably under the influence of the producers. The human factor has its limitations, but it counts for a good deal in moderately favourable circumstances of soil and climate. The markets continue to be the disturbing and incalculable agencies. This side is the seat of trouble and the menace to the future of the industry. Comments on it are numerous and unmistakable. A few extracts from considered reports by competent men always in touch with productive and marketing enterprises may be given.

The present outlook for prices is terrible; it is quite possible that we may get very little or no more for our corn this year than was the case in some of the worst years at the end of last century. There must either be a big reduction in wages, which nobody wants, an artificial raising of prices, or the extinction of arable farming in this country. (Essex.)

Wheat is the crop of the year, but with the price at about 34s. per qr. what is the good of struggling on? (Cambs.)

No profit on a sale whatever the yield. (Notts.)

Crops look well, but how can we farm in competition with Germany, where I have recently visited, when they are growing wheat at an equivalent of 65s. per qr., owing to Government assistance? (South Lincs.)

The position of the corn grower in this district is desperate; either outgoings are 50 per cent. too high, or incomings 50 per cent. too low. (Essex.)

Taking all together, the crops are looking above the average. (Essex.)

Farm crops in general are looking remarkably well. (Cornwall.)

Passing to the North we get:—

Rain badly needed in this area for all crops. (Fylde area, Lancs.)

The prolonged drought in the Border district has had disastrous effects on crops, especially roots. (Northumberland.)

The state of the crops, as always, fluctuates with meteorological and soil variations, seasonal and permanent respectively, but compaints are remarkably inconspicuous. The primary and apparently irremediable cause of difficulty is the prices.

CORN CROPS

The improvement in wheat with the brighter weather in June has been very gratifying and, indeed, has made the premier cereal the best crop of the year in some important areas. Sunshine has worked wonders on wheat, as it did last year, and, although in many cases "thin pieces" are plentiful and the ears not quite so good as appearances suggest, the position is definitely encouraging. Barley and oats have had like experiences, and good crops and moderate of both will be harvested. Beans contrast sharply with last year, but there are doubts about the proportion of corn to straw.

ROOT CROPS

The season has been difficult for the root crops. Mangolds and sugar beet have struggled through the early risks fairly well, and are now revelling in the sunshine. The other roots and kale have suffered widely and severely from the attention of the destructive "fly," and failures will, it is feared, be numerous.

HAY AND GRASS

The estimated yields of hay and grass are usually very high. The Cornwall correspondent who puts his grass at "200" may not be wide of the mark, although 150, 130, and down to 100 are the commoner range. Hay promises to replenish the stackyards comfortingly after the severe depletion of last winter and spring.

Hop gardens are about normal in growth health and promise, but considerable areas have been "grubbed" with a view to harmonizing supply and demand.

SCHEDULE SHOWING THE CONDITION OF PRINCIPAL CROPS ON JULY 1, 1930, AND JULY 1, 1929, IN THE DIFFERENT AREAS:—

Divisions	Wheat 1930	Wheat 1929	Barley 1930	Barley 1929	Oats 1930	Oats 1929
I.—E. & N.E. Counties:—						
Bedford	97	89·3	89	81·25	93·7	71·4
Cambridge	91·2	80·8	83	83·7	87·2	78·5
Essex	93·5	91·2	85·6	84·5	90·8	83·1
Hertford	91	83·3	85	81·7	92	76·7
Huntingdon	90	81·7	88	83·3	86·2	78·3
Lincoln	88·5	87·2	85·9	82·5	82·1	84
Middlesex	—	82·5	—	70	—	77·5
Norfolk	89·5	83·4	82	82	85·8	76·7
Suffolk	90	88·1	87·2	72·5	90·7	70
Yorks, E.Rid.	88·3	90	93·3	83·3	88·3	80
Average	91	85·75	86·58	80·58	89·42	77·42
II.—S.E. and E. Mid. Counties:—						
Berks	87·5	93	91·1	82	89·5	75·6
Bucks	89·3	78·6	85·8	87	87	74·3
Hants	85·5	84·4	86	86·5	88·3	80
Kent	98·3	92·4	98·5	87·7	96·5	84·2
Leicester	90·3	67	86·6	80·6	81·2	88·4
Northants	94	76·5	93	80	85	72
Notts	92·5	85	85	83	90·8	81
Oxford	91·6	88·3	90	75	93·3	71·6
Rutland	97	82·5	87·5	71·3	88·2	70
Surrey	94·7	90	96·7	83	93	77·5
Sussex	93·8	94·8	85	93	80	91·4
Warwick	87·2	89·2	87·6	90	88·2	85
Average	91·8	85·15	89·4	83·26	88·67	79·25
III.—W. Mid. and S.W. Counties:—						
Cornwall	91·4	93·8	88	97	100	100
Devon	96·7	100	88·3	100	98·3	88·3
Dorset	93·3	85·8	90	95	88·7	82·5
Gloucester	88·8	88	91·8	87·7	90·7	85·75
Hereford	88·8	96·2	89·6	94	91·3	93·7
Monmouth	96·7	90	96·7	90	93·3	68
Shropshire	93·2	86	73·7	84·5	78	84·8
Somerset	97·2	99	91·7	96·2	92	94
Wilts	87·5	87	88·7	94	90·5	92
Worcester	95	94·2	90	87	81·7	92·5
Average	91·85	92	88·85	92·54	90·45	88·17
IV.—N. and N.W. Counties:—						
Cheshire	87·5	81	—	75	90	81
Cumberland	92·5	70	86·7	70	87·6	74·2
Derby	78·3	82·5	80	89	85	86·5
Durham	94·6	91	88·4	83	86	79
Lancashire	74·6	92·5	100	98·3	97·2	97·4
Northumberland	95	96·4	90·7	95	94·7	95
Stafford	95	74	90	85	89·2	89
Westmorland	90	—	90	85	88·3	91·5
Yorks, N. Riding	91	92·5	87·5	90·7	81	90
Yorks, W. Riding	76	70	76·7	67·5	63·3	63·5
Average	87·45	81·1	87·7	83·85	86·43	84·7
Average of:—						
England	90·52	86	88·15	85·06	88·74	82·39
Wales	96·6	95·3	95·5	96	98·1	97
Scotland	92·2	91·4	84·64	93·5	85·09	94·5
Great Britain	90·8	86·72	88·07	86·84	88·63	84·37

—	Beans 1930	Beans 1929	Potatoes 1930	Potatoes 1929	Roots (except Mangolds) 1930	Roots (except Mangolds) 1929
I. E.& E. Mid. Counties:—						
Bedford	89	52·75	78	77·5	73·3	51·7
Cambridge	99·3	85·75	95	92·5	40	59
Essex	96·4	76·7	92·6	80·4	73·3	65·8
Hertford	96·25	35	85	75	40	68·3
Huntingdon	91·6	75·3	71·6	70	65	80
Lincoln	95·6	82·4	91·8	88·1	76·2	84·3
Middlesex	—	85	—	82·5	—	70
Norfolk	86·7	77·5	91·3	82·5	81·6	70·5
Suffolk	90·8	71·2	93	75	75	61
Yorks, E. Riding	85	80	85	71·7	75	86·7
Average	92·29	71·96	87·03	79·52	66·6	69·73
II.—S.E. & E. Mid. Counties:—						
Berks	92·5	54	83	90	61	67
Bucks	79·2	79·5	85	71	56·7	61
Hants	—	74	82·5	89·3	71·6	90
Kent	90	90	96·3	89·1	76·2	76·7
Leicester	95	66·25	92	93	60·2	85·2
Northants	102·7	53	96·4	88·2	55·75	69·3
Notts	100	78·3	85·5	93	82	81·25
Oxford	100	53·3	86	78·3	60	65
Rutland	100	52·5	96·7	95	65	95
Surrey	—	72	94·7	84	78	80
Sussex	92·5	87	94	93·8	85	82·3
Warwick	103·7	75·2	88·3	91	72·5	82·5
Average	96·46	69	90·78	88·8	69·33	77·44
III.—W. Mid. and S.W. Counties:—						
Cornwall	—	—	95	97·5	100	90
Devon	100	90	90	95	—	100
Dorset	—	100	91·2	99	100	97
Gloucester	100	92	90	94	54	88
Hereford	85	88·7	89·2	93·3	60	85
Monmouth	90	92·5	91·7	100	55	80
Shropshire	97·5	73·3	94·6	90·4	61·6	78·6
Somerset	100·5	92·2	90	98·3	65	90
Wilts	90	78·7	90	93·3	53·3	83·2
Worcester	95	55	89	93·3	55	82·5
Average	94·75	84·5	90·67	95·01	67·1	87·43
IV.—N. and N.W. Counties:—						
Cheshire	—	—	95	90	80	79
Cumberland	—	80	94	83·7	88·2	85
Derby	95	—	85	90	68·3	90
Durham	95	100	87	91	42	71
Lancashire	90	—	92·4	97	90·4	94·7
Northumberland	93	103	93·3	95	60	85·6
Stafford	95	—	91·7	93	70	80
Westmorland	—	—	93·3	91·5	90	96·2
Yorks, N. Riding	89	90·7	89	91	66·5	80·3
Yorks, W. Riding	90	80	73·3	77·5	53·3	62·5
Average	92·43	90·74	89·4	89·97	70·87	82·43
Average of:—						
England	93·98	79·05	89·47	87·82	68·47	79·26
Wales	90	85	96·8	98·5	81·5	91·4
Scotland	90·83	93	94·63	90·4	82·8	92·6
Great Britain	93·68	80·49	90·54	89·75	71·51	82·55

STATE OF HOPS, July, 1925-1930

—	1925	1926	1927	1928	1929	1930
Kent	87·7	84	81·5	77·5	92·7	95·6
Sussex	79·5	89·2	76·5	79·7	95·2	88·3
Hereford	70	92	72·5	64	89·1	91·7
Worcester	75	80	77·5	75	77·5	90

July	Mangolds 1930	Mangolds 1929	Grass 1930	Grass 1929	Hay 1930	Hay 1929
Division I.	80·64	84·85	99·9	60·35	109·2	61·96
Division II.	84·46	86·54	101·56	54·58	102·8	58·87
Division III.	86·62	91·23	102·18	78·65	107·05	74·36
Division IV.	82·72	88·04	94·97	72·37	93·77	69·83
Wales	89	92·6	99·5	87·6	100·2	86·6
Scotland	92·3	94·1	88·6	95·3	80·6	97·3
Great Britain	84·95	88·31	98·26	71·62	98·35	71·83

July	Sugar Beet 1930	Sugar Beet 1929	—	1930	1929
Division I.	85·09	82·07	England	88·96	88·33
Division II.	88·63	89·86	Wales	97·5	98·3
Division III.	90·72	93·38	Scotland	91·9	92·2
Division IV.	89·5	88	Gt. Britain	89·22	88·64

SCHEDULE SHOWING THE CONDITION OF PRINCIPAL CROPS IN GREAT BRITAIN ON JULY 1, 1930, COMPARED WITH FIVE PREVIOUS YEARS AND WITH THE TEN YEARS' AVERAGES (1920-1929) AT THE SAME DATE:—

—	Wheat	Barley	Oats	Beans	Potatoes	Roots (exc. mangolds)
July 1:—						
1925	90·6	84·31	84·98	91·02	86·25	74·38
1926	92·96	91	94·62	90·73	93·84	88·56
1927	87·17	82·97	84·3	91·63	86·04	75·27
1928	88·27	89·34	86·45	86·45	90·93	89·31
1929	84·72	80·64	84·9	80·49	89·75	82·55
1930	90·8	88·07	88·63	93·68	90·54	71·51
Ten years' average	90·48	84·46	84·97	87·72	87·29	80·89

LIVE STOCK SALES

ENGLISH GUERNSEY CATTLE SOCIETY

The English Guernsey Cattle Society received an entry of about 90 head of pure-bred tuberculin-tested animals for the annual summer sale at Reading on Wednesday. Messrs. John Thornton and Co. made £2,553 12s. for 67 head, the property of various breeders, an average all-round of £38 2s. 3d. being recorded; the 54 cows and heifers and 13 bulls had respective averages of £38 6s. 5d. and £37 4s. 8d., and the demand, on the whole, was level and satisfactory. Bull buyers included Sir Gordon Ley, who paid 80 guineas for Mr. H. R. Kirby's Woodlands Lionel, a yearling, whose new home will be in Glamorgan-shire. Mr. Eric H. Rose sold his imported yearling bull, Northerner of Maple Lodge, for 62 guineas to Captain Napier, of Broadway, other prices for males being 58, 52, and 42 guineas. The choicest of the females caused some free bidding, and the top price was Lord Glendyne's 75 guineas for Captain A. Harold Stocker's four-year-old cow, Armsworth Princess.

Cows and heifers averaged £20 12s. 9d. at the sale of pure-bred Jersey cattle, conducted by Messrs. Hammond and Craufurd at Guildford on Friday, when the entry numbered about 30 head. Lady Yule was one of the principal purchasers of females, and paid 35 guineas for Felixstowe, a heifer from Mrs. Evelyn's herd near Dorking; Lady Yule also obtained Colonel H. Ricardo's Teenie, a yearling heifer, for 20 guineas. Mr. F. Lawson, a Surrey buyer, acquired for 29 guineas Major Larnach-Nevill's young cow Brambletye Peggy; subsequently Mr. A. Ezra's Foxwarren Ethel 2nd, Mrs. G. E. Atkinson's Glory's Tidy, and Miss Bowes Lyon's Prim were all bought by Mr. Lawson; the two first-named for 20 guineas each and Prim for 27 guineas.

Mr. Owen Hugh Smith's herd of pedigree Red Poll cattle is one of the three largest in the breed, and on Thursday, at Langham, Oakham, Rutland, Messrs. John Thornton and Co. sold a portion of it, to the extent of about 60 head. The fixture, despite the excellence of the cattle, failed to attract a large company, and very few breeders attended. The cows and in-calf heifers averaged £31 13s. 7d., and the total lots sold, apart from some steers, numbered 45 head and averaged nearly £30. The best successful bid was 50 guineas, paid on two occasions; Mr. H. Wilkinson, Brook Hall, Flintshire, a newcomer to the breed, gave this amount for Ranksborough Nellie, a heifer, which won first prize at last year's Royal Show, and 50 guineas was also reached before Mr. E. G. Protyman obtained possession of Ranksborough Oyster, a yearling bull which led its class at the recent Norfolk County Show. Other prices were 43 guineas, 40 guineas (twice), 37 guineas, and 35 guineas (twice) for cows and heifers.

ALDERSHOT SHOW

RECORD SUCCESS OF A HORSE

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALDERSHOT, JULY 5

Approximately 30,000 people have visited the Aldershot Show during the four days it has been in progress, and the largest attendance of the four was that of to-day, when the event was brought to a highly successful conclusion. For the first time on record the two principal trophies were secured by one horse—the King's Challenge Cup for the best of the Aldershot Command entries and the Royal Automobile Club's Challenge Cup for the best horse in the show. This distinction was gained by Frontier II., a bay gelding by Frontino, owned by Captain H. Lumsden, of the 12th Royal Lancers, who is at the Staff College, Camberley. When Captain Lumsden entered this horse he could scarcely have anticipated that it would carry off the two most coveted trophies, as until then it was in the novice class. It was chosen by the judges as the best of the 15 horses which paraded for the King's Cup, and later in the afternoon the same judges put it at the head of the horses competing for the R.A.C. Cup, among which were the winners of all the open classes.

Captain E. B. de Foublanque, who rode War Baby and Spartan Pride in the two jumping competitions, had some compensation this evening for his bad luck in the first of these when he was out of the running for the cup with only a half-fault. In the second jumping competition, decided over a course that included some new types of Continental fences, he secured the Aldershot Command Challenge Plate, also a cup, with a fine round on War Baby. Generally speaking, however, this course was too stiff to permit a high standard of jumping, and particularly was this the case in the second pool, when the turf had become more slippery. Lieutenant H. Sachs, of the Swedish Army, who was the only foreign officer to compete in any event, had 25 faults recorded against him in the previous jumping competition, in which the course was of a more normal type.

Among the most interesting of the other horse show classes judged were the ladies' hunters and the children's ponies. One little girl, Miss Housden, of Ascot, had a surprise when her Shetland pony lay down in the ring, and the judging was marked by other amusing incidents. On the whole, however, the children handled their ponies remarkably well. Greys predominated and received the chief award in both classes. Crator's Beam, which was second in the older children's class, was bred by the Prince of Wales.

THE AWARDS

The awards to-day were as follows:—

Matched pairs of light draught horses, R.H.A. only, shown in hand (11 entries).—1, The Chestnut Troop; 2 and reserve, D. Battery; 3, The Chestnut Troop.

First jumping competition, open to the world (45 entries), 2nd pool.—1, Lieut.-Colonel A. C. Brooke, Equitation School, Weedon, Blue Dun, ridden by Lieut. D. B. Sheppard, clear round; 2, Captain E. B. de Foublanque, R.H.A., War Baby, ½ fault; 3, Lieut. P. C. Drabble, 1st King's Dragoon Guards, nomination, 3 faults; 4, Mrs. G. N. Deas, Cumber Park, Worksop, Victor, 3½ faults. Captain Sheppard jumped Lieut. Drabble's challenge cup against three competitors who had made clear rounds in the first pool. This was won by Lieut. F. R. W. How, 8th Hussars, on Gold, with 2½ faults over a course with easier jumps.

Matched pairs of light draught horses, Field Artillery brigades only (19 entries).—1, 74th Field Battery; 2, 78th Field Battery; 3, 83rd Field Battery; reserve, 8th (Straggs') Field Battery.

R.A. (Field) Guns, open to Field Artillery batteries in the Army, six-horse teams (16 entries).—1, 83rd Field Battery; 2, 65th Field Battery; 3, 84th Field Battery; 4, 78th Field Battery; 5, 5th (Strange's) Field Battery.

Second jumping competition, open to the world (40 entries).—1st pool:—1, Captain E. B. de Foublanque, R.H.A., War Baby, ½ faults; Lieut. de, Captain N. A. Coxwell-Rogers, R.E., Maid Marion, and Major F. H. Sebag-Montefiore, D. Battery, R.H.A., nomination, 6 faults each; res., Lieut.-Col. A. C. Brooke, Equitation School, Weedon, nomination, 8 faults. 2nd pool:—1, Lieut. J. B. Pemberton, 14/20th Hussars, nomination, 7 faults; 2, tie between Captain S. A. H. Batten, R.E., Milly, and Captain E. B. de Foublanque, R.H.A., Spartan Pride, 11 faults each; 4, Lieut.-Col. Nigel Fargus, 1st Royal Scots, Prism II., 13 faults.

Captain de Foublanque was awarded the Aldershot Command Challenge Plate for the best performance by a British Service performer in this class, also a silver cup for the competitor in both pools with the least number of faults.

Ladies' Hunters, open to the Aldershot Command, ridden by a lady, side-saddle (12 entries).—1, Captain K. Alexander, 11th Hussars, Parting Gift, ridden by Mrs. Stirling; 2,

Broadcasting

THE PROGRAMMES

THE PRINCE OF WALES'S SPEECH

The speech of the Prince of Wales, following the dinner at the Savoy Hotel organized by the National Union of Students, will be broadcast by the National transmitter at 9.25 this evening.

PROGRAMMES

The broadcasting arrangements for to-day, July 7, are as follows:—

NATIONAL PROGRAMME (1,148kc.) (261.3m.) (193kc.) (1,554.4m.)

10.15 a.m.:—Service. 10.30:—Time Signal from Greenwich; Weather. 10.45:—The Countrywoman's Day. 10—How to Make the Most of a Small Front Garden, by Miss Elsa More. 11-11.30 (261.3m. only):—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Sound). 12:—Organ Recital, relayed from Southwark Cathedral; Marian Carew (singer). 1.15-2:—National Orchestra of Wales, conducted by Warwick Braithwaite, relayed from The National Museum of Wales, from Cardiff. 2-2.30:—Gramophone Records. 4:—Florence Wiese (contralto); Patrick Waddington (tenor); Peers Coetmore (violoncello); Lenora Bosset (pianoforte). 5.15:—Children: The Cave, being a further incident in Cook Minor's Story (G. Belton-Cobb). The Whimsical Pedlar (Thayer) and other songs by Arthur Wynn. Minuet and Serenade (Schütt), and other piano solos, played by Cecil Dixon. 6:—An Eye-Witness Account of the Millenary Celebrations of the Icelandic Parliament, by Captain Taprell Dorling ("Taffrail"). 6.15:—Weather; News. 6.40:—Bach's Keyboard Music, played by Edward Isaacs (pianoforte), from Manchester. 7-7.20:—New Novels, by Miss V. Sackville-West. 7.25:—French Talk, by M. E. M. Stephan.

7.45:—1. Gershom Parkington String Orchestra will play all through the programme. 2. Two Pairs: Claude Hulbert, Enid Trevor; Paul England, Pat Paterson. 3. Edith Penville (flute solos). 4. Princess Te Ata (The Dawn), in songs and legends of the Indian Race. 5. The House Fairy, by Laurence Housman, with Monica Stracey, Gladys Young and Haidee Wright. 6. Elena and Clara Oyuela, South American Artists in vocal and Hawaiian guitar duets. 9:—Weather; News; London and New York Stock Exchange Reports; Shipping Forecast and Fat Stock Prices (1,554.4m. only). 9.25:—The Prince of Wales speaking, following the dinner organized by the National Union of Students, relayed from the Ballroom at the Savoy Hotel. 9.40:—Helen Perkin (pianoforte); The Pro Arte String Quartet. 11-12 (1,554.4m. only):—Band, from Ciro's Club.

LONDON REGIONAL PROGRAMME, 842kc. (356.3m.).

11-11.30 a.m.:—Experimental Television Transmission by the Baird Process (Vision). 12:—Gwladys Hay-Dillon (soprano); Dennis Hoey (baritone). 12.30:—Gramophone Records. 1:—Orchestra, from the Piccadilly Hotel. 2-3:—Midland Regional programme. 5.15:—Billy Francis and his Orchestra, relayed from the West End Dance Hall, Birmingham. 6.15:—Weather; News. 6.40:—Midland Regional programme. 8:—To-Day and To-Morrow—A Philosophy of Freedom, II.—About personal Morality, by Professor J. Macmurray. 8.30:—Regional News. 8.35:—Maria Marova (soprano); the Zigeuner Ensemble, directed by Alfred Bondt. 9.45:—The Wireless Singers, conducted by Stanford Robinson. 10.15:—Weather; News. 10.30-12:—Band, from Ciro's Club.

MIDLAND REGIONAL PROGRAMME, 626kc. (479.2m.).

12:—London Regional programme. 2-3:—Lozell's Picture House Orchestra. 5.15:—Children: The Story of the Prince whose feet were too small, by Margaret M. Kennedy; Robert Silvester (violin); Songs by Gertrude Davies (soprano); Another Yarn by Housemaster. 6:—London Regional programme. 6.15:—Weather; News. 6.40:—The Birmingham Military Band, conducted by W. A. Clarke; Oswald Rogers (baritone); Robert Silvester (violin). 8:—London Regional programme. 8.30:—Midland News. 8.35:—The No'er-do-Wells, presented by Ivan Grey in comedy and vocal harmony, relayed from the Jephson Gardens Pavilion, Royal Leamington Spa. 9.30:—Organ of the Beaufort Cinema, relayed from Washwood Heath, Birmingham. 10.15:—Weather; News. 10.30-11:—London Regional programme.

ABERDEEN (995kc.) (301.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 4:—Glasgow programme. 6:—National programme. 9.15:—Scottish News. 9.25-11:—National programme.

BELFAST (1,238kc.) (242.3m.).

10.15-10.30 a.m.:—Service. 12:—Organ Recital relayed from the Classic Cinema. 12.30-1:—Gramophone Records. 4:—The Orchestra; Nancy Neely (soprano); Eileen Todd (pianiste). 5.15:—Children. 6:—Miss Kitty Murphy—Irish Books for the Holidays. 6.15:—National programme. 6.40:—Regional News. 6.55:—National programme. 9.40-11:—The Orchestra; Mabel Ritchie (soprano); John Hartley (Cor Anglais).

BOURNEMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 4-11:—National programme.

CARDIFF (968kc.) (309.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 1.15-2:—The National Orchestra of Wales (Section), conducted by Warwick Braithwaite, relayed from the National Museum of Wales, from Cardiff. 4:—National programme. 5.15:—Children. 6:—Swansea programme. 9.15:—National programme. 9.25-11:—National programme.

DUBLIN—Call 2RN (413m.), 1kw.

1.30-2:—Time, Weather, Stock Report, and Gramophone Concert. 4:—Programme Hints. 5.15:—Children. 7:—Gramophone Records. 7.20:—News. 7.30:—Time Signal. 8.2:—Irish Lesson. 8.15:—Reading of French Poetry. 8.30:—Concert—the Station Orchestra, Irish Music; Elizabeth Young and Company in a sketch; Gertie Byrne (soprano); T. Madden and Company in a variety act; the Station Orchestra; J. F. Burke (tenor); the Traditional Trio. 10.30:—Time, News, Weather.

DUNDEE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

EDINBURGH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 4:—Glasgow programme. 6:—National programme. 9.15:—Scottish News. 9.25-11:—National programme.

GLASGOW 782kc. (398.9m.).

10.15 a.m.:—Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 4:—Orchestra, relayed from the Playhouse Ballroom. 4.30:—The Octet (Jack Cruz Davidson (conductor). 5.15:—Children. 5.47:—Birthdays. 5.57:—Weather Forecast for Farmers. 6:—National programme. 9.15:—Scottish News. 9.25-11:—National programme.

MANCHESTER (797kc.) (376.4m.).

10.15 a.m.:—Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 4:—The Northern Wireless Orchestra from Manchester; Doris Nichols (mezzo-soprano), from Leeds. 5.15:—Children: Miss Dorothy Moriss—Summer Dishes, a Variety of Snacks. 6.15:—National programme. 6.40:—Edward Isaacs (pianoforte). 7:—National programme. 9.15:—North of England News. 9.25-11:—National programme.

PLYMOUTH (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 4:—National programme. 5.15:—Children. 6:—National programme. 9.15:—Local News. 9.25-11:—National programme.

SWANSEA (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 1.15-2:—National programme. 4:—National programme. 5.15:—Cardiff programme. 6:—Mr. W. Mitchell, Welsh Regional Director. 6.15:—National programme. 9.25-11:—Welsh Regional News.

RELAY STATIONS.—LIVERPOOL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), LEEDS-BRADFORD (1,500kc. and 1,040kc.) (200m. and 288.5m.), NEWCASTLE (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), SHEFFIELD (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), HULL (1,040kc.) (288.5m.), STOKE-ON-TRENT (1,040kc.) (288.5m.).

10.15 a.m.:—Service. 10.30-11:—National programme. 4:—Manchester programme. 5.15:—Manchester programme. 6.15:—National programme. 9.15:—North of England news. 9.25-11:—National programme.

FOREIGN STATIONS

NOTE.—Hours of Transmission are British Summer Time. Hours are p.m. unless otherwise stated:—

BARCELONA (Radio Barcelona)—Call EAJ 1 (349m.) 8kw.—7:—Trio Music and News. 8-10:—Interval. 10:—Chimes, Weather, and Exchange Quotations. 10.5:—Concert of Sardanas. 11:—News. 11.5:—Guitar Recital. 11.30:—Orchestral Music. Suite from "Le Roi d'Ys" (Lalo), followed by Barcelona Exhibition Notes.

BELGRADE (432m.), 2.5kw.—7:—Reading. 7.30:—National Music. 8.30:—Symphonic Concert. 10:—Time and News. 10.15:—Orchestral Concert of National Music.

BERLIN (Kaiserdamm) (1,635m.), 2kw.—4:—Programme from Breslau. 5.30:—Talk—Social Work. 6:—Gay Programme. 6.30:—Talk—Country People and the Church. 7:—Talk in French—Andre Gide. 7.25:—Agricultural Talk. 7.55:—Weather for Farmers. 8-12.30 a.m. (Tuesday):—Programme relayed from Berlin (Wilhelm).

BERLIN (Witzleben) (418m.), 1.8kw.—7:—Unknown Jazz Gramophone Records, with Introductory Talk. 8:—Programme from the Works of Gustav Mahler (born July 7, 1860)—First Night Music from the Seventh Symphony; Baritone Solo—"Ich ging mit lust durch grünen Wald" (Schütz-Mahler); (b) "Ging heut' morgen über's Feld, (c) Ich hab' ein glühend Messer, (d) Die zwei blauen Augen; Reading of Three Letters; Adagietto for Strings and Harp from the Fifth Symphony; Baritone Solo—(a) Revelge, (b) Des Antonius von Padua Fischpredigt; Second Night Music from the Seventh Symphony. 9.20:—Concert from the Hotel Adlon, followed by Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes and Dance Music.

BERNE (468m.), 1kw.—7.55:—Time and Weather Report. 8:—Violin Recital, with Introductory Talk. 8.45:—Concerto for Violin (Beethoven) from the Kursaal Orchestra. 9:—Humorous Dialogue, relayed from Basel (1,019m.). 9.20:—Orchestral Concert. In the interval at 10:—News and Weather.

BRATISLAVA (278m.), 17.5kw.—7.35:—Gramophone Records. 8:—Programme from Prague. 8.30:—Programme from Brno. 10.30:—Gramophone Records.

BRESLAU (325m.), 2kw., and GLEIWITZ (253m.), 4.5kw.—Concert of Symphonic Music. 8.30:—Instrumental Music, the Man and the Artist, on the occasion of his seventieth birthday:—Minuet of Arc and Lasers (Boccherini); Sonata for Violin and Piano (Mozart); Variations, 6.40:—Musical Talk—Amusements in the Household. 7.5:—Weather for Farmers. 7.7:—Gramophone Concert. 8:—Weather. 8.2:—Talk on the History of Art—The Period of the Renaissance in the North—A Symposium for Town, Macro-Sculpture and Orchestra (Schiller). 8.45:—Reading of Verse of the Last Twenty Years. 10.15:—News. 10.45:—Answers to Wireless Technical Letters.

BRNO (342m.), 2.6kw.—7.35:—Talk: Scouts. 7.50:—Programme from Prague. 8.30:—Operetta from the Theatre. 10:—Gramophone Records.

BUDAPEST (550m.), 120kw., and (Beromunster) (459.8m.), 7kw.—7:—Economic Report, Weather, and Sports Talk. 7.15:—Spanish Conversation. 7.40:—Talk: Contemporary Problems of the German Silk Industry. 8:—Concert, followed by News, Sport and Miscellaneous Notices, and Concert from the Café Rozel, Münster.

LEIPZIG (259m.), 1.5kw., and DRESDEN (314m.).—4.30:—Songs and Duets to the Guitar. 5.55:—Economic Report. 6.30:—Weather and Time. 6.30:—Book Review; Cosmopolitanism and Internationalism in French Literature. 7:—Recital by Cello and Harp. 7.30:—Reading from the Works of Young Workers, with Introductory Talk. 8:—Talk—The Evolution of the English Parliamentary System. 8.30:—International Programme. 10:—Time, Weather, News, Sports Notes and Dance Music.

MADRID (Union Radio)—Call EA.J7 (424m.), 2kw.—6:—Chimes, Exchange, Market Prices and Petrosneeks—Ballet (Stravinsky), followed by Musical Comedy Selection; Los Verdecoses (Guerrero). 9.15:—Bull-fighting Notes. 9.25:—News.

MILAN—Call 1MI (531m.), 7kw.—7.30:—Announcements and Report of the Geographical Society. 7.50:—Concert. 8:—News. 8.30:—Time Signal. 8.32:—Review of Reviews. 8.40:—Le Comte Ory, opera (Rossini), with short Introductory Talk, followed by Relay of Light Music in the Intervals, Talk Variety Items, between Talk, News, and Commercial Bulletin.

MORAVSKA-OSTRAVA (263m.), 10kw.—7:—Military Band Concert from Hlinka. 8:—Programme from Prague. 8.30:—Programme from Brno. 10.30:—Gramophone Records.

MUNICH (533m.), 1.5kw., and AUGSBURG (346m.), KAISERSLAUTERN (276m.), NUERNBERG (239m.).—7:—Talk for Workers—Nervousness and Vocational Life. 7.30:—A Dialogue—A Flight round Europe in 1930. 7.50:—Concert of Light Music. 8.15:—Reading of Poems by Martin Greif. 8.30:—Chamber Music Concert.

OSLO (463m.), 60kw., and FREDRIKSSTAD (368m.), HAMAR (357m.), NOTODDEN (447m.), PORSGRUND (1,339m.), RJUKAN (447m.).—7.30:—Song Recital. 8:—Time Signal. 8.2:—Trondheim Programme: Talk and Orchestral Selections. 9.35:—Weather, News, and Topical Talk. 10.10:—Concert by a Women's Choir.

PARIS (Ecole Supérieure)—Call FF?? (447m.), 0.8kw.—6.30:—Radio Journal de France. 6:—Talk on Photography. 8.10:—Talk by M. Peninet. 8.26:—Talk by M. Hippeau. 8.50:—Evening Concert, followed by News, Time, and Weather.

PARIS (Eiffel Tower)—Call FL (1,445m.), 12kw.—6.58 a.m.:—Time Signal (23.6m.). 10.30:—Time Signal (1,445m.). 1.45 (or 2 June 29):—Weather. 1.30:—The Marriage of Figaro, opera (Mozart), relayed from Bordeaux Lafayette (304m.). At 8.56:—Time Signal (12.5m.). 11.25:—Time Signal (1,445m.).

PARIS (Poste Parisien) (458m.), 13kw.—6 a.m.:—Picture Transmission. 8.40:—Gramophone Records. Talk, and News. 9:—Concert—Overture, The Tempest of Tchaikovsky (Dupuy); Au Jardin (Capri); Selection from Bruche à Boache (Vivo); a Chanson Ancienne (Schmitt); Sicilienne Passionnement (Messager); Bourree from the Third Sonata (Bach); Selection from No No Nanette (Youmans); Gavue (Lacome); Selection from Rose Marie (Friml); Fleurs cueillies (Massenet); A Doll's Wedding March (Leoncl).

PARIS (Radio Paris)—Call CFR (1,725m.), 12kw.—12.30 (Gramophone Concert. In the Intervals at 1:—Exchange Quotations and News, and at 1.30:—Exchange Quotations. 2:—Exchange; Market Prices. 2.30:—Orchestral Concert—Overture, Der Freischutz (Weber); Petite Suite for Orchestra, Portraits (Closset); Pianoforte Solo, Danse rituelle du feu (de Falla); Ballet Music from Etienne Marcel (Saint-Saëns); Violin Solo from Le Duel (Saint-Saëns); Suite for Orchestra, Mer! (Pierne); Cello Solo; Ballet Music from Le Cid (Massenet), in the Interval, at 4.30:—Exchange Quotations. 4.45:—Talk by Sir Joseph Duveen, Bart., on "Chinese Art" (Lecture at Fontainebleau)—Concerto in A minor (Vivaldi-Natchez); Aria (D'Ambrosio); Moment musical (Schubert-Kreisler); Concerto in F Sharp minor, No. 7 (Wieniawski); Adagio (Szymanowski); Tempo di Minuetto (Pugni); Scene et Chant de Sone (Meudelssohn-Akrop); Zapateado (Sarasate). 6.15:—News and Exchange Quotations. 6.30:—New York Exchange Rates. 6.35:—Agricultural Report and Racing Results. 7:—Talk by M. Auguste Dupouy. 7.30:—Literary Readings. 7.45:—Commercial Prices, Economic and Social News and News. 8:—Concert—La Fôlle Journee, play (Marnold); Concerto for Violin, Cello, and Harpsichord (Rameau); Sonata for Violin and Harpsichord (Leclair); Songs, (a) Two Songs (Schumann), (b) Le Rossignol's tel fu (Soleriff), (c) Le Vilons (Aubert); Cello Solos, (a) Les Cherubins (Couperin), (b) Sarabande (Lalo), (c) La Source (Davidoff); Quartet No. 4 (Beethoven). In the Intervals, at 8.30:—Sports Review, and at 9.15:—Press Review, News, and Time Signal.

PRAGUE (487m.), 5kw. 7.35:—Brass Band Concert. 8.30:—Programme from Brno. 10.30:—Gramophone Records.

ROME—Call 1RO (441m.), 50kw.—Programme relayed to Naples (332m.). 8.15:—Announcements, Sports Notes. 8.20 (Rome only):—Exchange, Weather, News, Press Review, and Time Signal. 9.3:—Vocal and Instrumental Concert, including Spanish and South American Songs, Humorous Poems in Dialect, and Dance Music. News after the Programme.

STOCKHOLM—Call SASA (426m.), 1.5kw., and MOTALA (1,348m.), 20kw., BODEN (1,935m.), GOTTEBORG (322m.), HOGBY (262m.), OSTERSUND (770m.), SUNDSVAAL (942m.).—7.30:—Talk from Malmo (231m.). 9:—Military Band Concert. 8.55:—Agricultural Programme. 9.40:—Talk on Sport. 10:—Concert of Light Music.

STUTTGART (360m.), 1.5kw., and FREIBURG (570m.).—7:—Time Signal. 7.5-11:—Programme from Frankfurt. 11:—News.

TOULOUSE (Radiodiffusion du Midi) (381m.), 8kw.—7:—Trio Music. 7.30:—Picture Transmission. 7.40:—Selections by an Argentine Orchestra. 8:—Exchange Quotations. 8.15:—Recital of Songs, followed by Military Band Music and Selections from the Studio. 9 (or 9.30):—Concert, including a Comedy. 10.15:—North African News, followed by Dance Music from the Café Sion.

TURIN—Call 1TO (291m.), 7kw.—6.15 a.m.-12 (midnight):—Programme from Milan.

VIENNA (516.3m.), 15kw., and GRAZ (352.8m.), INNSBRUCK (240.4m.), KLAGENFURT (493.2m.), and LINZ (248.9m.).—4.55:—Talk: Modern Art. 7.25:—Talk: From the Legendary World of the Vienna Woods. 7.55:—Time, Weather, and Programme Announcements. 8:—Recital of Songs. 8.30:—International Programme relayed from Leipzig, followed by Concert of Light Music.

OTHER FOREIGN STATIONS

The following stations will also broadcast varied programmes, beginning at the times stated:—

KATOWICE (408.7m.), 12kw.—11.50 a.m.
KONIGSBERG (276m.), 2kw.—5 a.m.
LAUSANNE—Call HB2 (850m.), 1.5kw.—4.35 a.m.
LYONS (Radio Lyon) (286m.), 13kw.—10.30 a.m.
PITTSBURGH, PA.—Call KDKA (980m.), 25kw.—12.45 a.m.:—Programme relayed at intervals on 25m. 19m. 16m.
SCHENECTADY, N.Y.—Call WGY (379.5m.), 50kw.—11.40 a.m.:—Relayed by 2XAF on 31.48m. from 11.30 p.m. (approx.), and by 2XAD on 19.56m. from 11.30 p.m.-4 a.m.
WARSAW (1,411m.), 12kw.—11.40 a.m.
ZAGREB (307m.), 0.7kw.—12.30 a.m.
ZURICH (459m.), 0.65kw.—12.30 p.m.

NAVAL APPOINTMENTS

The following appointments were made by the Admiralty on Saturday:—

LIEUT.-COMMR.—J. W. HEATH, to Osprey (July 8), and to Heather (July 21); K. R. WILSON, to Osprey (July 21); J. W. FARQUHAR, to Nelson (July 22), and for A/S duties on staff of Commander-in-Chief, Atlantic Fleet (July 23); P. F. COOPER, to Osprey (July 23); V. C. C. EYRES, to Vernon, for P. and R.T. duties (Sept. 1); H. F. D'A. BENSON, to Victory, for P. and R.T. School (July 28); G. V. KNIGHT, to Queen Elizabeth, and as P. and R.T. officer (Aug. 1); and F. V. DARWIN, to Nelson, as Fleet P. and R.T. officer (Sept. 1).

LIEUTS.—E. H. DYKE, to Barham (July 9); and R. BIRCH, to Rodney (Aug. 1).

SURGN. LIEUT.-COMMR.—A. E. PHILLIPS, M.B., to Excellent (July 21).

SURGN. LIEUTS.—C. R. BOLAND, M.B., to Krebus; J. G. MAGUIRE, M.B., to Concord; J. W. L. GROSFILL, M.B., to Emperor of India; and H. G. WELLS, M.B., to Shropshire (July 21); and H. P. WILLIAMS, to Douglas.

SURGN. LIEUT. (D.).—G. RAKES, to Norfolk (July 23).

PROMOTIONS

ENGNE. LIEUTS. (RETD.).—H. HUXLEY, H. BEACHMAN, and A. SILVIE, to rank of Engr. Lieut.-Commr. (Retd.) (sens., July 3).

ROYAL MARINES

CAPT.—C. E. C. RANSOME, to Dunse.

ROYAL NAVAL RESERVE

SUB-LIEUTS.—R. M. NAYLOR and F. J. WEBSTER, to Victory (July 12), to Defiance (Aug. 2), to Vivid (Aug. 16), and to Norfolk and Royal Sovereign respectively (Sept. 13).

PAYR. LIEUT.—I. F. CAPPER, to Resolution, addl., for 14 days' training (July 7).

ROYAL NAVAL VOLUNTEER RESERVE

LIEUT.—R. M. T. MCCONNELL, to Vernalle (July 10).

FRONT. MIDSHIPMAN.—P. M. ISSELEDEW, to Tiger (July 9).

SURGN. LIEUT.-COMMR.—H. E. HALL, M.D., to Pembroke (July 11).

SURGN. LIEUTS.—C. C. UWILEY, M.D., to Victory, for R.N. Hospital, Haslar (July 7); and L. C. ROGERS, to Carysfort (July 9).

FRONT. SURGN. SUB-LIEUT.—G. C. MARTIN, to Rodney (July 13).

GROUP CAPTAIN PEIRSE

Group Captain Richard E. C. Peirse, D.S.O., A.F.C., has now ceased to be attached to the R.A.F. Headquarters in Transjordan and Palestine, on the completion of his period of special duty. Group Captain Peirse is the son of Admiral Sir Richard Peirse, who was Commander-in-Chief, East Indies, during the War. The son took up flying in 1913, in which year he was gazetted Sub-Lieutenant, R.N.R., for service in the Naval Wing, R.F.C. In the early part of the War he made many raids in the Ostend-Zeebrugge district, and later served with the R.N.A.S. in the Adriatic. He qualified at the Air Staff College in 1922 and afterwards commanded the R.A.F. Base at Gosport.

ARMY TRAINING

WORK OF NORTHERN TERRITORIALS

A HIGH STANDARD

(FROM A MILITARY CORRESPONDENT)

CATTERICK CAMP, JULY 5

The intimate association between Regular and Territorial troops in Northumberland, upon which I reported in a previous article, is also evident in Durham, which leads all the counties in the Northern Command (and, I believe, in the whole of the United Kingdom) in the proportion between the numerical strength of the county units to the establishments allowed.

The presence of the Regular Battalion of the Durham Light Infantry in Catterick Camp has been of great value to the Territorial battalions. There were thus six battalions of the regiment (the 2nd, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, and 9th) present on parade for inspection by their colonel, Sir H. De Beauvoir De Lisle. The Director-General of the Territorial Army, Lieutenant-General Sir Reginald Stephens, took the salute at the subsequent march-past, in which were included the artillery, engineer, and signal units administered by the Durham Territorial Army Association. Colonel G. H. Stobart, the chairman, Lieutenant-Colonel H. Bowes, the secretary, and many influential members of the Association watched the inspection, in which Major-General Newcombe, commanding the 50th Division, also took part. Major-General W. St. G. Kirke, commanding the 5th Regular Division at Catterick, and senior officers from the Northern Command Headquarters at York were among the numerous spectators. The troops were under the command of Colonel the Hon. C. Hore-Ruthven, commanding the 151st (Durham Light Infantry) Brigade, which stands at a record strength in the division of 2,826, including 78 officers. During the four years ending in 1929 the camp attendance in the Durham Territorial Infantry averaged nearly 95 per cent. of their strength, thus creating a record which has not been reached this year for several reasons, all of a transient nature. In the proportion of strength to establishment the County of Durham is about 16 per cent. above the country as a whole, and efficiency is very high.

I regret being unable to witness the training of the Northern Territorial Division (West Riding) provided by Yorkshire, but I had an opportunity of watching a tactical exercise by the 150th (York and Durham) Territorial Brigade, commanded by Colonel H. W. B. Thorp. This brigade contains the 4th East Yorks, the 4th and 5th Battalions of The Green Howards, and the 5th Durham Light Infantry. A good view of the operations and of Catterick training area in general was obtainable from the summit of Barden Fell, which rises to over 1,000ft. Colonel Stead, on the Eastern side, commanded the 4th Green Howards and 4th East Yorkshire, with the 73rd (Territorial) Field Brigade R.A. following up a rearguard (Colonel Kitching) of Durham Light Infantry, with a field battery and two sections of the 50th Divisional Engineers retiring westward over the high ground. A section of the 50th Divisional Signals was attached to the Eastern side. The points that struck me most were the good siting of machine-guns by the Western Rearguard, the good use made of ground to cover the advance of the Territorial battalions, and the good touch between brigade and battalion headquarters. A surprise counter-attack by Carden-Lloyds, representing light tanks, to facilitate the withdrawal of the rearguard was a special feature of the scheme.

TANK COOPERATION

I also saw something of tank cooperation, with medium tanks on one side and "light tanks" on the other, in a scheme carried out by the 151st Brigade group in a neighbouring area. All the Territorial infantry has been given opportunities of realizing the important influence of tanks upon tactics, and of taking steps to meet the menace. The Green Howard battalions (of which the 5th is also coming to Catterick) have derived great benefit from the Depôt at Richmond, which is close to the training area.

All the troops of the 55th Northumbrian Division are leaving camp to-day after a valuable experience to which the Regulars have largely contributed. The 26th Army Cooperation Squadron, R.A.F., has also been most helpful. On looking back at my experiences several impressions of Northern Territorials stand out clearly. Apart from the numerical strength in officers, which is most satisfactory, the standard of efficiency is very high. I find that out of about 180 officers who were serving in Durham units in the winter 15 had had previous training in the Senior (University) Officers Training Corps, 74 in the junior O.T.C., and seven in cadet units; 73 had War experience, some in the Regular Army. Of those who joined in 1929 one had War experience, 11 came from junior O.T.C., and three had been in cadet units. I was glad to hear from several sources that a good proportion of University men from the senior O.T.C. are now joining, so it is to be hoped that the system adopted some years ago in the principal universities of keeping touch with the Territorial Army Associations in the counties will bear fruit, and that responsibilities in this matter will be realised by those upon whom those responsibilities fall. Apart from those officers actually serving with the Territorial Army, I find that the Durham Light Infantry battalions have 100 officers in reserve, nearly all with War service. Other Northern counties are not far behind. The strength of the Northumbrian Division as a whole now exceeds 9,500. The next Territorial division (48th North Midland), also in the Northern Command, comes next with 8,818, followed by the 51st (Highland) Division, in the Scottish Command (8,806), and the 53rd (Welsh) Division (8,558), in the Western Command.

The policy in the Northern Command, which has been very successful, includes concentration of the whole of one Territorial division at Catterick each year. In the interim, full use is made of regular courses of instruction in artillery, engineering, signals, and tanks that are open to Territorial officers. Nine will go to the Senior Officers' School at Sheerness next November.

NEW DEVELOPMENTS

The principal new developments in the Territorial Army this year include the formation of machine-gun companies in the infantry, and the equipment of armoured car companies with Rolls-Royce cars and Vickers's machine-guns (a reform long overdue), in place of the obsolete Peerless cars and Hotchkiss guns. Special training has been given to infantry machine-gunners so far as shortage of equipment has allowed. Requirements in material essential for training are gradually being met. The results will be felt next winter.

As an example of what has been done, I found that, in the Northumberland Fusilier Territorial Brigade, 200 men had been put through machine-gun training at the depôt before they came to camp. The Royal Tanks Corps Central Schools at Bovington are helping over the armoured car training.

Landowners have been helpful in granting facilities for technical training, especially near Beverley, Buxton, Cartmel, Grantham, Helmsley, Scarborough, Ulverston, and Welbeck. In areas in which the people have seen little of Regular or Territorial troops before, relations have steadily improved with further acquaintance.

The understanding with the Army Council has been that there must be a certain amount of interference with the training of the Regulars belonging to the Expeditionary Force in order to help the Territorials in this critical year of reorganization, special recognition, and development. Such interference has been inevitable in order to reach the results which have already been achieved. While I was visiting the Territorial camps I had opportunities of learning much about the training of the units of the 5th Regular Division (Major-General W. St. G. Kirke), of seeing the important Signal Training Centre and Headquarters of the Royal Corps of Signals (Brigadier C. H. Prickett), about which corps and its functions little is known by the public, and of studying Catterick permanent camp in its present stage of development into the "Aldershot of the North." These will be the subjects of my next article.

NEW ZEALAND STAFF POST

The Admiralty announce that a lieutenant-commander or junior commander is required for loan for a period of three years to the New Zealand Division of the Royal Navy, as staff officer (operations and intelligence) at Wellington. This post is now held by Lieutenant-Commander Cyril J. M. Lang, R.N., who was appointed in April, 1928. An officer possessing the p.s.c. qualification is required, with previous staff experience if possible. He should preferably be married, and will be entitled to free passages for his wife and family. Applications should be made as soon as possible, through the usual Service channels, to the Secretary of the Admiralty.

FLYING-BOAT'S TRIP TO ICELAND

THE GEYSERS SEEN FROM THE AIR

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT LATELY IN ICELAND)

H.M. Flying-boat S 1264, of 209 Squadron, stationed at Mountbatten, Plymouth, was one of the two flying-boats detailed to proceed to Reykjavik, Iceland, to be present at the millenary celebrations of the Althing, or Icelandic Parliament. Under the command of Wing Commander Smith, and in company with her sister vessel S 1263, she proceeded first to Stornoway, a distance of 556 miles, in 5½ hours, where she took in 550 gallons of petrol in two-gallon tins. At Stornoway, however, Wing Commander Smith developed appendicitis, and had to be admitted to hospital, the command of S 1264 passing to Squadron-Leader Jones. Here, also, S 1263 found water in her fuel system, and after some time lost in waiting, S 1264 proceeded alone.

The 230-mile passage to the Faroes was accomplished in two hours 55 minutes, this usually foggy area being found very clear. The Danish authorities were most courteous and obliging, and on her arrival the flying-boat took in 760 gallons of petrol in something under two hours. On leaving the Faroes S 1264 shaped course for Hornafjord, Iceland, with variable winds and good visibility. Only two ships were sighted on the way, this part of the sea being almost deserted. Visibility lessened as time went on and when the coast of Iceland was sighted, 3½ hours after leaving, had shut down to about 10 miles. Skirting the coast 1264 then headed for Reykjavik, passing on her way about 50 wrecks of trawlers and other fishing craft washed ashore on the south Icelandic coast on a bank known locally as "The Graveyard," and enjoying an excellent view of the geysers. Reykjavik was finally reached soon after 8 p.m. on June 24, six hours and 35 minutes after leaving the Faroes, the distance being 425 miles. The total actual flying time from the air station at Mountbatten was 15 hours 40 minutes, and the distance about 1,211 miles.

ENGINEER'S ILLNESS

While at Reykjavik S 1264 made various flights, and on one of these occasions Corporal Faull, R.A.F., her engineer, became seriously ill while in the air. As he was suffering acutely a wireless signal was promptly made to H.M.S. Rodney for medical assistance, and the flying-boat landed and returned to her moorings. A boat with the medical officers on board was alongside within 15 minutes from the time the signal had been made, and Corporal Faull was taken on board the battleship and operated upon the same afternoon for a perforated gastric ulcer. He proceeded to England in the Rodney, and is now progressing favourably.

On her return journey to England S 1264 took off from Reykjavik at 9.28 a.m. on July 2 and landed at Stornoway, a distance of 640 miles, at 4.35 p.m., afterwards proceeding to Plymouth by way of Stranraer and arriving on July 4. S 1264 is a Blackburn Iris reconnaissance and coastal patrol flying boat, fitted with three 650 h.p. Rolls-Royce Condor engines. Her maximum speed is something over 100 knots and her cruising speed between 80 and 85. Her weight is nearly 15 tons, and during her flight to Iceland she carried a crew of nine. I understand that her habitability, comfort, and roominess were much appreciated by those on board.

GIFT TO ICELANDIC FISHERMEN

The silver bowl given by the Hull Fishing Vessel Owners' Association to the Icelandic fishermen on the occasion of the millenary of the Icelandic Althing, or Parliament, in appreciation of the friendly hospitality frequently enjoyed by Hull trawlers and their crews in Icelandic ports, which was referred to in *The Times* of June 23, was presented by Captain A. B. Cunningham, R.N., on July 1, on board H.M.S. Rodney at Reykjavik. The gift was received by a deputation headed by Mr. Olafur Thors, Members of the Althing and chairman of the Icelandic Steam Trawler Owners' Association.

In his speech CAPTAIN CUNNINGHAM said the trawler owners of Hull hoped that their friendly relations with the Icelandic people might continue to the mutual advantage of the fishing interests of both nations.

After asking Captain Cunningham to thank the donors for their gift, Mr. OLAFUR THORS said it was only 25 years ago that the Icelandic people found their way to the fishing grounds off their coast, and their first steam trawler was then built in England. "This," said Mr. Thors, "was a most important step towards our economical and political independence, a step which has received the blessing of every true Icelander. It is our pleasure and our duty to admit that Englishmen opened our eyes to the fact that we possessed one of the richest fishing grounds in the world. Had it not been for the Hull trawling companies sending their trawlers to these grounds, it is doubtful whether we should yet have realized this fact. Therefore, when we receive this wonderful present, we thank of our British friends with gratitude and sincere admiration."

After the little ceremony the visitors were shown round H.M.S. Rodney, and there was a small reception in the captain's quarters. It may be added that since the year 1909, the number of Icelandic sailing and motor fishing craft of 12 tons and upwards has increased from 165 to 187; the steam trawlers from one to 46; and other steamers from three to 29. Also engaged in the fisheries are 491 motor-boats of less than 12 tons and 650 rowing boats. The total quantity of fish exported by Iceland during a recent year was 100,402 tons, valued at about 45,000,000 kronor, or slightly over £2,000,000.

NAVAL, MILITARY, AND AIR FORCE

ATLANTIC DESTROYER COMMAND

Captain E. O. B. S. Osborne, D.S.O., whose selection to be Commodore in Command of the Atlantic Fleet Destroyers was announced on Saturday, specialized in gunnery as a lieutenant, but since his promotion to captain in 1920 has had a good deal of destroyer experience, having commanded successively the Ninth, Fifth, and First Flotillas in the Atlantic and Mediterranean Fleets. He is the son of Captain H. B. Osborne, late 53rd Regiment, and has been in the Navy since 1897. Three years later he was on active service during the Boxer War. In 1912-13 he was gunnery officer of the battleship CONQUEROR, and on promotion to commander was reappointed as her executive officer, serving as such in the Jutland battle. In 1918 he became Flag Commander to Admiral Sir Roger Keyes in the Dover Patrol, and for his services at Zeebrugge was appointed D.S.O. Commodore Osborne will hoist his broad pennant in the cruiser CENTAUR.

MOVEMENTS OF SHIPS

ADEN, July 3.—Medway, Cairis, Odin, Otus, and Oswald left for Colombo.

ANTAKOS, July 3.—Eddy arrived.

BERKHAVEN, July 3.—Seawolf arrived and left for Kenmare.

BLACKPOOL, July 4.—Tiger and Halo left.

BLYTH, July 4.—Pilaroy arrived.

CHENGLIS, July 4.—Teal arrived.

DOUGLAS, Isle of Man, July 4.—Tiger and Halo arrived.

DURBAN, July 3.—Wallflower arrived.

GIBRALTAR, July 3.—Vindictive arrived and left for Devonport.

HELFORD RIVER, July 4.—Curlew left for Scilly Islands.

KIRKLEBRONA, July 4.—Valhalla left for Devonport.

KENMARE, July 3.—Seawolf arrived.

LAMLASH, July 3.—Rose arrived. July 4.—Lucia, Abelo, Adamant, Submarines H 27, H 29, H 31, H 32, H 34, H 43, H 44, H 48, H 49, H 50, L 19, L 23, L 52, L 53, L 54, L

The list for Cash Applications will be closed on or before 9th July, 1930, and for Conversion Applications on 16th July, 1930.

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA 5% CONVERSION LOAN, 1950-1970.

Issue of 5% Inscribed Stock, 1950-1970, to the amount of £10,966,400

The Public Debt Commissioners of the Union of South Africa will convert their holding of Consolidated 6 per cent. Stock, 1930-1940 ..	£1,243,500
	£9,722,900
£300,000 of the new Stock will be allotted for cash to the Public Debt Commissioners of the Union of South Africa	300,000
	£9,422,900

The holders of the balance of the Consolidated 6 per cent. Stock, 1930-1940, amounting to £9,722,900, are offered conversion to the extent of £9,422,900.

PRICE OF ISSUE
£98 per cent.

Interest payable 1st May and 1st November. Six Months' Interest will be paid 1st May, 1931.

Principal will be repaid in London, at par, on 1st May, 1970, the Government of the Union of South Africa having the option to redeem the Stock, in whole or in part, at par, on or after 1st May, 1950, on giving three calendar months' notice.

The Government of the Union of South Africa will comply with the requirements of the Colonial Stock Act, 1900, in order that Trustees may invest in this Stock subject to the provisions set forth in the Trustee Act, 1925.

The Loan is authorised by Act No. 22 of 1917 of the Parliament of the Union of South Africa.

WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, 41, Lothbury, London, E.C.2, BARCLAYS BANK (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), Circus Place, London Wall, London, E.C.2, and THE STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED, 10, Clement's Lane, London, E.C.4, are instructed by the Government of the Union of South Africa to offer to the holders of £10,666,400 Consolidated 6 per cent. Stock, 1930-40, conversion, in whole or in part, into an equal nominal amount of Union of South Africa 5 per cent. Inscribed Stock, 1950-1970, on the terms stated below. Holders who convert will receive a cash payment of £2 per cent. on 1st November, 1930, being the difference between the nominal amount of the Stock converted and the issue price of the new Stock.

The half-year's interest due 1st November, 1930, on Stock converted and unconverted will be paid in the usual way.

A full six months' interest on the new stock will be paid on 1st May, 1931.

Holders exercising the option to convert will receive preferential consideration, and must lodge their applications for conversion on the prescribed form at WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, Stock Transfer Office, 9, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.2, : Any 6 per cent. Stock not converted will be repaid on 1st November, 1930, at WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, 41, Lothbury, London, E.C.2.

The necessary notice of repayment will be given in due course.

Union of South Africa Debentures and Stock issued and payable in London, and the interest thereon, the property of persons not domiciled in the Union of South Africa, are not, and will not be, subject to any taxes, duties or levies by the Union of South Africa.

Under Act No. 50 of 1926, a cumulative Sinking Fund was established as from 1st April, 1927, to which for a period of forty years a contribution of £650,000 per annum will be made from revenue. In addition, there is appropriated annually for capital expenditure, proceeds of revenues derived from Mining leases which in 1929-1930 amounted to £1,506,000 (estimate for current year £1,559,000) and from State Mining for 1929-1930 £1,640,000 (estimate for current year £1,970,000).

The accumulated Sinking Funds (for the redemption of Debt) amount to £18,100,000; in addition Debt has been extinguished to the extent of £24,000,000.

WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, BARCLAYS BANK (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas) and THE STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED are further authorised to offer for subscription in cash Union of South Africa 5 per cent. Inscribed Stock, 1950-1970, to an amount sufficient to make up, with the Stock converted by the Public Debt Commissioners and the Public, and the £300,000 Stock to be allotted to the Public Debt Commissioners of the Union of South Africa, the total of £10,966,400 at £98 per cent., payable as follows :—

£ 5 per cent.	on application.	
£18 „	„	22nd July, 1930.
£75 „	„	1st November, 1930.
£98		

CASH APPLICATIONS on the form prescribed will be received at WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, 41, Lothbury, E.C.2, at BARCLAYS BANK (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), Circus Place, London Wall, E.C.2, and at THE STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED, 10, Clement's Lane, London, E.C.4, up to the close of the Cash Lists on 9th July, 1930, when they will be closed. Any Cash Application must be accompanied by a deposit of £5 per cent. on the nominal amount applied for.

SCRIP CERTIFICATES TO BEARER IN RESPECT OF CASH APPLICATIONS, with Coupon attached for 5s. 6d. for the half-year, representing interest at 5 per cent. per annum on instalments, payable 1st November, 1930, will be issued in exchange for Allotment Letters and such Certificates, when paid up in full, will be convertible into Inscribed Stock on application at WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, Stock Transfer Office, 9, Old Broad Street, London, E.C.2 : If the Certificates be lodged for inscription on or before 1st October, 1930, the Coupon attached thereto must be surrendered ; the amount of the Coupon will then be paid by Dividend Warrant.

On and after 1st November, 1930, the Stock issued for cash will be identical in all respects with that issued in exchange for Union of South Africa Consolidated 6 per cent. Stock, 1930-1940.

In case of partial allotment, the surplus of the amount paid as deposit will be appropriated towards the payment due on allotment ; failure in the payment of any instalment at its due date will render the amount previously paid liable to forfeiture.

Payment in full may be made after allotment, and discount at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum will be allowed from 22nd July, 1930, or from any subsequent date.

The Stock now offered will be inscribed under "The Colonial Stock Act, 1877," in the books kept by WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, and will be transferable free of Stamp Duty. Interest will be payable half-yearly at the same Bank on the 1st May and 1st November by Dividend Warrants, which will be forwarded by post at the Stockholders' risk.

The revenues of the Government of the Union of South Africa alone are liable in respect of this Stock and the Dividends thereon, and the Consolidated Fund of the United Kingdom and the Commissioners of His Majesty's Treasury are not directly or indirectly liable or responsible for the payment of the Stock or of the Dividends thereon, or for any matter relating thereto.—40 and 41 Vict., cap. 59, sec. 15.

A commission of 5s. per £100 Stock will be allowed to Bankers and Stockbrokers on allotments made in respect of Conversion and Cash Applications bearing their stamp.

Prospectuses, Forms for Conversion and Cash Applications and Statistical Statement relating to the Union of South Africa can be obtained at WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, 41, Lothbury, London, E.C.2 ; 21, Lombard Street, London, E.C.3 ; 4, Bartholomew Lane, London, E.C.2, or at any of the Branches of the Bank ; at the ULSTER BANK LIMITED, Belfast, and Branches of that Bank ; at BARCLAYS BANK (Dominion, Colonial and Overseas), Circus Place, London Wall, E.C.2 ; at THE STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED, 10, Clement's Lane, London, E.C.4 ; and of Messrs. R. NIVISON AND CO., Bank Buildings, Princes Street, London, E.C.2.

WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED,
41, LOTHBURY, LONDON, E.C.2.
4th July, 1930.

Applicant on No. ..... Allotment No. .....

THIS FORM OF APPLICATION MAY BE USED FOR

UNION OF SOUTH AFRICA 5% INSCRIBED STOCK 1950-1970.

To WESTMINSTER BANK LIMITED, 41, Lothbury, London, E.C.2.
BARCLAYS BANK (DOMINION, COLONIAL AND OVERSEAS), Circus Place, London Wall, London, E.C.2.
THE STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED, 10, Clement's Lane, London, E.C.4.

I/we hereby apply for £.....
my .....
of the Union of South Africa 5% Inscribed Stock, 1950-1970, according to the Prospectus of the 4th July, 1930, and undertake to pay £98 for every £100 of Stock, and to accept the same or any less amount that may be allotted to me/us, and to pay for the same in conformity with the terms of the said Prospectus.

I/we enclose the required deposit of £..... being £5 per cent. on the nominal amount applied for.

Signature .....

Name (in full) .....
(Block Letters) (State if Mr., Mrs., or Miss)

Address (in full) .....

.....

..... July, 1930.

(Please write distinctly).

N.B.—Applications must be for even hundreds of Stock and must be accompanied by the amount of Deposit thereon.

Finance & Commerce

CITY OFFICE: 15, GEORGE-STREET, E.C.4
TELEPHONE: MANSION HOUSE 4702

CITY NOTES

SOUTH AFRICAN LOAN

REPORT OF CABLES AND WIRELESS

The prospectus is published this morning of the Union of South Africa Five per Cent. Conversion Loan, 1950-70. Of the total amount of the loan, £10,966,400, £9,422,900 is available for public subscription either in cash or stock. The amount of the Consolidated Six per Cent. stock, 1930-40, publicly held, amounts to £9,722,900, and holders are offered rights of conversion into the new stock up to the limit of the public issue. As holders who wish to convert will receive preferential consideration the amount that may be available for cash subscribers may be small. The price of issue is 98 per cent., and holders who convert will receive a cash payment of £2 per cent. on November 1, as well as the half-yearly dividend due on that date on the old stock. A full six months' interest on the new stock will be paid on May 1. Cash subscribers will have attached to their scrip certificates a coupon for 6s. 8d. per cent. payable on November 1. The principal of the new stock will be repaid in London at par on May 1, 1970, but the Government may redeem it at any time in the last 20 years on giving three months' notice. The new stock is, of course, a trustee investment. South Africa's public debt amounted on March 31 last to £249,642,069 gross, and £232,063,850 net. The amount spent on productive works is given as £207,880,310, and the net revenue from them as £8,825,000. Sinking funds accumulated for the redemption of debt amount to £18,100,000. South Africa has extinguished debt to the amount of £24,000,000. Revenue for the year ended March 31, 1929, was £60,852,431, of which 34 per cent. was raised by taxation. Expenditure amounted to £58,724,153, of which £10,876,913 was absorbed in the service of the national debt. Imports in 1929 amounted to £83,473,454, and exports to £95,830,049, of which £35,972,172 was the value of bullion and specie.

Cables and Wireless Report

The full accounts of Cables and Wireless, Limited, confirm the expectations of disappointing results created by the dividend announcement and by the report of Imperial and International Communications, Limited. Profits amounted to £1,327,311, which covered the dividend on the Cumulative Preference stock and left a small margin—namely, £64,257—which is carried forward. The actual dividends received from the company's shareholdings in the telegraph companies and in the Marconi Company amounted to £1,445,976 of which £300,746 was received from the Marconi Company and the balance from the three cable companies. Both the relationships of the company with Imperial and International Communications, Limited, and with the cable and Marconi companies are set out clearly in the report, together with a summary of the different sources of income of the group and a consolidated balance-sheet. From the standpoint of lucidity the report is therefore to be commended. The summary of the earnings of the cable and Marconi companies shows clearly how badly the earnings of the cable and wireless services contrasted with other sources of income. While the traffic earnings (*i.e.*, the dividend paid by the Imperial and International Communications, Limited) were £1,725,000, the net interest receipts of the cable companies, after providing £145,500 for losses on sales of investments, £56,882 for expenses, and £377,129 for Debenture interest and Preference dividend of the cable companies, were £822,283, and the manufacturing and other profits of the Marconi Company, £525,881. Thus, nearly 44 per cent. of the total revenue was derived from the sources of income outside the main business of the group —namely, the cable and wireless services.

Low Return on its Holdings

The company's shareholdings are shown in the balance-sheet at cost—namely, the nominal value of the shares issued by it. The dividends received for 1929 represent a net return of only 2.78 per cent. on the cost figure, and in view of such a low return the directors point out that the values at which the holdings are stated in the balance-sheet must be subject to this consideration. Apart from the shareholdings, which stand at £52,033,993, the assets of Cables and Wireless consist of £1,104,040 due by sundry debtors, mainly subsidiary and associated companies, and £229,485 in cash, while a formidable item yet to be provided for is stamp duty and other formation expenses, £540,099. One point which must not be overlooked in considering the outcome of the first period of working of the group is the fact that the physical transfer to the Communications Company did not become effective until September 29 last. This should imply that the possibilities of economical and co-ordinated working of this great system have by no means been fully exploited. Owing to the transfer not being completed until the date mentioned it was not possible for the Communications Company to collate accurate traffic statistics until quite recently. These are now available, however, and are to be published monthly, a step which will be appreciated by Cables and Wireless stockholders. The first traffic statement, which accompanies the report, covers the five months to May 31, 1930, giving the comparative figures for 1929 :—

	1930	1929
	£	£
January	504,471	550,773
February	444,508	486,307
March	473,334	521,895
April	440,423	501,559
May	451,737	487,210
Total	2,314,473	2,547,744

While the receipts for May show an improvement on the April figures, the total for the current year to date is still about 9½ per cent. less than in 1929.

South African Brewery Prosperity

The new capital raised by South African Breweries, Limited, during the past few years has evidently been employed to good advantage, for the report for the 12 months to March 31 reveals fresh records in net sales and net earnings. At £376,550 net profits show an increase of about £10,000. The company has a remarkably successful record, for since the setback of 1920-21 at the time of the general trade reaction, its profits have steadily expanded, the increase in the past decade having amounted to over 112 per cent. In the same period the dividend, which is paid free of tax, has been raised from 11½ per cent. to 17½ per cent., the dividend of 17½ per cent. for 1929-30 comparing with 16½ per cent. for the preceding four years. Previous balance-sheets had not shown goodwill separately, but under the new Companies Act it is now separated from other assets, the value being £242,335. Excluding trade loans and mortgages the floating assets amount to £917,000, and current liabilities to £434,000.

British Investments Overseas

Some very interesting information on British investments is given in the current number of the *Economic Journal* of Sir Robert Kindersley's valuable inquiry into this subject. It shows the results of an investigation into certain classes of foreign securities owned by those domiciled in this country, but the securities are only those of foreign and Dominion Governments, States, and Municipalities, published in the Stock Exchange Official Intelligence, and the service of which is discharged in London. The inquiry gives the following results :—

INCOME RECEIVED IN THE UNITED KINGDOM DURING 1928 FROM CAPITAL INVESTED OVERSEAS

Investments	Tax deducted	Tax free
	£	£
Dominion, Provincial and Colonial Govt. Securities	30,770,000	4,315,000
Dominion, Indian and Colonial Corp. Stocks ..	4,050,000	392,000
Foreign Corp. Stocks ..	2,028,000	630,000
Foreign Govt. Stocks ..	16,048,000	13,193,000
	51,896,000	18,530,000

AMOUNT OF CAPITAL INVESTED OVERSEAS AND THE REPAYMENTS MADE THEREON DURING 1928

Nature of Investments	Capital Owned	Amount of repayment by Sinking Fund and at Maturity
	£	£
Dominion, Provincial and Colonial Govt. Securities	944,497,000	4,410,000
Dominion, Indian and Colonial Corp. Stocks ..	91,453,000	860,000
Foreign Corp. Stocks ..	40,491,000	2,029,000
Foreign Govt. Stocks ..	324,008,000	8,277,000
	1,400,449,000	15,576,000

The repayments of £15,576,000 in 1928 were £8,622,000 less than in 1927. The distribution of these British investments is as follows :—

Area of Investment	Nominal Capital	Income
Europe	113,000,000	6,050,000
America (excluding Canada) ..	149,000,000	7,014,000
Asia (excluding India) ..	93,000,000	4,677,000
Australia and New Zeal. ..	521,000,000	23,744,000
Canada	102,000,000	3,872,000
Africa (including Egypt) ..	163,000,000	6,811,000
India	219,000,000	8,189,000
Other Colonies	40,000,000	1,539,000
	1,400,000,000	61,896,000

Taking this figure, and an estimate of more than £1,000,000,000 of British capital invested in British companies operating abroad, Sir Robert Kindersley concludes that the figure of £4,000,000,000 is an approximate estimate of the total British investments overseas.

Six Months' Fire Losses

The cost of the principal fire losses in Great Britain and Ireland for June shows an improvement on the figures for recent months. It may be estimated at £263,300, which compares with £341,000 in May last, and with £527,000 in June of last year. These estimates only take into account fires in which the damage amounted to £1,000 or more, and experience shows that it is reasonable to increase these estimates by 60 per cent., in order to make allowance for the very large number of fires which cost individually less, but, in the aggregate, represent a very considerable sum. On this basis the total cost of all fires in Great Britain and Ireland during June amounts to £421,000, as against corresponding losses of £546,000 in May last and £843,000 in June of last year, and the total cost of fires in the first six months of this year is £4,382,000, which compares with as much as £6,429,000 for the corresponding period of 1929. It will be seen from the following table that, with the exception of January last, when the losses were swollen by a great fire at a granary at Leith, the losses for each month of this year have been below those for the corresponding months of last year :—

Month	1930	1929
	£	£
January	1,387,000	1,088,000
February	632,000	733,000
March	796,000	1,677,000
April	600,000	1,160,000
May	546,000	930,000
June	421,000	843,000
Total for six months	4,382,000	6,429,000

An increase in the wastage by fire last year was attributed, in part, to the exceptionally dry weather, and it would seem that the weather during the ensuing three months may exercise a marked effect on the experience for the present year. It also needs to be remembered that the British fire insurance companies are affected by the experience throughout the world, and that in the United States losses have not only been heavier this year, but that the effect of trade depression on premium income has been much felt. For the first five months of this year the total losses in North America are estimated by the *Journal of Commerce*, of New York, to have amounted to about £42,090,000, as against £39,297,000 in the first five months of 1929, and thus show an increase of nearly £3,000,000.

Principal Outbreaks in June

Among the principal outbreaks in Great Britain and Ireland last month were the following :—

Date	Description of Property	Estimated loss
		£
June 1	Café, Leicester	20,000
„ 6	Mansion, near Symington, N.B. ..	26,000
„ 12	Cotton Weaving Factory, near Burnley, Lancs.	26,000
„ 15	Skating Rink, West Bromwich, Staffs.	10,000
„ 16	Cotton Mill, Bolton, Lancs. ..	16,000
„ 24	Printing Works, Farringdon-street, London, E.C.	12,000
„ 30	Mansion, Aylesford, Kent	20,000

July has opened unfavourably with the disastrous explosion at chemical works at Castleford, near Leeds, on Friday, which resulted in heavy loss of life and serious damage to the works and also to much neighbouring property.

Values of New Cargo Tonnage

In the current issue of *Fairplay* estimates are given of the cost at which a cargo steamer of 7,500 tons deadweight, of very plain specifications, could now be built, and the price which might be secured for such a completed vessel if she were offered for sale in the open market. To construct such a ship £67,750, or £9 0s. 8d. a ton deadweight, is quoted by a "well-known builder." This figure, it is pointed out, is not a competitive tender, but if extras were required the additional cost might easily amount to about £12,500. The price of £9 0s. 8d. a ton is the same as that quoted on January 1, but compares with £8 19s. 4d. quoted a year ago. It is considered to be almost impossible to indicate precisely the price that could now be obtained in the market for such a vessel which was completed, owing to the absence of buyers, but the offer, it is thought, would be in the neighbourhood of £52,500, or £7 a ton deadweight, which compares with £56,000, or £7 9s. 4d. a ton, at the end of March and £58,000, or £7 14s. 8d. a ton, at the end of December. After the War—in 1920—the value of such a vessel in the market rose to as much as £258,750. The weakening in the quotations since the beginning of this year would have been due to the deep depression in the freight markets.

TRAFFIC RECEIPTS

Company	Past week*	Inc. or dec.	Aggregate Inc. or dec. from Jan. 1*
Bilbao River and Cant. (June) ..	£2,453	−£172	−£769
Mexican Ry. (9 days to June 30)	$333,400	+$7,800	+$39,000
N.W. of Uruguay (June)	£4,362	+£83	−£17 (for year)
Chat. and Dist. Tracts, Elec. Shanghai Electric Construction (June)	Mx.$367,231	+$1,491	−$2,708

* Unless otherwise shown

MONEY MARKET

NEW YORK EXCHANGE HIGHER

MORE WITHDRAWALS OF GOLD

In the Money Market on Saturday discount rates were well maintained. Supplies of loanable funds are rapidly drying up as the sums due to the Bank of England are repaid, and a certain amount of nervousness exists as to the state of the loan market when the final payments to the Bank have been made on Wednesday. For this reason loans for a week continued in good demand on Saturday at 2 per cent. There was little money available until to-day at under 1½ per cent., which was again the general rate for day-to-day advances from lenders other than the clearing banks. The French gold withdrawals—a further small amount of bar gold was taken out of the Bank on Saturday on account of the forward purchases for over £2,000,000 recently effected—have naturally strengthened the prospect of depleted sources by the time the market's indebtedness to the central institution has been cancelled. A further amount was repaid the Bank on Saturday. The discount rate for three months' fine bank bills was generally 2½-2 5-16 per cent., some leading brokers holding to the higher figure. Clearing banks again bought a few end-September maturities at 2½ per cent., while the market also reported some sales of October bills at 2 3-16 per cent. Rather more than £1,000,000 of bar gold is due to reach the bullion market to-morrow from South Africa. The French exchange remains at a point which would enable high prices to be bid for this gold on French account.

The Bank rate is 3 per cent., to which it was reduced from 3½ per cent. on May 1. The banks' deposit rate is 1 per cent., and the deposit rates of the discount houses are 1 per cent. at call and 1½ per cent. at notice.

Loans (per Cent.).	Discount (Bank Bills) (per Cent.).				
Day to day.	For short periods.	60 days.	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
1½-2	2	2⅛	2¼—2⅛	2⅛—2⅜	2¼—2¼

Discount (Treasury Bills)			(Fine Trade Bills)		
2 Mths. %	3 Mths. %	4 months. %	3 months.	4 months.	6 months.
2⅛	2¼	2⅜	3—3⅛	3¼—3⅛	3½—4

Calls of the Week

To-day ..	Ilford, 6½% "A," Pref. shares	10/0	£250,000
Tues. ..	Cnty. of Lon. Elec., Ordy. shares	10/0	£553,397
Wed. ..	Newcastle Elec. Supply, 5% Deb. stk.	15%	£345,000
Thur. ..	Grimsby, 5% stk.	40%	£268,000
Do. ..	Irish Free State, 4½% 1950-70	20%	£1,200,000
Friday ..	Japanese Govt., 5½% 1930 ..	20%	£2,500,000
Do. ..	Simonds (H. and G.), 6½% Pref. shares	10/0	£200,000

Austrian National Bank

	June 30	Inc. or Dec.
Assets	Sch.	Sch.
Metal Reserve ..	434,873,061	+ 6,171,011
Net foreign exchange not included in metal reserve ..	420,969,045	+ 24,924,441
Subsidiary coin ..	6,070,783	− 839,314
Bills discounted ..	124,772,479	+ 34,401,717
Advances against securities ..	437,900	− 6,400
Government debt ..	101,486,580	Unchanged
Securities	6,862,101	+ 3,488,494
Bank premises and fittings ..	6,910,000	Unchanged
Other assets	297,118,654	− 20,249,985
Liabilities		
Capital (Gold kronen 30 million) ..	43,200,000	Unchanged
Reserve	10,272,074	Unchanged
Notes in circulation ..	1,028,176,867	+ 147,107,270
Deposits and other sight liabilities ..	60,433,142	− 82,455,815
Other liabilities	257,418,881	− 16,811,491

It is pointed out that the increase in the item "securities" was caused by acquiring shares of the Bank for International Settlements.

Foreign Exchanges

Foreign exchanges usually showed narrow movements on Saturday. The New York rate moved in favour of sterling, closing at $4.86⅞$, compared with 4.86^{25}_{32} on Friday. At 123.67½ the French exchange showed a rise of ¼c. Both the Italian and Dutch rates were slightly more favourable to London, but Swiss francs continued in demand. A further slight appreciation occurred in Spanish currency, the Madrid rate closing at 41.47½p., against 41.65p. Among South American exchanges the Buenos Aires rate recovered to 40½d. ; while the Rio exchange was more favourable to Brazil at 5^{13}_{32}d., a rise of $^{3}_{32}$d.

The following table gives the range of telegraphic exchange quotations within which business was reported on Saturday :—

Place	Method of Quoting	Par of Excha'ge	July 5	July 4
New York	$ to £	4.86⅔	4.86$^{31}_{32}$-⅞	4.86$^{15}_{16}$-86$^{1}_{32}$
Montreal	$ to £	4.86⅔	4.86$^{9}_{32}$-86$^{5}_{32}$	4.86$^{7}_{16}$-86$^{1}_{32}$
Paris ..	Fr. to £	124.21	123.65-123.69	123.65-123.72
Brussels ..	Bel. to £	35.00	34.81¼-34.82	34.81¼-82¼
Milan ..	Lire to £	92.46	92.85-92.89	92.84-92.88
Zurich ..	Fr. to £	25.2215	25.05⅝-06⅛	25.05⅞-06⅜
Athens ..	Dr. to £	375	374¼-375¼	374¼-375¼
Helsingfors	M. to £	193.23	193¼-193⅝	193¼-193⅝
Madrid ..	Pts. to £	25.2215	41.20-41.85	41.40-42.15
Lisbon ..	Escu. to £	—	108⅛-108⅝	108¼-108⅝
Amsterd'm	Fl. to £	12.107	12.09⅛-09¼	12.09⅛-09¼
Berlin ..	M. to £	20.43	20.39¼-40¼	20.39½-40½
Vienna ..	Sch. to £	34.58½	34.43-34.47	34.43-34.48
Budapest	Pen. to £	27.82	27.78-27.82	27.78-27.82
Prague ..	Kr. to £	164.25	163⅞-164⅛	163⅞-164⅛
Warsaw ..	Zloty to£	43.38	43.37-43.42	43.38-43.43
Riga	Lats to £	25.2215	25.17-25.27	25.17-25.27
Bucharest	Lei to £	812.6	817½-818½	817½-818½
Const'ople	Pst. to £	110	1.025†	1.025†
Belgrade ..	Din. to £	25.2215	274½-275	274½-275
Kovno ..	Lit. to £	48.66	48⅜-48½	48⅜-48⅞
Sofia	Lev. to £	673.539	665-673	668-673
Reval	E. Kr. to£	18.159	18.21-18.27	18.21-18.27
Oslo	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15⅜-16¼	18.15⅝-16¼
Stockholm ..	Kr. to £	18.159	18.09¼-10¼	18.09¼-10¼
Copenh'g'n	Kr. to £	18.159	18.15⅛-16¼	18.15⅛-16¼
Alexandria	Pst. to £	97½	97$^{13}_{16}$-97$^{15}_{16}$	97$^{13}_{16}$-97$^{15}_{16}$
Bombay ..	Per rup.	18d.	1 5/32-1 6/32	1 5/32-5/32
Calcutta ..	Per rup.	18d.	1 5/32-5/32	1 5/32-5/32
Madras ..	Per rup.	18d.	1 5/32-5/32	1 5/32-5/32
Hong-kong	Per dol.	—	1/3-1 3/32	1/3-1/32
Kobe	Per yen.	24.58d.	2 0/32-0/32	2 0/32-0/32
Shanghai ..	Per tael	—	1/53-1/61	1/53-1/61
Singapore ..	Per dol.	2/4	2/31$^{29}_{32}$-32$^{1}_{32}$	2/31$^{29}_{32}$-32$^{1}_{32}$
Batavia ..	Fl. to £	12.107	12.07¾-08½	12.07¾-08½
Manila	Per dol.	24.066d.	2 0/16	2 0/16
Rio de Jan	Per mil.	5.899d.	5⅞-5$^{7}_{16}$	5$^{7}_{16}$-5$^{15}_{32}$
B. Aires ..	Per dol.	47.577d.	40-40¼	39⅞-40¼
Montevideo	$ to £	40	39.94	39.95
M'video ..	Per dol.	51d.	41⅞-42⅝	41⅞-42⅝
Lima† ..	Soles to £	12.166	13.07½	13.07½
Mexico ..	Pesos to£	9.76	10.15-10.35	10.15-10.35

† 90 days. ‡ Based on legal stabilization at $2.90-3.02 to 100kr. : Nominal.

Empire Exchange Rates

Buying Rates per £100

—	Demand	30 days' sight	60 days' sight	90 days' sight
On :—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia ..	92 12 6	92 1 3	91 10 0	90 18 9
New Zealand ..	93 17 6	93 6 3	92 15 0	92 2 9
Africa & Rhodesia	98 15 0	98 2 6	97 10 0	96 17 6

Selling Rates

—	Cable Transfers	Demand
On :—	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Australia	93 17 6	93 10 0
New Zealand	95 7 6	95 0 0
South Africa	99 15 0	99 12 6
Rhodesia	99 16 3	99 13 9

The Bank of England announced on Saturday the sale of £76,909 in Bar Gold and the export of £2,000 in Sovereigns. Since Wednesday last there has been a net efflux of £232,703, as shown below :—

Arrivals	£	Withdrawals	£
July 3—		July 3—	
Sovs. released from abroad ..	100,000	Bar gold ..	207,986
Sovs. from abroad ..	75,000		
July 4	Nil	July 4—	
		Bar gold ..	118,808
		Sovs.	2,000
July 5	Nil	July 5—	
		Bar gold ..	78,909
		Sovs.	2,000
Net efflux ..	232,703		
Total ..	£407,703	Total ..	£407,703

Net influx for 1930 to date, £9,498,894 ; net efflux for 1929 (according to the published movements of gold), £8,258,489.

In the bullion market the cash price for bar gold remained nominally at 85s. 0½d. per oz.

The cash price for Bar Silver declined 1/32d. to 15$^{29}_{32}$d. per oz., the forward quotation being unaltered at 15½d. China sold, but this was partially offset by a little bear covering. The market was very quiet.

MONEY RATES AT HOME AND ABROAD

—	Bank rate	Market discount rate	Call money
	Per cent.	Per cent.	Per cent.
London	3	2¼-2$^{5}_{16}$	1½-2
New York	2½	—	—
Paris	2½	—	—
Berlin	4	3½	4¼-6½
Swiss Bank places	3	2¼	—
Milan	5½	5½	—
Amsterdam	3	1$^{15}_{16}$	1½
Brussels	3	2¾	1¾

THE DECLINE IN U.S. TRADE

POOR AGRICULTURAL OUTLOOK

FURTHER DECREASE IN BROKERS' LOANS

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

NEW YORK, JULY 6

Midsummer is seldom a time of business recovery, and there is no exception to the rule this summer. The severity of the decline in commodity prices and the fact that business has now been falling off for nearly a year have lately produced some predictions of an early upturn, but apart from a very recent improvement in the bond market and a continuous readjustment toward lower levels of the money market there has been little to warrant such a view.

The fall of commodity prices was interrupted last week when declines in textiles, metals, and oils were slightly more than offset by an advance in wheat, cotton, and livestock; but stability of commodity prices is still apparently some way off. The agricultural situation, upon which so much depends, is highly unsatisfactory, and it is significant of how little comfort can be offered to farmers that the Secretary of Agriculture and the chairman of the Federal Farm Board found it necessary last week, in the interest of securing a reduction in the wheat acreage, to warn them that though wheat prices may not remain as low as they were last month, yet in the next seven years they will probably average appreciably lower than in the past seven. Moreover, these Federal officials are actively campaigning in the West for an acreage reduction, although without conspicuous success. North Dakota and Minnesota farmers are supporting their program willingly enough because they are finding dairy farming and other alternatives to wheat-growing profitable, but farmers in Kansas and Nebraska—to whom wheat is a money crop essential to them if they are to keep up interest payments on their land mortgages—so far from curtailing their wheat acreage are determined to increase it. Like other Middle West farmers they are alarmed at the foreclosing of more than $35,000,000 of farm mortgages in less than a year, and they are beginning to show resentment too over the failure of the revisers of the tariff to give agriculture tangible relief.

Last week, which was made shorter by reason of the holiday on Friday and the part holiday on Saturday, the steel production decreased sharply to about 60 per cent. of capacity of the industry. Motor-car production has likewise decreased again, and one large manufacturer, Chrysler Motors Company, reduced wages 10 per cent. Business failures reached an unusually high level for the season, and bank clearings declined. Security prices were somewhat high on the whole, but the volume of business on exchanges dwindled to a figure that represented hardly more than professional trading.

The bond market showed a better tone, with new offerings amounting to $75,000,000, or only about half of what they were the week before. Up to the end of June sales of new securities in this market amounted to more than $4,000,000,000, of which the bulk were bonds, a fact which largely explains the failure of older issues to show any great gains for all the growing cheapness of money.

There was another heavy decline in brokers' loans reported on Thursday, and the total outstanding of $3,219,000,000 is well below the lowest total of last year. Since June 1 brokers' loans have decreased $1,000,000,000. The half-year dividend and interest financing was accomplished without difficulty. Call money momentarily went to 3 per cent., but returned to 2 per cent., and commercial paper rates were influenced by the abundance of short term funds to decline another ¼ per cent.

Railway car loadings for the week ended June 21 showed a further falling off of 7,000 tons to 920,859 tons. Loadings are still at the levels of 1924. Mercantile houses report increasing slowness of bill collections; unemployment is entering its acute phase, and there is a widespread reduction of wages and working hours.

NATIONAL OMNIBUS

PROPOSED RETURN OF CAPITAL

As foreshadowed in the last annual report of the company, the directors of the National Omnibus and Transport Company now submit proposals for a return of capital. Meetings are called for July 28 to consider the scheme. It is proposed to reduce the capital from £1,000,000 to £450,000 by returning 10s. per share of each of the 500,000 £1 Preference shares and 12s. per share of each of the 500,000 £1 Ordinary shares. Every two consecutive Preference shares of 10s. each will then be consolidated into one share of £1 each and every five consecutive Ordinary shares of 8s. each will be consolidated into one share of £2 each and subdivided into two shares of £1 each.

Upon the reduction becoming effective, the capital will be increased again to £1,000,000 by the creation of 250,000 new Preference shares ranking with the existing Preference shares, and 300,000 new Ordinary shares of £1 each. Holders of the reduced Preference capital will receive an option to subscribe on April 1, 1931, at par, for one new Ordinary share of £1 for every 10 Preference shares held.

PICCADILLY THEATRE

APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVER

The secretary of Piccadilly Theatre (1928), Limited, announced on Saturday that an action having been instituted in the Chancery Division to carry into effect the trusts of the Trust Deed constituting the Debenture stock, the directors deemed it proper, in the interests of all concerned, and with a view to conserving the assets of the company, to agree to the appointment of Mr. W. G. Bl

HOME COMMERCIAL MARKETS

COAL TRADE REPORTS

GRAIN AND FARM PRODUCE

LONDON (THE BALTIC EXCHANGE), July 5.—WHEAT.—Cargoes closed barely firm, though quotations were unchanged. White Pacific, June and July, 34s. 10½d., sellers; No. 1 hard winter (Gulf), July-Aug., 34s. 6d., sellers. Roumla (60½lb.), old, afloat, 33s. 6d. Australian, 37s. to 37s. 6d. Choice white Karachi, July, 34s. 7½d. Australian, 35s. 6d. Spot parcels were firm, unchanged. Graded wheat futures opened ½d. per central dearer, and closed quiet 1 to 2 points lower on the day. Graded wheat futures opened unchanged to 2 points lower and closed quiet 1 to 2 points lower on the day. EGYPTIAN.—The Sakellaridis contract opened 2 to 7½ points dearer, but closed quiet 1 to 7 points lower on the day. The Upper and Pillion contract closed quiet with current month 11 points and other months 4 points down. Closing values:—SAKELLARIDIS.—July, 11.08; Aug., 10.94; Sept., 10.91; Oct., 11.16; Nov., 11.26; Dec., 11.34; Jan., 11.36; Feb., 11.49; March, 11.54; April, 11.56; May, 11.59; June, 11.59. UPPER AND PILLION.—July, 8.99; Aug., 8.64; Sept., 8.49; Oct., 8.42; Nov., 8.41; Dec., 8.45; Jan., 8.52; Feb., 8.57; March, 8.63; April, 8.71; May, 8.75; June, 8.81; July, 8.81.

The Empire and miscellaneous contracts closed quiet, 2 points down. Closing values:—July, 7.04; Aug., 6.98; Sept., 6.97; Oct., 6.84; Nov., 6.85; Dec., 6.85; Jan., 6.87; Feb., 6.93; March, 6.93; April, 6.90; May, 6.96; June, 6.97; July, 6.98.

Per 480lb.	Opening values	Noon values	Closing values	Previous closing values
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July ..	34 10	34 8	34 6	34 8
August ..	34 11	34 9	34 9	34 8
November ..	35 0	35 7	35 7	35 7
LONDON GRADE				
July ..	33 2	33 2	33 2	33 2
September ..	33 6	33 6	33 6	33 6

MAIZE was firm, with 6d. to 1s. advance asked for cargoes. La Plata, July, Aug., and Sept., 22s. 6d., sellers. Dan-Gal-Fox, shipping shipped, 22s.; Aug., 22s. 9d., sellers. Parcels were slow but dearer. La Plata, June-July, 22s. 10½d., paid; July-Aug., 22s. 9d.; Sept.-Oct., 22s. 6d.; and Oct.-Nov., 22s., quoted. Dan/Gal/Fox, July-Aug., sold at 22s. 3d. Bessarabian, 22s. 6d., sellers. Choice white Karachi, July, 34s. 7½d. sellers. Choice white Karachi, July, 34s. 7½d. Australian, 33s., paid for afloat.

The wheat futures market closed at yesterday's levels.

MANITOBA GRADE

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
July ..	7 11½		Dec. ..	8 9½	8 6¼
Aug. ..	8 2¼	8 1½			

Raw futures were quiet but steady; Aug. sold at 5s. 81d.; Dec., at 6s. 0½d.; March, at 7s. 11½d. Call (89s. beer) at 10.30 a.m.:—

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
Aug. ..	5 8¼	5 8¼	NEW CONTRACT, RAISE 90 PER CENT., C.I.F.		
Sept. ..	5 9½	5 7½			
Oct. ..	5 11¼	5 9			
Dec. ..	6 0¾	6 0	Jan. ..	6 10½	6 8¼
			March ..	7 2¼	7 0¼
			May ..	7 5¼	7 3¼

Messrs. C. Czarnikow, Limited, give the visible supplies as follows:—

	Date	1930	1929
United Kingdom ..	June 1	207,000	215,000
France	Do.	449,000	340,000
Czechoslovakia ..	Do.	441,000	824,000
Holland	Do.	356,000	320,000
Belgium	Do.	203,000	205,000
Poland	Do.	131,000	140,000
		297,000	218,000
Europe		2,584,000	2,277,000
United States—Atlantic ports ..	Do.	764,000	929,000
Cuba—all ports ..	Do.	1,702,000	1,440,000
Cuba—Interior ..	Do.	1,885,000	1,185,000
Total tons		6,935,000	5,831,000
Previous total ..		6,963,000	5,839,000

OATS were neglected at yesterday's quotations, Farmers' deliveries are subjoined (season 48 weeks):—

	Wheat	Barley	Oats
	Cwts.	Cwts.	Cwts.
This week ..	50,579	7,357	6,272
Average price ..	8s. 5d.	8s. 11d.	6s. 5d.
Same week last year ..	51,734	3,579	8,109
Average price ..	9s. 10d.	9s. 4d.	9s. 5d.
This season ..	9,411,954	11,079,345	1,874,638
Average price ..	9s. 2d.	8s. 7½d.	11½d.
Last season ..	9,597,734	11,941,805	2,756,479
Average price ..	9s. 8d.	10s. 7d.	9s. 4d.

LIVERPOOL, July 5.—WHEAT.—C.I.f. parcels were offered at 1½d. to 3d. per quarter advance, but demand was poor. No. 1 Northern Manitoba, July, was quoted at 37s. 4½d.; No. 2 ditto, 36s. 4½d.; No. 3, 35s. 7½d.; No. 4, 34s. 4½d.; No. 5 ditto, 33s. 4½d.; No. 6, 32s. 1½d.; and No. 2 mixed Durum, July, 30s. 7½d.; No. 1 hard winter (Gulf), July, 34s. 7½d.; No. 2 hard winter (Gulf), July, 34s. 4½d. (Atlantic), 33s. 10½d. Roumla (63½lb.), afloat, 34s. 10½d.; (62½lb.), 34s.; Barusso (62½lb.), afloat, 34s. 10½d.; (62½lb.), 34s.; Karachi white, July, 35s.; Western white, Pacific, July, 34s. 10½d. Spot parcels were quiet and unchanged.

RICE was quiet but steady. Burma No. 2, cleaned, on the spot, quoted 13s. per cwt.; July-Aug., in singles, to Continent and U.K., 12s.; No. 3, doubles, to Levant, July-Aug., 11s. 10½d.; S.Q., July-Aug., doubles, Cuba (main ports), 11s. 10½d., sellers, c.i.f. Broken, Burma No. 1s, July-Aug., quoted 11s. 9d.; 2s, 10s. 6d., sellers, c.i.f. Siam Garden, No. 1, July-Aug., quoted 15s. 4½d., sellers, c.i.f., U.K.-Continent; Saigon, No. 1, July-Aug., 15s., sellers, c.i.f., U.K.-Continent, singles.

TAPIOCA was quiet. Fine Java, flake, spot, quoted 26s. 6d. per cwt.; July, 24s., sellers, c.i.f. Fair flake, pearl, July-Aug., quoted 11s. 3d., sellers, c.i.f., Havre. Seed spot, quoted 24s.; July, 22s., sellers, c.i.f. Java seed.

SPICES.—Spot pepper was quiet with black Singapore quoted at 10d. per lb. Lampong, 10d.; White Muntok, 11¾d., sellers. Pepper for shipment ruled quiet and easier; Lampong, May-July, 9¾d., sellers; Aug.-Oct., 9¾d., sellers; White Muntok, May-July, 9⅞d., sellers; Aug.-Oct., 9¾d., sellers, c.i.f., delivered weight. Cloves were quiet; Zanzibar, spot, quoted 11¾d. to 1s.; May-July, 11½d., sellers; Oct., 11¼d., sellers, c.i.f.; Pimento unchanged; spot, quoted 9d. July-Aug., 6⅞d., sellers, c.i.f.

RUBBER.—Plantation grades were quietly steady. Smoked sheet, spot and July, sold from 6d. to 6⅛d. per lb. and sellers; Aug. from 6⅛d. to 6⅛d. and sellers; Sept. at 6⅛d. and sellers; Oct.-Dec. from 6¼d. to 6⅜d., and sellers; Jan.-March at 6⅜d. and value; April-June at 6⅜d. and value; Jan.-Dec., quoted 67⅛d., value; crepe, spot, 57⅛d., buyers. Para grades unchanged; hard fine, quoted 71¾d., sellers.

GARDEN SEED was quiet. Good marks, July-Aug., quoted 26s. per cwt.—sellers, c.i.f.

SHELLAC.—The spot market was quiet. T N Orange, basis fair, quoted 115s. per cwt.; A C, 120s.; pure button, 135s.; fine orange, 120s. to 220s., sellers. Futures were quiet and rather easier; T N Aug. delivery quoted 100s., sellers; Oct.-Delivery, 102s. 6d., sellers; Dec. delivery, 105s., sellers. Shipment market quiet: T N, in bags, Calcutta cable, dated July 5, gives:—Spot, Rs.44, buyers; July-Aug., quoted 96s.; Sept.-Oct., 98s., sellers, c.i.f. Bombay cable, dated July 5, gives:—Spot, Rs.44, buyers; Aug., Rs.44, nominal; Sept., Rs.47, nominal.

HIDES.—Manilla was steady but quiet. Grade J, July-Aug.-Oct., quoted £24, value; K, sold at £23 15s. and value; Sept.-Oct., £23 15s., value; L, No. 1, July-Sept., £22 15s.; No. 2, £20 10s., value; M, No. 1, sold at £21 15s.; No. 2, £19 10s., value, c.i.f. African steady; Tanganyika and Kenya, No. 1, good marks, July-Sept., quoted £25 10s.; f.m.q., £25, value, c.i.f.

JUTE was quiet with old crop trading rather easier. Business was small. First marks, June-July and July-Aug., sold at £21 12s. per ton and sellers; new crop, July-Sept., quoted £22, value; Aug.-Sept., £21 15s., buyers; Sept.-Oct., £21 12s. 6d., buyers; Oct.-Nov., £21 12s. 6d., buyers; Nov.-Dec., £21 12s. 6d., buyers; July-Aug., sold at £20 and value; July-Aug., £19, sellers, c.i.f. Calcutta cable dated July 5 gives:—Prints, spot, sold at Rs.41 8a.; Lightnings quoted 10s. 6d. per cwt. in barrels, ex mill, net cash terms.

HESSIANS AND TWILLS quiet. 10ozs., spot, quoted 22s. 6d.; July-Sept., 22s. 3d.; 8ozs., spot, London, 20s. 6d.; Dundee, July-Sept., 19s.; sellers, per 100 yards. Liverpool 10ozs., spot, quoted 70s. 6d.; July-Sept., 69s. 6d.; B, c.i.f.

COPRA was barely steady. Singapore, f.m.s., July, quoted £18 15s. per ton, sellers; Aug., £18 17s. 6d., sellers, c.i.f., Rotterdam, Ceylon, f.m.s., July-Aug., quoted £19 10s., sellers, c.i.f., usual ports. Dutch East Indies, f.m.s., July, quoted £18 15s., sellers; Aug., £18 17s. 6d., sellers, c.i.f., one port. Mixed (no Padang), July-Aug., quoted £18 2s. 6d., sellers; South Sea, kiln-dried, £17 17s. 6d., value, c.i.f., Marseilles.

LIVERPOOL, July 5.—SUGAR EXCHANGE.—The market opened with prices at the previous closing levels. In the absence of news from the United States owing to the holidays, there was little trade. A steady tone prevailed and sellers were reserved. Closing quotations showed an occasional gain of 1d. per cwt.

Month	Opening	Closing
July ..	6/10s.-6/9b.	6/10d.-6/9b.
August ..	6/11s.-6/10b.	6/11s.-6/10b.
October ..	7/1s.-7/0b.	7/1s.-7/0d.b.
December ..	7/4s.-7/3b.	7/4s.-7/3b.
January ..	7/5s.-7/4b.	7/5s.-7/4d.b.
March ..	7/7s.-7/6b.	7/8s.-7/7b.
May ..	7/10s.-7/9b.	7/10s.-7/9d.b.
August ..	8/1s.-8/0d.b.	8/2s.-8/1b.

SEEDS AND OILS

LONDON (THE BALTIC EXCHANGE), July 5.—LINSEED was inactive and 2s. 6d. to 3s. 9d. lower for La Plata descriptions. Calcutta, July-Aug., to Hull, £15 7s. 6d.; quoted at £16 17s. 6d.; bold Bombay, July-Aug., £17 12s. 6d.; La Plata, July-Aug., to Hull, £15 7s. 6d.; Aug.-Sept., £15 8s. 9d.; Sept.-Oct., £15 11s. 3d., sellers. EARLY-SHIPMENT was quiet. Toria, July-Aug., to Hull-Continent, £14, sellers. LINSEED CAKE was inactive. Egyptian black, July, to Hull, £6 15s. 6d.; Aug., £6 13s. 9d.; Sept., £6 12s. 6d.; Aug.-Sept., £6 13s. 9d.; Sept.-Oct., £6 12s. 6d.; Nov.-Jan., £6 10s., sellers; Bombay, July-Aug., to Hull, nominal at £5 10s. CASTOR-SEED was quiet. Bombay, July-Aug., to Hull, £14 2s. 6d. GASKINS were quiet. Coromandel (machined), July-Aug., to Rotterdam-Hamburg, £14 15s.; Aug.-Sept., £14 17s. 6d.; Sept.-Oct., £15, sellers. PALM KERNELS were easy. To Liverpool and Hamburg, July-Aug., £12 12s. 6d.; Aug.-Sept., £12 12s. 6d.; Sept.-Oct., £12 12s. 6d., sellers. LINSEED OIL was quiet. Spot, ex mill, quoted £40; July, £39 12s. 6d.; July-Aug. £36; Sept.-Dec., £34 5s.; Jan.-April, £31 10s. RAPE OIL was quiet. Crude extracted, £34; technical refined, £35 10s., naked, ex wharf. COTTON OIL was quiet. Egyptian crude, £27; refined common edible, £32; deodorized, £34, naked, ex mill. TURPENTINE was quiet but steady. American, spot, 38s. 9d.; Aug., 38s. per cwt.; Sept.-Dec., 38s.; and Russian, 35s. 9d.

HULL, July 5.—LINSEED OIL.—Spot, £39; July, £37; July-Aug., £36; Sept.-Dec., £35 2s. 6d. COTTON OIL.—Egyptian crude, spot, £27; edible refined, spot, £30; technical, spot, £29 10s.; and deodorized, spot, £31. PALM KERNEL OIL.—Crude naked, 5½ per cent., spot, £36. GROUNDNUT OIL.—Crushed extracted, spot, £31; deodorized, spot, £35. SOYA OIL.—Extracted and crushed, spot, £32 10s.; refined, spot, £34 10s. per ton. TURPENTINE was dearer, with spot quoted at 40s. 6d. per cwt. CASTOR OIL.—Pharmaceutical, 43s. 6d.; firsts, 39s. 6d.; seconds, 36s. 6d. per cwt., in barrels. COD OIL.—Spot, 29s. 6d. per cwt. in barrels, ex mill, net cash terms.

	Sales		Export		Imports	
Description	To-day	So far this week	To-day	So far this week	To-day	So far this week
American ..	1,000	1,000	100	100	—	—
Brazilian, &c.	200	200	—	—	—	—
Peruvian ..	—	—	—	—	—	—
Egyptian ..	200	200	—	—	—	—
African, &c.	100	100	—	—	—	—
Egyptian, &c.	300	300	—	—	—	—
W. Indian, &c.	200	200	—	—	—	—
Totals—						
This week	2,000	2,000	100	100	Nil	Nil
Last week	3,000	3,000	100	100	402	402

Amer. Futures	To-day.				Prev. Day.
Delivery	H'gst.	L'west	Closing	H'gst.	L'west. Closing
July ..	7.22	7.19	7.20	7.23	7.17 7.22
August ..	—	—	7.09	—	— 7.11
September ..	—	—	7.02	7.01	7.01 7.04
October ..	6.99	6.95	6.99	6.99	6.95 6.98
November ..	—	—	6.95	—	— 6.97
December ..	6.95	6.94	6.96	6.96	6.95 6.96
January ..	7.00	6.96	6.98	7.01	6.96 7.00
February ..	—	—	7.01	—	— 7.00
March ..	7.07	7.05	7.06	7.07	7.00 7.07
April ..	—	—	7.08	7.10	7.10 7.10
May ..	7.14	7.12	7.12	7.15	7.12 7.14
June ..	—	—	7.14	—	— 7.13
July ..	—	—	7.16	—	— 7.18
August ..	—	—	—	—	— 7.18
September ..	—	—	—	—	— 7.18
October ..	—	—	—	—	— 7.18
November ..	—	—	7.19	—	— 7.21
December ..	—	—	—	—	— 7.21
January (1932)	7.25	7.25	7.23	—	— 7.25

Return of stocks, &c., for week ended July 4:—

	Import	For-warded	Sales	Export	Great Britain Stock
American ..	5,844	26,238	7,370	144	319,660
Brazilian ..	2,671	5,435	2,570	356	129,550
Peruvian ..	1,913	2,206	3,230	48	60,530
Egyptian ..	1,184	1,161	1,720	185	46,400
Sondan ..	4,738	222	1,250	—	127,840
West Indian ..	310	106	500	100	4,450
East African ..	155	1,177	570	153	30,770
South African ..	—	—	230	—	—
West African ..	100	455	140	100	43,850
Australian ..	—	—	—	—	350
East Indian ..	75	4,208	730	501	72,500
Total ..	16,994	35,306	18,370	1,387	836,500
So far this year ..	2,663,558	2,531,566	1,404,610	120,812	
Last year ..	3,098,000	2,817,000	1,604,720	145,443	895,790

ARTIFICIAL SILK

MANCHESTER, July 5.—While the artificial silk position generally is far from satisfactory, a steady improvement continues in one or two directions, and more looms are being set to work. There are, however, a good many still idle with little prospect of occupation being found for them in the near future. Some good lines of 100 per cent. artificial silk dress goods have been purchased. Voiles, crêpes, and taffetas have all come in for a considerable amount of attention, and there has also been business in sarongs and sarong. A moderate turnover is reported in certain furnishing fabrics and linings have also been in good request. High-class mixture cloths are sharing in the better demand, but in some of the lower cloths competition is very keen and demand indifferent. No improvement can be reported in business for India. Business on a fair scale has been arranged for Canada, New Zealand, and West Africa. Purchases for Java and Singapore continue small, and the South American demand is below normal. In the yarn section chief attention continues to be devoted to fine quality production, the low-grades remaining very dull. Nominal prices of all artificial silk and cotton and artificial silk mixture yarns are as follows:—Coloured stripe poplin, 101s. 6d.; brocades, 99s. 6d.; crepe brocades, 147s. 6d.; fimbrics, 118s. 6d.; all artificial silk fimbrics, 147s. 6d.; and crepe artificial silk, 144s. 6d.

COLONIAL AND FOREIGN PRODUCE

LONDON, July 5.—SUGAR.—Home refined met a fair demand at last rates. Tate's A F cubes, 23s. 6d.; No. 1, 23s. 3d.; H T S, 23s.; crushed, No. 1, 24s.; ditto, R, 23s. 6d.; bags, 22s.; Tate's fine and coarse granulated, 22s.; Lyle's granulated, 21s. 6d.; T L granulated, 21s. 6d.; silversand, 23s. 6d.; Tate's London and Lyle's No. 2 granulated, 23s. 6d.; Lyle's yellow crystals, 20s. 6d.; No. 2 granulated, 23s. 6d.; Tate's London and Lyle's No. 2 granulated, 21s. 6d.; T L granulated, 21s. 3d. For export:—Tate's No. 1 cubes (in cartons), 23s. 1½d.; No. 2, 22s. 7½d. Home-grown granulated, prompt, ex Ely, Ipswich and Scottish, prompt, quoted 20s. 6d. (less ex London); Anglo-T L, ex refinery, quoted 20s. 6d.; 20s. 9d., ex factories; spot, quoted 20s. 6d. to 22s. 9d.; white Java, July-Sept., granulated, prompt, quoted 8s. 3d., c. and f., India; Czech 8s. 1½d., f.o.b., Hamburg; Dutch granulated, prompt, quoted 9s. 4½d., f.o.b., Rotterdam; Polish crystals, prompt, quoted 7s. 4½d., f.o.b., Danzig. Raw steady; preferential 96 per cent., July-Aug., quoted 10s. 3d.; value; San Domingo and/or Cuba, July, quoted 6s. 4½d.; Aug., 6s. 5½d.; Oct., 6s. 6¾d., sellers, c.i.f. White futures were quiet. Call at 10.30 a.m.:—

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
Aug. ..	5 8¼	5 8¼	NEW CONTRACT, RAISE 90 PER CENT., C.I.F.		
Sept. ..	5 9½	5 7½			
Oct. ..	5 11¼	5 9			
Dec. ..	6 0¾	6 0	Jan. ..	6 10½	6 8¼
			March ..	7 2¼	7 0¼
			May ..	7 5¼	7 3¼

Messrs. C. Czarnikow, Limited, give the visible supplies as follows:—

	Date	1930	1929
United Kingdom ..	June 1	207,000	215,000
France	Do.	449,000	340,000
Czechoslovakia ..	Do.	441,000	824,000
Holland	Do.	356,000	320,000
Belgium	Do.	203,000	205,000
Poland	Do.	131,000	140,000
		297,000	218,000
Europe		2,584,000	2,277,000
United States—Atlantic ports ..	Do.	764,000	929,000
Cuba—all ports ..	Do.	1,702,000	1,440,000
Cuba—Interior ..	Do.	1,885,000	1,185,000
Total tons		6,935,000	5,831,000
Previous total ..		6,963,000	5,839,000

COCOA.—Accra was steady. Fair fermented, mid-crop June-July, quoted 31s. per cwt.; new crop, Oct.-Dec., 25s. value; f.o.b. Futures were quiet, no business being reported. Call at 11 a.m.:—

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
July ..	37 0	35 9	Dec. ..	37 0	35 9
Aug. ..	37 0	34 9	Jan. ..	37 0	35 6
Sept. ..	37 0	35 6	March ..	37 0	35 6

RICE was quiet but steady. Burma No. 2, cleaned, on the spot, quoted 13s. per cwt.; July-Aug., in singles, to Continent and U.K., 12s.; No. 3, doubles, to Levant, July-Aug., 11s. 10½d.; S.Q., July-Aug., doubles, Cuba (main ports), 11s. 10½d., sellers, c.i.f. Broken, Burma No. 1s, July-Aug., quoted 11s. 9d.; 2s, 10s. 6d., sellers, c.i.f. Siam Garden, No. 1, July-Aug., quoted 15s. 4½d., sellers, c.i.f., U.K.-Continent; Saigon, No. 1, July-Aug., 15s., sellers, c.i.f., U.K.-Continent, singles.

TAPIOCA was quiet. Fine Java, flake, spot, quoted 26s. 6d. per cwt.; July, 24s., sellers, c.i.f. Fair flake, pearl, July-Aug., quoted 11s. 3d., sellers, c.i.f., Havre. Seed spot, quoted 24s.; July, 22s., sellers, c.i.f. Java seed.

SPICES.—Spot pepper was quiet with black Singapore quoted at 10d. per lb. Lampong, 10d.; White Muntok, 11¾d., sellers. Pepper for shipment ruled quiet and easier; Lampong, May-July, 9¾d., sellers; Aug.-Oct., 9¾d., sellers; White Muntok, May-July, 9⅞d., sellers; Aug.-Oct., 9¾d., sellers, c.i.f., delivered weight. Cloves were quiet; Zanzibar, spot, quoted 11¾d. to 1s.; May-July, 11½d., sellers; Oct., 11¼d., sellers, c.i.f.; Pimento unchanged; spot, quoted 9d. July-Aug., 6⅞d., sellers, c.i.f.

RUBBER.—Plantation grades were quietly steady. Smoked sheet, spot and July, sold from 6d. to 6⅛d. per lb. and sellers; Aug. from 6⅛d. to 6⅛d. and sellers; Sept. at 6⅛d. and sellers; Oct.-Dec. from 6¼d. to 6⅜d., and sellers; Jan.-March at 6⅜d. and value; April-June at 6⅜d. and value; Jan.-Dec., quoted 67⅛d., value; crepe, spot, 57⅛d., buyers. Para grades unchanged; hard fine, quoted 71¾d., sellers.

GARDEN SEED was quiet. Good marks, July-Aug., quoted 26s. per cwt.—sellers, c.i.f.

SHELLAC.—The spot market was quiet. T N Orange, basis fair, quoted 115s. per cwt.; A C, 120s.; pure button, 135s.; fine orange, 120s. to 220s., sellers. Futures were quiet and rather easier; T N Aug. delivery quoted 100s., sellers; Oct.-Delivery, 102s. 6d., sellers; Dec. delivery, 105s., sellers. Shipment market quiet: T N, in bags, Calcutta cable, dated July 5, gives:—Spot, Rs.44, buyers; July-Aug., quoted 96s.; Sept.-Oct., 98s., sellers, c.i.f. Bombay cable, dated July 5, gives:—Spot, Rs.44, buyers; Aug., Rs.44, nominal; Sept., Rs.47, nominal.

HIDES.—Manilla was steady but quiet. Grade J, July-Aug.-Oct., quoted £24, value; K, sold at £23 15s. and value; Sept.-Oct., £23 15s., value; L, No. 1, July-Sept., £22 15s.; No. 2, £20 10s., value; M, No. 1, sold at £21 15s.; No. 2, £19 10s., value, c.i.f. African steady; Tanganyika and Kenya, No. 1, good marks, July-Sept., quoted £25 10s.; f.m.q., £25, value, c.i.f.

JUTE was quiet with old crop trading rather easier. Business was small. First marks, June-July and July-Aug., sold at £21 12s. per ton and sellers; new crop, July-Sept., quoted £22, value; Aug.-Sept., £21 15s., buyers; Sept.-Oct., £21 12s. 6d., buyers; Oct.-Nov., £21 12s. 6d., buyers; July-Aug., sold at £20 and value; July-Aug., £19, sellers, c.i.f. Calcutta cable dated July 5 gives:—Prints, spot, sold at Rs.41 8a.; Lightnings quoted 10s. 6d. per cwt. in barrels, ex mill, net cash terms.

HESSIANS AND TWILLS quiet. 10ozs., spot, quoted 22s. 6d.; July-Sept., 22s. 3d.; 8ozs., spot, London, 20s. 6d.; Dundee, July-Sept., 19s.; sellers, per 100 yards. Liverpool 10ozs., spot, quoted 70s. 6d.; July-Sept., 69s. 6d.; B, c.i.f.

COPRA was barely steady. Singapore, f.m.s., July, quoted £18 15s. per ton, sellers; Aug., £18 17s. 6d., sellers, c.i.f., Rotterdam, Ceylon, f.m.s., July-Aug., quoted £19 10s., sellers, c.i.f., usual ports. Dutch East Indies, f.m.s., July, quoted £18 15s., sellers; Aug., £18 17s. 6d., sellers, c.i.f., one port. Mixed (no Padang), July-Aug., quoted £18 2s. 6d., sellers; South Sea, kiln-dried, £17 17s. 6d., value, c.i.f., Marseilles.

LIVERPOOL, July 5.—SUGAR EXCHANGE.—The market opened with prices at the previous closing levels. In the absence of news from the United States owing to the holidays, there was little trade. A steady tone prevailed and sellers were reserved. Closing quotations showed an occasional gain of 1d. per cwt.

Month	Opening	Closing
July ..	6/10s.-6/9b.	6/10d.-6/9b.
August ..	6/11s.-6/10b.	6/11s.-6/10b.
October ..	7/1s.-7/0b.	7/1s.-7/0d.b.
December ..	7/4s.-7/3b.	7/4s.-7/3b.
January ..	7/5s.-7/4b.	7/5s.-7/4d.b.
March ..	7/7s.-7/6b.	7/8s.-7/7b.
May ..	7/10s.-7/9b.	7/10s.-7/9d.b.
August ..	8/1s.-8/0d.b.	8/2s.-8/1b.

METALS AND MINERALS

GLASGOW, July 5.—COAL.—Acute depression prevails in all producing areas in Scotland. So severe has been the depreciation in values over the past six months that a further marked decline could not reasonably be expected. Nevertheless, since Scottish business of late has become more and more a question of individual bargaining it was found in the past week that buyers were able to effect purchases on terms still more favourable to them. In the domestic market a number of pits in the Lanarkshire area, mainly dependent on the home demand, have decided to anticipate the July holidays by closing down now, and the date of their reopening will be determined by the prevailing conditions a few weeks hence. The coming holidays are looked forward to in all areas as a possible means of reducing stocks to more reasonable proportions, but so far no increase in demand is indicated. Lanarkshire best house coal can now be obtained at about 17s. 6d., and good house coals at 16s., all per ton, f.o.b., Glasgow.

Export business is at a minimum. The forward position, in particular, is unsatisfactory, and Poland is becoming a still more formidable rival for overseas orders. The Swedish East railways contract went partly to Poland and partly to the Tyne, and the low rates quoted for Norwegian requirements proved unavailing, all the business being secured by Poland on a much lower basis. With the potential of round coal restricted stocks are done too plentiful and quotations show an upward tendency.

Shipment prices are approximately as follows:—

Lanarkshire:—Ell best, 13s.; splint best, 15s.; splints second, 14s.; navigation, 15s. 6d. to 16s.; navigation second, 14s. 6d.; Hartley, 15s.—all per ton, f.o.b., Glasgow or Ayr. Steam, 12s. 6d.; trebles, 12s. to 12s. 6d.; doubles, 11s. 9d. to 12s.; singles, 11s. to 11s. 3d.; peasmill, 11s.; dross, 9s. 6d.—all per ton, f.o.b. Grangemouth.

Fife:—Screened navigation, 15s. 6d. to 17s. 6d.; first-class steam, 12s. 6d.; third-class steam, 10s. 3d. to 10s. 6d.; first-trebles, 13s. to 14s.; doubles, 11s. 6d.; to 12s.; singles, 11s. 6d.; peasmill, 10s. 6d.—all per ton, f.o.b. Burntisland or Methil.

Lothians:—Prime steam, 11s. 6d.; secondary steam, 11s.; trebles, 11s. 6d.; doubles, 11s. 6d.; singles, 11s. 6d.; pearls, 10s. 6d. to 10s. 9d.—all per ton, f.o.b. Leith.

Ayrshire:—Unscreened navigation, 15s.; jewel, 16s.; steam, 12s. 3d.; trebles, 12s.; doubles, 11s. 6d.; singles, 11s. 6d.; pearls, 11s.; dross, 10s. 6d.—all per ton, f.o.b. Ayr or Troon.

IRON AND STEEL.—The growing total of ship-building contracts placed on the Clyde of late has been further augmented by an order which Scott's Shipbuilding and Engineering Company, Greenock, to construct a new oil tanker, the largest built on the river, for American interests. These orders, of course, can have little immediate effect.

COTTON

LIVERPOOL, July 5.—Demand for spot cotton continued dull. Quotations of American growths were 1 point dearer; middling, 7.64d. per lb. Brazilian were 1 point up. Peruvian, fair, 9.94d. Peruvian were quiet for smooth and Tangiis. Good fair smooth, 7.94d.; good fair Tanguis, 8.19d. Egyptian were generally 15 points lower for Sakellaridis and Upper and Pillion selections 10 lower. F.g.f. Sakellaridis, 12.10d.; f.g.f. Upper, 9.56d. African were related 1 point; middling Upper, 7.54d.; good fair East, 8.16d. East Indian were unchanged; fine m.g. Broach, 5.40d.; fine No. 1 Oomra, 4.40d. per lb.

American futures opened unchanged to 2 points lower and closed quiet 1 to 2 points lower on the day.

EGYPTIAN.—The Sakellaridis contract opened 2 to 7½ points dearer, but closed quiet 1 to 7 points lower on the day. The Upper and Pillion contract closed quiet with current month 11 points and other months 4 points down. Closing values:—SAKELLARIDIS.—July, 11.08; Aug., 10.94; Sept., 10.91; Oct., 11.16; Nov., 11.26; Dec., 11.34; Jan., 11.36; Feb., 11.49; March, 11.54; April, 11.56; May, 11.59; June, 11.59. UPPER AND PILLION.—July, 8.99; Aug., 8.64; Sept., 8.49; Oct., 8.42; Nov., 8.41; Dec., 8.45; Jan., 8.52; Feb., 8.57; March, 8.63; April, 8.71; May, 8.75; June, 8.81; July, 8.81.

The Empire and miscellaneous contracts closed quiet, 2 points down. Closing values:—July, 7.04; Aug., 6.98; Sept., 6.97; Oct., 6.84; Nov., 6.85; Dec., 6.85; Jan., 6.87; Feb., 6.93; March, 6.93; April, 6.90; May, 6.96; June, 6.97; July, 6.98.

Per 480lb.	Opening values	Noon values	Closing values	Previous closing values
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
July ..	34 10	34 8	34 6	34 8
August ..	34 11	34 9	34 9	34 8
November ..	35 0	35 7	35 7	35 7
LONDON GRADE				
July ..	33 2	33 2	33 2	33 2
September ..	33 6	33 6	33 6	33 6

MAIZE was firm, with 6d. to 1s. advance asked for cargoes. La Plata, July, Aug., and Sept., 22s. 6d., sellers. Dan-Gal-Fox, shipping shipped, 22s.; Aug., 22s. 9d., sellers. Parcels were slow but dearer. La Plata, June-July, 22s. 10½d., paid; July-Aug., 22s. 9d.; Sept.-Oct., 22s. 6d.; and Oct.-Nov., 22s., quoted. Dan/Gal/Fox, July-Aug., sold at 22s. 3d. Bessarabian, 22s. 6d., sellers. Choice white Karachi, July, 34s. 7½d. sellers. Choice white Karachi, July, 34s. 7½d. Australian, 33s., paid for afloat.

The wheat futures market closed at yesterday's levels.

MANITOBA GRADE

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
July ..	7 11½		Dec. ..	8 9½	8 6¼
Aug. ..	8 2¼	8 1½			

Raw futures were quiet but steady; Aug. sold at 5s. 81d.; Dec., at 6s. 0½d.; March, at 7s. 11½d. Call (89s. beer) at 10.30 a.m.:—

Month	Sellers	Buyers	Month	Sellers	Buyers
	s. d.	s. d.		s. d.	s. d.
Aug. ..	5 8¼	5 8¼	NEW CONTRACT, RAISE 90 PER CENT., C.I.F.		
Sept. ..	5 9½	5 7½			
Oct. ..	5 11¼	5 9			
Dec. ..	6 0¾	6 0	Jan. ..	6 10½	6 8¼
			March ..	7 2¼	7 0¼
			May ..	7 5¼	7 3¼

Messrs. C. Czarnikow, Limited, give the visible supplies as follows:—

| | Date | 1930 | 1

The Estate Market

SALES THIS WEEK

INVESTMENTS

Freehold ground-rents are prominent in the auctions at the Mart to-morrow. Messrs. Rogers, Chapman and Thomas have one parcel of £235 a year, with reversions to premises in Sutton, and Stoke Newington securities of the same kind will be submitted by Messrs. Rutley, Vine, and Gurney. Camberwell and other freeholds will be sold by Messrs. P. and G. Geen. Properties, including premises hitherto used as a place of worship in Clapton, await bids through Messrs. Richard Ellis and Son. Investments of great value in Westminster, among them freeholds in Petty France and Horseferry-road, and premises in Holborn and Notting Hill-gate will be dealt with by Messrs. Farebrother, Ellis and Co.

A single item appears in each of the four lists on Wednesday. Upham House, near Petersfield, and 38 acres, will be offered by Messrs. Wilson and Co.; a Notting-hill freehold, by Messrs. Cuthbert Lake and Sutton; Shalford, Runnymede, by Messrs. Whiteman and Co. and Messrs. Stuart, Hepburn and Co.; and Wyldecroft, Wokingham, 14 acres, by Messrs. Baxter, Payne and Lepper and Messrs. Simmons and Sons.

City freeholds and freehold ground-rents of large amount in Fore-street, a freehold near Piccadilly-circus, and seven acres of building land at Ealing will be sold by Messrs. Garrett, White and Poland on Thursday. An Edgware factory and another in Feltham are for disposal by Messrs. Henry Butcher and Co. Leasehold ground-rents in Islington and a freehold shop in Pentonville-road, King's Cross, are for sale by Messrs. C. C. and T. Moore. A long and important list of Clapton, Homerton, and other London investments, with Essex seaside property and sites in Broxbourne, is to be realized by Messrs. Bunch and Duke, on behalf of executors. To-day, at Cirencester, Lady Durand's Croft House estate will come under the hammer of Messrs. Norfolk and Prior.

The auction of Norfolk House was to have been held to-morrow at St. James's-square by Messrs. Hampton and Sons, but it has been deferred by order of the Duke of Norfolk for a fortnight. Remaining for sale to-morrow by the firm are four houses, No. 14, Mulberry-walk, Chelsea; another Chelsea property, a freehold, Sun House, on the Embankment, the joint agents being Messrs. Hobson, Richards, and Co.; No. 9, Connaught-square, Hyde Park; and No. 9, York-gate, Regent's Park. Next Thursday, at Uxbridge, Messrs. Hampton and Sons will sell 14 lots of building land on Harefield Place estate, having 5,500ft. of developed frontage. They have sold The Firs, Wimbledon Common, before auction, and they are to offer Kinellan, Wimbledon, nearly three acres, by order of executors, on July 22.

Tankerton-on-Sea sites will be purchasable next Wednesday at an "upset" price of 8s. a foot of frontage, through Messrs. J. T. Reeves and Son, the Whitstable-on-Sea agents.

To-morrow in Inverness, Inshes, 1,185 acres, will be submitted by Messrs. Knight, Frank and Rutley, who have Herne Bay and Worcester Park properties for sale on Thursday at Hanover-square.

AUCTION SUMMARY

PROPERTY (TOWN, SUBURBAN, AND COUNTRY) SALE THIS DAY

Auctioneers	Place of Sale	Description
Norfolk and Prior	King's Head Hotel, Cirencester (3.0)	Country Property

FURNITURE, WORKS OF ART, &c. SALES THIS DAY

Kirkpatrick, Thomson and Co.	Springkell Mansion House, near Kirtlebridge, Dumfriesshire (10.30)	Furniture, China, &c.
Sotheby and Co.	34-5, New Bond-street, W. (1.0)	Rare Books and Manuscripts.
Christie, Manson and Woods	King-street, St. James's, S.W.1. (1.0)	Pictures.
H. E. Harner	8-9, Old Bond-street, W. (2.30)	Rare Postage Stamps.
John D. Wood and Co.	Kyre Park, Tenbury Wells, Worcester (—)	Old English Furniture.
W. R. Huscomb	Caldew House, Piccadilly, W. (—)	Antique Furniture.

From The Times of 1830

WEDNESDAY, JULY 7, 1830. Price 7d.

"GOD SAVE THE KING."—We are almost overwhelmed with new versions of this song: we find room for one verse of one of them:—

Fame let thy trumpet sound,
Tell all the world around,
William is King;
Tell all with joyful strains
William now rules the main,
Long may he peace maintain,
God save the King.

* * *

With scarcely more than three exceptions, out of 11 individuals there is no member of the existing Cabinet who combines the power of striking elocution with the virtues of temper and discretion, so as to fit him for explaining what may be obscure in any question, and for defending and enforcing a disputed proposition, without entailing mischief on his own friends. Lord Ellenborough has indeed the faculty of speech, but he has the misfortune so to employ it, that his silence is the most valuable service he can ever, as a senator, perform.

ROTHAMSTED REPORT FOR 1929

The report for 1929 published from Rothamsted Experimental Station, Harpenden, Herts (the Secretary, 2s. 6d.), is an instructive volume, as might be expected. It records the work in hand at the great centre of experimentation and research during the year mentioned, and perusal of its pages will indicate usefully the scope and character of the investigations and practical work undertaken. The programme at Rothamsted is comprehensive, and farmers of all classes would do well to study the accounts of the work contained in this unpretentious but important volume.

DECLARATION OF DIVIDENDS

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

CITY of BERGEN FOUR per CENT. LOAN of 1913. The COUPONS falling due on the 15th July, 1930, on these Bonds may be presented for PAYMENT between the hours of 10 and 2 (Saturdays excepted), at Hambros Bank Limited, 41, Bishopsgate, E.C.2, where lists may be obtained.
Coupons must be left three clear days for examination.
41, Bishopsgate, E.C.2. 7th July, 1930.

THE VERA CRUZ TERMINAL COMPANY, Limited. 4½ Per Cent. DEBENTURES to BEARER and CERTIFICATES of DEPOSIT THEREFOR.
Notice is hereby given that the HALF-YEARLY INTEREST payment, due 15th July, 1930, will be paid on and after the 15th instant at the dividend office of Messrs. Morgan, Grenfell and Co., 23, Great Winchester-street, London, E.C.2, where lists may be obtained.
Holders of certificates of deposit must leave their certificates for examination; Debenture holders who have deposited must lodge Coupon No. 44. Three clear days are required for examination of certificates of deposit and its coupons.

C. TENNANT, Secretary.
The Vera Cruz Terminal Company, Ltd., 1, Broad Street-place, E.C.2. 7th July, 1930.

MISCELLANEOUS FINANCIAL

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

CITY of VINA DEL MAR (CHILE) 5 per Cent. GUARANTEED BONDS.
The Midland Bank Limited announce that £3,940 of the above Bonds have been redeemed by purchase.

THE HOTEL CECIL, Limited.
FOUR per CENT. DEBENTURE STOCK.

NOTICE OF REPAYMENT.
Notice is hereby given to the holders of the Four per Cent. Debenture Stock of The Hotel Cecil, Limited, that the Stock will be paid off at par, together with accrued interest, on or after the 31st instant, at the offices of the Trustees, The Debenture Corporation, Limited, Worcester House, Walbrook, London, E.C.4, on surrender of the Debenture Stock Certificate, together with a receipt for the amount due.
For and on behalf of
THE DEBENTURE CORPORATION, Limited,
Trustees for the Four per Cent. Debenture Stockholders.
8th July, 1930. G. T. WITTHAUS, Secretary.

COMPANY MEETING NOTICES

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

CANADA LAND and IRRIGATION COMPANY, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the EIGHTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the above-named Company will be held at Winchester House (Hall No. 37), Old Broad-street, London, E.C.2, on Wednesday, the 16th day of July, 1930, at 12 o'clock noon, to receive the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended 31st December, 1929, to elect Auditors and to transact the ordinary business of the Company.
By Order of the Board.
A. J. REDDAWAY, Secretary.
Finsbury-court, Finsbury-pavement, London, E.C.2. 7th July, 1930.

THE STANDARD BANK of SOUTH AFRICA Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the ONE HUNDRED AND SEVENTEENTH ORDINARY MEETING will be held at the Cannon-street Hotel, Cannon-street, in the City of London, on Wednesday, the 23rd day of July, 1930, at 12.30 o'clock p.m., to receive the accounts to 31st March last, with a Report of the Directors, to declare a Dividend and Bonus, to elect Directors and Auditors, and for general purposes.
By Order,
T. D. WILLIAMS, Secretary.
10, Clements-lane, Lombard-street, London, E.C.4. 7th July, 1930.

THE ORIENTAL CARPET MANUFACTURERS, Limited.
NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.
Notice is hereby given that the EIGHTEENTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the Company's Offices in Smyrna (Alsandjak), on Wednesday, 30th July, 1930, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for the following purposes:—
(a) To receive the Directors' Report and the Annual Balance Sheet for the year ended 31st December, 1929.
(b) To declare a dividend recommended by the Directors.
(c) To re-elect the Directors retiring by rotation.
(d) To sanction the payment of £200 to each Director, as remuneration for services to the Company during the year 1929.
(e) To elect Auditors for the coming year and fix their remuneration.
Bearers of Share Warrants who are desirous of attending or of being represented at the above Meeting, and of voting and exercising the other privileges of a Member thereat, must deposit their Warrants at least 12 clear days before the above date, that is, up to and including the 17th July, 1930, at:—
SMYRNA:—The Offices of the Company (Alsandjak).
PARIS:—Crédit Mobilier Français, 30/32, Rue Taitbout.
By Order of the Board.
C. MOLINARI, Secretary.

TRANSFER BOOKS

4 lines 20s. (minimum)

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that the REGISTERS of HOLDERS of the THREE per CENT. NEW DEBENTURE STOCK and the THREE and a HALF per CENT. DEBENTURE STOCK will be CLOSED from Monday, the 14th day of July, to Saturday, the 2nd day of August, 1930, both days inclusive.
By Order,
C. G. YOUNG, Secretary.
73/76, King William-street, London, E.C.4. 3rd July, 1930.

FLOWER and SONS, Limited, Stratford-on-Avon.
FOUR per CENT. IRREDEEMABLE DEBENTURE STOCK.—In order to prepare the dividend due on the 31st inst., the BALANCES will be STRUCK on the evening of the 14th inst. The Stock will be transferable ex-dividend on the 15th inst.
LLOYDS BANK, Limited.
39, Threadneedle-street, E.C. July 7th, 1930.

HOARE and COMPANY, Limited.
FINAL DIVIDEND.
Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS and REGISTER of MEMBERS will be CLOSED from the 11th July, 1930, to 25th July, 1930, both days inclusive, for the purpose of preparing the dividend warrants.
By Order of the Board,
Red Lion Brewery, St. Katharine's-way, E.1. ED. LAING, Secretary.

NATIONAL DISCOUNT COMPANY, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 5th July to the 17th July, 1930, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board,
CHARLES HENRY GOUGH, Secretary.
35, Cornhill, E.C.3. 4th June, 1930.

SOUTH METROPOLITAN GAS COMPANY.
Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS relating to the Ordinary and Preference Stocks of this Company will be CLOSED on the 16th of July instant until the 23rd July instant.
Warrants for an Interim Dividend on the Ordinary Stock will be forwarded by post on the 22nd September, and on the Preference Stock on the 30th September, to those Proprietors, or their Authorized Agents, who were the holders of the Stock when the Transfer Books were closed.
By Order,
FRANK DAY, Secretary.
Offices, 709, Old Kent-road, S.E.15. 5th July, 1930.

WHITBREAD and COMPANY, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Four-and-a-Half per Cent. "B" Debenture Stock and the Four-and-a-Half per Cent. Preferred Ordinary Shares respectively of the above Company will be CLOSED from the 17th to the 31st inst., both days inclusive, in order to prepare the Interest and Dividend on the said Stock and Shares, payable on 1st August, 1930.
By Order of the Board,
C. H. ADAMS, Secretary.
Brewery, Chiswell-street, London, E.C.1. 7th July, 1930.

DRAWING OF BONDS

4 lines 16s. (minimum)

ROYAL SIAMESE GOVERNMENT 6 per CENT. STERLING LOAN of 1924 for £3,000,000

Notice is hereby given that in conformity with the stipulations contained in the Bonds of this Loan, the following BONDS were DRAWN on July 2nd, 1930, at National Provincial Bank Limited, London, in the presence of Luang Bahiddha Nukara, First Secretary of the Siamese Legation and of Mr. P. F. Mattocks (of the firm of John Venn and Sons), Notary Public:—

The Bonds thus drawn will become due for redemption at par on October 15th, 1930, when interest thereon will cease to accrue.

18 "A" BONDS of £50 EACH.

129	141	662	709	807	914	1017
1056	1138	1144	1165	1209	1265	1367
1386	1389	1608	1774			

180 "B" BONDS of £100 each.

2270	2299	2405	2625	2700	2711	2783
2792	2815	2872	2891	3042	3048	3474
3839	3859	3952	3998	4016	4103	4165
4210	4247	4510	4836	4847	5038	5081
5135	5204	5288	5406	5453	5577	5721
5851	6081	6094	6127	6160	6660	6792
7006	7076	7228	7402	7474	7559	7573
7817	7854	7919	7932	7980	7990	8043
8141	8655	8674	8820	9037	9132	9273
9281	9429	9454	9461	9545	9673	9735
9830	10118	10156	10157	10185	10247	10273
10386	10406	10445	10547	10613	11146	11148
11372	11400	11577	11601	11716	11835	11871
12057	12436	12767	12789	12951	13093	13229
13448	13620	13694	13717	13740	13876	14148
14155	14431	14471	14528	14605	14642	14739
14787	14995	15001	15151	15161	15209	15367
15388	15446	15595	15675	15868	15894	15999
16162	16316	16347	16611	16650	16675	16708
16918	16990	17325	17403	17455	17474	17528
17564	17570	17803	17853	17898	17999	18149
18168	18395	18467	18677	18689	18725	18782
18913	18922	19097	19158	19369	19473	19613
19729	19810	19943	20052	20055	20140	20184
20190	20606	20942	21008	21095	21262	21510
21615	21645	21687	21906	21959		

8 "C" BONDS of £500 each.

22084	22164	22377	22437	22480	22575	22645
22870					

4 "D" BONDS of £1,000 each.

23008	23087	23202	23290	

For NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK Limited,
H. J. SEDGWICK, Registrar.
15, Bishopsgate, London, E.C.2. July 7th, 1930.
N.B.—Printed lists of the numbers of the Bonds drawn may be obtained upon application at the above address.

THE OTTOMAN GAS COMPANY, Limited.
Notice is hereby given that on Monday, the 21st July, 1930, at 2 p.m., at the Registered Offices of the Company, Nos. 59 and 60, Gracechurch-street, London, E.C.3, FOURTEEN DEBENTURES of the Company of £100 each will be DRAWN for REDEMPTION on the 31st July, 1930.
C. J. DAUN, Secretary.

LEGAL NOTICES

4 lines 8s. (minimum)

CATHARINE ANNE WARNER Deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925. Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of CATHARINE ANNE WARNER late of 32, Princes Gardens, Ealing in the County of Middlesex, Widow, Deceased, who died on the 22nd day of January, 1930, and whose will and Codicil was proved in the Principal Registry of the Probate Duties and Estate Duty Office of His Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 31st day of March 1930 by Lady Marianne Amelia Warner and Cecil Waller the Executors therein named, are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims or demands to us, the undersigned as Solicitors for the said Executor, on or before the eighteenth day of September 1930, after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the debts, claims and demands of which they shall then have had notice, and they will not be liable for the assets of the said Deceased or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands they shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 4th day of July 1930.
J. R. WELCH, SON & ALGAR, 22, Martin Lane, Cannon Street London E.C.4 Solicitors for the said Executors.

IN the HIGH COURT of JUSTICE. Probate Divorce and Admiralty Division. The Principal Probate Registry. In the Estate of JOSEPH CLARKE McPHERSON Deceased. Notice is hereby given that after the expiration of eight days APPLICATION will be made in the Principal Probate Registry of the High Court of Justice in the HEALING of the PROBATE of the WILL and CODICIL of JOSEPH CLARKE McPHERSON late of Plymouth Montserrat British West Indies Indies deceased by the Supreme Court of the Leeward Island at Montserrat on the 19th day of March 1930.
DURRANT COOPER & HAMBLING 70-71 Gracechurch Street, London, E.C.3. Solicitors for Barclays Bank (Dominion Colonial and Overseas), the Attorneys of the Executor.

MISS ALICE MAUD CROMPTON Deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act, 1925. Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of ALICE MAUD CROMPTON late of 52 Royal Parade, Eastbourne in the County of Sussex Spinster who died there on the 29th day of April 1930 and whose Will was proved in the District Probate Registry on the 19th day of June 1930 by Roderick Hamilton Parsons and Frank Lindsay Sutton both of 8 and 9 Great James Street, Bedford Row, London, W.C.1, Solicitors, the Executors named in the said Will are hereby required to send the particulars in writing of their claims and demands to the undersigned, the Solicitors for the said Executors, on or before the 10th day of September 1930, after which date the said Executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said Deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which we shall then have had notice; and will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person or persons of whose claims or demands we shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 26th day of June, 1930.
FRANK DAY & SUTTON, 8 & 9 Great James Street, Bedford Row, W.C.1. Solicitors for the said Executors.

THE COMPANIES ACT. In the Matter of THOMPSON & WOOLFE Limited.
WINDING-UP ORDER MADE 23rd June, 1930.
DATE and PLACE of 1st MEETINGS:—
Creditors 15th July, 1930, at 33 Carey Street, Lincoln's Inn, London, W.C. at 11.30 o'clock.
Contributories on the same day and at the same place at 12.0 o'clock.
G. D. PEPYS, Senior Official Receiver and Provisional Liquidator, 33, Carey Street, London, W.C.2.
4th July, 1930.

LEGAL NOTICES (continued)

IN the Matter of the COMPANIES ACT 1929 and In the Matter of REYS Limited. Notice is hereby given pursuant to Section 228 of the Companies Act 1929 that a MEETING of the CREDITORS of the above named Company will be held at 173 Great Portland Street, London W.1, on Wednesday the 16th day of July 1930 at 10.15 o'clock in the forenoon for the purposes provided in sections 239 and 240.
F. STEVENS Secretary.

RE ANDREW MELROSE Deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act, 1925. Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any claims or demands against the Estate of ANDREW MELROSE deceased, late of 2 South Street, Thurloe Square, Kensington in the County of London Publisher, who died on the 6th day of November 1928 and to whose Estate Letters of Administration were granted on the 30th day of May 1930 to John Leo Henderson Miller of 156 Earl's Court Road in the said County of London as legal personal representative of the late Reverend Edward Miller, a creditor of the said deceased, are required to send particulars in writing of their claims to us, the undersigned, on or before the 1st day of October 1930 after which date the said Administrator will distribute the Estate, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.
Dated this 4th day of July 1930.
PRESTON & FOSTER, Craig's Court House, Charing Cross, S.W.1, Solicitors for the said Administrator.

RE the REVEREND JOHN HENDERSON Deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925. Notice is hereby given that all CREDITORS and other persons having any debts, claims or demands against the estate of the REVEREND JOHN HENDERSON late of Great Bircham Rectory Great Bircham in the County of Norfolk, Clerk in Holy Orders deceased, who died on the 23rd day of June, 1930, and whose Will was proved in the Principal Probate Registry of His Majesty's High Court of Justice on the 25th day of June, 1930, by Helen Arundel Henderson, the Sole Executrix, are hereby requested to send in particulars of their debts, claims and demands to us, the undersigned, the Solicitors for the said Executrix, on or before the 30th day of September 1930, after which date the said Executrix will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims and demands of which we shall then have had notice; and will not be liable for the assets of the said deceased, or any part thereof, so distributed, to any person or persons of whose debts, claims or demands we shall not then have had notice.
Dated this 2nd day of July, 1930.
TAYLORS GARRARD & HENDERSON 23 and 23A, Petty Curr, Cambridge. Solicitors for the said Executrix.

WILLIAM JACKSON Deceased. Pursuant to the Trustee Act 1925. All persons having any CLAIMS or DEMANDS against the ESTATE of WILLIAM JACKSON late of Mosman, New South Wales, formerly of 46 Martin Road, Centennial Park, Sydney, New South Wales, Journalist and on the Reuters Hotel, London, W.1 (who died on the 22nd September 1929 and Probate of whose Will was granted by the Principal Probate Registry on the 17th June 1930 to the Public Trustee, the Executor of the deceased's British Estate) are hereby required to send particulars thereof in writing to us the undersigned Solicitors for the said Executor on or before the 10th September 1930 after which date the said Executor will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the persons entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which notice shall then have been received.
Dated this 4th day of July 1930.
PEARCE & NICHOLLS, 12 New Court, Lincolns Inn, London.

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE

3 lines 3s. (minimum); Agencies 2s. per line (minimum 4 lines)

LONDON AND SUBURBS

A Bare Minute Paddington Station.—Burn's Chambers, 31, Leicester-gardens, W.2.—Comfortable BOARD-RESIDENCE from 3½ gns.; excellent food. Padd. 4230.

HYDE PARK, W.—BARE MINUTE LANCASTER-GATE or PADDINGTON STATIONS.—A nicely appointed newly decorated Residence for Business or Professional Men; two brilliant tables, card rooms, music room; 70 attractive bed rooms (gas fires, slot meters), 15 bath rooms; constant hot water. Inclusive terms (no lunch) according to room; 2 gns. per week. Kens. 6100.

A BARE MINUTE LANCASTER-GATE or PADDINGTON STATIONS.—A nicely appointed newly decorated Residence for Business or Professional Men; two brilliant tables, card rooms, music room; 70 attractive bed rooms (gas fires, slot meters), 15 bath rooms; constant hot water. Inclusive terms (no lunch) according to room; 2 gns. per week. Kens. 6100.

A An attractive ground-floor BED-SITTING ROOM, 2 min. Lancaster-gate Tube; breakfast, bath, light, attendance, 2 gns.—Apply Redfern, 71, Gloucester-terrace, Hyde Park.

APARTMENTS delightful position CAMPDEN HILL, close Kensington Gardens. Large, airy, well furnished house. Excellent cooking and attendance.—Western 6972.

ARMY & NAVY.

1, QUEEN'S-GARDENS, LANCASTER-GATE, W.2. Three minutes two Tubes, buses and Hyde Park; exceptional table, meals well cooked and daintily served; four reception rooms; box-spring beds; gas fires in all bedrooms; constant hot water; central service terms; single from £3 18s. 6d., double, 7, 8, and 9 guineas; daily from 12s. 6d. Bed, breakfast, bath, 8s. Padd. 3528.

A 4, COURTFIELD-GARDENS, S.W.5.—DOUBLE and SINGLE BED-SITTING ROOMS; breakfast; meals optional. Gloucester-road Station. Frob. 4893.

THE NORFOLK.

AT KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2.—42 BED ROOMS (all gas fires); full board from 45s. 6d. Two large first-floor double, with balcony. Park 3401.

THE QUEENS.

AT 66-88, KENSINGTON GARDENS-SQUARE, W.2. Direct entrance to garden; billiards, full-size Thurston table; personally owned, supervised by ex-Highland officer. Something out of the ordinary. From 6s. 6d. daily.

AT 35, COLLINGHAM-ROAD, SOUTH KENSINGTON.

Three minutes from Gloucester-road Station.
Beautiful, bright, newly decorated BED-SITTING ROOMS and SUITES in a fine corner residence. Furnished with Eastern carpets, pure hair mattresses, lovely and substantial antique and modern furniture, ample wardrobe accommodation; plenty of bath rooms, with constant hot water; valeting and mending; moderate terms.

AT 14, BEAUMONT-STREET, PORTLAND-PLACE, W.1; newly decorated, charming bed-sitting rooms with board from 3½gns.; constant hot water. Welbeck 1966.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

ATTRACTIVE ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS, double and single; divan beds; cookers; meals optional; from 25s. to £3 3s. Exceptionally artistic ground-floor Flatlet, with own convenience; near Gloucester-road Station. 20 bus.—12, Bina-gardens. Kens. 8694.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS. Single 28s., Double (large), 35s., including divan beds, gas fires, central heating, electric light, and hot baths; C.H.W. Western 1256 (close Gloucester-road Tube); and 14, Emperor's-gate (adjoining). Western 0266.

ATTRACTIVELY FURNISHED ONE-ROOM SERVICE FLATS, single, double 16s. each person, including service, electric light, constant hot water and hot baths; C.H.W. and lifts. Divan and concealed beds, washstands, fitted wardrobes, gas fires, rinses, running hot and cold water in every room; central heating; lounge; and Baywater Court, St. Stephen's-road, W.2. Park 9900.

PHYLLIS CHAMBERS.
BACHELOR'S comfortable BED-SITTING ROOMS, each fitted with hot and cold running water, French fast, baths, light and attendance at moderate inclusive terms.
48, Inverness-terrace, Hyde Park, W.2.
Tele., Park 5097.

BACHELOR'S FURNISHED SUITE; bed room, sitting room, bath room; also bed-sitting room; breakfast only.—25, Brynaston-street, W. Mayfair 5063.

56, LANCASTER-GATE, W.2.

BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED FLATLETS (ladies only). Suit students or professional women catering for themselves. All rooms have hot and cold water, constant hot water, and cooker. Central heating. All hot water, baths, and service inclusive. 25s. to 30s.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.

BEAUTIFULLY Furnished DRAWING ROOM and BED ROOM adjoining in exclusive residential quarter; private phone; meals served in own rooms as required; extra room available.—Phone Kens. 5745.

RADNOR CHAMBERS,

23, INVERNESS-TERRACE, HYDE PARK, W.2.
BED-SITTING ROOMS unfurnished, newly decorated and with constant hot water; meals optional; use of car and service house for week-ends.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, newly decorated, with breakfast, for gentlemen in lady's house; 30s. to 2gns.; dinner optional; mending service; close Earl's Court.—56, Harcourt-terrace, S.W.10. Flax 1770.

BED-SITTING ROOMS, just opened; hot and cold water in all rooms, up-to-date furnishings and decorations; ample bath rooms; exceptionally light and airy, facing South and West; single from 35s., including breakfast.—Cambridge-terrace, Hyde Park. Ambassador 2942.

APARTMENTS AND BOARD-RESIDENCE

BELGRAVE-SQUARE. — Superior BACHELOR APARTMENTS; valeting, hot baths, electric light, gas fires, telephone; 10 minutes Victoria, three minutes Hyde Park Corner.—26, Motcomb-street, Belgrave-square, S.W.1.

BOARD-RESIDENCE. — Excellent rooms and convenience; gas fires; very central; terms moderate.—58, Gower-street, W.C.1. Museum 9351.

CAVENDISH-SQUARE (near).—Large, WELL-FURNISHED BED-SITTING ROOMS; every convenience.—Phone, Welbeck 4985.

CAVENDISH-SQUARE, near.—Comfortably FURNISHED SERVICE SUITE: suit two persons; private bath. Also bed-sitting room; every modern convenience.—Welbeck 3571.

CHARMING CAMPDEN HILL.—Excellent Furnished Rooms (double and single), with breakfast and bath from 35s. per week.—10, Observatory-gardens, W.8.

CHELSEA.—BED-SITTING ROOM, large front; use of dining room, attendance; electric light, 'phone, hot and cold bath; superior; 30s.; four minutes Sloane-square Underground.—4, Smith-street.

CLEVELAND COURT.

NO EXTRAS.
16, 17, LEINSTER-GARDENS, LANCASTER-GATE, W.2.
Beautifully equipped, high-class residential; every comfort; running water, gas fires all bed rooms. From 3gns. single, 5½gns. double.—Phone, Padd. 3976.

COLEHERNE CHAMBERS.

9, WEST BOLTON-GARDENS, S. KENSINGTON.
Newly opened. Ground-floor suite and bed-sitting rooms, all fitted constant hot water, gas fires; with breakfast. Charming house. Terms moderate. Most convenient. Four mins. Earl's Court Station.—Kelvin 9291.

HAMPSTEAD (West).—BED-SITTING ROOM for business lady or gentleman in well-appointed house; geyser bath; telephone; moderate terms.—5, Birchington-road, N.W.6 (off West End-lane).

HAMPSTEAD (best part).—Attractively FURNISHED; Garden; 7 minute train, bus, 20 minutes Circus, West End.—12, Netherhall-gardens, Hampstead 8744.

HARRINGTON HALL,

11, HARRINGTON-GARDENS, S. KENSINGTON.
Terms, 3-4gns.; and at 42-44, Harrington-gardens, from 2½gns. See also Hotel Cobham on Page Two.

HYDE PARK CHAMBERS: Unfurnished; newly decorated SINGLE BED-SITTING ROOMS; morning hot and cold water; meals optional.—Apply Secretary, 19, Inverness-terrace, W.2. Close Park. Park 5298.

HYDE PARK. CAMBRIDGE RESIDENTIAL CHAMBERS, 6 and 7, Cambridge-terrace, W.2.—BED-SITTING ROOMS fitted hot and cold water, gas fires; excellent breakfast, bath, light, and service, from 35s.; double 3gns.; other meals as required. Padd. 0051.

61, OXFORD-TERRACE, W.2.

HYDE PARK.—Just opened, newly decorated; BED-SITTING ROOMS, from 21s.; breakfast optional; gas fires, geyser bath. Padd. 9785.

HYDE PARK.—37, CAMBRIDGE-TERRACE, close parts; full or partial board, best English food. Padd. 2144.

KENSINGTON HIGH-STREET (near).—Excellent and SERVICE SUITES, with bath rooms, for business and professional men; within ½ hour of City and West End; constant hot water; meals optional. Highly recommended.—Western 3419.

HAMPSTEAD.

LINDORES.—Delightful spacious rooms; good cuisine; partial board.—23, Belsize-park. (Primrose 2919.)

MAYFAIR.—FURNISHED SERVICE SUITE; good cooking; valeting; telephone; second bed room if required.—33, Clarges-street.

MODERN BED-SITTING ROOMS, 2gns. each, including breakfast, attendance, baths; dinner room optional.—83, Redcliffe-gardens, Earl's Court. Flax. 5228.

MONTROSE, SOUTH SIDE, CLAPHAM COMMON, W.4.—Over 100 rooms, beautifully situated in four acres of grounds overlooking the Common; every modern convenience and comfort; tennis, billiards; garage. Tele., Brixton 2803. Trams and omnibuses pass. Tube five minutes. Room, breakfast, late dinner, full Sundays. Terms: £2 2s. PER WEEK. No extras.

AT
NEW MANSION RESIDENTIAL,
38, 39, and 40, LANCASTER-GATE, HYDE PARK, LONDON.
FIRST-CLASS RESIDENTIAL ESTABLISHMENT overlooking beautiful Kensington Gardens. Central for all parts of London. Gas and electric fires. Hot and cold running water in every bed room. Nothing but the best English food served. Special terms for families. FULL BOARD from £2 12s. 6d. weekly (or 15s. 6d. daily). Bed room, table d'hôte breakfast, bath, light, and attendance, 7s. 6d. per day. Telephone, Paddington 1008.

OAK-HILL, SURBITON.

"OAKENSHAW."—Two acres beautiful grounds; 5min. station, 20 Waterloo; every comfort and convenience, constant hot water; individual attention; garage; near golf, river; from 2½gns. inclusive. Illustrated brochure.

PAYING GUESTS RECEIVED, DRAYTON HALL, West DRAYTON, MIDDLESEX. Charming Georgian house, standing in beautiful private grounds of 25 acres; old-world gardens; two tennis courts, hard courts next, golf 2½ miles; poultry farm, own vegetables and fruit; gravel soil; gas fires; central heating; constant hot water; electric light; garages; good trains, Paddington 20mins.; terms moderate.—Phone W. Drayton 49.

PORTMAN-SQUARE (Just off).

Aristocratic street; high-class Furnished SERVICE SUITES; private baths; 'phones; French chef, full breakfast; 6gns.; bed-sitting room, 2gns.—Welbeck 2954.

REGENT'S PARK.—Self-contained BED-SITTING ROOMS, with service, from 2½gns.; children accepted; restaurant or private meals.—Phone Primrose 2854, or write Miss Dunbar, 11, St. George's-terrace, N.W.1.

EXCELLENT ROOMS NEAR BAKER-STREET.
SCOTCH Lady.—24, Upper Gloucester-place, Dorset-square. Padd. 6334.

SERVICE SUITES, well FURNISHED, fitted hot and cold water; bed room, sitting room, bath; 'phone; 3gns.; meals as required.—30, Oxford-terrace, Hyde Park. Padd. 7535.

38, EMPEROR'S-GATE.
SOUTH KENSINGTON, close Gloucester-road Station. Select, quiet, no traffic; gas fires; from 2½gns., double 4½gns. Western 3746.

SOUTH KENSINGTON, 4, QUEENSBERRY-PLACE (facing Museums).—ROOMS, Furnished or not; gas fires, geyser baths, 'phone; quiet tenants essential.

SURBITON, MOUNTCOOMBE.

High elevation, bracing air; home comforts; present party 45; everything best; 52s. 6d., annexe from 42s.; board-residence inclusive; grass, also hard tennis courts; billiards; lovely grounds; garages.—'Phone, Elmbridge 1265.

SUTHERLAND HOUSE,

SURBITON.—From 2½gns. GENTLEMEN ONLY. A combination of Home and Club Life. Best ENGLISH FOOD; billiards; en-tout-cas courts; garage; baths; personal linen prepared gratis. Brochure on application. (Kingston 0396.)

THE MANOR.

32, 34, and 36, WESTBOURNE-TERRACE, W.2.
Within three minutes of Kensington Gardens. Buses and Tube Railways to all parts of London. A homely, comfortable establishment of exceptional merit. An ideal establishment for residence where every attention to individual requirements and prompt service are rendered. Fortnightly dances.
Visitors' friends invited (no charge).
SEVEN LARGE PUBLIC ROOMS.
BED ROOMS LETTED WITH HOT AND COLD WATER AND GAS FIRES.
BILLIARDS, BRIDGE, WIRELESS.
LIFT TO ALL FLOORS.
INCLUSIVE MODERATE TERMS. NO EXTRAS.
Full board-residence, light, attendance, and baths. Single from 3½gns., double from 6½gns. per week.
For tariff apply Manageress or 'phone Paddington 4556.

THREE well FURNISHED ROOMS to be LET in private house; breakfast if desired; Hyde Park district. Moderate. Padd. 1784.—Write Box 05059, The Times, 72, Regent-street, W.1.

VICTORIA.

TWO BED-SITTING ROOMS, with breakfasts, for business gentlemen in lady's private house, five minutes Victoria Station; every comfort and convenience.—Windsor House, 167, Hugh-street, S.W.1. Vic. 6391.

WIDOW wishes RECEIVE in select home some PAYING GUESTS; easy to reach City and West End.—58, Castletown-road, Barons Court.

THE ABERCORN,

1, KENSINGTON GAR

FLATS AND CHAMBERS
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

LONDON AND SUBURBS

JUST OPEN.
FURNISHED FLATS,
with most comprehensive service.
CHESTERFIELD COURT,
1, CHESTERFIELD GARDENS, CURZON-STREET, MAYFAIR, W.1.
FEW FLATS ONLY REMAINING.
The furnishings are costly and in modern taste; everything new; telephone in each room; luxuriously fitted bath room; catering and service equal best hotels. Rent, including service, valeting, light, etc., single £5 5s., double from £10 10s. weekly.
Booklet illustrated by HANSLIP FLETCHER posted free.
Telephone: Mayfair 3717 (three lines).

WAY & WALLER,
For all the best flats.
5, Hanover-square, W.1. Mayfair 8022 (10 lines).

CAVENDISH-SQUARE.
Rental only £350 per annum.
EXTREMELY FINE FLAT in exclusive building overlooking the square gardens. Three bed rooms and extra maid's bed room outside flat, two large reception rooms, lounge hall, bath room, and domestic offices; passenger lift; constant hot water; partial central heating, &c. Mayfair 8022 (Extn. 4).
WAY and WALLER, 5, Hanover-square, W.1.

HANOVER-SQUARE.
Excellent outlook over pleasant gardens.
WELL-FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT in favoured building. Double bed room, reception room and modern bath room; passenger lift; constant hot water; break-chess service and cuisine. Rental 10gns. per week, including full service. Mayfair 8022 (Extn. 5).
WAY and WALLER, 5, Hanover-square, W.1.

LOWNDES-SQUARE (adjoining).—Attractive and well-decorated MAISONNETTE to be LET, comprising five bed rooms, two reception rooms, kitchen and two bath rooms. Rent £375 per annum and small premium.

MAYFAIR.—Light, quiet and airy GROUND FLOOR FLAT to be LET. Accommodation comprises three bed rooms, one reception room (panelled), kitchen and bath room. Rent £326 per annum inclusive. Good lease. Moderate premium.
For particulars of the above apply JACKSON STOPS and STAFF, Slough House, 16, Queen-street, Mayfair, W.1. Gros. 2344/5.

AT 213, PICCADILLY.—Self-contained FLATLET. Furnished; ideal gentleman or lady; service. Regent 4970, or call, 11 to 9. Mrs. Gethin, 2nd floor.

ATTRACTIVE newly FURNISHED redecorated SERVICE SUITES; cuisine optional. From 2gns.—14, Linden-gardens, Bayswater, W. (Park 2377.)

ATTRACTIVE SERVICE FLAT; reception, two bed rooms, bath room; constant hot water, telephone; 2½gns.—58, Hogarth-road, Kensington. Frobisher 3762.

ADELPHI.—Overlooking the river; charming newly-decorated FLAT to be LET FURNISHED. Rent £225 a year for term of two years.—BOREHAM and Co., 10, John-street, Adelphi, W.C.2.

18, LINDEN-GARDENS, W.2.
AN UNFURNISHED SERVICE SUITE is now available in this very quiet and attractive house. RECENTLY ENTIRELY REORGANIZED AND NOW UNDER THE PERSONAL SUPERVISION OF THE RESIDENT PROPRIETRESS; excellent service and catering. Phone, Park 7044.

A Lady will LET daintily FURNISHED FLAT, one minute RITZ; bed room, reception, kitchen and bath room. Ideal for bachelor or couple. 6gns.—Keys WARD and DAVIS, 93, Mortimer-street, W.1. Langham 3087/8.

A Lady of Title is prepared to LET FURNISHED her luxurious MAYFAIR FLAT at less than the unfurnished rent.—Agents, H. LIDINGTON and Co., 87, Duke-street, Grosvenor-square, W.1. Mayfair 0737.

A FURNISHED FLAT, with beautiful views over Hyde Park and in one of the best buildings at Knightsbridge, to be LET for three or six months; two reception rooms, three bed rooms, bath room, kitchen; passenger lift; porters, &c. Rent 10 to 12 guineas per week, according to period.—Apply Messrs. KING and KING, 15, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tele. Nos., Sloane 2294 (three lines).

A FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT to be LET, just out of St. James's-street, consisting of sitting room, bed room and bath room, or could be let as bed-sitting room and bed room; first-class service.—Apply Steward, 61, Jermyn-street, St. James, S.W.1. 'Phone, Gerrard 1550.

BACHELOR'S FURNISHED SUITE. SELF-CONTAINED; sitting room, bed room, bath room; self-acting lift; good attendance.—Apply 3, Ryder-street, St. James's, or Mr. H. Sharmon, 10, Norris-street, Haymarket, S.W.1.

BAKER-STREET, MAYFAIR, &c.—Principal Agents for all available FLATS, S. and S. FREEMAN, Ltd., 1, Baker-street, W.1. Welbeck 2975.

CAMDEN HILL (near KENSINGTON GARDENS).—
£160 P.A. UPPER MAISONNETTE to be LET; 3 bed, bath, two reception rooms, &c. No premium. Long lease.
MARSH and PARSONS,
40 and 42, Church-street, Kensington, W.8. West. 1203.

CENTRAL LONDON.—Up-to-date MANSION FLATS; one-two reception, two-four beds, bath room, and kitchenette; luxury fittings; rent £150 to £260.—Apply Estate Office, Gordon Mansions, Francis-street, W.C.1. Museum 2377.

ONE OF THE BEST FLATS IN WESTMINSTER.
CONVENIENTLY arranged FLAT in modern building, in central position, to be Let Unfurnished; large light rooms, refitted throughout with panelled doors, parquet floors and sliding doors to two reception rooms, four bed rooms, perfectly equipped bath room, and up-to-date kitchen; electric power and gas throughout; passenger and trades lifts; porters day and night. New lease. No premium.—JAS. F. PALSER and SON, 60, South Audley-street, W.1.

FLAT to be LET, any period six months to year; beautifully Furnished and every modern convenience; large bed room and sitting room (32 by 20), small bed room and dining room, bath, kitchen and ample cupboard space; garage; in best residential district of Leeds; 8gns. per week.—Apply Butler, 1, Baker-street, London.

FURNISHED FLATS to be LET, 6 to 15 guineas per week; four and five bed rooms, for winter months, or by the year. Largest selection in London.—Applicants advised to communicate with the Agents, Messrs. KING and KING, 15, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tele. Nos., Sloane 2294 (three lines).

HARLEY HOUSE,
FIRST FLOOR MANSION FLAT. NO PREMIUM.
Large lounge hall, two reception rooms, five bed rooms, bath room and two w.c.'s. Constant hot water. Day and night porters.
£475 PER ANNUM. DIRECT LEASE.
Apply Owners, LAW LAND COMPANY, Limited, 30, Norfolk-street, Strand, W.C.2. Telephone, Temple Bar 8833.

NO PREMIUM.
BRILLIANTLY LIGHT AND AIRY.
HYDE PARK-GATE (just off).—A rare chance occurs £500 P.A. to secure ONE of the best FLATS in this important block; first floor; passenger lift; five double bed rooms, fitted bath room, two fine reception INCLUSIVE. rooms (with balconies), kitchen, sculley, pantry, hot box room, large bathroom and many fine cupboards; newly decorated and fitted.—Strongly recommended by Sole Agents,
MASON and MASON,
24, Kensington High-street, W.

FURNISHED FLATS.
IN old-fashioned, comfortable House, HAMPSTEAD HEATH, 16 minutes Oxford-street, FURNISHED FLAT and two bed rooms, bath; geyser, electric, 'phone, 2½ guineas.—BM/MHTN, W.C.1.

KENSINGTON HIGH-STREET (just off).—Very light LOWER GROUND-FLOOR FLAT in £175 favourite mansion to be LET from Sept. WITHOUT PREMIUM; four good bed rooms, two large reception rooms, bath room, kitchen, &c. Sole Agents, HUGHES-DOY and HUNDS, 4, Abingdon-road, P.A. Kensington High-street.

KENSINGTON.—Excellent MANSION FLAT; quiet position, near High-street and Gardens; £250 two bed, bath, two reception rooms, P.A. kitchen, &c. Premium £300. Or to be LET Furnished for two years.—Sole Agents, MARSH and PARSONS,
40 and 42, Church-street, Kensington, W.8. West. 1203.

KENSINGTON (close to Gardens).—A perfectly appointed UNFURNISHED MAN-£300 P.A. SION FLAT to be LET at this low rental; four bed, bath, two reception rooms, lounge hall, offices, independent hot water. No premium; £50 for fitting.—Agents, as above.

ROW and SON, 35A, Kensington High-street, W.8.

Entirely modernized, redecorated and brought up to date. KNIGHTSBRIDGE, S.W. (just off). £450 per annum, without premium. A delightful mansion Flat with south aspect to be Let Unfurnished; four bed rooms, bath rooms, newly fitted two reception rooms, and well-fitted kitchen.—Immediate inspection advised by Messrs. KING and KING, 15, Brompton-road, Knightsbridge, S.W.3. Tele. Nos.: Sloane 2294 (three lines).

LEXHAM-GARDENS, W.—Charming SELF-CONTAINED FLAT to be LET; two reception, two bed, bath; constant hot water. Rent £175 per annum inclusive. No premium.—Apply S.A., 48, Dover-street, Piccadilly, W.1.

MAIDA VALE.—Charming main road MANSION FLAT; four bed rooms, two reception rooms, kitchen and bath room; lift. Only £300 per annum. No premium.—CLARKE and Co., 233, Maida Vale, W.9. Maida Vale 0064.

MAISONNETTE near Portman-square, beautifully FURNISHED and decorated, fitted carpets throughout; three or four bed rooms, two sitting rooms, two bath rooms, kitchen, &c.; garage opposite. £5 guineas per week, or by arrangement for long let. To be LET any period over four months.—Ring Welbeck 6792 or write Box J.520, The Times, E.C.4.

MAISONNETTE, ground floor, semi-basement, Kensington Gardens; vacant September; £225 inclusive; redecorated; direct access; three rooms and bath room on each floor, and kitchen. &c.—Write Box B.829, The Times, E.C.4.

NO PREMIUM.—HOLLAND PARK.—Unfurnished FLAT; three bed, two reception, &c. £140 per annum.—GOODWIN and SON, 152, New Bond-street, W.

PALL MALL.—Self-contained unfurnished SERVICE FLAT; 2 bed, one reception, kitchen and bath. Rent £250 per annum, including service, gas and water charges. No premium.—Apply Sole Agents, WAITE and WAITE, 15, St. Castle-street, Oxford-circus, W.1. Langham 3771.

PARK-STREET.—Unfurnished FLAT, £235 to be LET; no premium; beautifully decorated.—Write Box J.518, The Times, E.C.4.

QUEEN'S-GATE (off).—Exceptionally light and attractive MAISONNETTE on two floors with open south aspect; porter; tradesmen's lift; four bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms and usual domestic offices; rent £312 per annum, or WILLIAM WILLETT, Ltd., 58, Gloucester-road, S.W.7 (Head Office), Sloane-square, S.W.1. Kensington 5724.

RUSSELL-SQUARE (first off).—Charming SELF-CONTAINED FURNISHED FLAT; one bed room, one reception, box room, kitchen, and bath. Rent only 2½gns. per week.—Apply GEO. HEAD and Co., 40, Baker-street, W.1.

SELF-CONTAINED FURNISHED FLAT available 20 September until September; four bed rooms; central; near sea. 2½gns.—Sparling, 55, Norton-road, Hove.

SERVICE FLATS
(facing the Park).
Furnished or Unfurnished, for any period.
High-class Restaurant. Children specially catered for.
Apply KENSINGTON PALACE MANSIONS,
De Vere-gardens, London, W.8.
Telephone: Kensington 2075 (ten lines).

SERVICE FLAT; reception, bed, bath; central heating; latest improvements. Rent £450 inclusive. Fittings at valuation.—Apply Steward, Cording House, 34, St. James's-street, S.W.1.

CENTRAL HEATING.
CONSTANT HOT WATER.
SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Attractive MAISONNETTE £216 P.A. to be LET in favourite corner building overlooking gardens; south aspect; lounge, two reception rooms and bath room on each floor, and kitchen. &c.—WILLIAM WILLETT, Ltd., 58, Gloucester-road, S.W.7 (Head Office), Sloane-square, S.W.1. Kensington 5724.

A SPECIAL PAGE
OF PROPERTIES FOR DISPOSAL IN
ESSEX, SUFFOLK AND NORFOLK
WILL APPEAR IN "THE TIMES"
ON SATURDAY NEXT, JULY 12.
Further particulars and rates may be obtained from
THE CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENT DEPARTMENT,
The Times
PRINTING HOUSE-SQUARE, LONDON, E.C.4.

FLATS AND CHAMBERS (continued)

ROBINS, SNELL & TERRY,
London's Principal Flat Agents.

KENSINGTON.—A very bright well FURNISHED FLAT, having constant water supply, to be LET until end of March or shorter period; two reception, four bed rooms and dressing, bath room, kitchen. Rent 8-9 guineas, according to term.—Recommended by Sole Agents, ROBINS, SNELL, and TERRY, Wrights-lane, Kensington High-street, W.8.

Four bed rooms, two reception rooms, bath room, kitchen, &c.

LINDEN-GARDENS. (Rent £240.) — Exceptionally fine, SELF-CONTAINED FIRST-FLOOR FLAT. Very spacious rooms. No premium.—Apply immediately, ROBINS, SNELL and TERRY, Wrights-lane, Kensington High-street, W.8.

ASHLEY-GARDENS, S.W.—Undoubtedly one of the best planned FLATS, facing garden; two fine reception, five good bed rooms, bath room, kitchen. Rent £350. Reasonable premium for long lease and fittings. Recommended.—ROBINS, SNELL and TERRY, 123, Victoria street, S.W.1 (Vic. 8881).

Constant Hot Water.

EBURY-STREET.—A rare opportunity to secure a tastefully-decorated beautifully FURNISHED FLAT; two reception, three bed rooms, kitchen and bath room. Telephone. Accept 4½gns. per week.—ROBINS, SNELL and TERRY, 123, Victoria-street, S.W.1. (Vic. 8881.)

SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Spacious LOWER FLAT £200 to be LET in good order; five bed, bath, two reception, kitchen, &c. Fittings at valuation.
MARSH and PARSONS,
40 and 42, Church-street, Kensington, W.8. West. 1203.

AT UNFURNISHED RENT.
S.W.5.—Beautifully FURNISHED and decorated ENTRANCE FLOOR FLAT; five bed rooms, two reception, &c. Available any period. Close station.—
Or Unfurnished £350 per annum. No premium.
Strongly recommended by BERRYMAN and Co., 181A, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 7345.

LARKHALL ESTATE, CLAPHAM. New FLATS. THE LAST THREE BLOCKS are now AVAILABLE for LETTING; three-four rooms; constant hot water; Frigidaire fitments; lock-up garages; large well-planned rooms; pleasant garden surroundings. Rents, together with rates, from £2 2s. to £2 16s. per week.—Apply for illustrated Booklet, Secretary, Larkhall Estate, Ltd., Dept. D/T., 101, St. Stephen's House, Westminster, S.W.1. Telephone, Franklin 6272.

TO be LET, best Part S.W. London, Unfurnished FLAT, three bed, one sitting, large kitchen; electric light; constant hot water. £2 weekly.—Write Box K.1277, The Times, E.C.4.

WELL-FURNISHED SERVICE FLAT to be LET, just out of St. James's-street, consisting of sitting room, bed room and bath room, or could be let as bed-sitting room and bed room; first-class service.—Apply Steward, 61, Jermyn-street, St. James, S.W.1. 'Phone, Gerrard 1550.

WELBECK-STREET, W.1.
EXCEPTIONAL FIRST FLOOR FLAT.
WELBECK HOUSE.—Large lounge hall, two reception, five bed rooms, fitted lavatory basins, two bath rooms, three w.c.'s, excellent domestic offices; constant hot water; electric lifts; central heating if required.
£700 P.A.
DAY AND NIGHT PORTERS.
Apply Owners, LAW LAND CO., Ltd., 30, Norfolk-street, Strand, W.C.2. Telephone, Temple Bar 8833.

WESTMINSTER.—An exceptionally bright MANSION FLAT in best position to be LET UNFURNISHED; five bed rooms, two reception, kitchen, pantry, bath room, lift. Rent £350 per annum. Small sum for non-repairing lease and fittings, or would Let Furnished 11gns. week.—Apply CHAS. V. STEVENS and Co., 56, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Vic., 4806.

WIMPOLE-STREET.
Charming MAISONNETTE with large bright rooms, in perfect order. Service and attendance if desired. Constant hot water. Passenger lift.
Four bed rooms. Two bath rooms.
Two reception rooms, lounge hall.
£500 per annum inclusive, rising to £550 per annum.
NO PREMIUM.
Electric and other fittings, excellent carpets and curtains at valuation.
NORFOLK and PRIOR,
14, Hay-hill, Berkeley-square, W.1. (Mayfair 6363.)

UNIQUE SERVICE FLATS,
with real character and efficiency.
25, QUEEN'S-GATE (close to Park).—Compact SUITES; sumptuous new furnishing; constant hot water; passenger lift; splendid service and catering.—Apply Manageress.

DOUBLE FLAT. 11 ROOMS, TWO BATH ROOMS. £550 PER ANNUM.—Very quietly situated in HOLLAND PARK, W.—Unique opportunity to secure the accommodation of a modern HOUSE in this compact form; excellent garden.—Sole Agents, BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7900.

SLOANE-STREET (just off).
No premium. New decorations.
£375 PER ANNUM or near offer will be ACCEPTED for an excellent FLAT, with four bed rooms, bath, two reception rooms, and offices; lift and other conveniences.—Owner's Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

£300 PER ANNUM.—UNFURNISHED FLAT to be LET on Lease; fifth floor, corner flat; two sitting, three bed rooms, kitchen, bath room, &c.; self-contained, in the Manor House, Marylebone-road, N.W., convenient, open position; hot water, lift, day and night porters; restaurant in building.—Can be viewed by appointment to Porter, Telephone, Paddington 8766.

BUCKINGHAM-GATE.
£200 PER ANNUM.—MANSION FLAT, close Park; three bed, bath, two reception rooms, and kitchen; extra room if required.—BOND and Co., 16, Buckingham-gate, S.W.1. Victoria 7900.

CHELSEA.
Three bed rooms, bath, two reception rooms.
£200 PER ANNUM or near offer and a small premium secures an excellent MAISONNETTE with the above accommodation, independent hot water and other conveniences.—Sole Agents, GEO. BERRY and STROUTS, 140, Sloane-street, S.W.1.

6GNS.—SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Well FURNISHED MAISONNETTE overlooking gardens; four bed rooms, bath, two reception rooms.
DRAKE and RUCK,
99, Alfred-place, South Kensington (opposite Station).

SEASIDE AND COUNTRY

TO be LET, August and September, FOLKESTONE, SELF-CONTAINED FLAT, two minutes sea front; one double, one single bed, two sitting, kitchen, bath, lavatory; constant hot water, electric light, telephone; well furnished; 5gns.—Apply Mrs. J. F. Sanderson, 4, Terringham-mansions, Folkestone.

SUBURBAN HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

KEW GARDENS.
ATTRACTIVE DETACHED labour-saving RESIDENCE, situated in an excellent position a few minutes' walk of station and convenient for Royal Gardens; compact accommodation of three bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, and usual offices; GARAGE; charming, well laid-out garden which is a feature of the property. PRICE FREEHOLD £1,490; LEASEHOLD £1,275. Strongly recommended.—BREADMORE and WEBB, Ltd., Railway Station, Kew Gardens. 'Phone, Richmond 1258.

EALING (overlooking Common, on gravel soil).—Non-basement double-fronted HOUSE, perfect structural and decorative repair; garden back and front, well laid out; large lounge hall, three reception, six bed rooms, billiard room; FREEHOLD, £3,750, or near offer for quick sale.—Apply Messrs. KINGSLEY WOOD, WILLIAMS and Co., 11, John-street, Crutched Friars, E.C.3.

HEALTHY HARROW. LOCAL AGENTS.
Messrs. CLARKE and Co.,
The Harrow Estate Offices, adjoining Met. Stn. Tele. 0219.

HOUSES to be LET in WOODFORD GREEN.—Modern House, three bed rooms, electric light, £60 per annum exclusive. One House with garage, £75 per annum exclusive.—Apply J. STOKES and SONS, Ltd., High-street, East Ham.

WATFORD, BUSHEY, ST. ALBANS, PINNER, NORTHWOOD.—Estate Agents, STIMPSON, LOCK and VINCE.—Offices at all centres.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

ABINGDON, BERKS.—Executor's Sale.—LADY-GROVE HOUSE, 2½ ACRES delightful gardens and paddock; studio; cottage, stable and garage; house has three sitting, seven bed, bath, &c.; electric light; main drainage. AUCTION SALE, July 21st, POSSESSION.—ADKIN, BELCHER and BOWEN, Auctioneers, Abingdon and Wantage.

OLD BERKS HUNT.—LAY HOUSE, EAST HANNEY, BERKS, one mile Wantage Road Station, G.W.R.—RESIDENTIAL PROPERTY; four sitting, seven bed, &c.; 14 ACRES paddock, orchards, and nice garden with bathing pool; cottage, stabling, barn, &c.; all in good order. Also Yew Tree Farm, adjoining, 135 Acres; tithe free; good house; buildings; seven cottages, &c. AUCTION SALE, July 21st.—ADKIN, BELCHER and BOWEN, Auctioneers, Abingdon and Wantage.

ATTRACTIVE well-built MODERN HOUSE; eight rooms; central heating; labour-saving bath (hot and cold); indoor and outdoor sanitation; every convenience; five minutes station; excellent view; about 1¼ ACRE land; garage, &c.—Allen, Evington House, Loudwater, Bucks.

AN ASTOUNDING BARGAIN.
NEAR EXETER.
CHARMING RESIDENCE of CHARACTER, magnificent situation, 500ft. up, facing South; four fine reception rooms, 11 bed rooms fitted lavatory basins, three bath rooms; central heating, electric light; modern drainage; unfailing water supply; stabling, garage, entrance lodge, three cottages; lovely old gardens and park.
60 ACRES.
AMAZINGLY LOW PRICE.
ONLY £5,950 FREEHOLD.
INSPECTED AND RECOMMENDED.
Photos, &c., of the Sole Agents, BENTALL, HORSLEY and BALDRY, 85, Brompton-road, S.W.3. Sloane 6833.

AT RICKMANSWORTH (one mile from station, 25 minutes from London, Baker-street; 100 trains daily). —Delightful MODERN RESIDENCE with garage; four bed, two reception, &c., carpeted throughout. To be LET or for SALE.—For particulars write Harewood, Rickmansworth.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued).

UPPER WARLINGHAM.
High Up, South-East Aspect. Exceptional Position.
A Matured red-brick and tiled RESIDENCE on two floors; splendid order; hall, three reception, cloak room, five bed rooms, bath room with shower.
Central Heating. Constant Hot Water.
Main Electric Light. Gas and Water. Garage.
Delightful grounds of 1½ ACRE, flanked on all sides by belts of conifer and woodland; fine tennis court.
£2,950 FREEHOLD.
Inspected and recommended by Sole Agents,
GORDON PRIOR & GOODWIN,
27-28, PALL MALL, S.W.1. Gerrard 3018.

AT RICKMANSWORTH, one mile from station, 25 minutes from London, Baker-street; 100 trains daily. —Delightful Modern RESIDENCE with garage; four bath, two reception, &c.; carpeted throughout. To be LET or for SALE.—For particulars write "Harewood," Rickmansworth.

BERKS, in SPLENDID RESIDENTIAL DISTRICT, 35 miles by road from London.—
IN LOVELY PINE DISTRICT. SALE of a Gentleman's medium-sized HOUSE, in FOUR ACRES of shady gardens and Woodlands. Accommodation: Hall, three reception rooms, nine bed and dressing rooms, bath, &c.; gardener's cottage and two garages.—Illustrated particulars of
NEAR GOLF. Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading.
AUCTION SALE.

BERKS.—East Hagbourne, two miles Didcot Junction, G.W.R.—JACOBEAN FARMHOUSE, built 1607; many interesting features; Tudor and other panelling, mullioned windows; two sitting, eight bed and dressing rooms; walled garden, barn and other buildings; two orchards; area about THREE ACRES. POSSESSION. AUCTION SALE, July 21st.—ADKIN, BELCHER and BOWEN, Agents, Abingdon, Berks.

BEXHILL & COODEN AGENTS,
RICHES & GRAY, 21, SEA-ROAD. Tele. 34.

BRIDPORT, DORSET.—For SALE FREEHOLD, delightful GEORGIAN HOUSE; three reception, six bed rooms; garage, stabling; tennis court; near sea, golf, hunting, paddock; greenhouses; exquisite gardens, wonderful fruit.—Compton, Allington, Bridport.

CHALDON, SURREY.—PERIOD HOUSE in unspoiled country; less than two miles from main line station; seven bed and dressing rooms, two reception, lounge with fine old oak roof, open hearth, and old bread oven; garage; about ONE ACRE with orchard; rent £150 per annum.—Apply WATKIN and WATKIN, Reigate, or Messrs. Thurgood, Martin and Trumper, 27, Chancery-lane, W.C.2.

SPECIAL LOW PRICE £1,090.
DELIGHTFUL little modern red brick and tiled detached HOUSE between Esher and Hampton Court, with four bed, bath, two reception; labour-saving fittings; owner, bought elsewhere, will do all possible to meet as to price.
GOODMAN and MANN, Hampton Court Station.

DETACHED HOUSE, parkland garden, Hillingdon; three bed, two reception, kitchen, bath; lovely situation; £875 FREEHOLD. Another, four bed; very large garden; £975.—STEVENS and CLARKE, Hillingdon Station. Telephone, Ruislip 1360.

DEVON.—TWO desirable small COUNTRY HOUSES with Taw and Mole fishing, good hunting districts to be LET. Pastureland if desired.—Babbage, Solicitor, Exeter.

DORSET, quiet rural district, two miles market town, near golf.—Attractive GEORGIAN RESIDENCE, with four reception, nine bed rooms, two bath rooms; garage, stables, two cottages; charming gardens and excellent pasture, in all about 15 ACRES. £7,000.—REBBECK BROS., The Square, Bournemouth.

EASTBOURNE, adjoining golf links, on high ground. —MODERN RESIDENCE, on two floors only; two reception, four bed rooms, bath; every convenience; pleasant garden, with tennis lawn; garage. Only £1,700.—Messrs. KILLICK and DAVIES, 95, Terminus-road, Eastbourne.

EASTBOURNE HOUSE AGENTS,
ROSS and DENNIS. 'Phone 1597.

EDENBRIDGE.—Attractive COUNTRY or WEEK-END COTTAGE in the "Garden of England"; two reception, four bed rooms, kitchen, scullery, bath (hot and cold); indoor sanitation, company's water and good drainage system; excellent outbuildings and garage; well-stocked garden, ½ ACRE; stream. Only £1,200.—Write Box B.875, The Times, E.C.4.

SOUTHBOURNE, BOURNEMOUTH.
EQUALLY suitable for PRIVATE RESIDENCE, SCHOOL or INSTITUTION; in splendid position, finely PINE HOUSE situated on the Cliffs, three minutes' walk from trams and shops and commanding glorious SEA VIEWS; SHELTERED from NORTH and EAST WINDS; 2 ACRES FROM ALL PRINCIPAL ROOMS. Accommodation: 14 bed rooms, four bath rooms, four reception rooms, billiard room, lounge hall, kitchen, &c.; complete. PRICE £2,000, FREEHOLD. Beach and foreshore rights can be acquired.—FOX and SONS, 39, Charminster-road, Bournemouth.

"CAITHNESS," HAMPTON-LANE, SOLIHULL, NEAR BIRMINGHAM.
EXCEPTIONALLY well-built and ideal MODERN RESIDENCE; the accommodation includes lounge hall, two reception rooms, cocktail room, kitchen, scullery, five bed rooms, dressing room and usual modern sanitary conveniences; two motor houses; beautifully laid-out gardens and tennis lawn; excellent rail and transport; easy reach of Shakespeare country. PRICE FREEHOLD £1,375.—JACK COTTON, 35, Waterloo-street, Birmingham.

FOLKESTONE (near).—Charming FREEHOLD, brick-built SEMI-BUNGALOW; five good rooms; inside sanitation and large garden; redecorated; Vacant Possession. Price, 1gn. (£20 cash remains).—HORACE COPPING and Co., Ltd., Estate Agents, Folkestone.

GORING-ON-THAMES.—Beautiful gardens, on high ground, with extremely comfortable RESIDENCE; 11 bed and dressing rooms, bath room, three large reception rooms, and large hall; lodge; UNIQUE HOUSE. garage; lawns and yew hedges. For SALE at low price.—Recommended by Messrs. NICHOLAS, 1, Station-road, Reading. BOATHOUSES.

BY ORDER OF TRUSTEES.
HENLEY and MARLOW (between).—For SALE by £4,000. AUCTION.—Hambledon, 5 miles, a comfortable RIVERSIDE HOUSE (above flood level), with four sitting rooms, billiard room, and large oak-panelled lounge, a dozen bed rooms, three bath rooms; lovely grounds of about SIX ACRES, with hard tennis court; boathouse; garage; two cottages; electric light; central heating.—Apply Sole Agents, Messrs. NICHOLAS, Reading. UPSET PRICE AT AUCTION. SIX ACRES, 2 COTTAGES.

HORSHAM, in the best residential part of this delightful old-world Town.—For SALE, a charming old-fashioned RESIDENCE, standing in beautiful grounds; six bed rooms, two bath rooms, three reception rooms; two cottages may be acquired if desired. Sole £4,000. Agents, KING and CHASEMORE, Horsham.

MERSTHAM.—To be LET or SOLD, charming RESIDENCE, half-acre garden; tennis; garage two cars; eight good rooms, bath, &c.; 400ft. above sea; 1¼ mile station. FREEHOLD £2,200, or Bet £125. View any time.—Doone Cottage, Glebe-road, (Merstham 178.)

TO BE LET.
NEWBURY (near).—A gentleman's very attractive COUNTRY RESIDENCE; seven bed rooms, bath room, three reception rooms, commodious offices; stabling, garage, outbuildings; garden and paddock, in all FIVE ACRES, with sporting rights over 70 acres adjoining. Rent £75 per annum.—Apply DREWEATT, WATSON and BARTON, Newbury.

NORTH WALES.—RHYL, facing sea.—To be SOLD FREEHOLD, immediate possession, very attractive finely built HOUSE, admirably suited for institution, hotel, or school; contains 70 bed rooms, billiard room and recreation room, 17-18 bed rooms; electric light; garage; secluded garden, two hard tennis courts.—Apply Alexander, care of LIMNERS, Chorley Wood, Herts.

PARKSTONE, DORSET.—The Mentone of England. A delightful and very pretty BIJOU RESIDENCE, substantially erected in the Tudor style, with four bed rooms, bath room, large lounge, good hall, loggia, kitchen and complete offices; garage and charming grounds of about 2½ ACRES. Lawns, herbaceous borders, lily ponds, birch plantation, fruit garden and kitchen garden. An almost perfect setting. Price only £2,600, FREEHOLD.
FOX and SONS, Estate Agents, Bournemouth.

PETERSFIELD (NEAR).
High up, yet sheltered. Lovely views.
WELL-APPOINTED MODERN RESIDENCE.
Lounge hall, four reception, 10 bed rooms, three bath rooms. All conveniences.
COTTAGE. GARAGE. STABLING.
Charming, inexpensive grounds and woodland.
40 ACRES.
£300 PER ANNUM ON LEASE,
or FREEHOLD £6,250.
Inspected and recommended by the Agents:
GORDON PRIOR & GOODWIN,
27-28, PALL MALL, S.W.1. Gerrard 3018.

BEXHILL-ON-SEA. Executors' Sale.
SEMI-DETACHED RESIDENCE at old village end close to bus routes, town, &c.; two reception, seven bed and dressing rooms, bath room, and domestic offices; central heating and all conveniences; good garden. Pre-War Residence on two floors, room position, close to sea, &c.; three reception, cloak room, five bed rooms, bath room, and domestic offices; garden. For SALE by Private Treaty, or Auction July 10th.—Particulars from GORDON GREEN and WEBBER, 3, Sea-road, Bexhill. Tele., 410.

TO GARDEN LOVERS.—17 miles N.E. Marble Arch, heart of country, 2½ ACRE OLD-WORLD GARDEN (large new greenhouse). Needs whole-time gardener with assistance. House destroyed fire. Owner will either (1) let garden, (2) lease for and assist in building of house on ideal site, (3) contribute to conversion of present gardener's house into nice home (telephone, company's water and electricity). 9 miles Surrey. More land can be hired.—Write Box J.499, The Times, E.C.4.

WALES, near sea.—Large COUNTRY HOUSE to be LET; 12 bed rooms, seven servants' ditto; lovely grounds; tennis croquet lawns; nine-hole golf course; trout fishing and rough shooting.—Write Box K.1279, The Times, E.C.4.

WHY NOT BUILD
a House to meet your exact requirements in the district of your choice? Our economical and exclusive building service operates in all districts.—Write for brochure "A," with plans and prize-winning designs.
Universal Housing Co., Ltd., Rickmansworth.

SOUTH DEVON.
Near golf and sea, set with trees.
Lounge hall, two reception, four beds, bathroom.
Easily heated. Only four miles of picketing estate.
£6,250 WILL PURCHASE a choice ELIZABETHAN MANOR HOUSE with lovely grounds; 11 bed rooms, two baths, three reception rooms; stabling, garage; lodge and two long drives, avenue of Cornish elms, tennis and other lawns, fruit garden and ancient dove-cote, orchard and meadows, farm buildings and cottages. 50 ACRES in all. Or the house with grounds of 10 acres and lodge will be sold separately for £4,250.
Full particulars of Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES (continued)

KENT, UNDER 30 MILES FROM LONDON.
£2,000.—In a very lovely district with a good service to Town.—A picturesque small FREEHOLD RESIDENCE for SALE, together with about TWO ACRES of land; 3 bed rooms, bath room, two reception rooms, and hall; pretty grounds and bungalow.—Apply Messrs. NICHOLAS, 4, Albany Court-yard, Piccadilly, W.1.

FURNISHED COUNTRY AND SEASIDE HOUSES
3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

BEXHILL & COODEN BEACH.
Furnished and Unfurnished Houses.
STAINES and Co., 28, Devonshire-road. 'Phone 349.

BEXHILL & COODEN AGENTS
GORDON GREEN & WEBBER, 3, Sea-road, Tele. 410.

BISHOP'S STORTFORD.—HOUSE to be LET FURNISHED for August; two reception, five bed; garage; garden; tennis court; golf five minutes; new open-air baths. £3 5s. weekly.—31, Warwick-road, Bishop's Stortford.

CHARMING FURNISHED COTTAGE; glorious views, lovely garden; two sitting, four bed rooms; gas; garage; near station; any period; 3½ guineas weekly.—Swan, Bures, Suffolk.

CLIFTONVILLE. — Comfortably FURNISHED House; four bed, two sitting, kitchen, bath, &c.; July-Aug. £25; moderate.—Sandels, 5, Victoria-road, Cliftonville.

CORNWALL.—To be LET, September, FURNISHED HOUSE on beach in unspoilt cove; two sitting, five bed rooms (sleep 11), bath; garage two; plate, linen, and use of boat; fishing; safe bathing; 10gns. per week.—West, 190, Woodstock-road, Oxford.

DARTMOOR.—To be LET, well FURNISHED HOUSE; nine rooms; all modern conveniences; plate, linen; centre sports; garage; 10gns.—Write Box B.834, The Times, E.C.4.

EASTBOURNE.—For all Furnished and Unfurnished HOUSES apply Messrs. KILLICK and DAVIES, Estate Agents, 95, Terminus-road.

FOLKESTONE, SANDGATE, HYTHE, and DYMCHURCH.—For FURNISHED HOUSES apply SHERWOODS, Agents, at any of the above. Head Office, Folkestone.

GOATHLAND, YORKS.—To be LET FURNISHED on lease from October, detached RESIDENCE in moorland village, with garden and garage; three reception, seven bed rooms, bath room (hot and cold); and usual offices; central heat; hard tennis court.—Apply ROBERT GRAY and SONS, Estate Agents, Whitby.

HAYLING ISLAND.—To be LET, charming FURNISHED HOUSE; 14 rooms; large garden; garage; large hot-air heating; sailing; golf; 13 guineas week.—Anchorage, Salterns.

HINDHEAD, 750 feet up, secluded and quiet, near two bus routes and all conveniences, sand soil, dry and bracing, amongst the pines.—Lady's ideal COTTAGE for winter season; cosy and compact, well FURNISHED; four bed, bath, two reception rooms, lounge, and offices; electric light; company's water; charming garden, well-stocked vegetable garden; two maids would remain; from September for winter; low rent.—Apply Sole Agents, BRIDGER and SONS, Hindhead and Haslemere.

IDEAL SPOT, MOUNTS BAY, CORNWALL.—FURNISHED COTTAGE; four bed rooms, two sitting rooms, Rising Sun Cove; private beach; 3gns.; to July 28, also September; £5 5s. weekly.—41, Zetland-road, Bristol.

ISLE OF WIGHT.—To be LET FURNISHED, Cowes Week or Fortnight, the fine residence ALBERT COTTAGE, Osborne, East Cowes, in

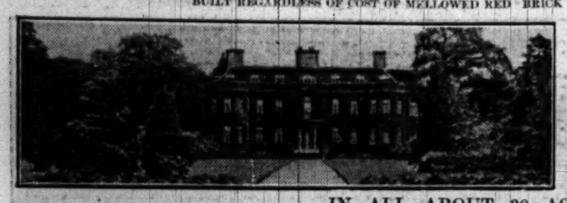
Telephone: 1400 (Grosvenor (2 lines).

CURTIS & HENSON

Telegrams: "Submit London."

A HOME OF DISTINCTION AND CHARACTER. NEAR WALTON HEATH.

BUILT REGARDLESS OF COST OF MELLOWED RED BRICK IN THE GEORGIAN MANNER.



A DELIGHTFUL SPOT ON THE
SURREY HILLS.
and only seventeen miles from Hyde Park Corner.

THIS IS AN IDEAL HOME FOR A CITY MAN.
SITUATED 400ft. ABOVE SEA ON GRAVEL SOIL.
Adjacent to large areas of common lands, close to golf, and enjoying complete seclusion and immunity from noise.

The approach is by two long carriage drives flanked by rhododendrons, and there are :—Spacious hall, five reception, 19 bed rooms, five bath rooms, Co.'s electric light and water. Central heating. Telephone. Garage for three. Five cottages. Stabling for eight.

BEAUTIFUL GROUNDS, which are a delightful feature, studded with magnificent timber, lawns with two double tennis courts and pavilion, lily pond and fountain. Productive kitchen garden, woodlands, &c.

IN ALL ABOUT 30 ACRES.

PRICE REDUCED.—Inspected and highly recommended. Owner's Agents, CURTIS and HENSON, 5, Mount-street, W.1.

ASHDOWN FOREST. 400 FEET UP. SOUTH ASPECT. MAGNIFICENT VIEWS.

One hour's rail from Town. First-class Golf. Sand Soil.

A DELIGHTFUL OLD-WORLD RESIDENCE in a perfectly ideal situation, approached by a long drive, surrounded by beautifully timbered gardens and woodland. The accommodation is all on two floors and comprises :—Entrance hall, four reception, 14 bed rooms, four bath rooms, &c. Electric light ; central heating ; good water supply.

BEAUTIFULLY MATURED OLD GROUNDS
sloping to Lake ; new Hard Tennis Court, Garage, Stabling, Cottage, Parkland, in all

42 ACRES.

TO BE LET, UNFURNISHED, ON LEASE.

Inspected and strongly recommended, CURTIS and HENSON, 5, Mount-street, W.1.

GEORGE TROLLOPE & SONS.

(ESTABLISHED 1778.)

BY DIRECTION OF THE EXORS. OF THE LATE CHARLES PENRUDDOCKE, ESQ.

"COMPTON PARK," NEAR SALISBURY.

BETWEEN SALISBURY (EIGHT MILES) AND SHAFTESBURY (TWELVE MILES).

FREEHOLD RESIDENTIAL, AGRICULTURAL AND SPORTING ESTATE OF 1,330 ACRES.

HISTORICAL OLD MANSION IN A FINELY TIMBERED PARK WITH LAKES.

Lounge hall, noble dining room with carved panelling, beautiful Adam drawing room, eighteen bed rooms, &c. Old-world Gardens. THREE LODGES. COTTAGES. THREE EXCELLENT FARMS. THE PENRUDDOCKE ARMS and practically the whole of

THE VILLAGE OF
COMPTON CHAMBERLAYNE.

WELL-PLACED WOODS, AFFORDING CAPITAL SHOOTING.
THREE MILES OF FIRST-RATE TROUT FISHING IN RIVER NADDER.

POSSESSION OF THE MANSION, WOODS, AND LANDS IN HAND WILL BE GIVEN ON COMPLETION OF THE PURCHASE.

THE RENT ROLL FROM THE FARMS, &c., AMOUNTS TO ABOUT

£1,400 PER ANNUM.

To be SOLD by AUCTION as a whole, at the Mart, 155, Queen Victoria-street, London, E.C.4, on WEDNESDAY, JULY 23rd, 1930 (unless previously Sold Privately).

Illustrated particulars, with plan and conditions of sale, may be obtained from Messrs. Church, Adams, Tatham and Co., Solicitors, 11, Bedford-row, London, W.C.1 ; and, with orders to view, of Messrs. Rawlence and Squarey, Salisbury, or GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, London, W.1.

By Order of the Exors. of the Hon. Sir Charles Russell, Bt., K.C.V.O.

BUCKS, NEAR BEACONSFIELD.

Overlooking LITTLEWORTH COMMON and commanding magnificent views to WINDSOR CASTLE. OXON 23 MILES FROM LONDON.

UNSOLD AT RECENT AUCTION.

"LITTLEWORTH CORNER."

A Charming OLD-WORLD PROPERTY of moderate size with modern conveniences. South aspect.

The well-planned accommodation on two floors comprises :—*Nine bed rooms, two baths, three reception rooms, (two panelled), convenient offices. Electric light. Company's water. Telephone. Garage. Chauffeur's Bungalow. Gardener's Cottage.*

Beautiful but inexpensive Pleasure Grounds. Tennis Lawn. Flower and Kitchen Garden, also enclosures of pasture land, and a 20-acre Wood, in all about

40 ACRES.

(A FURTHER 22 ACRES RENTED.)

Three Golf Courses available.

Orders to view of GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1.

RURAL HERTFORDSHIRE.

12 MILES FROM LONDON. 350 FEET UP. STATION ¼ MILE.

"LITTLE COURT," BUNTINGFORD.

A DELIGHTFUL MEDIUM-SIZED QUEEN ANNE RESIDENCE, WITH EVERY MODERN COMFORT.

Three reception rooms, 10-11 bed rooms, three bath rooms, excellent offices.
Electric Light. Central Heating. Company's Water. Main Drainage.
COTTAGE, BUNGALOW, STABLING, GARAGE.
PRETTY GARDENS, tennis court, rose garden, excellent kitchen garden.
SEVERAL ENCLOSURES OF PASTURE, WITH DUTCH BARN.
IN ALL ABOUT 29½ ACRES.
INTERSECTED BY THE RIVER RIB.

For SALE, by AUCTION, at the London Mart, on Wednesday, July 23rd (unless Sold privately).

Illustrated particulars of the Auctioneers, GEORGE TROLLOPE and SONS, 25, Mount-street, W.1. (C.4547.)

H. E. FOSTER & CRANFIELD,

"Phone: City 1296 (3 lines).

6, POULTRY, E.C.2.

Telegrams: "Invariably, Stock, London."

At the LONDON AUCTION MART, 155, QUEEN VICTORIA-STREET, E.C.4.

ON THURSDAY, 17TH JULY, AT 2.30.
BEDFORD-ROW in the centre of the legal world.
FINE OLD UNRESTRICTED
FREEHOLD PREMISES
known as

NOS. 3 & 4, BEDFORD-ROW,

and Nos. 2 and 3, JOCKEY'S-FIELDS.

Two dignified early Georgian Houses, with premises in rear, both containing 19 rooms and many interesting features. Covering an area of nearly 6,000 sq. ft. Let on leases in 1907 at £170 and £185 per annum, with VALUABLE REVERSIONS in 1937 to rack rents estimated to total

£1,800 PER ANNUM.

Solicitor : Bertie F. Browne, Esq., 12, Clarges-street, Piccadilly, W.1.

PERIODICAL SALE No. 1,170.
REVERSIONS, POLICIES, &c.
On THURSDAY, 17th JULY, at 2.30, in lots :—

ABSOLUTE REVERSION life 60 to about £1,800.—Solicitors, Messrs. Attenborough's, 15 and 16, Thavies Inn, E.C.1.

ABSOLUTE REVERSION lives 70, 78, and 52 to £2,500.—Solicitors, Messrs. Lemmens and Hunter, 61-62, Lincoln's Inn-fields, W.C.2. Also

ABSOLUTE REVERSION lives 70 and 63 to £1,800. Also

ABSOLUTE REVERSION life 69 to three-eighths of about £14,000. Also

ABSOLUTE REVERSION to about £330, receivable in proportions on decease of lives 59, 79, 64. Also

ABSOLUTE REVERSION life 49 to £500. Also

ABSOLUTE REVERSION life 66 to about £5,750, also Reversion life 61 to about £4,000.

REVERSION life 58, provided Reversioner survive, to about £1,900, with covering Policy.—Solicitor, R. Stewart Barnes, Esq., Central House, Finsbury-square.

LIFE INTEREST of lady 60 in about £170 per annum, with Policy for £1,000.—Solicitors, Legal and Orange, 28, Bedford-row, W.C.1.

ABSOLUTE REVERSION to about £780, life 67.—Solicitors, Pearce-Jones and Co., 33, Johnstone's Bedford-row, W.C.1.

ABSOLUTE REVERSION to about £850, life 72.—Solicitors, Oldfields, 34/37, Queen-street, E.C.4.

REVERSION life 63 to Legacy of £5,000, also absolute Reversion same life to Legacies of £7,500.—Solicitors, Messrs. C. O. Humphreys and Son, 4 and 5, Warwick-court, Gray's Inn, W.C.1.

REVERSIONARY LIFE INTEREST in £42 p.a. on death of life 91.—Solicitors, Messrs. Beachcroft, Hay and Ledward, 29, Bedford-square, W.C.1.

ABSOLUTE REVERSION lives 72 and 71 to 1-5th of about £78,000 subject to an annuity of £156.—Solicitor, Edward Lloyd, Esq., 31, North John-street, Liverpool.

ABSOLUTE REVERSION on decease of lady 68 to £861 10s. 5d. 5% Conversion Stock.—Solicitor, —P. J. Canning, Esq., 2, Clement's Inn, Strand, W.C.

POLICIES of ASSURANCE
(whole life and Endowment) for sums amounting to

£10,300

effected with the Scottish Widows', Scottish Amicable, Norwich Union, Legal and General, United Kingdom Provident, Equity and Law, and Northern Offices, lives 55 and 63. Particulars of the Joint Trustees, Sir Frank Brown, F.C.A. (Messrs. Frank Brown and Co.), Stockton-on-Tees, and W. H. Cock, Esq., F.I.A.A., 19, Eastcheap, E.C.

ON WEDNESDAY, 30th JULY, AT 2.30.
TO BUILDERS AND OTHERS.

192 ACRES OF RIPE BUILDING LAND.

INCLUDING THE

MOTE MOUNT GOLF COURSE,
MILL HILL.

A valuable FREEHOLD ESTATE within 10 miles of London with nearly 4,300ft. frontage to the Barnet By-pass road. With all services.
FIRST-CLASS 18-HOLE COURSE. ATTRACTIVE NEW CLUB HOUSE.
12-ROOMED HOUSE, TWO COTTAGES,
and EXTENSIVE BUILDINGS.

The club was opened in 1928, and has upwards of 400 members. It will be carried on by the vendor for 12 months. Mortgage facilities could be arranged. The property will be first offered as a whole, and if not so sold then the golf course and club house will be offered separately.

Particulars, plans, and conditions of sale may be obtained from Messrs. Boydell and Cooke, Solicitors, 1, South-square, Gray's Inn, W.C.1, or from the Auctioneers, 6, Poultry, E.C.2.

SHOOTING AND FISHING

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

SHOOTING RIGHTS to be LET, HORSEA ISLAND, WALTON-ON-NAZE, ESSEX. reputed to be the finest Wild Fowl Shooting on East Coast, together with pheasant, partridge, hares, rabbits, &c. Absolutely exclusive, furnished house, all conveniences, if required. Access by roadway each low tide.—Write the Proprietor, Box N.1466, The Times, E.C.4.

BUILDING LAND AND SITES

3 lines 6s. 9d. (minimum)

TO ARCHITECTS, ESTATE AGENTS, &c.
CHELSEA, close to Sloane-square.—FIVE HOUSES, good BUILDING SITE, about 5,852 super feet. Vacant. £11,000 FREEHOLD. ALSO THREE HOUSES, area about 3,800 super feet. Vacant. £8,750 FREEHOLD.—LUFF, 34, Marsham-street, Westminster Abbey. Tels. 4108 Victoria.

Kens. 1490. Telegrams: "Estate c/o Harrods, London."

HARRODS ESTATE OFFICES

Surrey Office: West Byfleet.

ORDER OF SALE ON TUESDAY NEXT, JULY 8TH, AT HARRODS ESTATE SALE ROOMS, S.W.1, AT 2.30 P.M.

1.—21, THURLOE-SQUARE, S.W.—Attractive TOWN RESIDENCE ; eight bed rooms, three reception, two bath rooms, servants' hall, kitchen ; small garden ; tasteful decorations ; polished floors ; long lease.

2.—RUDLOE PARK, BOX, near CHIPPENHAM, WILTS.—Dignified FREEHOLD RESIDENCE ; halls, four reception, eight bed rooms (principal), seven or eight servants' rooms, three bath rooms ; garage ; delightful grounds of 45 ACRES.

3.—ST. ROWANS, AMERSHAM.—Sold Privately.

4.—DONNINGTON HAYES, NEWBURY, BERKS.—Creeper-clad FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, containing hall, three reception, study, nine bed rooms, two bath rooms ; all conveniences ; double garage, cottage, about NINE ACRES of well-timbered grounds. (In conjunction with Messrs. DREWEATT, WATSON and BARTON, Market-square, Newbury.)

5.—BAYFIELD, BOOKHAM, SURREY.—Attractive unrestricted FREEHOLD ; hall, three reception, billiard, nine bed rooms, complete offices, two bath rooms ; garage ; well-timbered grounds of 13 ACRES. (In conjunction with Messrs. ENTICKNAP and ENTICKNAP, Victoria-chambers, Woking.)

6.—WENTWORTH, DITTON HILL, SURREY.—Choice FREEHOLD RESIDENCE ; lounge hall, three reception, billiard, seven principal bed rooms, two bath rooms ; all conveniences ; gardens and grounds of SEVEN ACRES. (In conjunction with Messrs. ELLIS and SONS, 31, Dover-street, Piccadilly, W.1.)

7.—FELLCOURT, near CHIPSTEAD, SURREY.—FREEHOLD pre-War RESIDENCE ; lounge hall, three reception, seven bed rooms, bath room, compact offices ; standing in 1½ ACRE.

8.—PUCKASTER CLOSE, NITON UNDER CLIFF, ISLE OF WIGHT.—Unique FREEHOLD ; hall, three reception, six bed rooms, bath room, terrace and Italian paved court, and delightful gardens, in all about SIX ACRES.

"SHERWOOD PARK," TUNBRIDGE WELLS, KENT.

500ft. *above sea level. Magnificent views. Only 35 miles from Town.*

Well-appointed artistically decorated Freehold Residence, approached by carriage drives, in beautiful park. Outer and inner halls, four reception, billiard room, eight principal bed and dressing rooms, six secondary bed rooms, three bath rooms, complete offices.

Company's electric light, power, and gas ; excellent water supply ; modern septic tank drainage ; constant hot water ; central heating, telephone. Three Lodges, three Cottages, garages, Stabling, Farmery, and Outbuildings.

WELL-TIMBERED GROUNDS
with two tennis courts, ornamental lake, several enclosures of rich pasture and valuable woodland.

IN ALL ABOUT 118 OR 167 ACRES.

For SALE Privately, or by AUCTION July 24th.
Auctioneers :—HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

By Order of Mortgagees.
AT AN ASTONISHINGLY LOW RESERVE.
One-seventh of Cost.

OADBY, NEAR LEICESTER.

Two Miles from the Town and Station.

UNIQUE ELIZABETHAN STYLE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, erected for owner's occupation, beautifully built and fitted in a superb manner ; approached by 150 yards drive, commanding good views ; outer and lounge oak-panelled halls, cloak room, three reception rooms, billiard room, eight bed rooms, two bath-dressing rooms, two bath rooms, complete domestic offices ; company's electric light, gas, and water ; central heating ; independent hot water system ; garage (six cars), room over ; outhouses.

WONDERFUL PLEASURE GARDENS
IN ITALIAN STYLE,
with formal gardens, two first-class tennis lawns, wide herbaceous borders, kitchen garden, ORCHARD and PADDOCKS.

IN ALL ABOUT 12 ACRES.

HUNTING (QUORN AND FERNIE). GOLF. VACANT POSSESSION.

For SALE privately or, if unsold, by AUCTION on July 24th.—Auctioneers, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

UNRIVALLED POSITION ADJOINING EXTENSIVE WOODS, only five minutes from two golf courses, close to others.

"REED HOUSE," OLD AVENUE, WEST BYFLEET, SURREY.

One mile station ; 40 minutes Waterloo.

PICTURESQUE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, with thatched roof, in perfect order, two floors, exposed oak beams, oak doors, and oak floors ; entrance hall, cloak room, three reception, loggia, six bed rooms, tiled bath room, modern domestic offices ; electric light, heating, hot water supply, telephone, company's water, main drainage ; garage (two cars).

BEAUTIFUL AND FULLY STOCKED GARDENS, tennis lawn, Dutch paved garden, dwarf yew hedges, grass walks, pergola, fine kitchen garden ; paddock and meadowland. In all about

THREE ACRES.

For SALE privately ; if unsold, Auction July 17th.

Joint Auctioneers : Messrs. ALFRED SAVILL and SONS, Weybridge, Surrey, and HARRODS, Ltd., West Byfleet, Surrey ; also 62-64, Brompton-road, London, S.W.1.

HERTS BORDER.

AMIDST DELIGHTFUL SURROUNDINGS. ON HIGH GROUND.

Five minutes from Audley End Station and fifteen miles from Cambridge. Gravel soil.

AN ARTISTIC RESIDENCE, replete with modern conveniences, standing on high ground, away from main road.

Three reception, seven bed rooms, bath room, usual offices.

Electric light, modern drainage, &c.

Two garages and other useful outbuildings.

CHARMING PLEASURE GROUNDS,
Hard tennis courts, flower borders, &c.,

IN ALL ABOUT TWO ACRES.

PRICE FREEHOLD ONLY £3,000 OR NEAR OFFER.

Sole Agents :—HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1, and Messrs. Cheffins, Saffron Walden, Essex.

"THE KNAPP," HASLEMERE, SURREY.

600ft. up, commanding glorious views over Hindhead ; one mile from Haslemere Station.

Exceedingly picturesque partly creeper-clad FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, approached by drive, with entrance lodge, hall, cloak room, two large reception rooms, seven bed and dressing rooms, bath room, complete offices.

Electric light, company's water, garage.

MATURED WELL-STOCKED GARDENS
of about one and a half acre.

For SALE privately or AUCTION in September.

Full particulars from the Auctioneers, Mr. R. C. S. EVENNETT, F.A.I., Haslemere, Surrey, or HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BEAUTIFUL SOUTH DOWNS.

Few miles from the Coast. Magnificent panoramic views.

CHARMING GEORGIAN RESIDENCE
replete with up-to-date conveniences and in first-rate order throughout ; three reception rooms, nine bed and dressing rooms, two bath rooms

Central heating. Company's water. Electric light and gas. Independent hot water. Telephone.

Ample garage and stabling accommodation. Gardener's cottage.

PARTICULARLY CHOICE PLEASURE GROUNDS,
beautifully timbered, and including tennis court, well-stocked kitchen garden, several fine specimen trees, together with undulating parkland,

IN ALL 10 ACRES.

For SALE privately, or by AUCTION in September.—Inspected and most highly recommended by the Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1, and at West Byfleet.

ABOUT 6 MILES FROM HYDE PARK CORNER.

Favourite residential district.

A VERY ATTRACTIVE DETACHED RESIDENCE, tastefully decorated and in good order throughout ; large hall, six bed rooms, dressing room, two reception rooms, bath room, well-arranged offices.

Electric lights and power, part central heating. Detached garage. Pretty garden.

FOR SALE, FULLY FURNISHED, OR UNFURNISHED.

Strongly recommended by HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

OXON (ABOVE HENLEY).

On fringe of Chilterns in lovely setting, practically adjoining beautiful Common.

EXCEPTIONALLY CHARMING HOUSE, facing South, and convenient for Henley and Reading.

Hall and cloak room, three reception, five bed rooms, bath room, and offices.

Company's water. Modern drainage. Two garages. Stabling.

TWO ACRES
of very pretty grounds, affording absolute seclusion.

£2,750 FREEHOLD FOR QUICK SALE.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

"THE ORCHARD," AYLESFORD, KENT.

One hour of Town. Magnificent views ; delightful position ; 12 minutes station ; three miles Maidstone.

DESIRABLE FREEHOLD RESIDENCE, containing hall, four reception, billiard room, five bed rooms, dressing room, bath room, complete domestic offices.

Company's water, gas, telephone, main drainage ; garage, outbuildings.

INEXPENSIVE GARDEN,
with tennis lawn, in all about half an acre.

For SALE Privately, or by AUCTION on July 22nd.

Auctioneers :—HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

PETERSHAM.

Favourite district about 12 miles from Hyde Park Corner. Close to Richmond Park, Ham Common, River, and Golf.

WELL-BUILT RESIDENCE,
containing three reception rooms, seven bed rooms, bath room, good domestic offices.

Co.'s water and gas. Garage for two-three cars.

Attractive and well laid-out gardens extending to

ABOUT ¾ ACRE.

LOW PRICE FOR IMMEDIATE SALE.

Adjoining old-fashioned small House could be purchased if desired.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

OXFORD (HEADINGTON-HILL).

Unrivalled position, with permanent unobstructed views.

HOUSE OF CHARACTER,
beautifully fitted and planned and in first-class order. Lounge, three reception, garden room, seven bed and dressing rooms, bath room, and offices.

Electric light and heating. Company's water. Main drainage. Telephone. Full-size garage.

Delightful gardens with fine tennis lawn, in all about

TWO ACRES.

FREEHOLD FOR SALE.

Inspected and very strongly recommended by the Agents : HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

LOUGHTON.

On the borders of Epping Forest, amidst rural and picturesque scenery.

COMFORTABLY PLANNED RESIDENCE, detached, non-basement, occupying a choice position with beautiful and extensive views. Handy for station, &c.

Eight bed rooms, three reception rooms, bath room, usual offices. All modern conveniences.

WELL LAID-OUT GARDENS,
tennis lawn, kitchen garden, &c., garage, in all about

ONE AND ONE-THIRD ACRE.

FOR SALE FREEHOLD, ONLY £2,750.
HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

HOUSES, &c., WANTED

ADVERTISER is anxious to PURCHASE (within a radius of about 70 miles of London), a medium-sized HOUSE in really unspoiled country away from villas, bungalows, and main roads. Personal tastes must necessarily be elastic, as a suitable property must be secured quickly. The Residence should be one of pleasing style ; three or four reception rooms, eight to 10 bed rooms ; enough land round to ensure privacy, say five to 20 acres. Price in region of £5,000 will be paid. Proposing to tour these counties in following order during next three weeks : Hampshire, Sussex, Surrey, Kent, Berks, Bucks, Herts, and Oxford.—Please send descriptions of suitable properties (with photographs if possible, which will be returned), to Mr. G. F. Stirling, Trevenna Castle Hotel, St. Ives, Cornwall.

FURNISHED HOUSE or FARMHOUSE WANTED for two or six months ; six or seven bed rooms ; garage ; within five miles of sea and main line station : Sussex or Dorset preferred.—Write full particulars and photo if possible to Box 1005, Samson Clark and Co., Ltd., 57, Mortimer-street, W.1.

FURNISHED HOUSE REQUIRED, Hampstead Garden Suburb or vicinity, for about six months from September 1st ; a bright, modern, well-finished home with five-six bed rooms, &c., garage. 8-10 guineas weekly will be paid for a suitable property. No agents.—Z.B.221, care of Deacon's, Fenchurch-avenue, E.C.3.

HOUSE WANTED to PURCHASE, WEST END. Freehold or Long Leasehold.—Write price, address, and full details 56, Campden Hill Court, W.8.

OLD TUDOR HOUSE WANTED to PURCHASE or Rent Unfurnished in Surrey or Sussex, within daily reach : accommodation : five-six bed rooms, two reception rooms ; good garage, cottage, and 15-20 acres of land.—Full details to "Mill," care of Maple and Co., Estate Department, Tottenham Court-road, W.1.

REQUIRED for August or September, a small, well FURNISHED HOUSE or BUNGALOW on South Coast, for two people. Must be secluded and near shore.—Reply Mrs. Olaf Hambro, Kidbrooke Park, Forest Row, Sussex.

REQUIRED to RENT, Small Unfurnished HOUSE, in neighbourhood Baker-street or north side of Hyde Park.—Write Box J.519, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED TO PURCHASE,
SPORTING GENTLEMAN wishes to PURCHASE for his own occupation a SHOOTING ESTATE of 1,500 to 3,000 ACRES, to include 250 to 500 Acres of well distributed coverts. Pheasants chiefly required. A Shooting Lodge or superior farmhouse capable of improvement is required, and the poorer the land the better. The property should be within 75 miles of London, away from main roads, and remoteness from a station is not a disadvantage.—Full details should be addressed to "Sportsman," care of Messrs. COLLINS and COLLINS, 37, South Audley-street, Grosvenor-square, London, W.

WANTED, FURNISHED HOUSE, Ealing or South Harrow ; four bed rooms, two reception ; garage ; from 1st September for one year.—Write Box J.419, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED to RENT, option purchase later, MODERN HOUSE, two floors ; five bed rooms, three reception ; good garden ; easy access good schools.—D., 7, Tudor-road, Beckenham.

WANTED, clean FURNISHED HOUSE ; seven to eight bed rooms, including good nurseries ; North of Park preferred ; October to May, 12gns. per week ; good tenant.—JOAN LITTON, 27, Old Bond-street, W.1.

WANTED to PURCHASE, £3,000, or rent, £160, small HOUSE, six bed rooms ; some stabling near Windsor or St. Albans.—Write Box K. 1256, The Times, E.C.4.

WANTED to Rent or Buy, HOUSE, ST. JOHN'S WOOD or near ; five bed rooms ; small garden ; garage.—Write Box J.502, The Times, E.C.4.

FARMS AND NURSERIES

NEAR READING, BERKS.—For SALE, with possession at Michaelmas, 1930, a well-equipped and highly productive FREEHOLD MANOR FARM, situate in a well-known residential neighbourhood comprising about 350 ACRES of Land, mostly pasture, with an excellent house, up-to-date buildings, all in good repair and fitted with modern essentials, water supply, and electricity, &c. May be purchased as a going concern with all live and dead stock at valuation, or an inquiry by valuation in the usual way.—Further detailed particulars obtainable from SMITH and MOORE, Surveyors and Land Agents, 21, Portland-street, Southampton.

BY DIRECTION OF LORD MOSTYN.

WILTS.

Hunting with Duke of Beaufort's four days a week, and one day with Lord Bathurst's. Near Norton Beaufort Polo Club ; Fishing ; Golf.

MANOR HOUSE OF GEORGIAN PERIOD, luxuriously appointed, and on two floors only ; beautiful situation, facing South, and commanding glorious views of the Downs.

Hall and cloak room, four reception, 10 principal bed rooms, six secondary bed rooms, four bath rooms, and excellent offices.

Central heating. Electric light. Telephone. Modern drainage.

Four Cottages (with Vacant Possession) ; first-class stabling for 16 hunters ; garage, accommodation for four cars ; excellent outbuildings.

Delightful grounds with full-sized squash rackets court, tennis lawn, pasture and parkland.

IN ALL ABOUT 45 ACRES.

FREEHOLD, £12,000.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

THE FIRS, HORSHAM, SUSSEX.

Under one hour from Town.

FREEHOLD GEORGIAN RESIDENCE

in good repair, with up-to-date conveniences. Three reception rooms, seven bed and dressing rooms, gentlemen's cloak room, and excellent domestic offices.

Company's electric light, gas, and water. Main Drainage. Telephone.

Garage for two or three ; gardener's cottage, useful outhouses.

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE PLEASURE GROUNDS,
with tennis and croquet lawns, fine kitchen gardens, fruit trees, 500 rose trees, pretty wild garden with pond and woodland, in all

ABOUT 2½ ACRES.

For SALE privately, if unsold by AUCTION July 24th.

Full particulars from Auctioneers, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

FAVOURITE HERTS.

Convenient for main line station, 45 minutes from Town.

Charming FREEHOLD COUNTRY RESIDENCE, delightful situation on high ground, enjoying good views, and situate off the main road.

Oak-panelled lounge hall with minstrel gallery, magnificent oak room with heated conservatory adjoining, three reception rooms, 13 bed rooms, three bath rooms, first-class offices.

Electric light, excellent water with engine pump, modern drainage, central heating, and separate hot water system.

Excellent stabling and garage accommodation ; two cottages and chauffeur's rooms.

Most attractive pleasure grounds a genuine feature of the Property, comprising charming rock garden, lily pond, footbridge, lawns for tennis, &c. ; prolific kitchen garden, small wood, and other delightful features, in all just

OVER NINE ACRES.

Additional 27½ Acres adjoining may be had if required.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY. IF UNSOLD, by AUCTION JULY 15th.
Inspected and highly recommended by the Auctioneers, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

BY DIRECTION OF LORD MOSTYN.

WILTS.

Hunting with Duke of Beaufort's four days a week, and one day with Lord Bathurst's. Near Norton Beaufort Polo Club ; Fishing ; Golf.

MANOR HOUSE OF GEORGIAN PERIOD, luxuriously appointed, and on two floors only ; beautiful situation, facing South, and commanding glorious views of the Downs.

Hall and cloak room, four reception, 10 principal bed rooms, six secondary bed rooms, four bath rooms, and excellent offices.

Central heating. Electric light. Telephone. Modern drainage.

Four Cottages (with Vacant Possession) ; first-class stabling for 16 hunters ; garage, accommodation for four cars ; excellent outbuildings.

Delightful grounds with full-sized squash rackets court, tennis lawn, pasture and parkland.

IN ALL ABOUT 45 ACRES.

FREEHOLD, £12,000.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

THE FIRS, HORSHAM, SUSSEX.

Under one hour from Town.

FREEHOLD GEORGIAN RESIDENCE

in good repair, with up-to-date conveniences. Three reception rooms, seven bed and dressing rooms, gentlemen's cloak room, and excellent domestic offices.

Company's electric light, gas, and water. Main Drainage. Telephone.

Garage for two or three ; gardener's cottage, useful outhouses.

EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE PLEASURE GROUNDS,
with tennis and croquet lawns, fine kitchen gardens, fruit trees, 500 rose trees, pretty wild garden with pond and woodland, in all

ABOUT 2½ ACRES.

For SALE privately, if unsold by AUCTION July 24th.

Full particulars from Auctioneers, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

FINEST VALUE AT PRESENT AVAILABLE.

A Bargain that cannot be repeated.

BERKS.

35 minutes Town ; favourite stretch of the River ; above flood level ; on gravel soil.

LUXURIOUSLY FITTED RESIDENCE.

Oak-panelled lounge, billiard room, two other reception rooms with costly permanent decorations, 10 bed and dressing rooms, three bath rooms, exceptionally fine offices.

Electric light and power ; central heating ; company's water and gas.

Garages, brick-built boat-house, other useful outbuildings, also cottage if desired.

LOVELY PLEASURE GROUNDS,
Tennis court, terraces, ornamental flower beds, well-stocked kitchen garden,

IN ALL TWO ACRES.

FIRST REASONABLE OFFER SECURES THE PROPERTY.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

CATERHAM.

Three-quarters of an hour by Electric Train.

SOUNDLY CONSTRUCTED PRE-WAR HOUSE, conveniently arranged and containing lounge, three reception, billiard room, cloak room (hot and cold), nine bed and dressing rooms, three well-fitted bath rooms, and good offices ; gas ; complete central heating ; co.'s water, electric light ; telephone ; main drainage available ; garage ; gardener's room ; conservatory.

BEAUTIFULLY TIMBERED GROUNDS, with HARD TENNIS COURT, lawns, rockery, walled garden, herbaceous borders, kitchen garden, &c., in all about

THREE-AND-A-HALF ACRES.

FREEHOLD, £4,500.

Inspected and recommended by the Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

FAVOURITE

NORTHWOOD DISTRICT.

22 Minutes Baker-street.

CHARMING MODERN RESIDENCE.

In beautiful order. Choice position. Lounge, three reception, seven bed and dressing rooms, three well-fitted bath rooms, and up-to-date offices ; electric light and power ; telephone ; constant hot water radiators ; excellent cottage ; two garages.

Extremely pretty GARDENS, well stocked, with good tennis lawn, in all about ONE ACRE.

£4,500 FREEHOLD.

Inspected and strongly recommended by the Sole Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

Magnificent views to the South Downs.

"POLEFIELDS," COWDEN, KENT.

One and a half mile Cowden Station, two and a half miles Edenbridge Town and Station.

WELL-BUILT MODERN FREEHOLD RESIDENCE,
facing South, with entrance hall, cloak room, four reception rooms, eight bed rooms, two bath rooms, complete offices

Co.'s water ; wired for telephone ; gas ; garage. Grounds and Pastureland.

3 OR 20 ACRES.

PRICE £4,250 AS A WHOLE.

For SALE Privately or by AUCTION July 17th.

Auctioneers, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

GREAT BARGAIN AT HARPENDEN. £2,250.

Very favourite residential centre ; splendid train service in about 40 minutes ; near station.

MODERN PRE-WAR RESIDENCE.

Two reception, study, five bed rooms, bath room, usual offices ; electric light ; modern conveniences ; garage. Good garden, flower beds, lawn, kitchen garden.

Full particulars the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

TRURO (Near).

VERY DESIRABLE FREEHOLD PROPERTY

in splendid order throughout, well situate within ½ hour of golf, shops, &c.

Three reception, six bed rooms, bath room, compact offices.

Electric light (own plant). Abundant water supply. Telephone.

Garage. Engine house and useful outbuildings. PICTURESQUE GARDEN, with lawn, water garden, flower beds, vegetables, &c., in all

ABOUT 1¼ ACRE.

£2,000 ONLY.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

ABOUT NINE MILES N.W. OF

WINCHESTER.

Amidst absolutely rural surroundings, in a charming part of the County of Hants.

A HOUSE OF CHARMING CHARACTER. Originally three Tudor cottages, reconstructed with old features retained. Seven bed rooms, three reception, two bath rooms, usual offices.

Electric light, modern drainage, excellent water supply.

Telephone. Garage.

GARDENS TASTEFULLY LAID OUT, tennis and other lawns, orchard with trees in full bearing ; matured kitchen gardens with south wall ; in all about

THREE ACRES.

Fishing in district.

PRICE ONLY £3,700.

Strongly recommended by the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

WALTON HEATH GOLF.

Adjoining the Dormy House with private gate to the Heath and overlooking the first tee.

AN EXCEPTIONALLY ATTRACTIVE HOUSE,
approached by a long drive standing in a beautiful old-world garden not overlooked in any way. Three reception rooms, eight bed rooms, three bath rooms ; modern conveniences. Two tennis lawns, rose garden, sunk garden, &c., in all

NEARLY TWO ACRES.

Large garage. Private gate to Walton Heath.

FREEHOLD FOR SALE.

Inspected and very strongly recommended by the Agents, HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

SUFFOLK COAST, THORPENESS.

BARGAIN, £1,700.

PICTURESQUE RESIDENCE on the CLIFF with gate to beach steps ; two reception, sun room, six bed rooms, bath room.

Electric light and modern conveniences.

Garage ; chauffeur's room ; pleasantly laid out gardens with lawn and flower borders.

HARRODS, Ltd., 62-64, Brompton-road, S.W.1.

HILLIER, PARKER, MAY & ROWDEN,

SHOP PROPERTY SPECIALISTS, LONDON AND MANCHESTER.

INVESTMENTS IN BUSINESS PREMISES.

By Auction on Thursday, July 17th, at the London Auction Mart, E.C.4.

23, CONDUIT-STREET, W.1.

Handsome FIVE